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NextGenerationEU: European Commission endorses Ireland's recovery and resilience plan

The European Commission has today adopted a positive assessment of Ireland's recovery and resilience plan. This is an important step towards the EU disbursing €989 million in grants under the Recovery and Resilience Facility. This financing will support the implementation of the crucial investment and reform measures outlined in Ireland's recovery and resilience plan. It will enable Ireland to emerge stronger from the COVID-19 pandemic. The Commission assessed Ireland's plan based on the criteria set out in the RRF Regulation. The Council will now have, as a rule, four weeks to adopt the Commission's proposals. The RRF is at the heart of NextGenerationEU which will provide €800 billion (in current prices) to support investments and reforms across the EU. A [press release](#), [Q&A](#) and [factsheet](#) are available online. (For more information: Veerle Nuyts – Tel.: +32 2 29 96302; Enda McNamara – Tel.: +32 229 64976)

REUNION DU COLLEGE: Pacte vert pour l'Europe: la Commission propose une nouvelle stratégie pour protéger et restaurer les forêts de l'UE

La Commission européenne a adopté aujourd'hui la [nouvelle stratégie de l'UE pour les forêts à l'horizon 2030](#), une initiative phare du [pacte vert pour l'Europe](#) qui s'appuie sur la [stratégie de l'UE en faveur de la biodiversité à l'horizon 2030](#). La stratégie contribue au [train de mesures](#) proposé pour parvenir à une réduction des émissions de gaz à effet de serre d'au moins 55 % d'ici à 2030 et à la neutralité climatique en 2050 dans l'UE. Elle aide également l'UE à tenir son engagement visant à renforcer les absorptions de carbone par les puits naturels conformément à la [loi sur le climat](#). En abordant ensemble les aspects sociaux, économiques et environnementaux, la stratégie pour les forêts vise à garantir la multifonctionnalité des forêts de l'UE et souligne le rôle central que jouent les exploitants forestiers. Les forêts sont des alliés essentiels dans la lutte contre le changement climatique et la perte de biodiversité. Elles constituent des puits de carbone et nous aident à réduire les effets du changement climatique, notamment en refroidissant les villes, en nous protégeant des inondations importantes et en réduisant les effets de la sécheresse. Malheureusement, les forêts européennes subissent de nombreuses pressions de diverses natures, y compris celles liées au changement climatique. La stratégie pour les forêts définit une vision et des mesures concrètes pour accroître le nombre et la qualité des forêts dans l'UE et renforcer leur protection, leur restauration et leur résilience. Plus d'informations sont disponible dans notre [communiqué de presse](#) et dans les [Questions et réponses sur la nouvelle stratégie de l'UE pour les forêts à l'horizon 2030](#). (Pour plus d'informations: Tim McPhie – Tél.: +32 229 58602; Arianna Podesta – Tél.: +32 229 87024; Daniela Stoycheva – Tél.: +32 229 53664 ; Álvaro RangelHernández – Tél.: +32 2 291 3665)

Politique de cohésion de l'UE: 67 millions d'euros pour l'agrandissement de l'aéroport Roland Garros de La Réunion

Aujourd'hui, la Commission a approuvé un financement de 67 millions d'euros pour l'agrandissement de l'aéroport « Roland Garros » sur l'île française de La Réunion. Cet investissement du [Fonds européen d'investissement régional](#) augmentera la capacité de l'aéroport de 2,1 millions de passagers annuels actuels à 3,5 millions et assurera d'importantes rénovations. La commissaire à la cohésion et aux réformes, Elisa **Ferreira**, a déclaré : « *Cet investissement vert et durable aura des retombées économiques et sociales directes pour l'île de La Réunion. Il s'agit d'un exemple clair de l'aide apportée par l'UE dans le domaine des infrastructures répondant aux objectifs du Green Deal et améliorant la connectivité des régions les plus reculées de l'UE.* » L'investissement portera sur la rénovation de la zone d'arrivée des passagers, du terminal de départ, des parkings et du système de contrôle et de tri des bagages. De plus, des panneaux photovoltaïques seront installés tandis que des moyens de ventilation naturelle seront mis en place pour réduire le recours à la climatisation. Le projet permettra le développement de liaisons régionales et internationales de fret et de passagers afin d'accroître la compétitivité de l'aéroport et de réduire sa dépendance vis-à-vis des subventions

gouvernementales. Actuellement, l'aéroport « Roland Garros » soutient plus de 18 600 emplois (6 % des emplois de l'île) et représente 4 % du PIB de l'île. Plus de 50% des usagers de l'aéroport sont des résidents locaux. On estime qu'entre 1 500 et 2 000 emplois directs et indirects seront soutenus pendant les travaux. (Pour plus d'informations: Stefan De Keersmaecker – Tél.: +32 229 84680; Veronica Favalli – Tél.: +32 229 87269)

Single Market: new rules to ensure safe and compliant products on the EU market

As of today, the EU [Market Surveillance and Compliance Regulation](#) becomes fully applicable. The new rules aims to ensure that products placed on the EU market comply with relevant EU legislation and meet public health and safety requirements. The legislation is key to ensuring a well-functioning Single Market and helps to put into place a better structure for checks on products exchanged on the EU market by improving cooperation among national authorities and customs officers. Commissioner Thierry **Breton**, responsible for the Internal Market, said: *“With growing online purchases and complexity of our supply chains, it is essential we ensure that all products on our Internal Market are safe and comply with EU legislation. This regulation will help to protect consumers and businesses from unsafe products and improve cooperation of national authorities and customs officers to prevent these from entering the Internal Market.”* The Regulation, proposed by the Commission in June 2019, will now apply to a wide array of products covered by 73 pieces of EU legislation, from toys, electronics to cars. To boost businesses' compliance with these rules, the Regulation will help to provide free of charge information on product rules to businesses via the [Your Europe portal](#) and [Product contact points](#). The new rules will also better specify the powers of Market Surveillance authorities, giving them powers to perform on-site inspections and undertake undercover purchasing of products. The [modernised framework for market surveillance](#) will also help address the rising challenges of e-commerce and new supply chains, by ensuring that certain categories of products can only be placed on the EU market if an economic operator is present in the EU as interlocutor for authorities. To help businesses adjust to these requirements, the Commission has already issued dedicated [Guidelines](#) in March 2021. In addition, the regulation will also help to strengthen cooperation between enforcement and especially customs authorities, in order to ensure more effective controls of products entering the EU market at its borders. The groundwork for improved cooperation among market surveillance authorities, the Commission and stakeholders was laid down through the establishment of the [European Product Compliance Network](#) earlier in January this year. More about market surveillance, [here](#). (For more information: Johannes Bahrke – Tel.: +32 229 58615; Federica Miccoli – Tel.: +32 229 58300)

New rules on Open data and reuse of public sector information start to apply

Tomorrow, 17 July 2021, will mark the deadline for Member States to transpose the revised [Directive on open data and reuse of public sector information](#) into national law. The updated rules will stimulate the development of innovative solutions such as mobility apps, increase transparency by opening the access to publicly funded research data, and support new technologies, including artificial intelligence. Margrethe **Vestager**, Executive Vice-President for A Europe fit for the Digital Age, said: *“With our Data Strategy, we are defining a European approach to unlock the benefits of data. The new directive is key to make the vast and valuable pool of resources produced by public bodies available for reuse. Resources that have already been paid by the taxpayer. So the society and the economy can benefit from more transparency in the public sector and innovative products.”* Thierry **Breton**, Commissioner for Internal market, said: *“These rules on open data and reuse of public sector information will enable us to overcome the barriers that prevent the full re-use of public sector data, in particular for SMEs. The total direct economic value of these data is expected to quadruple from €52 billion in 2018 for the EU Member States and the UK to €194 billion in 2030. Increased business opportunities will benefit all EU citizens thanks to new services.”* The public sector produces, collects and disseminates data in many areas, for example geographical, legal, meteorological, political and educational data. The new rules, adopted in June 2019, ensure that more of this public sector information is easily available for re-use, thus generating value for the economy and society. They result from a review of the former Directive on the re-use of public sector information (PSI Directive). The new rules will bring the legislative framework up to date with recent advances in digital technologies and further stimulate digital innovation. More information is available [online](#). (For more information: Johannes Bahrke - Tel.: + 32 2 295 86 15; Charles Manoury – Tel.: +32 2 291 33 91)

Commission adopts proposal for a Pact for Research and Innovation in Europe

The Commission adopted its proposal today for a Council Recommendation on 'A Pact for Research

and Innovation in Europe' to support the implementation of national European Research Area (ERA) policies. The Pact proposal defines shared priority areas for joint action in support of the ERA, sets out the ambition for investments and reforms, and constitutes the basis for a simplified policy coordination and monitoring process at EU and Member States' level through an ERA platform where Member States can share their reform and investment approaches to enhance exchanges of best practices. Importantly, to ensure an impactful ERA, the Pact foresees the engagement with research and innovation stakeholders. Margrethe **Vestager**, Executive Vice-President for A Europe fit for the Digital Age, said: *"The pandemic has shown us the importance of uniting research and innovation efforts that swiftly bring results to the market. It has shown us the importance investment in jointly agreed strategic priorities between Member States and the EU. The Pact for Research and Innovation we propose today, will facilitate better collaboration and join our efforts to tackle research and innovation objectives that matter the most for Europe. And it will allow all of us to learn from each other."* Mariya **Gabriel**, Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth, said: *"The Pact for Research and Innovation is the first milestone in our ambition for a simplified and more efficient European Research Area. The objective of the Pact is to foster the future dialogue process with key actors putting a clear emphasis on sharing best practices and facilitating the collaboration of Member States to invest in and coordinate on common research and innovation objectives."* The Pact was announced in the Commission's Communication on ['A new ERA for Research and Innovation'](#) of September 2020 and endorsed by [Council Conclusions on the new ERA](#) in December 2020. You will find more information [here](#). (For more information: Johannes Bahrke – Tel.: +32 229 58615; Charles Manoury – Tel.: +32 229 13391)

International Justice: The Commission proposes for the EU to join the Hague Judgments Convention

Today, the Commission has adopted a proposal for the EU's accession to [the Hague Judgement Convention](#), an international treaty that facilitates the recognition and enforcement of judgements in civil and commercial matters in foreign jurisdictions. Didier **Reynders**, Commissioner for Justice, said: *"Having one's rights enforced in a country outside of the EU can be very cumbersome, both for private persons and for businesses. The EU joining the Hague Judgments Convention would improve legal certainty and save citizens and companies time and money. The average length of proceedings would decrease considerably."* Currently, EU citizens and businesses that want to have a judgment given in the EU to be recognised and enforced in a non-EU country face numerous legal issues due to the absence of an international framework. This legal uncertainty as well as the associated costs may cause businesses and citizens to give up on pursuing their claims or decide not to engage in international dealings altogether. The Convention on Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Judgments in Civil or Commercial Matters, adopted in July 2019, offers a comprehensive legal framework with clear rules as to the recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments. The Commission's proposal will now have to be adopted by the Council, with the European Parliament's consent, for the EU to join the Convention. More information on the International Cooperation on Civil Justice is available [here](#). (For more information: Christian Wigand - Tel.: +32 229 62253; Katarzyna Kolanko - Tel.: +32 229 63444; Jördis Ferrolí - Tel.: +32 229 92729)

Agriculture: the Commission approves new geographical indication from the United States

The Commission has approved today the inclusion of ['Willamette Valley'](#) wines from the United States in the register of Protected Geographical Indication (PGI). 'Willamette Valley' are still wines (red, rose and white) and sparkling wines produced in the north-western part of Oregon, bordered on the north by the Columbia River, on the west by the Coast Range Mountains, on the south by the Calapooya Mountains, and on the east by the Cascade Mountains. The unique organoleptic characteristics of the 'Willamette Valley' wines include brightness and fresh fruit aspects, with the acidity provided by the protected cool climate. The Willamette Valley, by virtue of its high northern latitude, proximity to a cold ocean and rain shadowed sloped vineyards, presents a unique style of North American wine. This new denomination is the second American product to be protected, and will be added to the list of 1,621 wines already protected. EU quality policy aims at protecting the names of specific products to promote their unique characteristics, linked to their geographical origin as well as traditional know-how. More information on the [EU quality schemes](#) and in our database [eAmbrosia](#). (For more information: Arianna Podesta – Tel.: +32 229 87024; Álvaro Rangel Hernández – Tel.: +32 2 291 3665)

State aid: Commission approves €1.2 billion rescue loan; opens investigation into €3.2 billion Portuguese further restructuring aid in favour of TAP

By two separate decisions adopted today, the European Commission has (i) re-approved €1.2 billion rescue aid to Transportes Aéreos Portugueses SGPS S.A. ('TAP Air Portugal'), and (ii) opened an investigation to assess whether the restructuring aid Portugal plans to grant to TAP is in line with EU rules on State aid granted to companies in difficulty. On 10 June 2020, the Commission adopted a [decision](#) approving a €1.2 billion rescue loan to TAP SGPS, finding that the aid was in line with the requirements of the [Commission's Guidelines on rescue and restructuring aid](#) ('R&R Guidelines'). By a judgment of 19 May 2021 (case T-465/20, Ryanair/Commission), the General Court of the European Union annulled the initial rescue aid decision. The General Court gave the Commission a possibility to adopt a new decision within two months, addressing these shortcomings. The decision adopted today re-approves the rescue aid and further specifies the reasons for approving the aid, in connection with the situation of the TAP group and its shareholders in June 2020. On 10 June 2021, Portugal formally notified to the Commission €3.2 billion restructuring aid, with the aim of financing a restructuring plan of TAP Group through TAP Air Portugal. The Commission has opened an in-depth investigation to further assess the compliance of the proposed restructuring plan and of the related aid with the conditions of the R&R Guidelines. The opening of an investigation gives Portugal and interested third parties the opportunity to submit comments. It does not prejudice the outcome of the investigation. Executive Vice-President **Vestager**, in charge of competition policy, said: *"We have adopted a new decision re-approving rescue aid for the Portuguese TAP airline, following the recent judgment of the General Court annulling the Commission's original decision. This ensures that the disbursed rescue aid to TAP will not have to be repaid, while efforts continue to develop a sound restructuring plan that ensures TAP's viability in the long-term, without the need for continued State support. In this context, we have also opened an investigation into the restructuring aid notified by Portugal. We will continue our constructive engagement with the Portuguese authorities on this issue."* A full press release is available [online](#). (For more information: Arianna Podesta – Tel.: +32 229 87024; Maria Tsoni – Tel.: +32 229 90526)

State aid: Commission approves €45 million Czech aid scheme to support rail freight operators using electric traction

The European Commission has approved, under EU State aid rules, a €45 million Czech scheme to support operators of freight trains running on electric traction. Under the scheme, the support will take the form of direct grants to rail freight operators. The scheme will compensate the rail freight operators for the costs linked to the "fee for renewable energy sources", a component of the energy bill they pay for the electricity they consume. The measure will run for a duration of five years. The aim of the measure is to promote a greener mode of transport and the shift of freight transport from road to rail. More specifically, the measure supports rail freight services operated by electric trains as opposed to more polluting diesel trains. This objective is in line with national and [EU climate policy goals in the area of transport](#) and with the EU policy objectives, including those set out in the Green Deal. The Commission assessed the measure under EU state aid rules, in particular [Article 93](#) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and the [2008 Commission Guidelines on State aid for railway undertakings](#). The Commission found that, in addition to supporting an environmentally-friendly form of mobility such as rail transport, the measure is proportionate and necessary to achieve the objective pursued, namely to facilitate the modal shift from road to rail, whilst not leading to undue competition distortions. On this basis, the Commission approved the scheme under EU State aid rules. The non-confidential version of the decision will be made available under the case number SA.62018 in the [State aid register](#) on the Commission's [competition](#) website. (For more information: Arianna Podesta – Tel.: +32 229 87024; Maria Tsoni – Tel.: +32 229 90526)

State aid: Commission approves a €5.9 million Swedish scheme for liquidity support to mink fur producers in the context of the coronavirus outbreak

The European Commission has approved a €5.9 million (SEK 60 million) Swedish scheme to support mink fur producers affected by the coronavirus outbreak. The scheme was approved under the State aid [Temporary Framework](#). In 2021, the Swedish Board of Agriculture decided to ban the mating and reproduction of minks with a view to preventing the spread of the virus among these animals, and thereby to protecting human health. As a result of this decision, mink fur producers will not be able to sell mink furs until the end of 2022, with consequent revenue losses. Under the scheme, which is open to mink fur producers who were active in Sweden in 2020, the aid will take the form of direct grants. The measure aims at mitigating the liquidity shortages that the beneficiaries are facing and at addressing part of the losses they incurred. It is expected to benefit approximately 25 mink fur producers. The Commission found that the Swedish scheme is in line with the conditions set out in the Temporary Framework. In particular, the aid (i) will not exceed € 1.8 million per beneficiary, and (ii) will be granted no later than 31 December 2021. The Commission concluded that the measure is

necessary, appropriate and proportionate to remedy a serious disturbance in the economy of a Member State, in line with Article 107(3)(b) TFEU and the conditions set out in the Temporary Framework. On this basis, the Commission approved the measure under EU State aid rules. More information on the Temporary Framework and other actions taken by the Commission to address the economic impact of the coronavirus pandemic can be found [here](#). The non-confidential version of the decision will be made available under the case number SA.63337 in the [State aid register](#) on the Commission's [competition](#) website once any confidentiality issues have been resolved. *(For more information: Arianna Podesta – Tel.: +32 229 87024; Maria Tsoni – Tel.: +32 229 90526)*

State aid: Commission approves €2 million Estonia scheme to support organisers of cultural events and conferences in context of coronavirus outbreak

The European Commission has approved a €2 million Estonia scheme to support the organisers of cultural events and conferences taking place in Estonia in the context of the coronavirus outbreak. The measure was approved under the State aid [Temporary Framework](#). The public support will take the form of direct grants to cover unavoidable expenses incurred by the organisers of events or conferences for which planned income is lost or reduced due to restrictions imposed to limit the spread of the virus. Aid can be granted for events planned until 31 December 2021, with a minimum amount of €5,000 and maximum of €100,000 per event. The purpose of the measure is to mitigate the sudden liquidity shortages that the affected companies are facing due to the coronavirus outbreak. The Commission found that the Estonian measure is in line with the conditions set out in the Temporary Framework. In particular, (i) the support per company will not exceed €1.8 million; and (ii) it will be granted no later than 31 December 2021. The Commission concluded that the measure is necessary, appropriate and proportionate to remedy a serious disturbance in the economy of a Member State, pursuant to Article 107(3)(b) of the TFEU and of the conditions of the Temporary Framework. On this basis, the Commission approved the measure under EU State aid rules. More information on the Temporary Framework and other actions taken by the Commission to address the economic impact of the coronavirus pandemic can be found [here](#). The non-confidential version of the decision will be made available under the case number SA.63701 in the [State aid register](#) on the Commission's [competition](#) website once any confidentiality issues have been resolved. *(For more information: Arianna Podesta – Tel.: +32 229 87024; Maria Tsoni – Tel.: +32 229 90526)*

Mergers: Commission clears acquisition of joint control over Visual Comfort by Leonard Green & Partners, The Goldman Sachs Group and AEA Investors

The European Commission has approved under the EU Merger Regulation the joint acquisition of Visual Comfort & Co by Leonard Green & Partners, LP, The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. and AEA Investors LP, all of US. Visual Comfort & Co is a provider of decorative and functional lighting products. Leonard Green & Partners, The Goldman Sachs Group and AEA Investors are active in variety of investing activities. The Commission concluded that the proposed acquisition would raise no competition concerns given that the target has negligible, actual or foreseen activities within the European Economic Area. The operation was examined under the simplified merger review procedure. More information will be available on the Commission's [competition](#) website, in the [public case register](#) under the case number [M.10342](#). *(For more information: Arianna Podesta – Tel.: +32 229 87024; Maria Tsoni – Tel.: +32 229 90526)*

Concentrations: la Commission autorise l'acquisition d'un bien immobilier en France par TIAA, AP1, AP2 et GPIF

La Commission européenne a approuvé, en vertu du règlement européen sur les concentrations, l'acquisition du contrôle en commun d'un bien immobilier commercial situé à Courbevoie (Hauts-de-Seine) en France, par Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America («TIAA»), basé aux États-Unis, Första AP-fonden («AP1») et Andra AP-fonden («AP2»), tous deux basés en Suède, et Government Pension Investment Fund («GPIF»), basé au Japon. Le bien immobilier est destiné à servir d'espace de bureaux. TIAA est un organisme de services financiers qui fournit principalement des produits d'investissement dans les domaines universitaire, médical, culturel et de la recherche aux États-Unis. AP1 et AP2 sont des organismes publics, totalement indépendants l'un de l'autre, qui gèrent des fonds propres dans le système national suédois de retraite. Leurs portefeuilles mondiaux se composent d'actions, de titres à revenu fixe, de biens immobiliers et de fonds de capital-investissement. GPIF est un organisme administratif constitué en société, créé par le gouvernement japonais pour gérer et investir les fonds de réserve publics pour les retraites. Son portefeuille mondial d'investissements comprend des participations dans des actions et obligations, des infrastructures, des actifs immobiliers et des fonds de capital-investissement. La Commission a

conclu que l'acquisition envisagée ne soulèverait pas de problème de concurrence compte tenu de son impact très limité sur la structure du marché. L'opération a été examinée dans le cadre de la procédure simplifiée du contrôle des concentrations. De plus amples informations sont disponibles sur le site internet [concurrence](#) de la Commission, dans le [registre public](#) des affaires sous le numéro d'affaire [M.10300](#). (Pour plus d'informations: Arianna Podesta – Tél.: +32 229 87024; Maria Tsoni – Tél.: +32 229 90526)

STATEMENTS

Déclaration de la Commission européenne sur la décision du 14 juillet de la Cour constitutionnelle polonaise

La Commission européenne a fait la déclaration suivante hier, suite à la décision du 14 juillet de la Cour constitutionnelle polonaise : « *La Commission est profondément préoccupée par la décision de la Cour constitutionnelle polonaise, qui déclare que les mesures provisoires, ordonnées par la Cour de justice de l'Union européenne, dans le domaine du fonctionnement du pouvoir judiciaire sont incompatibles avec la Constitution polonaise. Cette décision accentue nos préoccupations quant à la situation de l'état de droit en Pologne. La Commission a toujours été très claire sur cette question et réaffirme une fois encore que: le droit de l'Union prime le droit national; toutes les décisions de la Cour de justice de l'Union européenne, y compris les ordonnances de référé, sont contraignantes pour toutes les autorités et juridictions nationales des États membres. Les droits des citoyens et des entreprises de l'Union doivent être protégés de la même manière dans tous les États membres. La Commission européenne attend de la Pologne qu'elle veille à ce que toutes les décisions de la Cour de justice de l'Union européenne soient pleinement et correctement mises en œuvre. Cela inclut également la décision, rendue hier par la Cour de justice, d'imposer à la Pologne les mesures provisoires en vue de suspendre immédiatement l'application de certaines dispositions de la loi de décembre 2019 sur le pouvoir judiciaire, notamment le fonctionnement de la chambre disciplinaire de la Cour suprême. La Commission n'hésitera pas à faire usage des pouvoirs qui lui sont conférés par les traités pour garantir l'application uniforme et l'intégrité du droit de l'Union.* » La déclaration est disponible [en ligne](#) dans toutes les langues de l'UE. (Pour plus d'informations : Christian Wigand – Tél.: +32 229 62253; Katarzyna Kolanko - Tél: +32 229 63444)

ANNOUNCEMENTS

NextGenerationEU: President von der Leyen in Czechia on Monday to present the Commission's assessment of the national recovery plan

On Monday, 19 July, Commission President Ursula **von der Leyen** will be in Czechia to present the Commission's assessment on the national recovery and resilience plan under [NextGenerationEU](#). On Monday morning, President **von der Leyen** will travel to Prague to meet Prime Minister Andrej Babiš, together with Vice-President Věra **Jourová**. She will also visit the Prague State Opera and the State Opera and National Museum, and discuss investments in energy efficiency. (For more information: Eric Mamer – Tel.: +32 229 94073; Dana Spinant – Tel.: +32 229 90150; Veerle Nuyts - Tel.: +32 229 96302)

[CALENDRIER](#) - activités hebdomadaires des commissaires

[Liste des points prévus](#) à l'ordre du jour des prochaines réunions de la Commission

Veillez noter que ces informations sont données sous réserve de modifications.

[Eurostat](#): communiqués de presse

The Spokesperson's Service has re-opened the Berlaymont press room to a limited number of journalists. For more information, please see [here](#).

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