

PHILIPS

sense **and** simplicity

Digital Dividend from the point of view of a TV manufacturer

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Content

- Present Electromagnetic (EM) environment
- Present standards
- EM environment with Digital Dividend
- Expected interferences
- Measurements
- Solutions and time frame

Present EM environment under control

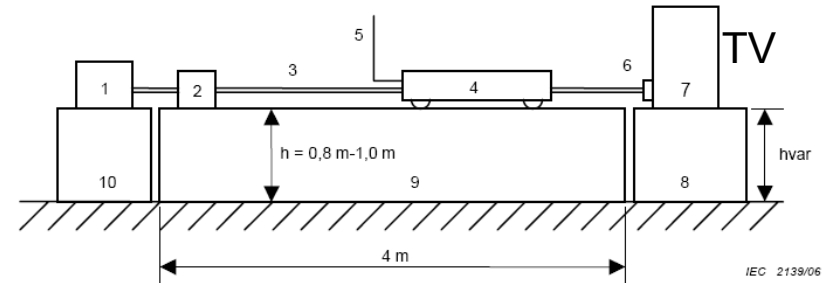
- UHF band 470-862 MHz protected for broadcast
- Broadcast transmitter frequency and power planning, taking into account the characteristics of commercial tuners
- Analogue switch off.
Digital broadcast: DVB-T
- Present TV standards offer adequate protection
- Close to DVB-T transmitters some co-channel interferences to cable channels.
Solution: high quality cabling ([Kabelkeur](#))



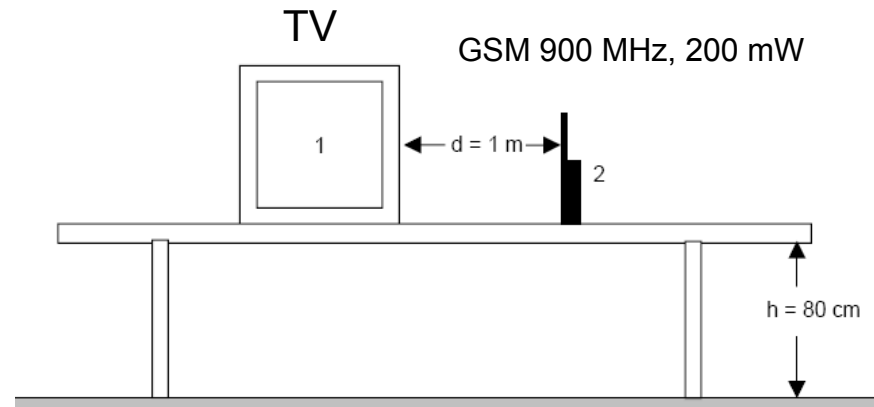
Source: <http://www.radio-tv-nederland.nl/historie/eindhoven/eindhoven.html>

TV standards adequate in present environment

- Immunity standard for broadcast receivers: EN 55020 (= CISPR 20)
 - Screening effectiveness 50 dB
 - Adjacent channel rej. 23 dB
 - Image rejection 8 dB
 - Out of band test: GSM 900 MHz, 200 mW ERP, 3 V/m @ 1m. Actual 2 W ERP, hence 3 m separation distance.
- Voluntary standards for DVB-T tuners: NorDig, E-Book, D-Book
 - D-Book (UK) is leading
 - Adjacent channel rej. 28 dB
 - Image rejection 33 dB



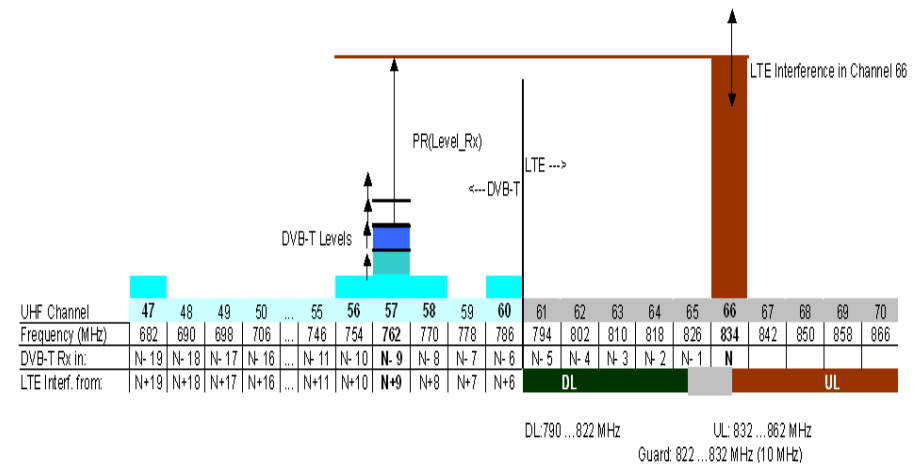
Screening Effectiveness test



Keyed Carrier test

Digital Dividend: challenging EM environment

- Digital Dividend in upper UHF band 790-862 MHz
- From broadcast to mobile broadband
- From High Power – High Tower to High Power – Low Tower
- In-band emissions: High emission levels from mobile LTE devices close to TV, cabling and indoor DVB-T antenna in the frequency band for which the receiver is designed

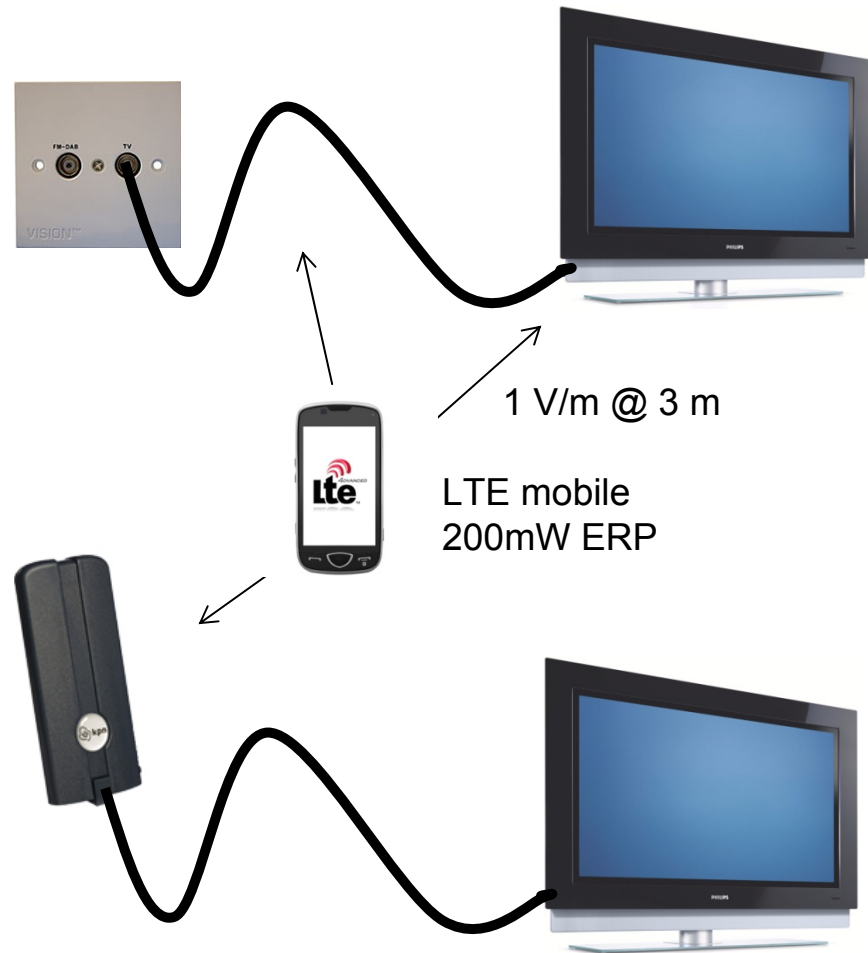


Field strength of LTE signals

- Commission Decision:
Mobile: Max mean in-block Total Radiated Power: 23 dBm (200 mW)
Tolerance for extreme environmental conditions: +2 dB
- Assumptions:
 - small antenna with low directivity (isotropic)
 - normal operating conditions
 - low production spread
- Then Effective Radiated Power of LTE mobile is ≤ 200 mW
- Hence the interfering field strength is ≤ 1 V/m at 3 m distance
- TC210/WG10 reports on EM environment show field strengths of base transmitters well below 1 V/m inside a building.

Expected interferences to TV channels

- Interference to analogue (PAL) and digital (DVB-C) cable channels
 - Quality of shielding
 - Mainly co-channel (66, 67, 68 and 69) due to uplink
 - PAL: 6-10 dB worse
 - Bad cabling: 30 dB worse
- Interference to terrestrial digital broadcast channels (DVB-T)
 - Mainly to indoor reception
 - Image & top channels 59-60
 - Active antennas (40 dB gain)



TV (DVB-C) immunity measurements in Kolberg

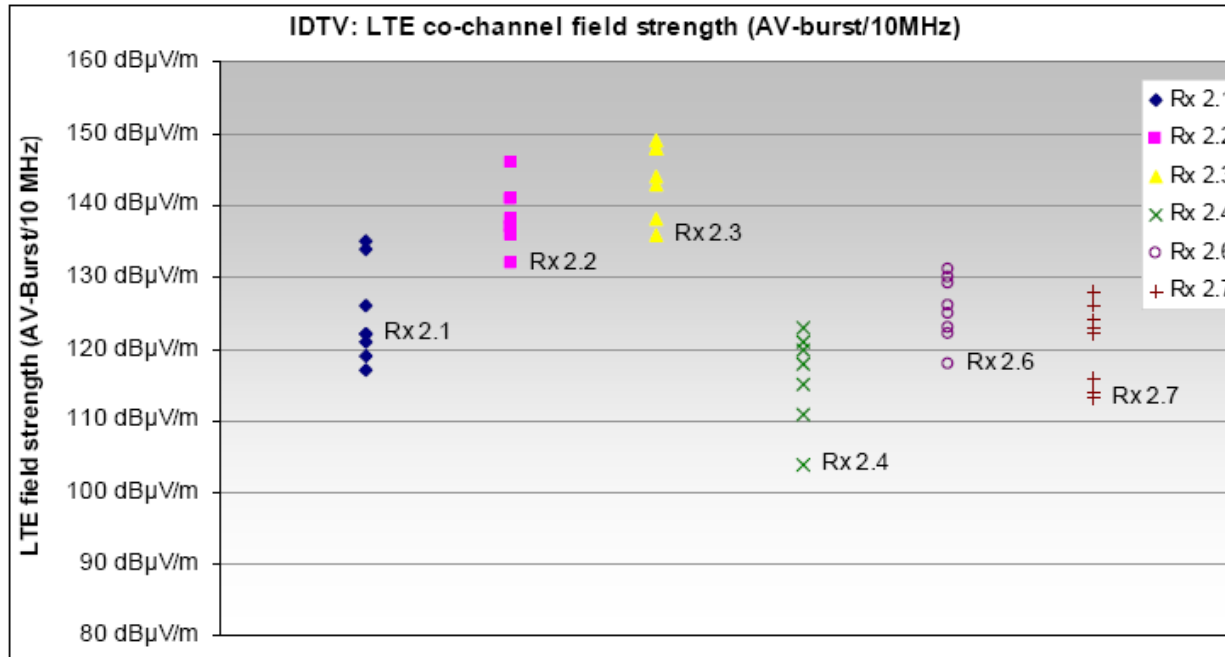
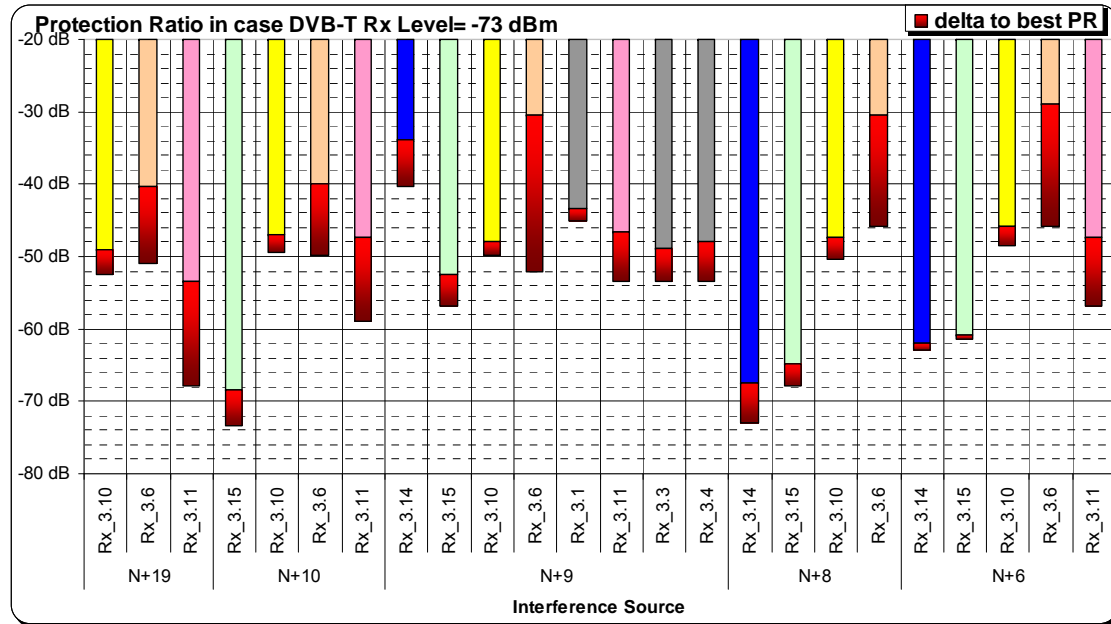


Figure 6: Minimum LTE field strength at the location of the DUT in co-channel causing disturbance to IDTVs (default signal configuration)

- 4 out of 6 TV-sets do not comply with 1 V/m (120 dBµV/m)
- Screening effectiveness needs improvement
- Physically possible for TV-sets

CEPT DVB-T/LTE-UL ratio measurements



- D-Book minimum field strength wanted DVB-T signal: 51 dB μ V/m
- D-Book minimum image C/I: - 33 dB
- Required Protection Ratio C/I: 51-120 = - 69 dB
- Measured Protection Ratio between -40 and -70 dB
- Most tuners need 20-30 dB additional suppression of the 1 V/m LTE-signal for interference free indoor reception of DVB-T

Solutions and time frame

- Installed base:
(for solution responsible stakeholder should be defined)
 - improve in-house cabling (Kabelkeur)
 - at least 3 m distance between LTE-mobile and TV/cabling/antenna
 - install external LTE filters in antenna cable
 - active indoor antennas with built-in LTE filter
 - prevent PAL cable channels at LTE uplink frequencies
- New TV-sets:
 - improve DVB-C Screening Effectiveness in LTE band: 1 V/m (EN 55020, define universal 'LTE' test signal)
 - investigate selectable LTE filter in the tuner: -70 dB C/I (D-Book?)
- Time frame:
 - TV-sets with improved screening available earliest Spring 2012
 - Feasibility of internal LTE filter not proven yet

Thank you for your attention

