Over three-quarters of respondents in Luxembourg believe that climate change is a ‘very serious’ problem (76%, just below the EU average of 79%). In addition, almost a quarter consider it to be the most serious problem facing the world (23%), equal to the EU average and an 11 percentage point (pp) increase since 2017.

Those surveyed in Luxembourg are significantly more likely than the EU average to say that they have taken personal action to fight climate change in the past six months (81% vs the EU average of 60%). When given specific examples of climate actions, the proportion increases to 98% (above the EU average of 93%).

- More than nine in ten respondents say that they try to reduce waste and regularly separate it for recycling (91% vs the EU average of 75%).

- The proportion who take lower energy consumption in to account when buying household appliances has increased by nine pp since 2017 (54%, above the EU average of 48%).

There has been an increase of six pp to 78% who agree that promoting EU expertise in new clean technologies to countries outside of the EU can benefit the EU economically (just below the EU average of 81%).

The proportion who agree that adapting to the adverse impacts of climate change can have positive outcomes for citizens is 62%, lower than the EU average of 70%.

Respondents in Luxembourg are very likely to say that it is important for their national government to support improving energy efficiency by 2030 (84% vs the EU average of 89%). Most importantly, a large majority of respondents (88% vs the EU average of 92%) support the aim of a climate-neutral EU by 2050.
3. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

Q82. And how serious a problem do you think climate change is at this moment? Please use a scale from 1 to 10, with ‘1’ meaning it is ‘not at all a serious problem’ and ‘10’ meaning it is ‘an extremely serious problem’.

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total 'Not a serious problem' (1-4)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>=</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total 'A fairly serious problem' (5-6)</td>
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<td>- 4</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>- 3</td>
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<tr>
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<td>+ 5</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>=</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Don't know</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>- 1</td>
<td>1</td>
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4. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

Q83. In your opinion, who within the EU is responsible for tackling climate change? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

Q85. Have you personally taken any action to fight climate change over the past six months?

More information can be found at: https://ec.europa.eu/clima/citizens/support_en
5. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

Q86 Which of the following actions, if any, apply to you? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

- You try to reduce your waste and you regularly separate it for recycling: 75-91%
- You try to cut down on your consumption of disposable items whenever possible, e.g. plastic bags from the supermarket, excessive packaging: 62-77%
- When buying a new household appliance e.g. washing machine, fridge or TV, lower energy consumption is an important factor in your choice: 48-54%
- You regularly use environmentally-friendly alternatives to your private car such as walking, cycling, taking public transport or car-sharing: 37-54%
- You have insulated your home better to reduce your energy consumption: 24-30%
- You consider the carbon footprint of your food purchases and sometimes adapt your shopping accordingly: 18-28%
- You have installed equipment in your home to control and reduce your energy consumption (e.g. smart meter): 16-22%
- You have switched to an energy supplier which offers a greater share of energy from renewable sources than your previous one: 12-18%
- You consider the carbon footprint of your transport when planning your holiday and other longer distance travel and sometimes adapt your plans accordingly: 10-18%
- You have bought a new car and its low fuel consumption was an important factor in your choice: 6-10%
- You have installed solar panels in your home: 6-12%
- You have bought a low-energy home: 1-4%
- You have bought an electric car: 1-4%

6. ATTITUDES TO FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE

Q84.1 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Promoting EU expertise in new clean technologies to countries outside the EU can benefit the EU economically (%) regardless of previous results

Q84.3 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Taking action on climate change will lead to innovation that will make EU companies more competitive (%)
7. ATTITUDES TOWARDS TRANSITION TO CLEAN ENERGIES AND ADAPTING TO THE ADVERSE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE

QB4.4 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?
More public financial support should be given to the transition to clean energies even if it means subsidies to fossil fuels should be reduced (%)

QB4.5 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?
Adapting to the adverse impacts of climate change can have positive outcomes for citizens in the EU (%)

8. LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

QB7 How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government sets ambitious targets to increase the amount of renewable energy used, such as wind or solar power, by 2030? (%)

QB9 To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: We should reduce greenhouse gas emissions to a minimum while offsetting the remaining emissions, for instance by increasing forested areas, to make the EU economy climate neutral by 2050. (%)