

**Annual general surveillance report in 2022/2023 season for Bayer GM
soybean products authorised in the EU and/or GB**

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Data protection.

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1. General Information

1.1 Crop/trait(s) ¹	1.2 Decision authorisation number under Directive 2001/18/EC and number and date of consent under Directive 2001/18/EC	1.3 Decision authorisation number and date of authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 ^{2,3}	1.4 Unique identifier	1.5 Reporting period	1.6 Other monitoring reports have been submitted in respect of cultivation
Soybean MON 87769 ⁴	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/686 of 24 April 2015	MON-87769-7	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean MON 87705 ⁴	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/696 of 24 April 2015	MON-87705-6	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean MON 87708	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/700 of 24 April 2015	MON-87708-9	July 2022 – June 2023	No

¹ Hereafter, referenced as Bayer GM soybean products.

² EU: The decisions have been amended by Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/1579 of 18 September 2019 and Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2021/184 of 12 February 2021, as regards the representative of the authorisation holder.

³ GB: All Commission decisions adopted prior to 31 December 2020 have been transposed into GB legislation.

⁴ Bayer GM soybean products subject to post market monitoring (PMM) conditions for the placing on the market of, use or handling, in accordance with Article 6(5)(e) of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003. See ANNEX I for the PMM reports.

1.1 Crop/trait(s) ¹	1.2 Decision authorisation number under Directive 2001/18/EC and number and date of consent under Directive 2001/18/EC	1.3 Decision authorisation number and date of authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003^{2,3}	1.4 Unique identifier	1.5 Reporting period	1.6 Other monitoring reports have been submitted in respect of cultivation
Soybean MON 87708 × MON 89788	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2016/1216 of 22 July 2016	MON-87708-9 × MON- 89788-1	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean MON 87705 × MON 89788 ⁴	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2016/1217 of 22 July 2016	MON-87705-6 × MON- 89788-1	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean MON 87751	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/1309 of 26 July 2019	MON-87751-7	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean MON 89788	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/2083 of 28 November 2019	MON-89788-1	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean MON 87708 × MON 89788 × A5547- 127	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2020/1360 of 28 September 2020	MON-87708-9 × MON- 89788-1 × ACS-GM006-4	July 2022 – June 2023	No

1.1 Crop/trait(s) ¹	1.2 Decision authorisation number under Directive 2001/18/EC and number and date of consent under Directive 2001/18/EC	1.3 Decision authorisation number and date of authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003^{2,3}	1.4 Unique identifier	1.5 Reporting period	1.6 Other monitoring reports have been submitted in respect of cultivation
Soybean MON 87751 × MON 87701 × MON 89788 × MON 87708	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2021/66 of 22 January 2021 ⁵	MON-87751-7 × MON- 87701-2 × MON-87708-9 × MON-89788-1	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean MON 87769 × MON 89788 ⁴	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2022/798 of 19 May 2022	MON-87769-7 × MON- 89788-1	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean MON 87701 × MON 89788	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2023/1207 of 21 June 2023	MON-87701-2 × MON- 89788-1	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean MON 87701	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2023/1212 of 21 June 2023	MON-87701-2	July 2022 – June 2023	No
Soybean 40-3-2	N/A	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2023/1213 of 21 June 2023	MON-Ø4Ø32-6	July 2022 – June 2023	No

⁵ GB authorisations: England: SI 2022 No. 486; Scotland: SI 2022 No. 137; Wales: SI 2022 No. 472

2. Executive Summary

In accordance with Directive 2001/18/EC and the product specific Commission Implementing Decisions as mentioned in section 1.3, the authorisation holder Bayer, is accountable for general surveillance of the placing on the market of genetically modified (GM) soybean products in the EU and GB for the duration of the validity of the consent.

In view of the obligation to submit annual monitoring reports for viable GM soybean products, Bayer has undertaken a number of general surveillance activities accompanying the placing on the market of each Bayer GM soybean product in the EU and GB and the status on these activities is given in this annual report.

This annual general surveillance report for the 2022/2023 season presents the monitoring results of Bayer GM soybean products as listed in Section 1 of this report. During the last year, taking into account our extensive experience with these products; the lack of adverse findings from independent research, available through the public literature; and the fact that no reports of adverse effects of these products have been communicated; there is, to the best of our knowledge, no information available that questions the conclusion that any Bayer GM soybean product as referred to in this monitoring report does not pose any risk to health or the environment greater than conventional soybean.

Therefore, the general surveillance accompanying the placing on the market of Bayer GM soybean products in the EU and GB indicates that, to date, there have been no adverse health or environmental effects associated with the importation or use of any Bayer GM soybean product in the EU and GB.

3. Uses of GMOs Other Than Cultivation

3.1 Soybean imports into the EU and UK²

3.1.1 Soybean seed (GM + non-GM) imports into the EU and UK by country of origin from countries where Bayer GM soybean is cultivated (2021/2022)

Table 3.1.1 Soybean seed (GM + non-GM) imports into the EU and UK by country of origin

Soybean products	Soybean imports into the EU and UK from where Bayer GM soybean was cultivated and approximate share of Bayer GM soybean cultivation in the country of origin					Total soybean imports from the countries where Bayer GM soybean was cultivated	Total soybean imports from GM and non-GM soybean cultivating countries
	Brazil	USA	Canada	Uruguay	Paraguay		
GM + non-GM imports into the EU ¹ /UK ²							
2022/2023 (Quantity 10 ³ tonnes)	5 577 / 637	5 273 / 189	837 / 35	117 / 0	0.004 / 0	11 805/ 861	13 668/ 864
Share of GM cultivation in 2022 ³							
MON 87769	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████	NA	NA
MON 87705	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 87708	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 87705 × MON 89788	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 87708 × MON 89788	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 87751	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 89788	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 87708 × MON 89788 × A5547-127	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 87751 × MON 87701 × MON 89788 × MON 87708	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 87769 × MON 89788	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 87701 × MON 89788	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
MON 87701	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		
40-3-2	██████	██████	██████	██████	██████		

¹ Source: EUROSTAT (2023) data covers 27 EU Member States (July 2022 to June 2023). Data are obtained through CropLife Europe (CLE) in October 2023 and show total soybean imports into the EU in 2022/2023 from countries where Bayer GM soybean was also cultivated in 2022. The EUROSTAT data showing all soybean exporters into the EU are provided as an Annex to this document.

- ² Source: HMRC/AHDB (2023) data for UK cover Great Britain and Northern Ireland (July 2022 to June 2023). Data are obtained through CLE in October 2023 and show total soybean imports into the UK in 2022/2023 from countries where Bayer GM soybean was also cultivated in 2022. The HMRC/AHDB data showing all soybean exporters into the UK are provided as an Annex to this document.
- ³ Bayer is not an operator directly involved in the import of soybean into the EU and UK. Therefore, Bayer is not in a position to report directly on globally traded volumes of GM soybean products. However, in order to provide an idea of the amount of GM soybean products that could possibly be imported into the EU and UK, the approximate share of cultivation in the country of origin is provided, expressed as “-“ (no cultivation), 0-20%, 20-40%, 40-60%, 60-80% or 80-100%. It must be kept in mind that information on approximate share of cultivation are estimates only, and that the amount of GM soybean that will be exported to the EU and UK will only represent a portion of the cultivated amounts.

NA = Not applicable

3.1.2 Soybean seed (GM + non-GM) imports into the EU and UK by country of destination (2022/2023)

Annual data on import of soybean seed (GM + non-GM) into the EU and UK, by country of destination, is produced by EUROSTAT and HMRC/AHDB respectively. EUROSTAT data cover 27 EU member states. HMRC/AHDB data cover Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

The data for the period from July 2022 to June 2023 were obtained through CropLife Europe (CLE) in October 2023 and are provided as an ANNEX II to this document.

3.1.3 Analysis of data provided in Table 3.1.1 and ANNEX II

The soybean seed (GM and non-GM) import data from suppliers to the EU and UK from outside the EU and UK is presented in **Tables 3.1.1** and in the ANNEX II.

Extra-EU/UK soybean imports vary from year to year depending on several factors (*e.g.* EU soybean harvest, weather conditions, commodity price).

For the **EU**, total extra-EU soybean imports in 2022/2023 were approximately 11.8 million tonnes.

In 2022/2023, the main suppliers of extra-EU soybean to the EU were Brazil, USA, Ukraine, Canada, Bosnia and Herzegovina and Uruguay⁶. Of these, Brazil, USA, Canada and Uruguay cultivated Bayer GM soybean products in 2022 (**Table 3.1.1**).

ANNEX II summarises the total soybean imports into the EU by country of destination. These data indicate that Netherlands, Spain, Germany, Italy and Portugal are the main importers of extra-EU soybean in the EU in 2022/2023, accounting for over 87 % of the total soybean import volume.

For the **UK**, total soybean imports in 2022/2023 were approximately 864 thousand tonnes.

In 2022/2023, the main suppliers of soybean to the GB were Brazil, USA, and Canada⁷. All three countries cultivated Bayer GM soybean products in 2022 (**Table 3.1.1**).

The ANNEX II to this document summarizes the total soybean imports into the UK.

Bulk shipments of soybean entering the EU and UK are usually processed into compound animal feed, whereby the processed animal feed is unlikely to contain whole soybean kernels. The handling of the shipments is the same across Europe and UK; upon arrival, the shipments are unloaded into silos at the port of the importing (Member) State and transferred from there to the feed processing plant present at the port.

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 regarding the general principles and requirements of food law and food safety procedures, Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 on the hygiene of foodstuffs, and Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 regarding feed hygiene, and their amendments, contain operational rules and standards

⁶ The EUROSTAT data showing all soybean exporters into the EU are provided as ANNEX II to this document.

⁷ The HMRC/AHDB data showing all soybean exporters into the UK are provided as ANNEX II to this document.

applicable to the handling of soybean imports. In accordance with these Regulations, the principles of HACCP (Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points) apply.

3.2 General surveillance

3.2.1 Description of General Surveillance

The current approach used for general surveillance represents the consensus between all applicants /consent holders within CropLife Europe (CLE) and has been endorsed by the operators involved in the trade of viable soybean commodity (listed in Section 3.2.2).

Bayer is not involved in commodity trade with GM soybean. The monitoring methodology hence needs to be predominantly based on collaboration with third parties, such as operators involved in the import, handling and processing of viable GM soybean. They are exposed to the imported viable GM soybean and therefore are the best placed to observe and report any unanticipated adverse effects in the framework of their routine surveillance of the commodities they handle and use. The routine surveillance is based on the HACCP principles as reflected on the website of the trade associations representing the operators involved in the PMEM (*see* below).

Since traders may commingle GM soybean with other commercial soybean, including authorised GM soybean, Bayer is working together with other members of the plant biotechnology industry within CropLife Europe and trade associations representing the relevant operators in order to implement a harmonised monitoring methodology.

The different parties agreed to collaborate on the following basis:

⇒ The consent holder represented by CropLife Europe shall:

- Agree with the operators before adding or amending activities that fall under their responsibility in accordance with the proposed monitoring plan.
- Inform the operators in a timely fashion of any newly approved GM plant products for import and processing under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 or Directive 2001/18/EC subject to general surveillance.
- Set up and maintain a website dedicated to operators, that provides an overview and detailed information on approved GM plant products subject to general surveillance. The website⁸ contains the following information:
 - An introduction to the purpose of the website
 - A table giving an overview of all currently approved GM plant products subject to general surveillance
 - A profile for every approved GM plant product providing documentation on characteristics and safety, positive EFSA opinion(s) and Commission Decisions(s) authorising the GM plant product in the EU

⁸ CropLife Europe - <https://croplifeeurope.eu/product-information/> - Accessed on 3 Oktober 2023.

- A contact point at CropLife Europe for information exchange on any of the GM plant products.

The website will be regularly updated in order to further facilitate and ensure a transparent process for general surveillance and easy access to relevant information for operators.

- Contact the selected networks of operators annually, providing them with an update on the approved GM plant products subject to general surveillance and reminding them of their agreement to report on any unanticipated adverse effects (or absence thereof).

⇒ The selected networks of operators (European trade associations) shall:

- Inform and remind their member organisations and companies on an annual basis
 - to monitor for potential unanticipated adverse effects
 - that, in the framework of their management or safety standards (ISO, HACCP, ...), procedures must be in place and implemented to limit losses and spillage of viable soybean and to routinely eradicate adventitious populations on their premises - any such adventitious populations, resisting routine eradication procedures, shall be treated as a potential adverse effect
 - to inform and remind their own member companies of this requirement
 - to report back any adverse effect reported to them to the European trade associations
- Report to the consent holders directly or via CropLife Europe
 - at least annually, regardless of whether an adverse effect was observed or not
 - immediately any adverse effects reported to them

Consequently, the European trade associations COCERAL, UNISTOCK and FEDIOL, shall notify CropLife Europe of the results of the general surveillance on an annual basis. The report shall cover all approved GM plant products subject to general surveillance. CropLife Europe shall forward this report to the respective consent holders for inclusion in their annual report to the European Commission and to FSA.

The general surveillance information reported to and collected by the consent holder from the European trade associations or other sources shall be analysed for its relevance. Where information indicates the possibility of an unanticipated adverse effect, the consent holder shall immediately investigate to determine and confirm whether a significant correlation between the effect and a specific GM soybean can be established. If the investigation establishes that a specific GM soybean is the cause of the adverse effect, the consent holder shall immediately inform the European Commission and FSA. The consent holder, in collaboration with the European Commission and FSA and based on a scientific evaluation of the potential consequences of the observed adverse effect, shall define and

implement management measures to protect human health or the environment, as necessary. It is important that the remedial action is proportionate to the significance of the observed effect.

As described in the bullet points above, the consent holder shall submit an annual monitoring report including results of the general surveillance in accordance with the conditions of the consent. The report shall contain information on any unanticipated adverse effects that have arisen from handling and use of viable GM soybean.

The report will include a scientific evaluation of the confirmed adverse effect, a conclusion of the safety of GM soybean and, as appropriate, the measures that were taken to ensure the safety of human and animal health or the environment.

3.2.2 Details of industry, environmental, food and/or feed related surveillance networks used during General Surveillance

Bayer, together with other members of the plant biotechnology industry and CropLife Europe, implements the general surveillance of viable GM soybean, with the help of selected networks, according to the methodology outlined in Bayer's general surveillance plan and as detailed in Section 3.2.1. The following networks are currently involved:

⇒ Importers / Traders

COCERAL is the European association of trade in cereals, rice, feedstuffs, oilseeds, olive oil, oils and fats and agro-supply. It represents the interests of the European collectors, traders, importers, exporters and port silo storekeepers of the above-mentioned agricultural products. The main importers of cereals and feedstuffs into the EU and GB are members of COCERAL.

Also see: <http://www.coceral.com> - Accessed on 3 Oktober 2023.

⇒ Silo Operators

UNISTOCK is the European association representing professional storekeepers for agribulk commodities in the EU and GB. UNISTOCK full and extraordinary members are present in twelve countries and UNISTOCK is itself a full member of COCERAL. Commodity imports enter the EU and GB by sea and transit through sea-port silos. The main storekeepers managing these silos are members of UNISTOCK.

Also see: <http://www.unistock.be> - Accessed on 3 Oktober 2023.

⇒ Processors

FEDIOL, the federation of the EU vegetable Oil and Protein Meal Industry, represents the interests of the European crushers of oilseed meal producers and vegetable oils producers/processors. Its members represent 85% of the EU industry and hold more than 180 oilseeds processing and vegetable oils and fats production facilities across Europe.

Also see: <http://www.fediol.eu> - Accessed on 3 Oktober 2023.

These associations represent the majority of European operators importing, handling and processing viable soybean commodity. They work closely together with a continuous and efficient flow of communication between them, particularly, through the documentation that needs to accompany any shipment containing GMOs in accordance with the labelling and traceability requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003 and are therefore best placed to observe and report any unanticipated adverse effects.

Other networks consisting of operators further down the food and feed chain have not been selected for the general surveillance of viable GM soybean, because they focus on processed, non-viable material.

3.2.3 Details of information and/or training provided to importers, traders, handlers, processors, etc.

Following the Commission Implementing Decisions regarding the placing of Bayer GM soybean on the market pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003, Bayer informs the operators in the EU and GB who handle and process bulk mixtures of imported soybean seed of the regulatory progress made in the EU and GB. This notice also included a description of the establishment of a general surveillance plan.

Additionally, specific information concerning the safety, general characteristics and the general surveillance conditions for each of Bayer GM soybeans were uploaded on the website dedicated to trade associations representing the relevant operators that import, handle and process viable soybean commodity in the EU and GB, providing an overview and detailed information on approved GM plant products subject to general surveillance. The website⁸, hosted by CropLife Europe, contains the following information for each Bayer GM soybean:

- A fact sheet
- A contact point
- The EFSA Opinion for food and feed uses, import and processing
- The Commission Decision concerning the placing on the market
- A link to the entries in the Community Register for GM Food and Feed

3.2.4 Results of General Surveillance

The reporting by the trade associations takes place at the end of their business year, *i.e.* end of June. Therefore, CropLife Europe reminded the trade associations to provide their annual report on any occurrence of unanticipated adverse effects arising from the approved GM products, including Bayer GM soybean products as listed in Section 1 placed on the market during the period from July 2022 to June 2023.

The trade associations implemented the monitoring in the framework of their routine surveillance of the commodities (GM and non-GM) they handle and use. As required in the monitoring plan, they reminded their members *“to monitor for potential unanticipated adverse effects; that, in the framework of their management or safety standards (ISO, HACCP, etc), procedures must be in place and implemented to limit losses and spillage of viable GMOs and to routinely eradicate adventitious populations on their premises – any such adventitious populations, resisting routine eradication procedures, shall be treated as potential adverse effects; to inform and remind their own member companies of this requirement; and to report back any adverse effect reported to them to the European trade associations”*.

COCERAL, UNISTOCK and FEDIOL members have in place Good Hygiene Practices and Good Manufacturing Practices in their daily operations, at the level of imports, storage, handling, and internal transport of grains and oilseeds commodities, as well as at the level of oilseed crushing and vegetable oil refining, irrespective of the botanical species of the commodity. Such practices form the pre-requisite programmes which are the foundation upon which their HACCP systems are built. Measures implemented in this context to limit losses and spillage of viable grains and oilseeds, as well as clean-up and eradication measures (in case of accidental spillage), allow trade associations to report any adverse effect that would be considered as “unusual” or “unanticipated” and potentially attributable to GMOs.

The trade associations informed CropLife Europe in a format that reiterates the terms of the agreement of the general surveillance system and reports on the outcome of the monitoring. The format allows the authorisation holder(s) to comply with the requirement to give evidence to the European Commission, FSA and the Competent Authorities that the system is in place; that the trade associations are aware of the requirement to monitor; and, that they are providing information on any observed unanticipated adverse effects, if any.

The reports received from COCERAL, UNISTOCK and FEDIOL indicate that no adverse effects were reported from their members, thus implying that no adverse effects were linked to the presence of Bayer GM soybean products as listed in Section 1 in the time period from July 2022 to June 2023 (*see Appendix 1*). Furthermore, no incidents in relation to the placing on the market of Bayer GM soybean products as listed in Section 1 have been reported to CropLife Europe or the authorisation holder since July 2022 to date.

3.2.5 Additional Information

Operators in the food and feed supply chain and/ or any other person wishing to report a potential adverse effect associated with the import or use of Bayer GM soybean in the EU and GB, can refer to a contact point at CropLife Europe website⁸. This contact will record any reports of potential adverse effects by means of a standardised adverse effect reporting form (**Appendix 2**). Reports of adverse

effects would be analysed in the annual general surveillance report. Additionally, the Bayer Product Stewardship Safety page offers a global contact point for reporting any safety concern⁹.

To date, no adverse effects associated with the import or use of any Bayer GM soybean products in the EU and GB and in other parts of the world have been reported.

3.2.6 Literature search

As part of the general surveillance requirements for Bayer GM soybean products, a literature search that complies with the recommendations outlined in the 2019 EFSA explanatory note on literature searching¹⁰ has been conducted on a quarterly basis covering the time span June 2022 – May 2023 and is provided along with the Appendix E – completeness checklist in **Appendix 3**.

Bayer confirms that the literature search, conducted in accordance with the 2019 EFSA explanatory note on literature searching and within the context of the general surveillance for the Bayer GM soybean in the EU and GB, identified no relevant publications that would invalidate the initial conclusions of the risk assessment for Bayer GM soybean products as listed in Section 1.

⁹ Bayer - <https://www.bayer.com/en/product-stewardship.aspx> - Accessed on 3 Oktober 2023.

¹⁰ EFSA - <https://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/supporting/pub/en-1614> - Accessed on 3 Oktober 2023.

3.3 Case-specific monitoring

3.3.1 Description and results of Case-Specific Monitoring (if applicable)

The scientific evaluation of the characteristics of Bayer GM soybean products in the environmental risk assessment (ERA) has shown that the risk for potential adverse effects on human and animal health or the environment is negligible in the context of their intended uses. It is therefore considered that there is no need for case-specific monitoring.

3.3.2 Processing (if applicable)

Not applicable, see Section 3.3.1.

3.3.3 Monitoring and reporting of adverse effects resulting from accidental spillage (if applicable)

Not applicable, see Section 3.3.1.

3.4 Concluding remarks

To date, the general surveillance accompanying the placing on the market of any Bayer GM soybean products in the EU and GB indicates that there have been no adverse health or environmental effects associated with the importation or use of Bayer GM soybean products.

4. Summary of Results and Conclusions

In accordance with the Commission Implementing Decisions for the Bayer GM soybean products presented in Section 1, the consent holder for the Bayer GM soybean products, Bayer, is accountable for general surveillance during placing on the market of these GM soybeans in the EU and GB for the duration of the validity of each consent.

Taking into account a) the favourable scientific evaluations by scientists and regulatory agencies around the world; b) our extensive commercial experience with these products; c) the lack of adverse findings from independent research, available through the public literature; and d) the fact that no reports of adverse effects of these products have been communicated; there is, to the best of our knowledge, no information available that questions the conclusion that any Bayer GM soybean product as referred to in this monitoring report does not pose any risk to health or the environment greater than conventional soybean.

Therefore, the general surveillance accompanying the placing on the market of Bayer GM soybean in the EU and GB indicates that, to date, there have been no adverse health or environmental effects associated with the importation or use of Bayer GM soybean products in the EU and GB.

5. Adaptation of the Monitoring Plan and Associated Methodology for future years

In view of the results given in this report, no revisions to the general surveillance plan are considered necessary for any Bayer GM soybean products.

November 2023

[Redacted]

[Signature]

[Redacted Signature]

ANNEX I. Annual Post-Market Monitoring (PMM) report in 2022/2023 season for Bayer GM soybean products authorised in the EU and/or GB

There are no intrinsic hazards related to Bayer GM soybean products. No data have indicated that these products are less safe than conventional soybean. The pre-market risk characterisation for food and feed use of these GM products demonstrates that the risks of consumption of these products or their derived products are no different from the risks associated with the consumption of conventional soybean and soybean-derived products. As a consequence, specific risk management measures are not indicated and post-market monitoring of the use of Bayer GM soybean products for food and feed is not considered necessary.

However, for the Bayer soybean MON 87769, MON 87705, MON 87705 × MON 89788 and MON 87769 × MON 89788, in accordance with Article 5 of the respective Commission Implementing Decisions, Bayer, as authorisation holder, collaborates with third parties, such as farmers, crushers and all exporters involved in the production and trade of these GM soybean products for crushing into oil, to collect, information on the quantities of soybean oil and soybean for oil extraction from these GM soybean products, imported in the EU and/or GB for the placing on the market as or in products for food.

On the basis of this information, Bayer confirms that during the PMM reporting period ending 30 June 2023, no soybean oil or soybean for crushing into oil from these GM soybean products was exported to the EU for the placing on the market as or in products for food. This concludes our PMM reporting for 2022/2023. Monitoring will continue as required and subsequent reports will be provided in 2023.

ANNEX II. EUROSTAT and HMRC/AHDB data showing all soybean exporters into the EU and UK, respectively

EUROSTAT data showing all soybean exporters into the EU

July 2022 until June 2023 EU Soy Imports by Member State and by MAIN Exporter in Tons (CN 12019000)

Reporter	Australia	Belgium	Bulgaria	Croat a	Cyprus	Czechia	Denmark	Estonia	Finland	France	Germany	Greece	Hungary	Ireland	Italy	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Netherlands	Poland	Portugal	Roman a	Slovakia	Slovenia	Spain	Sweden	Switzerland	
Brazil	0.000	62541.895	0.043	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	234516.006	6.021	196066.369	0.000	0.003	1083723.388	0.000	0.000	0.000	1440786.909	0.000	0.000	622398.463	0.000	0.000	0.000	2014300.188	0.058	527766.343	
United States	0.100	5059.938	19.134	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.332	0.000	228.000	18800.959	1959663.075	20197.123	0.000	0.141	288030.045	0.000	0.000	0.000	211978.610	0.000	229502.141	3.661	0.000	0.000	1039929.438	3.420	527346.119	
Ukraine	23457.425	1582.365	1123.730	541.440	0.000	5118.824	67.000	0.000	0.000	30047.540	142539.301	201643.542	112356.518	0.000	0.000	217483.054	90.972	22.070	0.000	0.000	173186.432	142603.556	0.000	212950.474	38406.649	77446.218	0.000	131863.973	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.000	0.000	1329.363	20.217	0.000	728.249	0.000	0.000	0.000	440.127	29824.869	1327.312	19934.829	58.172	1593.012	21002.819	46.869	0.000	0.000	11158.819	20.123	96417.615	0.000	0.000	204.136	87220.312	0.000	87220.312	
Uruguay	0.000	0.002	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	31932.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.800	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	326430.000	0.000	358307.800	
China	4732.692	15248.496	20.470	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	43075.648	5425.155	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	27874.594	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1516.193	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	687.805	0.000	99081.147
Argentina	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	23.150	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.771	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	32198.025	0.004	0.188	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.000	3272.143	
Chile	0.000	5441.000	8.450	30.500	1613.799	0.000	0.000	870.409	4355.684	75.752	145.480	22.241	279.662	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2796.862	26.153	1608.779	12.000	0.000	1608.779	959.554	2024.767	959.554	
Kazakhstan	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.012	0.000	3991.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.430	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5000.008	8991.450	
Burkina Faso	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	6053.576	546.559	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1131.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7731.381	
Belarus Republic of	0.000	0.000	585.453	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5298.790	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5889.244	
Bosnia	0.000	1514.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2895.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4655.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	487.000	
Serbia	811.950	67.502	95.040	26.540	0.000	36.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	122.870	477.653	0.000	15.300	0.010	57.300	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	45.340	0.000	556.840	701.141	49.560	1.802	0.252	305.132	
Côte d'Ivoire	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1044.780	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1044.780	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Ethiopia a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0										

Commodity Code CN 12019000 Soya beans, whether or not broken

Source Eurostat

Date October 2023

HRMC/AHDB data showing all soybean exporters into the UK

July 2022 until June 2023 - UK Soyabean Imports in tonnes (CN 12019000)

Reporter/Period	United Kingdom
Brazil	636 549,19
USA	189 049,30
Canada	35 258,11
China	2 772,56
India	41,26
Nigeria	38,30
Switzerland	24,60
Hong Kong	18,70
Japan	6,69
Sri Lanka	4,43
Iran	0,72
Nepal	0,80
Madagascar	0,05
Thailand	0,01
Total	863 764,72

Source: HMRC, via the Agriculture and Horticulture Development Board <https://ahdb.org.uk/cereals-oilseeds/trade-data>

Date: October 2023

Commodity Code:

12019000 Soya beans, whether or not broken (excl. seed for sowing)