



EUROPEAN CRITICAL RAW MATERIALS ACT

March 2023

The EU is aiming to ensure a secure and sustainable supply of critical raw materials for Europe's industry.

WHY?



Critical raw materials are needed for the **green and** digital transitions as well as for defence and space



To enhance our long-term competitiveness



To maintain our **open** strategic autonomy in a fast-changing and increasingly challenging geopolitical environment

HOW?

Through concerted internal and external action: strengthening domestic supply chains as well as reinforcing international engagement to develop win-win partnerships with third countries.

CRITICAL RAW MATERIALS

Critical Raw Materials are at the beginning of many industrial supply chains and their global demand is increasing:

The demand of critical raw materials will increase in the next years:



key components and nickel are of permanent magnets used in wind turbines motors

used in battery manufacturing

Silicon is used for semiconductors



EU demand for lithium batteries powering our electric vehicles and energy storage set to increase 12 times by 2030 (21 times by 2050)

EU demand for rare earth metals, used in wind turbines and electric vehicles set to rise 5 to 6 times by 2030 (6 to 7 times by 2050)

EUROPE FACES DEPENDENCIES ON KEY CRITICAL RAW MATERIALS

The EU is heavily dependent on critical raw materials from a number of third countries. Our dependency, combined with the growing global demand due to the shift towards a digital and green economy makes supply chains vulnerable.

63% of the
world's cobalt, used
in batteries, is extracted
in the Democratic
Republic of Congo,
while 60% is refined in
China

97% of EU's magnesium supply is sourced from China 100% of the rare
earths used for
permanent magnets
globally are refined in
China



South Africa provides 71% of the EU's needs for platinum group metals

Türkiye provides 98% of the EU's supply of borate

WHAT ARE WE DOING?

The European Critical Raw Materials Act aims to strengthen EU's critical raw materials capacities along all stages of the value chain. It aims to increase our resilience by reducing dependencies, increasing preparedness and promoting supply chain sustainability and circularity.

SETTING PRIORITIES

List of Critical Raw Materials

It identifies raw materials which are important for the whole European economy and face a high risk of supply disruption

List of **Strategic Raw Materials**

It identifies a list of raw materials characterised by high strategic importance and projected global supply/demand imbalances

SETTING 2030 BENCHMARKS FOR STRATEGIC RAW MATERIALS



EU EXTRACTION

At least **10%** of the EU's annual consumption for extraction



EU PROCESSING

At least **40%** of the EU's annual consumption for processing



EU RECYCLING

At least **15%** of the EU's annual consumption for recycling



EXTERNAL SOURCES

Not more than 65% of the EU's annual consumption of each strategic raw material at any relevant stage of processing from a single third country

BUILDING EUROPEAN CAPACITIES



Identifying **Strategic Projects** in the Union and third countries that intend to become active in the extraction, processing or recycling of strategic raw materials. They would benefit from streamlined and predictable permitting procedures in the Union and coordination of support to improve access to finance



Speeding up permitting for all critical raw material projects with a one-stop-shop contact



Developing national exploration programmes to **boost knowledge on European critical raw materials resources**

IMPROVING RESILIENCE



Monitoring critical raw materials and stress testing strategic raw materials supply chains by pooling EU and Member State expertise



Creating a **Critical Raw Materials** Club with
interested countries globally to
strengthen supply chains and
foster sustainable investment
and trade



Mitigating the risk of strategic raw materials supply disruptions by coordinating the development of national **strategic stocks**, requiring audits of large companies' supply chains and facilitating the joint purchasing



Strengthening the WTO and enhancing the network of Free Trade Agreements and Sustainable Investment Facilitation Agreements



Expanding the **network** of strategic raw materials partnerships **with third countries**



Using the Global Gateway for soft and hard infrastructure for projects along the raw materials value chain, support connectivity to lower the risk of investment abroad and combatting unfair trade practices related to raw materials



PROMOTING A MORE SUSTAINABLE AND CIRCULAR CRITICAL RAW MATERIALS ECONOMY

Requiring
Member States to
step up efforts to
recover critical raw
materials from waste
products and mining
waste

Increasing the share
of recycled critical
raw materials in
manufacturing

Improving
the recyclability
of rare earth
permanent magnets
in specific products and
technologies on the EU
market

Increasing
efforts to
mitigate any adverse
impacts with respect
to labour rights,
human rights and
environmental
protection

Recognising
certification schemes
to increase the
sustainability of the
critical raw materials
placed on the EU market





SUPPORT FROM AN EU-WIDE GOVERNING STRUCTURE

A **European Critical Raw Materials Board** will advise the Commission and facilitate EU-wide coordination and implementation of actions on exploration, monitoring, strategic stocks, strategic projects with third countries and provide advice for Strategic Projects' access to finance.

The Board will be chaired by the Commission and comprises Member States and the Commission with representatives from the European Parliament as observers. It will maintain regular contact with relevant stakeholders to properly perform its functions.

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