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DIGIT
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Quick Start Guide

Quick Start Guide

Domibus 5.1.3

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1. INTRODUCTION

The eDelivery Access Point (AP) Domibus implements a standardised message exchange protocol that ensures interoperable, secure and reliable data exchange.

Domibus is the Open Source project of the AS4 Access Point maintained by the European Commission.

The current release of Domibus supports Tomcat, WebLogic and WildFly and contains the following archives, where X.Y.Z refers to the version number release (e.g.: X.Y.Z=5.1):

- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-tomcat-full.zip** containing the full Tomcat distribution. Default Web Service plugin is also included in this archive and deployed as the default plugin.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-tomcat-war.zip** containing the Domibus war for Tomcat.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-tomcat-configuration.zip** containing the Domibus configuration files for Tomcat.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-weblogic-war.zip** containing the Domibus war for WebLogic.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-weblogic-configuration.zip** containing the Domibus configuration files for WebLogic.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-wildfly-full.zip** containing the full WildFly distribution. Default Web Service plugin is also included in this archive and deployed as the default plugin.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-wildfly-war.zip** containing the Domibus war for WildFly.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-wildfly-configuration.zip** containing the Domibus configuration files for Wildfly 26.1.x.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-sample-configuration-and-testing.zip** containing a sample of certificates, PMode configuration files and test SoapUI project.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-sql-scripts.zip** containing SQL scripts (full and migration) for the creation and manipulation of the database schema as well as deletion scripts for MySQL and Oracle. With the deletion scripts, users can delete information relevant to a message sent or received during a predefined period.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-default-jms-plugin.zip** containing the binaries and configuration file for the JMS plugin.
- **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-default-ws-plugin.zip** containing the binaries and configuration file for the Web Service plugin.

domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-default-fs-plugin.zip containing the binaries and configuration file for the File System plugin

2. PURPOSE OF THIS GUIDE

This release contains the AS4 Access Point of the eDelivery building block. For more information about this release, please refer to [Digital](#).

This release of the eDelivery Access Point is the result of significant collaboration among different EU policy projects, IT delivery teams and the eDelivery building block. Nevertheless, this eDelivery release is fully reusable by any other policy domain of the EU.

This release supports:

- Tomcat 9.x
- WebLogic Version 12.2.1.4 (tested versions, future versions might also work)
- WildFly 26.1.x (tested versions, future versions might also work)
- Oracle 12c R2 and Oracle 19c
- MySQL 8

In this guide, we are covering Static discovery on Single server Tomcat/MySQL configuration.

Note: For other scenarios i.e. Dynamic Discovery, installation on WildFly or WebLogic please refer to the full [Administration guide](#) available in the documentation section of the corresponding domibus release.

We will guide you to setup two Tomcat standalone Access Points, deployed on different machines, to exchange B2B documents securely over AS4 by:

- Deploying and configuring both Access Points (blue and red)
- Configuring processing mode files for both AS4 Access Points
- Using the provided AS4 Access Points certificates
- Setup the Access Points blue and red for running test cases (see \$10- Testing)

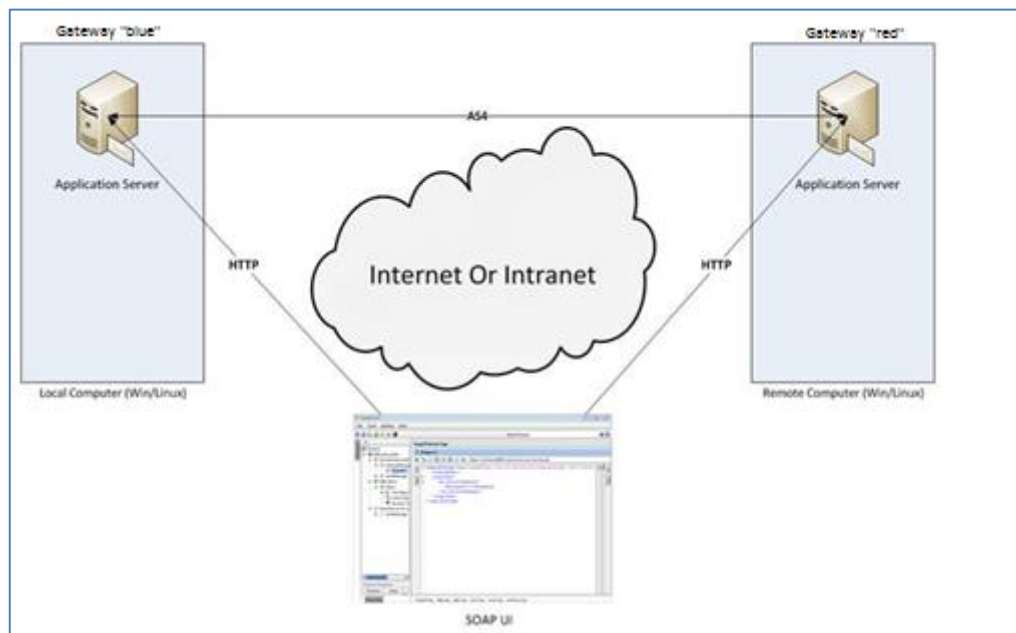


Figure 1 - Installation on two different machines

Remarks:

- *The same procedure can be extended to a third (or more) Access Point.*
- *This guide does not cover the preliminary network configuration allowing communication between separate networks (e.g.: Proxy setup).*

3. PREREQUISITE

- Oracle Java runtime environment (JRE) **or** Oracle OpenJDK11:
 - Oracle JRE version 8u291+ for Tomcat, WildFly and WebLogic.

<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html>

- Oracle OpenJDK 11 version 11.0.11 for Tomcat and WildFly:

<https://openjdk.java.net/projects/jdk/11/>

- Database Management Systems :
 - MySQL 8 *

* Version tested, future versions might work

Please install the above software on your host machine. For further information and installation details, refer to the manufacturers' websites.

4. CONFIGURE YOUR ENVIRONMENT

4.1. Package Overview

4.1.1. [Domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-tomcat-full.zip](#)

Download the Domibus Tomcat Full Distribution from Digital website as shown in below picture:

<https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/wikis/display/DIGITAL/Domibus>

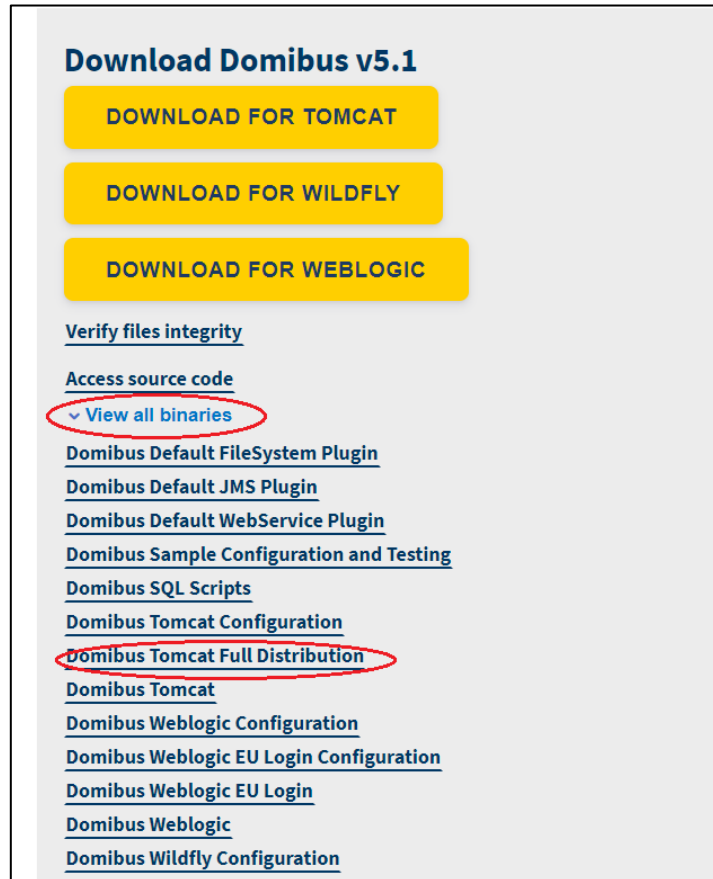


Figure 2 – Download the package

This downloaded package has the following structure:

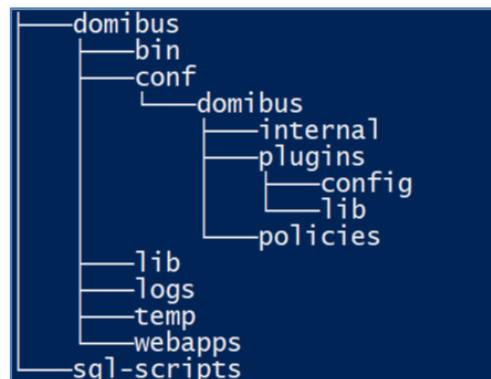
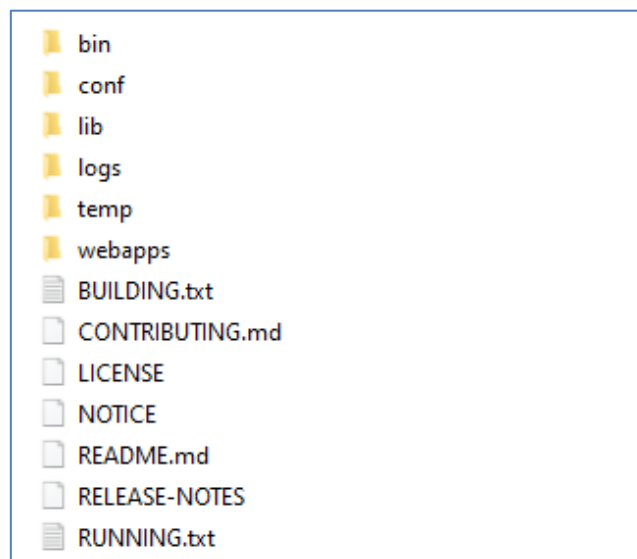


Figure 3 - Package content**Remark:**

The `edelivery_path` folder will contain the contents of the above `domibus` folder, not to be confused with the `domibus/conf/domibus` folder subfolder.

- **edelivery_path/bin** contains the executable batch file (Windows) or shell script (Linux) which are required to launch the Access Point.
- **sql-scripts** contains the required application SQL code that needs to be executed on the MySQL database (and scripts for Oracle DB).
- **edelivery_path**, therefore, contains:

**Figure 4 - edelivery_path content**

- **conf** folder where you will find the *configuration files* (`.xml` used to administer your Tomcat and the default domibus configuration files)
- **logs** folder where the logs are stored
- **webapps** folder where the WAR files are stored
- **edelivery_path/conf/domibus** contains the domibus configuration files:

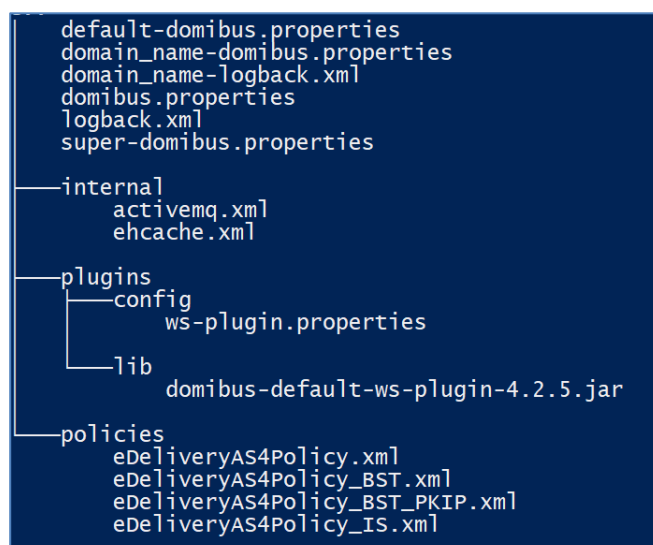
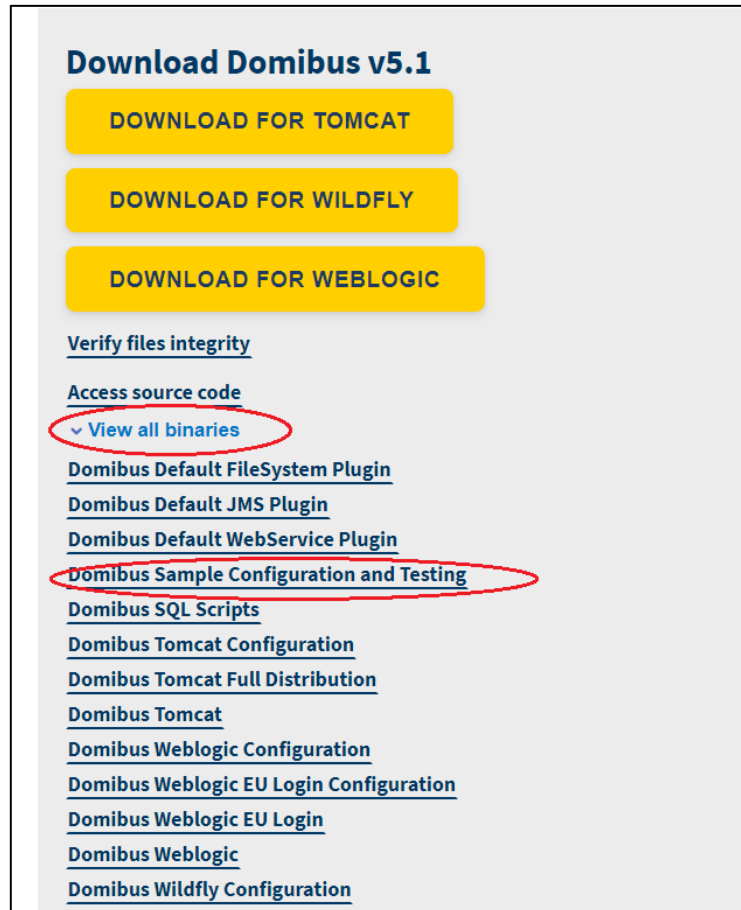


Figure 5 - Domibus configuration files**4.1.2. [Domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-sample-configuration-and-testing.zip](#)**

Download the Domibus sample configuration and testing zip from Digital website as shown below:

<https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/wikis/display/DIGITAL/Domibus>

**Figure 6 – Download Domibus configuration files**

This package has the following structure and contains pre-configured files for Domibus:

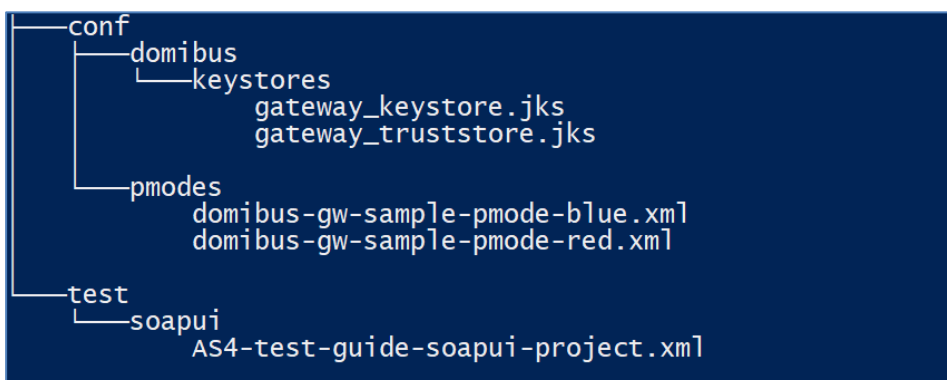


Figure 7 - Pre-configured files for Domibus

- ***edelivery_path/test*** contains a SOAP UI test project.
- ***edelivery_path/conf/pmodes*** contains two AS4 processing modes xml files (one for blue and other for red Access Point) pre-configured to use compression, payload encryption, message signing and non-repudiation, according to the [eDelivery AS4 profile](#).
- ***edelivery_path/conf/domibus/keystores*** contains a keystore (with the private keys of Access Point blue and Access Point red) and a truststore (with the public keys of Access Point *blue* and Access Point *red*) that can be used by both Access Points. Note that the keystore contains the private keys of both Access Points blue and red. This setup is not secure and is used for demonstration purpose only. In production, the private key should only be known, and deployed in the keystore of its owner (one participant). For this test release, each Access Point uses self-signed certificates. Please refer to [Annex 5](#) for more information about AS4 security.

Remark:

*The **conf** folder in the sample archive should be unzipped and **merged** with the **edelivery_path/conf** folder that already exists.*

5. TOMCAT STANDALONE ACCESS POINT

As described in the purpose of this guide, we need to configure two Access Points running on two separate machines. Therefore, the procedure below would need to be applied on both machines *Hostname "blue"* (<blue_hostname>:8080) and *Hostname "red"* (<red_hostname>:8080).

For this step, you will have to use the following resources (all binaries can be downloaded on <https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/wikis/display/DIGITAL/Domibus>):

domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-tomcat-full.zip

5.1. Unzip the archive **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-tomcat-full.zip**

Unzip **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-tomcat-full.zip** to a location on your physical machine: *edelivery_path* will contain the contents of the Domibus folder as shown below.

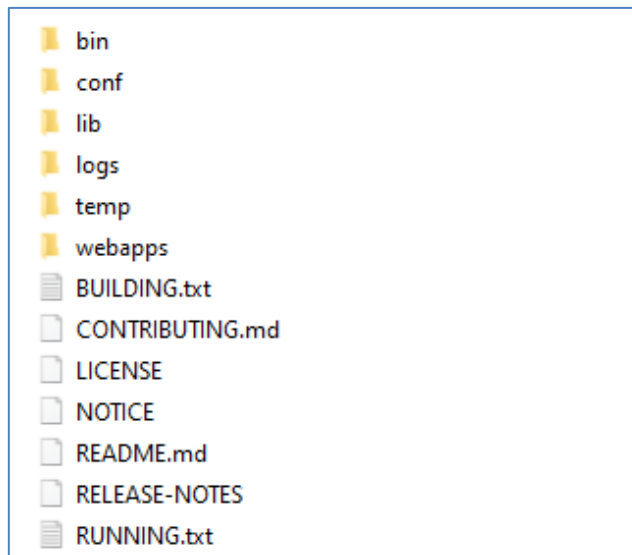


Figure 8 - Unzip Domibus configuration files

5.2. Unzip the archive **domibus-msh-distribution-X.Y.Z-sample-configuration-and-testing.zip**

The **conf** folder in the sample archive should be unzipped and merged with the **edelivery_path/conf** folder that already exists. Please ensure that the **edelivery_path/conf/domibus** folder structure looks like the below figure:

```
default-domibus.properties
domain_name-domibus.properties
domain_name-logback.xml
domibus.properties
logback.xml
super-domibus.properties

—internal
  activemq.xml
  ehcache.xml

—keystores
  gateway_keystore.iks
  gateway_truststore.iks

—plugins
  —config
    ws-plugin.properties
  —lib
    domibus-default-ws-plugin-4.2.5.jar

—policies
  eDeliveryAS4Policy.xml
  eDeliveryAS4Policy_BST.xml
  eDeliveryAS4Policy_BST_PKIP.xml
  eDeliveryAS4Policy_IS.xml
```

Figure 9 – Domibus folder structure

6. PREPARE THE MYSQL DATABASE

You will need admin rights to perform some of these operations):

1. Open a command prompt and navigate to this directory: **sql-scripts**.
2. Execute the following MySQL commands at the command prompt :
Please ensure to replace the `root_user` and `root_password` with the corresponding root user and password for MySQL.

```
mysql -h localhost -u root_user --password=root_password -e "drop schema if exists domibus; create schema domibus; alter database domibus charset= utf8mb4 collate= utf8mb4_bin; create user edelivery@localhost identified by 'edelivery'; grant all on domibus.* to edelivery@localhost;"
```

The above script creates a schema (*domibus*) and a user (*edelivery*) that have all the privileges on the schema.

Note: *It is possible that you are now allowed to choose the 'eDelivery' as the password based on your My Sql Password policy. In that case, you would need to increase the complexity of your password. Please update the new password in Domibus property file accordingly.*

Execute the following MYSQL commands, one at a time:

```
mysql -h localhost -u root_user --password=root_password -e "grant xa_recover_admin on *.* to edelivery@localhost;"
```

```
mysql -h localhost -u root_user --password=root_password domibus < mysqlinnoDb-x.y.z.ddl
```

```
mysql -h localhost -u root_user --password=root_password domibus < mysqlinnoDb-x.y.z-data.ddl
```

3. If you are using MySQL 8 under Windows, then please set the database timezone. It is recommended that the database timezone is the same as the timezone of the machine where Domibus is installed.

```
default-time-zone='+00:00'
```

Remark:

If you are using Windows:

1. *Make sure the parent directory of `mysql.exe` is added to your `PATH`.*
 2. *You can also use `MYSQL Workbench`, instead of the command line statements to create the database.*
4. Please verify that the `edelivery_path/conf/domibus/domibus.properties` file has the relevant database parameters, if required (in case you have changed the username/password or schema name).

```

# ----- Database -----
#Database server name
domibus.database.serverName=localhost
#Database port
domibus.database.port=3306
#General schema. If uncommented Domibus will run in multi-tenancy mode.
#domibus.database.general.schema=general_schema
#Database schema.
#Please comment this property when Domibus is configured in multi-tenancy mode.
#Please comment this property when Domibus is configured in single tenancy mode with an Oracle
database.
domibus.database.schema=domibus
#Non-XA Datasource
#MySQL
#Connector/J 8.0.x
domibus.datasource.driverClassName=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
domibus.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://${domibus.database.serverName}:${domibus.database.port}/
${domibus.database.schema}?useSSL=false&allowPublicKeyRetrieval=true&useLegacyDatetimeCode
=false&serverTimezone=UTC

```

5. Please download the **<Mysql V8 Connector Jar file>** from the MYSQL website and add it to the edelivery/lib folder of the installation:

```

edelivery_path\lib\<Mysql V8 Connector Jar file>

```

7. KEYSTORE

In order to exchange B2B messages and documents between *Access Points* blue and red, it is necessary to check the following:

For blue	For red
In <i>domibus.properties</i> : the keystore alias property: domibus.security.key.private.alias= blue_gw	In <i>domibus.properties</i> : the keystore alias property: domibus.security.key.private.alias= red_gw

In a production environment, each participant would need a certificate delivered by a certification authority and remote exchanges between business partners would be managed by each partner's PMode (that should be uploaded on each Access Point).

8. DOMIBUS CONFIG LOCATION

Domibus expects a single environment variable **domibus.config.location**, pointing towards the *edelivery_path/conf/domibus* folder.

You can do this by editing the first command lines of *edelivery_path\domibus\bin\setenv.bat* (Windows) or *edelivery_path/bin/setenv.sh* (Linux). Set **CATALINA_HOME** equal to the absolute path of the installation *edelivery_path/domibus*.

- **For Windows** : edit *edelivery_path\domibus\bin\setenv.bat* by adding the following:

```
...
set CATALINA_HOME=edelivery_path
set CATALINA_TMPDIR=<path to _tmp directory>
set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Xms128m -Xmx1024m -XX:PermSize=64m
set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Ddomibus.config.location=%CATALINA_HOME%\conf\domibus
...
```

- **For Linux** : edit *edelivery_path/bin/setenv.sh* by adding the following:

```
...
export CATALINA_HOME=edelivery_path
export CATALINA_TMPDIR=<path to _tmp directory>
export JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Xms128m -Xmx1024m "
export JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Ddomibus.config.location=$CATALINA_HOME/conf/domibus"
...
```

9. LAUNCH THE DOMIBUS APPLICATION

- For Windows :

```
cd edelivery_path\bin\  
startup.bat
```

- For Linux :

```
cd edelivery_path /bin/chmod u+x *.sh ./startup.sh
```

1. Display the Domibus home page on your browser: <http://localhost:8080/domibus>
(By default: User = **admin**; for the password, look in the logs for the phrase: "Default password for user admin is")

Remark:

You will be asked to change the default password when logging in for the first time.

If you can access the page, it means the deployment was successful.



Figure 10 - Domibus administration page

Remarks:

- *To allow the remote application to send a message to this machine, you would need to create a dedicated rule (to allow this port) from your local firewall (cf. annex "[Firewall Settings](#)").*
- *If you intend to install both Access Points on the same server, you will need to change the ports of the red Access Point and create a separate database schema, update the domibus.properties file and change the ActiveMQ ports before starting the server to avoid conflicts.*

2. Upload PModes

Edit the two PMode files **edelivery_path/conf/pmodes/domibus-gw-sample-pmode-blue.xml** and **domibus-gw-sample-pmode-red.xml**, and replace `<blue_hostname>` and `<red_hostname>` with their real hostnames or IPs:

```
<party name="red_gw"
  endpoint="http://<red_hostname>:8080/domibus/services/msh">
  <identifier partyId="domibus-red" partyIdType="partyTypeUrn"/>
</party>
<party name="blue_gw"
  endpoint="http://<blue_hostname>:8080/domibus/services/msh">
  <identifier partyId="domibus-blue" partyIdType="partyTypeUrn"/>
</party>
```

Figure 11 - PMode view

For more details about the provided PMode, please see Annex3 – Processing Mode.

Upload the PMode file on both Access Points:

- a. To upload a PMode XML file, connect to the administration console using your credentials (by default: login = **admin**; for the password, look in the logs for the phrase: “Default password for user admin is”) to <http://localhost:8080/domibus:>



Figure 12 - Login to the administration console

- b. Click on the **PMode menu**, then on **Current** and finally on the **Upload** button:

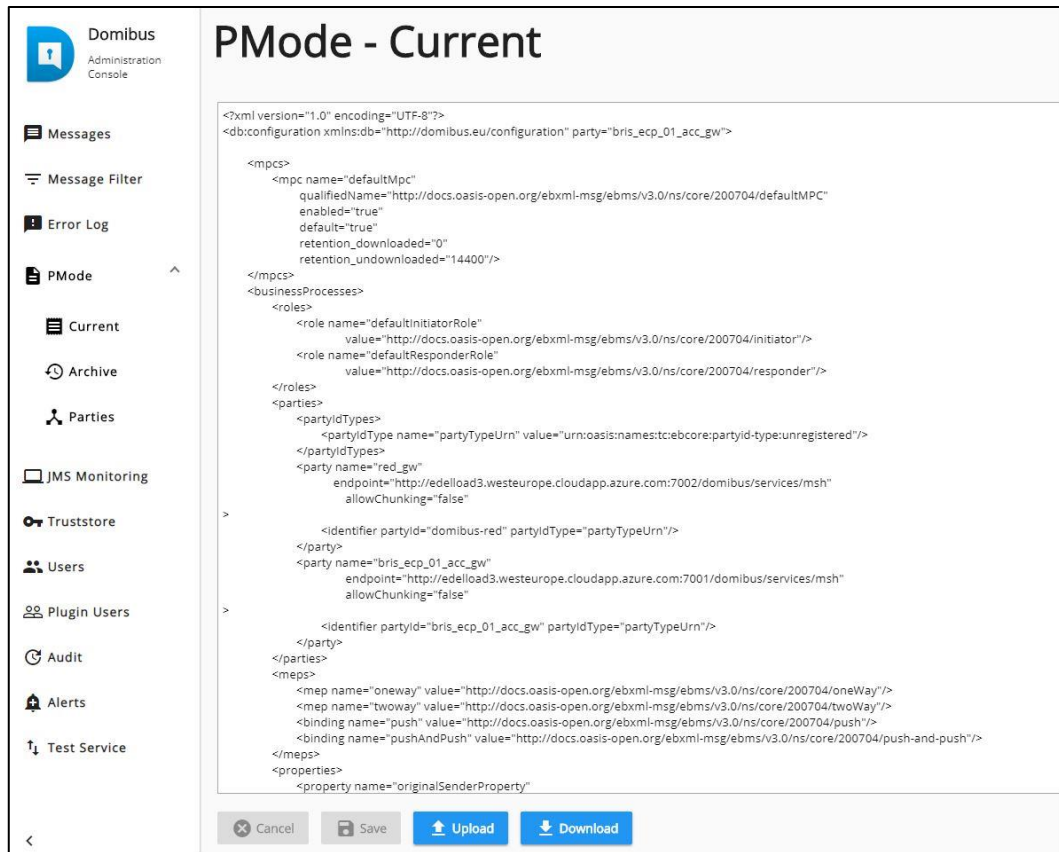


Figure 13 - PMode update

- c. A popup window appears where you can **select** the PMode file: select it and click on the **Upload** button. When the operation is successful you will get the following window:

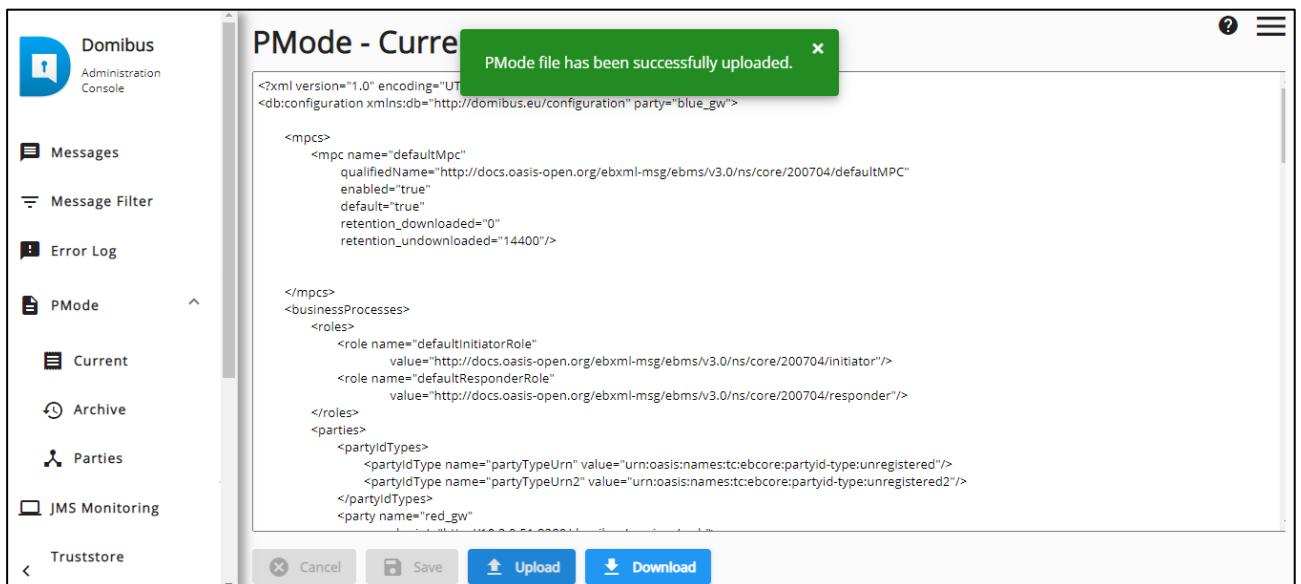


Figure 14 - PMode upload success

Remark:

- Every time a PMode is updated, the Truststore is also refreshed from the file system.

Now your Tomcat Access Points are running and ready to send or receive messages.

10. TESTING

As explained in the Release Notes document, and to facilitate testing, we have developed a Reference Web Service endpoint to illustrate how participants can connect and interact with the AS4 Access Point to send messages.

In addition, it is possible for the backends to download received messages from their Access Point using a request (downloadMessage) defined in the same WSDL (check the 'Interface Control Document' for the Default WS Plugin in the Single Web Portal for more details on the WSDL¹).

Please refer to the Test Guide available in the Documentation section of [Domibus release](#) page for more detail regarding the Testing with a SoapUI Project.

Note: Domibus provides three default plugins for sending and receiving/downloading messages via Domibus, a Web Service plugin, a JMS plugin and a File System plugin. The Web Service plugin is deployed by default with the tomcat-full distribution. For more information about the Other Plugins please refer to the complete Domibus admin guide.

¹ <https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/wikis/display/DIGITAL/Domibus+releases>

ANNEX 1 - PARAMETERS

Parameters	Local Access Point (Gateway "blue")	Remote Access Point (Gateway "red")
Hostname	<blue_hostname>:8080	<red_hostname>:8080
Database	MySQL database	MySQL database
Administrator Page	Username: admin For the password, look in the logs for the phrase: "Default password for user admin is" http://localhost:8080/domibus/home	Username: admin For the password, look in the logs for the phrase: "Default password for user admin is" http://localhost:8080/domibus/home
Database Schema	edelivery	edelivery
Database connector	Username: edelivery Password: edelivery jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/domibus *	Username: edelivery Password: edelivery jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/domibus *
DB username/password	edelivery/edelivery	edelivery/edelivery
PModes XML files	pmodes/domibus-gw-sample-pmode-blue.xml	pmodes/domibus-gw-sample-pmode-red.xml

Table 1 - Local and Remote Access Points Parameters

* localhost represents the server name that hosts the database and the application server for their respective Access Point.

ANNEX 2 - FIREWALL SETTINGS

The firewall settings may prevent you from exchanging messages between your local and remote Tomcat Access Points.

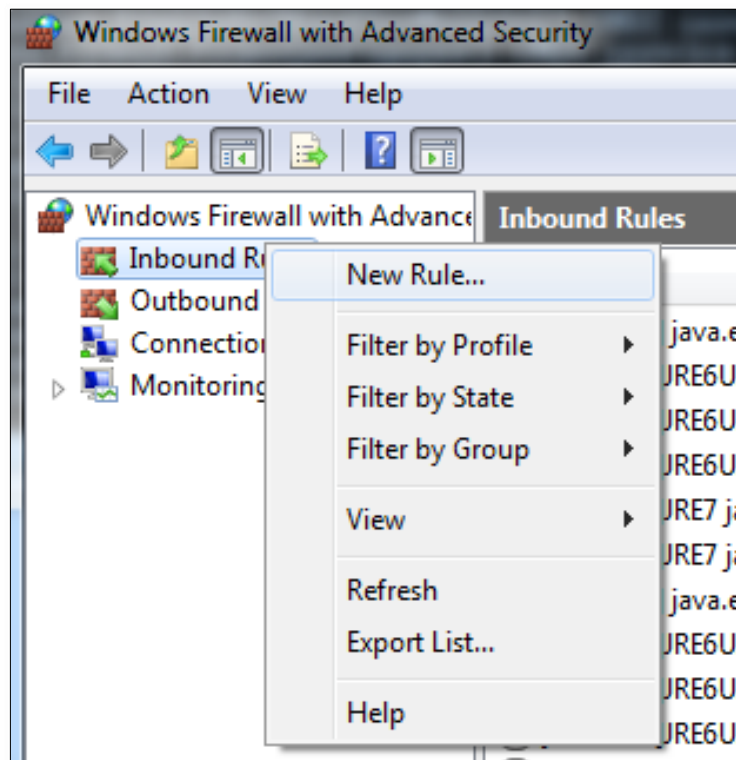
To test the status of a port, run the command `telnet <server_ip> <port>`

Tomcat uses the following ports, make sure those are opened on both machines "blue" and "red" (TCP protocol):

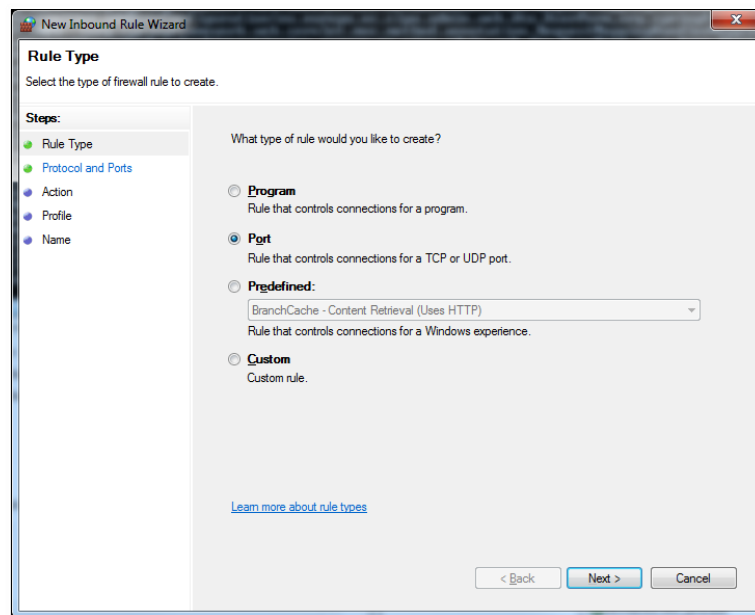
- 8080 (HTTP port)
- 3306 (MySQL port)

This is how you can open a port on the Windows Firewall:

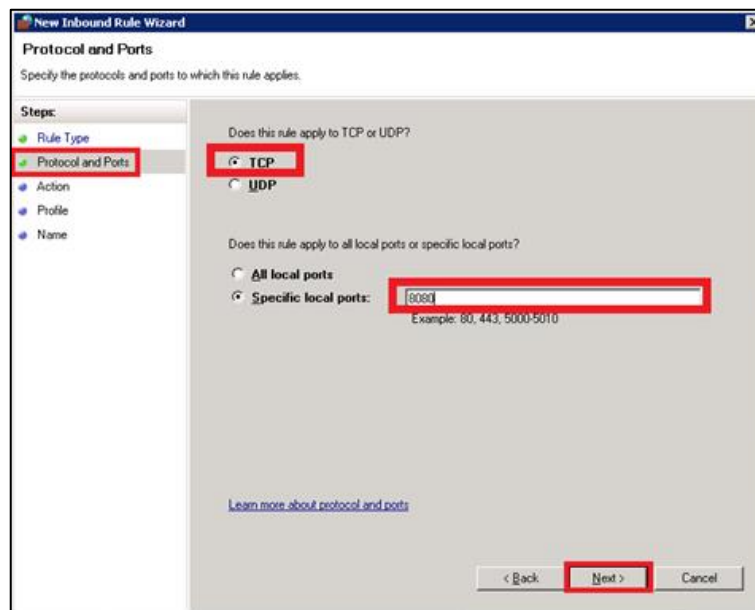
1. Click on **Start** then on **Control Panel**
2. Go to **Windows Firewall** and click on **Advanced Settings**
3. Right-click on **Inbound Rules** and select **New Rule**:

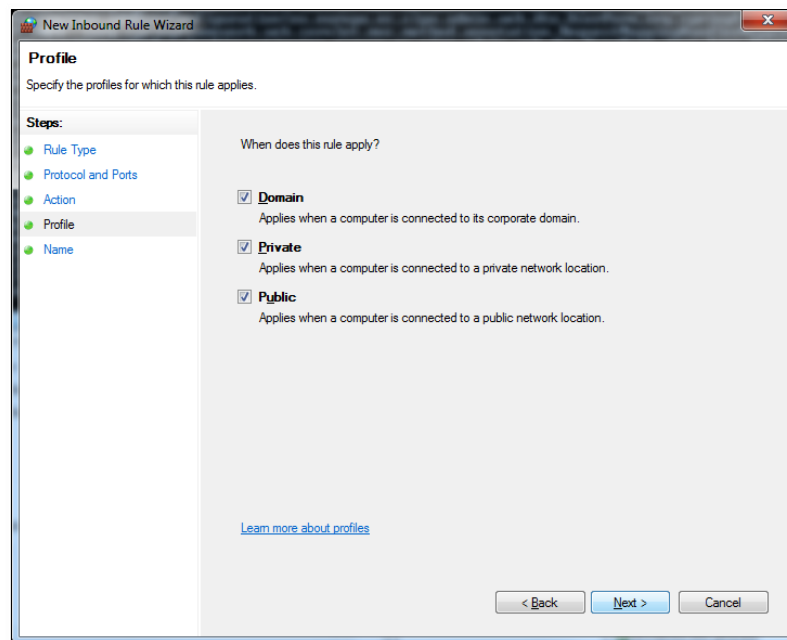
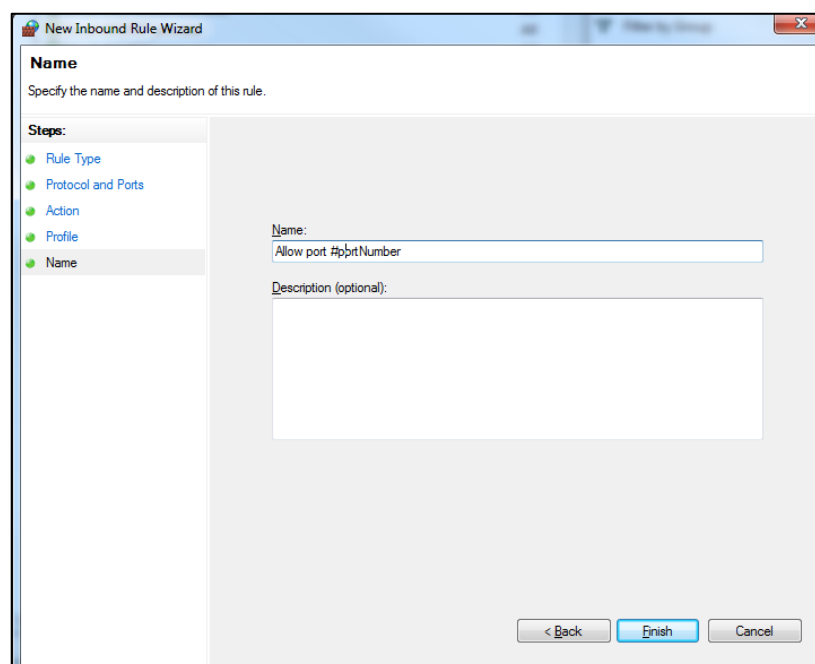


4. Select **Port** and click on **Next**:



5. Enter a specific local port (e.g. 8080) and click on **Next**:



6. Click on **Next**:7. Choose a name for the new rule and click on **Finish** to end:

ANNEX 3 - PROCESSING MODE

Processing modes (PModes) describe how messages are exchanged between AS4 partners (Access Point blue and Access Point red). These files contain the identifiers of each AS4 Access Point (identified as parties in the PMode file below).

Sender Identifier and Receiver Identifier represent the organizations that send and receive the business documents (respectively "domibus- blue" and "domibus-red"). They are both used in the authorization process (PMode). Therefore, adding, modifying or deleting a participant implies modifying the corresponding PMode files.

Here is an example of the content of a PMode XML file:

Remark:

- *In this setup we have allowed each party (blue_gw or red_gw) to initiate the process. If only blue_gw is supposed to send messages, we need to put only blue_gw in <initiatorParties> and red_gw in <responderParties>.*

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<db:configuration xmlns:db="http://domibus.eu/configuration" party="blue_gw">

    <mpcs>
        <mpc name="defaultMpc"
            qualifiedName="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/defaultMPC"
            enabled="true"
            default="true"
            retention_downloaded="0"
            retention_undownloaded="14400"/>
    </mpcs>
    <businessProcesses>
        <roles>
            <role name="defaultInitiatorRole"
                value="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator"/>
            <role name="defaultResponderRole"
                value="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder"/>
        </roles>
        <parties>
            <partyIdTypes>
                <partyIdType name="partyTypeUrn" value="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebcore:partyid-
type:unregistered"/>
            </partyIdTypes>
            <party name="red_gw"
                endpoint="http://<red_hostname>:8080/domibus/services/msh">
                <identifier partyId="domibus-red" partyIdType="partyTypeUrn"/>
            </party>
            <party name="blue_gw"
```

```

                endpoint="http://<blue_hostname>:8080/domibus/services/msh">
                <identifier partyId="domibus-blue" partyIdType="partyTypeUrn"/>
            </party>
        </parties>
        <meps>
            <mep name="oneway" value="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/oneWay"/>
            <mep name="twoway" value="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/twoWay"/>
            <binding name="push" value="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/push"/>
            <binding name="pushAndPush" value="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/push-and-push"/>
        </meps>
        <properties>
            <property name="originalSenderProperty"
                key="originalSender"
                datatype="string"
                required="true"/>
            <property name="finalRecipientProperty"
                key="finalRecipient"
                datatype="string"
                required="true"/>
            <propertySet name="eDeliveryPropertySet">
                <propertyRef property="finalRecipientProperty"/>
                <propertyRef property="originalSenderProperty"/>
            </propertySet>
        </properties>
        <payloadProfiles>
            <payload name="businessContentPayload"
                cid="cid:message"
                required="true"
                mimeType="text/xml"/>
            <payload name="businessContentAttachment"
                cid="cid:attachment"
                required="false"
                mimeType="application/octet-stream"/>
            <payloadProfile name="MessageProfile" maxSize="40894464"> <!-- maxSize is currently
ignored -->
                <attachment name="businessContentPayload"/>
                <attachment name="businessContentAttachment"/>
            </payloadProfile>
        </payloadProfiles>
        <securities>
            <security name="eDeliveryAS4Policy"
                policy="eDeliveryAS4Policy.xml"
                signatureMethod="RSA_SHA256" />
        </securities>
        <errorHandlings>
            <errorHandling name="demoErrorHandling"
                errorAsResponse="true"

```

```

        businessErrorNotifyProducer="true"
        businessErrorNotifyConsumer="true"
        deliveryFailureNotifyProducer="true"/>
    </errorHandlings>
    <agreements>
        <agreement name="agreement1" value="A1" type="T1"/>
    </agreements>
    <services>
        <service name="testService1" value="bdx:noprocess" type="tc1"/>
        <service name="testService" value="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/service"/>
    </services>
    <actions>
        <action name="tc1Action" value="TC1Leg1"/>
        <action name="testAction" value="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-
msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/test"/>
    </actions>
    <as4>
        <receptionAwareness name="receptionAwareness" retry="12;4;CONSTANT"
duplicateDetection="true"/>
        <reliability name="AS4Reliability" nonRepudiation="true" replyPattern="response"/>
    </as4>
    <legConfigurations>
        <legConfiguration name="pushTestcase1tc1Action"
            service="testService1"
            action="tc1Action"
            defaultMpc="defaultMpc"
            reliability="AS4Reliability"
            security="eDeliveryAS4Policy"
            receptionAwareness="receptionAwareness"
            propertySet="eDeliveryPropertySet"
            payloadProfile="MessageProfile"
            errorHandling="demoErrorHandling"
            compressPayloads="true"/>
        <legConfiguration name="testServiceCase"
            service="testService"
            action="testAction"
            defaultMpc="defaultMpc"
            reliability="AS4Reliability"
            security="eDeliveryAS4Policy"
            receptionAwareness="receptionAwareness"
            propertySet="eDeliveryPropertySet"
            payloadProfile="MessageProfile"
            errorHandling="demoErrorHandling"
            compressPayloads="true"/>
    </legConfigurations>
</process name="tc1Process"
    mep="oneway"
    binding="push"
    initiatorRole="defaultInitiatorRole"

```

```
    responderRole="defaultResponderRole">
      <initiatorParties>
        <initiatorParty name="blue_gw"/>
        <initiatorParty name="red_gw"/>
      </initiatorParties>
      <responderParties>
        <responderParty name="blue_gw"/>
        <responderParty name="red_gw"/>
      </responderParties>
      <legs>
        <leg name="pushTestcase1tc1Action"/>
        <leg name="testServiceCase"/>
      </legs>
    </process>
  </businessProcesses>
</db:configuration>
```

ANNEX 4 - DOMIBUS PCONF TO EBMS3 MAPPING

The following table provides additional information concerning the Domibus PMode configuration (pconf) files.

Domibus pconf	EbMS3 Specification [ebMS3CORE] [AS4-Profile]	Description
MPCs	-	Container which defines the different MPCs (Message Partition Channels).
MPC	PMode[1].BusinessInfo.MPC: The value of this parameter is the identifier of the MPC (Message Partition Channel) to which the message is assigned. It maps to the attribute Messaging / UserMessage	Message Partition Channel allows the partition of the flow of messages from a <i>Sending MSH</i> to a <i>Receiving MSH</i> into several flows, each of which is controlled separately. An MPC also allows merging flows from several <i>Sending MSHs</i> into a unique flow that will be treated as such by a <i>Receiving MSH</i> . The value of this parameter is the identifier of the MPC to which the message is assigned.
MessageRetentionDownloaded	-	Retention interval for messages already delivered to the backend.
MessageRetentionUnDownloaded	-	Retention interval for messages not yet delivered to the backend.
Parties	-	Container which defines the different PartyIdTypes, Party and Endpoint.
PartyIdTypes	maps to the attribute Messaging/UserMessage/ PartyInfo	Message Unit bundling happens when the Messaging element contains multiple child elements or Units (either User Message Units or Signal Message Units).
Party ID	maps to the element Messaging/UserMessage/ PartyInfo	The ebCore Party ID type can simply be used as an identifier format and therefore as a convention for values to be used in configuration and – as such – does not require any specific solution building block.

Endpoint	maps to PMode[1].Protocol.Address	The endpoint is a party attribute that contains the link to the MSH. The value of this parameter represents the address (endpoint URL) of the <i>Receiver MSH</i> (or <i>Receiver Party</i>) to which Messages under this PMode leg are to be sent. Note that a URL generally determines the transport protocol (e.g. if the endpoint is an email address, then the transport protocol must be SMTP; if the address scheme is "http", then the transport protocol must be HTTP).
AS4	-	Container
Reliability [@Nonrepudiation] [@ReplyPattern]	Nonrepudiation maps to PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.NonRepudiation ReplyPattern maps to PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern	PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.No nRepudiation : value = 'true' (to be used for non-repudiation of receipt), value = 'false' (to be used simply for reception awareness). PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern: value = 'Response' (sending receipts on the HTTP response or back-channel). PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern: value = 'Callback' (sending receipts use a separate connection.)
ReceptionAwareness [@retryTimeout] [@retryCount] [@strategy] [@duplicateDetection]	retryTimeout maps to PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Retry=true PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Retry.Parameters retryCount maps to PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Retry.Parameters strategy maps to PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Retry.Parameters duplicateDetection maps to PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.DuplicateDetection	These parameters are stored in a composite string. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>retryTimeout</i> defines timeout in seconds.• <i>retryCount</i> is the total number of retries.• <i>strategy</i> defines the frequency of retries. The only <i>strategy</i> available as of now is <i>CONSTANT</i>.• <i>duplicateDetection</i> allows to check duplicates when receiving twice the same message. The only <i>duplicateDetection</i> available as of now is <i>TRUE</i>.
Securities	-	Container
Security	-	Container

Policy	PMode[1].Security.* NOT including PMode[1].Security.X509.Signature.Algorithm	The parameter in the pconf file defines the name of a WS-SecurityPolicy file.
SignatureMethod	PMode[1].Security.X509.Signature.Algorithm	This parameter is not supported by WS-SecurityPolicy and therefore it is defined separately.
BusinessProcessConfiguration	-	Container
Agreements	maps to eb:Messaging/ UserMessage/ CollaborationInfo/ AgreementRef	This OPTIONAL element occurs zero times or once. The <i>AgreementRef</i> element is a string that identifies the entity or artifact governing the exchange of messages between the parties.
Actions	-	Container
Action	maps to Messaging/ UserMessage/ CollaborationInfo/Action	This REQUIRED element occurs once. The element is a string identifying an operation or an activity within a Service that may support several of these
Services	-	Container
ServiceTypes Type	maps to Messaging/ UserMessage/ CollaborationInfo/ Service[@type]	This REQUIRED element occurs once. It is a string identifying the service that acts on the message and it is specified by the designer of the service.
MEP [@Legs]	-	An ebMS MEP defines a typical choreography of ebMS User Messages which are all related through the use of the referencing feature (RefToMessageId). Each message of an MEP Access Point refers to a previous message of the same Access Point, unless it is the first one to occur. Messages are associated with a label (e.g. <i>request, reply</i>) that precisely identifies their direction between the parties involved and their role in the choreography.
Bindings	-	Container

Binding	-	The previous definition of ebMS MEP is quite abstract and ignores any binding consideration to the transport protocol. This is intentional, so that application level MEPs can be mapped to ebMS MEPs independently from the transport protocol to be used.
Roles	-	Container
Role	<p>maps to PMode.Initiator.Role or PMode.Responder.Role depending on where this is used. In ebMS3 message this defines the content of the following element:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For Initiator: Messaging/UserMessage/PartyInfo/From/Role • For Responder: Messaging/UserMessage/PartyInfo/To/Role 	<p>The required role element occurs once, and identifies the authorized role (<i>fromAuthorizedRole</i> or <i>toAuthorizedRole</i>) of the Party sending the message (when present as a child of the <i>From</i> element), or receiving the message (when present as a child of the <i>To</i> element). The value of the role element is a non-empty string, with a default value of <i>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/defaultRole</i></p> <p>Other possible values are subject to partner agreement.</p>
Processes	-	Container
PayloadProfiles	-	Container
Payloads	-	Container

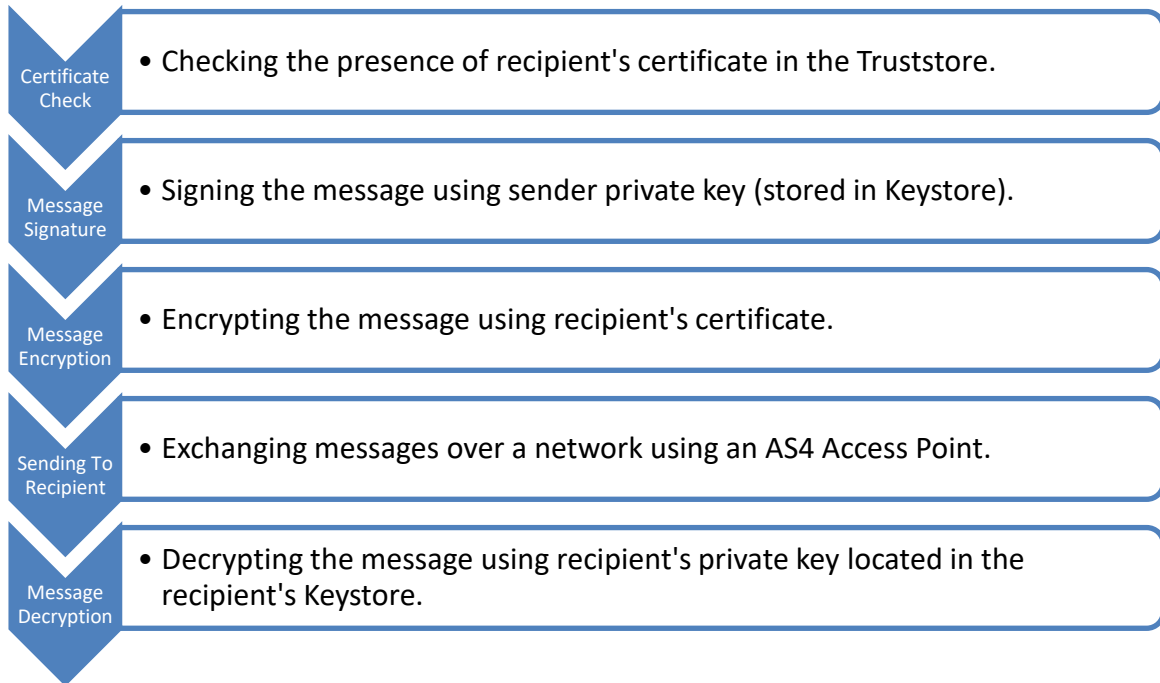
Payload	maps to PMode[1].BusinessInfo.PayloadProfile	<p>This parameter allows specifying some constraint or profile on the payload. It specifies a list of payload parts.</p> <p>A payload part is a data structure that consists of five properties:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. name (or Content-ID) that is the part identifier, and can be used as an index in the notation PayloadProfile; 2. MIME data type (text/xml, application/pdf, etc.); 3. name of the applicable XML Schema file if the MIME data type is text/xml; 4. maximum size in kilobytes; 5. Boolean string indicating whether the part is expected or optional, within the User message. <p>The message payload(s) must match this profile.</p>
ErrorHandlings	-	Container
ErrorHandling	-	Container
ErrorAsResponse	maps to PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.AsResponse	This Boolean parameter indicates (if <i>true</i>) that errors generated from receiving a message in error are sent over the back-channel of the underlying protocol associated with the message in error. If <i>false</i> , such errors are not sent over the back-channel.
ProcessErrorNotifyProducer	maps to PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyProducer	This Boolean parameter indicates whether (if <i>true</i>) the Producer (application/party) of a User Message matching this PMode should be notified when an error occurs in the Sending MSH, during processing of the <i>User Message to be sent</i> .

ProcessErrorNotifyConsumer	maps to PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyProducer	This Boolean parameter indicates whether (if <i>true</i>) the Consumer (application/party) of a User Message matching this PMode should be notified when an error occurs in the Receiving MSH, during processing of the <i>received User message</i> .
DeliveryFailureNotifyProducer	maps to PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.DeliveryFailuresNotifyProducer	When sending a message with this reliability requirement (<i>Submit</i> invocation), one of the two following outcomes shall occur: - The Receiving MSH successfully delivers (<i>Deliver</i> invocation) the message to the Consumer. - The Sending MSH notifies (<i>Notify</i> invocation) the Producer of a delivery failure.
Legs	-	Container
Leg	-	Because messages in the same MEP may be subject to different requirements - e.g. the reliability, security and error reporting of a response may not be the same as for a request – the PMode will be divided into <i>legs</i> . Each user message label in an ebMS MEP is associated with a PMode leg. Each PMode leg has a full set of parameters for the six categories above (except for <i>General Parameters</i>), even though in many cases parameters will have the same value across the MEP legs. Signal messages that implement transport channel bindings (such as <i>PullRequest</i>) are also controlled by the same categories of parameters, except for <i>BusinessInfo group</i> .
Process	-	In <i>Process</i> everything is plugged together.

Table 2 - Domibus pconf to ebMS3 mapping

ANNEX 5 - INTRODUCTION TO AS4 SECURITY

To secure the exchanges between Access Points "blue" and "red" (Access Point "blue" is sending a message to Access Point "red" in this example), it is necessary to set up each Access Point's keystore and *truststore* accordingly. The diagram below shows a brief explanation of the main steps of this process:



Remark:

It is necessary to open the required ports when Access Point blue or Access Point red is behind a local firewall. For instance, the port 8080 is not opened by default in Windows. Therefore, we would need to create a dedicated rule on Windows firewall to open the TCP 8080 port. See also the Annex "[Firewall Settings](#)".

11. CONTACT INFORMATION

eDelivery Support Team

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SUPPORT Service: 8am to 6pm (Normal EC working Days)