

Title

**Summary of the Literature Review for A5547-127 soybean
July 1, 2022 – June 30, 2023**

Final Report

Data or guideline requirement

Explanatory note on literature searching
conducted in the context of GMO applications for (renewed) market authorization
and annual post-market environmental monitoring reports on GMOs authorised in the EU market.
EFSA supporting publications 2019:EN-1614

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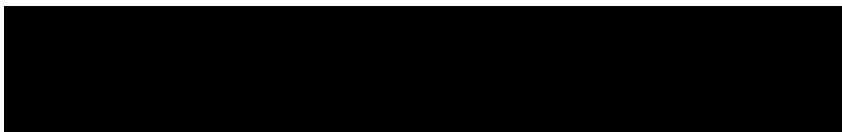
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Report	

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SUMMARY

The A5547-127 *Glycine max* plant (soybean) was transformed by direct gene transfer using transformation vector pUC/Ac, carrying a phosphinothricin acetyltransferase (*pat*) gene and a beta-lactamase (*bla*) gene cassette. The *pat* gene encodes an enzyme conferring tolerance to glufosinate-ammonium herbicides and makes event A5547-127 tolerant to the glufosinate-ammonium herbicides. The OECD identifier is ACS-GMØØ6-4.

A scoping review was performed for the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein, PAT/*pat*. The objective of this scoping review was to determine if there were studies about the molecular characterization of A5547-127 soybean, its effect on food and feed safety or environmental safety, that might require in-depth examination. A set of broad literature searches was performed using several bibliographic databases covering scientific literature from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023. Additional sources of information, such as web pages of food safety, agriculture, and biotechnology-related authorities were searched for the same time window, along with the bibliographies of relevant reviews. The references identified were evaluated for potential relevance to the scoping review questions according to pre-defined criteria.

These literature searches identified a total of 178 unique publications, which were subject to rapid assessment to exclude obviously irrelevant publications. A total of 8 publications were progressed for detailed assessment.

One of the 8 publications was determined to be relevant after detailed review. The relevant article did not constitute new data on molecular characterization of A5547-127 soybean, or the PAT/*pat* protein, nor did it suggest any potential adverse effects on human and animal health or on the environment. No evidence was identified that would warrant conducting a systematic review.

In summary, these literature searches and review of the retrieved articles identified one relevant publication that supports the existing safety assessment of A5547-127 soybean.

1. INTRODUCTION

The A5547-127 *Glycine max* plant (soybean) was transformed by direct gene transfer using transformation vector pUC/Ac, carrying a phosphinothricin acetyltransferase (*pat*) gene and a beta-lactamase (*bla*) gene cassette. The *pat* gene encodes an enzyme conferring tolerance to glufosinate-ammonium herbicides and makes event A5547-127 tolerant to the glufosinate-ammonium herbicides. The OECD identifier is ACS-GMØØ6-4.

The objective of the literature searches described here was to determine if there were publications published between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023 that mention the molecular characterization of the A5547-127 soybean, and/or any adverse effect of A5547-127 soybean in food, feed or the environment. In that context, a broad and inclusive literature search was performed, and the articles retrieved were reviewed in a comprehensive and transparent manner. This was intended as a scoping review. The literature review was performed as recommended in the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) explanatory note on literature searching conducted in the context of Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO)¹ applications and post-market environmental monitoring activities (2019).

The literature searches were performed for the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein, PAT/*pat*. The search terms also included relevant synonyms, the trade name and intended trait. When needed, plant species and general GMO terms were used to limit the search results (described in section 3.3).

2. OVERALL METHODS

2.1. Objective of the scoping review

The objective of the scoping review was to survey the evidence base for the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein, PAT/*pat*, in order to identify any specific issues related to food or feed safety, molecular characterization or environmental safety that might require in-depth examination.

2.2. Review questions

Review questions were formulated to conform to PE(I)CO structure (Population, Exposure (Intervention), Comparators, Outcome) if possible, and to address data requirements. They were modeled after the review question examples provided in the EFSA 2019 explanatory note¹.

Question 1: Were any studies published during the reporting period that describe adverse effects on human or animal health or the environment of the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein PAT/*pat*?

Key elements:

Population: Human health; animal health; environmental safety

Exposure: A5547-127 soybean, derived food/feed products, newly expressed protein in A5547-127 soybean

Comparators: When applicable, comparable populations or subjects exposed to appropriate controls (e.g., vehicle only, innocuous control protein, non-GM comparator) or conventional counterpart used for comparative analysis of plant material

Outcome: Adverse effects

Question 2: Were any studies published during the reporting period that focus on molecular characterization of the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein PAT/*pat* in soybean?

Key elements:

Population: A5547-127 soybean and newly expressed protein in A5547-127 soybean

Outcome: Molecular characterization (which would indicate the information/data requirement for molecular characteristics)

2.3. Criteria for relevance

Criteria for establishing the relevance of retrieved publications were defined prior to conduct of the search. These criteria were modeled after those given in the EFSA 2019 explanatory note¹ and are described in [Table 1](#).

Table 1: Eligibility/inclusion criteria to establish the relevance of retrieved publications

Concepts	Criteria	Comment
Key elements of review questions with PECO structure		
Population	The publication addresses human and animal health, and/or the environment (including biodiversity, ecosystem services, service providing units, and endangered species) as general protection goals	From the publications that address the GMO under consideration, those that address protection goals relevant to the risk assessment of the GMO are eligible
Exposure (Intervention)	The publication addresses the GMO, derived food/feed products, and/or the intended trait(s) (e.g., newly expressed protein(s)) that are identical or like those under regulatory review	This enables the selection of publications that address the GMO, derived food/feed products, and/or the intended trait(s) under consideration
Comparator	If the publication reports a comparative study that uses plant material as test material, eligible publications must report a non-GM variety as comparator	In those cases where the publication addresses the GMO under consideration, reports a comparative analysis study and uses plant material as test material, eligible publications also need to include an appropriate non-GM line as comparator
Outcome	The publication addresses effects/impacts on human and animal health, and/or the environment	Publications that address the GMO under consideration also need to address effects/impacts on entities of concern, and potential determinants of exposure that place these entities at risk, in order to be relevant to the risk assessment of the GMO

Concepts	Criteria	Comment
Additional concepts		
Information/data requirements	The publication reports information pertaining to one or more information/data requirement(s) outlined in Appendix A for the GMO and derived food/feed products under consideration, including the intended trait(s)	Publications that potentially contribute to the knowledge informing the risk assessment of the GMO under consideration, and thus the risk hypotheses addressed, taking account of both hazard and exposure, can be considered relevant according to this eligibility/inclusion criterion. Publications addressing other issues such as benefits, socio-economics, ethics, crop protection, detection methods, efficacy, public perception and risk communication can be excluded, as they are not necessarily relevant to the risk assessment of GMOs
Plant species	The publication addresses the same plant species as the GMO under consideration	This eligibility/inclusion criterion permits the exclusion of publications on GMOs that contain the same intended trait(s) as the GMO under consideration, but which are introduced in another plant species
Scope of GMO application	The publication addresses pathways and levels of exposure to the GMO, derived food/feed products, and the intended trait(s) that are relevant for the intended uses of the GMO and derived food/feed products under regulatory review	From the publications that address the GMO under consideration, those that consider pathways and levels of exposure relevant to the scope of the GMO application (i.e., import and processing for food/feed uses, cultivation) are eligible
Target pests/organisms	The publication addresses target pests/organisms that are established in the EU	This permits the exclusion of publications that address interactions between the GMO and target pests/organisms that do not occur in the EU

Concepts	Criteria	Comment
Stacked events obtained by conventional crosses/subcombinations	The publication addresses the higher stacked event and/or a subcombination or subcombinations of the single events of the higher stacked event, independently of its/their origin	This permits the selection of publications on the higher stacked event and/or subcombinations of the single events of the higher stacked event that are in the scope of the GMO application(s), independently of their origin. This permits the exclusion of publications on the single events of the higher stacked event, because the risk assessment of GMO applications for stacked events covers only the products in the scope of the GMO application – i.e., the higher stacked event and subcombinations of the singles involved, independently of their origin
Molecular stacks	The publication addresses: the molecular stack; all newly expressed proteins in the molecular stack; and/or one or several of the newly expressed proteins in the molecular stack that has/have not been previously risk assessed by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel and for which no safe use has been determined yet by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel	This permits the exclusion of publications that address one or several (not all) of the newly expressed proteins in the molecular stack that has/have been previously risk assessed by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel and for which the safe use has been determined by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel
Previously risk assessed publications	The publication has not been previously risk assessed by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel and is not cited/referenced in an EFSA/GMO Panel output	This permits the exclusion of publications that have been previously risk assessed by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel and cited/referenced in an EFSA/GMO Panel output
Access	Full-text document is accessible	If potentially relevant full-text documents cannot be obtained, they should be listed in a table with a description of the (unsuccessful) methods that have been used to try to obtain a copy

Concepts	Criteria	Comment
Reporting format	The publication presents original/primary data, or it is a risk assessment from a relevant key organisation (such as regulatory agencies and risk assessment bodies involved in the risk assessment of GMOs)	This permits the exclusion of publications that do not present original/primary data (e.g., editorials, position papers), and the inclusion of relevant risk assessments performed and reported by relevant key organisations. Reviews should only be included if they present data that are not available from a primary research study
Reporting format	A study in a publication should only be presented once, but if it is presented in more than one publication, all publications should be listed and grouped	Duplicate publications should be excluded at the screening stage. Only one copy of a study is required even if it is reported in different publications, and identified in more than one database

Table adapted from EFSA, 2019: Explanatory note on literature searching conducted in the context of GMO applications for (renewed) market authorisation and annual post-market environmental monitoring reports on GMOs authorised in the EU market.

2.4. Reference publication

Two publications related to A5547-127 soybean were previously identified and used to test and validate the search strategy:

- EFSA Panel on Genetically Modified Organisms, Naegeli H, Birch AN, Casacuberta J, De Schrijver A, Gralak MA, Guerche P, Jones H, Manachini B, Messean A, Nielsen EE, Nogue F, Robaglia C, Rostoks N, Sweet J, Tebbe C, Visioli F, Wal JM, Gennaro A, Neri FM and Olaru I, 2017. Scientific opinion on application EFSA-GMO-NL-2013-120 for authorization of genetically modified soybean FG72 x A5547-127 for food and feed uses, import and processing submitted in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 by Bayer CropScience LP and M.S.Technologies LLC. EFSA Journal 2017;15(4):4744, 23 pp.
- EFSA Panel on Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO). Scientific Opinion on application (EFSA-GMO-NL-2008-52) for the placing on the market of herbicide tolerant genetically modified soybean A5547-127 for food and feed uses, import and processing under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 from Bayer CropScience.The EFSA Journal (2011); 9(5):2147, 1-28. [27 pp.] doi:10.2903/j.efsa.2011.2147

These articles selected as reference publications because they mention the event name (A5547-127), the intended trait (herbicide tolerance) and the crop (soybean). Since these reference were published outside the searched time, the profile was tested without applying the time limits used in the final search profile (UP>=20220701 and UP<=20230630).

3. SEARCH METHODS AND OUTCOMES

The search strategies used here followed the 2019 EFSA explanatory note on literature searching conducted in the context of GMO applications and post-market environmental monitoring activities¹. The search strategies were designed to be broad and sensitive enough to capture any relevant publications, if available.

An information specialist with background in plant biotechnology selected the databases, identified relevant search terms, developed search profiles, designed search strategies, and conducted the searches.

3.1. Time window and date of the literature search

The database searches were performed on August 17, 2023. Only documents updated between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023, were considered in the search. The dates of most recent database updates are provided in

Table 3.

3.2. Databases used in the literature search

All searches were performed in the host STN (Scientific and Technical Information Network), an online database service operated jointly by CAS and FIZ Karlsruhe. STN provides access to a broad range of databases from the most renowned database producers worldwide.

The searches described here were performed in five databases: three multidisciplinary/large databases (Biosis, Medline and CA-Plus) and two subject-specific databases focused on agriculture-related topics (Agricola and CABA).

See [Appendix 1](#) for detailed database descriptions.

3.3. Search strategy

The search profiles were designed to cover event name, newly expressed protein and intended traits. The reference publication ([Section 2.4](#)) was identified by the search profiles confirming the validity of the applied search strategy. Since the 'newly expressed protein' profiles and the 'intended trait' profiles produced too many results when used on their own, they were combined with additional profiles: the 'newly expressed protein' profiles were combined with a 'plant species' profile while the 'intended trait' profiles were combined with a 'general GMO' profile as well as with the 'plant species' profile. See [Table 2](#) for a detailed search profile.

Table 2: Search profile for database search

Set	Search string	Concepts
1	LL55 or A5547-127 or A5547(w)127 or A(w)5547(w)127 or ACS-GM006-4 or ACS-GMO06-4 or ACS(w)GM006(w)4 or ACS(w)GMO06(w)4 or ACSGM006(w)4 or ACSGM006(w)4	Event name
2	libertylink or libertylinktm or libertylinkrtm or liberty(w)link or liberty(w)linktm or liberty(w)linkrtm or LL or LLTM or LLRTM	Trade name
3	((bar or pat)(2a)(gene# or protein# or enzyme#)) or ppt(2w)acetyltransferase or ppt(2w)acetyl(w)transferase or pt(w)n(2w)acetyltransferase or pt(w)n(2w)acetyl(w)transferase or phosphinothricin(w)n(w)acetyltransferase or phosphinothricin(2w)acetyltransferase or phosphinothricin(2w)acetyl(w)transferase or phosphinothricinacetyl(w)transferase	Newly expressed protein
4	(herbicid? or bialaphos or basta or glufosinate or phosphinothricin or liberty?)(5a)(resist? or toleran? or protect?)	Intended trait
5	soy or soya or soja or soybean# or soyabean# or sojabean# or glycine(w)max or g(w)max	Plant species
6	GMO OR GMOs OR LMO OR LMOs OR GM OR GE OR transgen? OR (genetic?(3a)(modif? OR transform? OR manipul? OR improv? OR engineer?))	GMO general
7	2 and 5	Trade name AND Plant species
8	3 and 5	Newly expressed protein AND Plant species

Set	Search string	Concepts
9	4 and 5 and 6	Intended trait AND Plant species AND GMO general
10	1 or 7 or 8 or 9	Event name OR (Trade name AND plant species) OR (Newly expressed protein AND Plant species) OR (Intended trait AND Plant species AND GMO general)

All searches were performed in the Basic Index (BI) field, which includes the following subject headings/field names:

- **Agricola:** title (TI), controlled term (CT), supplementary term (ST), abstract (AB), named person (NA), corporate name (CO), note (NTE), geographic term, CABA and other fields (GT)
- **Biosis:** title (TI), abstract (AB), biosystematic codes (BC), chemical name (CN), controlled term (CT), gene name (GEN), geographic term (GT), organism (ORGN) and supplementary term (ST); as well as CAS Registry Numbers (RN)
- **CA-Plus:** title (TI), supplementary term (ST), index term (IT) and abstract (AB); as well as CAS Registry Numbers
- **CABA:** title (TI), controlled term (CT), supplementary term (ST), broader term (BT), abstract (AB), organism name (ORGN) and geographic term (GT); as well as CAS Registry Numbers
- **Medline:** title (TI), chemical name (CN), gene name (GEN), controlled term (excluding MeSH numbers) (CT), supplementary term (ST), named person (NA), other source (OS), and abstract (AB), as well as CAS Registry Numbers and GenBank Numbers

Relevant controlled terms (

Table 3) were not searched separately because they are included in the Basic Index and were captured by the free-text searches.

Table 3: Relevant controlled terms (CT) and index terms (IT) in each database

Database	Event	New protein	Intended traits	Plant species	GM plants
Agricola	None	None	"HERBICIDE RESISTANCE"	"GLYCINE MAX"	"TRANSGENIC PLANTS"
Biosis	None	None	No terms for herbicide resistance	none	None
CABA	None	None	"HERBICIDE RESISTANCE"	SOYABEANS	"TRANSGENIC PLANTS"
CAS	None	None	"HERBICIDE RESISTANCE"	"GLYCINE MAX"	"GENETICALLY MODIFIED PLANTS"
Medline	None	None	"HERBICIDE RESISTANCE"	SOYABEANS/CT	"PLANTS, GENETICALLY MODIFIED"

The search results were limited to documents updated between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023 (UP>=20220701 and UP<=20230630), and to non-patent documents (not P/DT). To ensure that documents with indexing errors where two document types (DTs) (one eligible and one ineligible) were attached to a single record were not missed, documents with both 'journal' and 'patent' as document type were also kept. These putative documents would be identified with (P/DT AND J/DT) in CABA and CAPlus.

Table 4 summarizes the number of results obtained from each of the databases searched.

See [Appendix 2](#) for a complete search history.

Table 4: Overview of the selected databases and summary of search results from each database

Database	AGRICOLA	BIOSIS	CABA	CA-Plus	Medline
Database Provider	STN International	STN International	STN International	STN International	STN International
Coverage	1970-present	1926-present	1973-present	1907-present	1946-present
Date of search	17 Aug 2023	17 Aug 2023	17 Aug 2023	17 Aug 2023	17 Aug 2023
Datespan of the search	1 Jul 2022 – 30 Jun 2023	1 Jul 2022 – 30 Jun 2023	1 Jul 2022 – 30 Jun 2023	1 Jul 2022 – 30 Jun 2023	1 Jul 2022 – 30 Jun 2023
Latest database update	10 Aug 2023	16 Aug 2023	14 Aug 2023	16 Aug 2023	16 Aug 2023
Number of records retrieved	7	35	78	69	28
Number of records after duplicate removal	7	32	59	52	28
Number of relevant records after rapid assessment	0	2	3	2	1

4. INTERNET and MANUAL SEARCHES

4.1. Internet Searches of food safety, agriculture, and biotechnology-related authority webpages

A search of the web pages of food safety, agriculture, and biotechnology-related authorities was conducted. Search results were manually examined for relevant records that were either published during the time period under consideration (date span of search: July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023) or refer to relevant records published during this time frame. Relevance of results were determined based on the criteria listed in [Table 1](#) and they were summarized in [Table 5](#). All web pages searched were justified by their recommendation in the EFSA 2019 explanatory note¹. Of the 13 key organisations cited in the EFSA 2019 explanatory note¹, Environment and Climate Change Canada and Intersecretarial Commission on Biosafety of GMOs (CIBIOGEM) were excluded, since they are not involved in the risk assessment of GM plants. The US-EPA website was excluded, since the A5547-127 soybean does not contain an insect-resistant trait. The GEAC website was excluded, since this agency has only regulated GM cotton products. Therefore, the internet search was limited to 9 key organisations relevant for A5547-127 soybean. Search terms consisted of LL55 OR A5547-127 or libertylink soy 55 or ACS-GMØØ6-4 or PAT/pat or phosphinothricin (all searched singly, with no search limits applied).

Table 5: Results of search of food safety, agriculture, and biotechnology-related authority websites

Source Site Name	Website URL	Date of Most Recent Site Update	Date of Search	No. of Relevant Records
US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	https://www.usda.gov/	25/07/2023	25/07/2023	0
US Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	https://www.fda.gov/	25/07/2023	28/07/2023	0
Health Canada	https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada.html	26/06/2023	10/07/2023	0
Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA)	https://www.canada.ca/en/food-inspection-agency.html	26/06/2023	20/07/2023	0
Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ)	http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/Pages/default.aspx	30/06/2023	10/07/2023	0
Office of the Gene Technology Regulator (OGTR) Australia	http://www.ogtr.gov.au/	06/04/2023	10/07/2023	0
National Technical Commission on Biosafety (CTNBio) Brazil	http://ctnbio.mcti.gov.br/en	24/07/2023	7/17/2023 to 7/24/2023	0

Source Site Name	Website URL	Date of Most Recent Site Update	Date of Search	No. of Relevant Records
National Advisory Commission on Agricultural Biotechnology (CONABIA) Argentina	https://www.argentina.gob.ar/agroindustria/bioeconomia/biotecnologia	17/07/2023	17/07/2023	0
Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF) Japan	http://www.maff.go.jp/	27/07/2023	27/07/2023	0

4.2. Manual searches of reference lists of recent review articles

Recent review articles as sources of reference lists to search for potentially relevant studies were identified via searches of PubMed.gov for general terms such as “GMO” or “GM crops” in the titles and abstracts. The search of PubMed.gov was also restricted to recent reviews published between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023. The resulting number of relevant studies found within the bibliographies of these review articles is given in [Table 6](#).

Table 6: Documents for which reference lists were scanned for relevant studies

No	Author(s) and Year	Title	Source	Number of relevant bibliographic references retrieved
1	Bhattacharjee S, Bhowmick R, Kant L, Paul K. 2023	Strategic transgene-free approaches of CRISPR-based genome editing in plants.	Mol Genet Genomics. 2023 May;298(3):507-520	0
2	Cermakova E, Lencova S, Mukherjee S, Horka P, Vobruba S, Demnerova K, Zdenkova K. 2023	Identification of Fish Species and Targeted Genetic Modifications Based on DNA Analysis: State of the Art.	Foods. 2023 Jan 3;12(1):228.	0
3	Connolly JB, Romeis J, Devos Y, Glandorf DCM, Turner G, Coulibaly MB. 2023	Gene drive in species complexes: defining target organisms.	Trends Biotechnol. 2023 Feb;41(2):154-164.	0
4	Eckerstorfer MF, Dolezel M, Engelhard M, Giovannelli V, Grabowski M, Heissenberger A, Lener M, Reichenbecher	Recommendations for the Assessment of Potential Environmental Effects of Genome-Editing Applications in Plants in the EU.	Plants (Basel). 2023 Apr 25;12(9):1764.	0

No	Author(s) and Year	Title	Source	Number of relevant bibliographic references retrieved
	W, Simon S, Staiano G, Wüst Saucy AG, Zünd J, Lüthi C. 2023			
5	Ghidoli M, Ponzoni E, Araniti F, Miglio D, Pilu R. 2023	Genetic Improvement of <i>Camelina sativa</i> (L.) Crantz: Opportunities and Challenges.	Plants (Basel). 2023 Jan 27;12(3):570.	0
6	Krasnodębski C, Sawula A, Kaźmierczak U, Żuk M. 2023	Oligo-Not Only for Silencing: Overlooked Potential for Multidirectional Action in Plants.	Int J Mol Sci. 2023 Feb 24;24(5):4466.	0
7	Křížková B, Viktorová J, Lipov J. 2022	Approved Genetically Modified Potatoes (<i>Solanum tuberosum</i>) for Improved Stress Resistance and Food Safety.	J Agric Food Chem. 2022 Sep 28;70(38):11833-11843.	0
8	Liang J, Yang X, Jiao Y, Wang D, Zhao Q, Sun Y, Li Y, Wu K. 2022	The evolution of China's regulation of agricultural biotechnology.	aBIOTECH. 2022 Dec 5;3(4):237-249.	0
9	Platani M, Sokefun O, Bassil E, Apidianakis Y. 2023	Genetic engineering and genome editing in plants, animals, and humans: Facts and myths. Gene.	2023 Mar 10; 856:147141.	0
10	Pott A, Bundschuh M, Otto M, Schulz R. 2023	Assessing Effects of Genetically Modified Plant Material on the Aquatic Environment Using higher-tier Studies.	Bull Environ Contam Toxicol. 2023 Jan 2;110(1):35.	0
11	Rai GK, Kumar P, Choudhary SM, Kosser R, Khanday DM, Choudhary S, Kumar B, Magotra I, Kumar RR, Ram C, Rouphael Y, Corrado G, Behera TK. 2022	Biomimetic Strategies for Developing Abiotic Stress-Tolerant Tomato Cultivars:	An Overview. Plants (Basel). 2022 Dec 23;12(1):86	0
12	Rozas P, Kessi-Pérez EI, Martínez C. 2022	Genetically modified organisms: adapting regulatory frameworks for evolving genome editing technologies.	Biol Res. 2022 Oct 20;55(1):31.	0
13				0

No	Author(s) and Year	Title	Source	Number of relevant bibliographic references retrieved
	Spök A, Sprink T, Allan AC, Yamaguchi T, Dayé C. 2022	Towards social acceptability of genome-edited plants in industrialised countries? Emerging evidence from Europe, United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and Japan.	Front Genome Ed. 2022 Aug 31;4:899331.	
14	Tatineni S, Hein GL. 2023	Plant Viruses of Agricultural Importance: Current and Future Perspectives of Virus Disease Management Strategies.	Phytopathology. 2023 Feb;113(2):117-141.	0
15	Tripathi S, Purchase D, Chandra R, Nadda AK, Bhargava PC. 2022	Mitigation of hazards and risks of emerging pollutants through innovative treatment techniques of post methanated distillery effluent - A review.	Chemosphere. 2022 Aug;300:134586. doi: 10.1016/j.chemosphere.2022.134586.	0
16	Wang M, Wang H, Li K, Li X, Wang X, Wang Z. 2023	Review of CRISPR/Cas Systems on Detection of Nucleotide Sequences.	Foods. 2023 Jan 19;12(3):477.	0
17	Zimny T. 2023	Regulation of GMO field trials in the EU and new genomic techniques: will the planned reform facilitate experimenting with gene-edited plants?	BioTechnologia (Pozn). 2023 Mar 27;104(1):75-83.	0

5. RESULTS OF THE STUDY IDENTIFICATION AND SELECTION PROCESS

The database searches ([Section 0](#)) identified a total of 217 references, which were reduced to 178 references after removal of duplicates ([Table 4](#)). No additional studies were identified in the manual searches ([Section 4](#)).

5.1. Screening of titles and abstracts to exclude obviously irrelevant references (Stage 1)

All references identified in the database searches described in [Section 0](#) were assessed for relevance based on information in their title and abstract by two reviewers independently. If opinions of relevance differed, the discrepancies were discussed between the reviewers and if a disagreement persisted, the publication under discussion was transferred to Stage 2 for detailed evaluation by the experts. In this search, both evaluators were in 100 % agreement.

Clearly irrelevant records were tagged as “Not Relevant”. These included:

- Duplicated entries
- Secondary literature (reviews), other than assessments from regulatory agencies
- Articles on non-relevant topics like detection methods, socio-economic implications of GM crops, GM policy, agronomical performance, other herbicide tolerant GM crops, other insect resistant GM crops, unrelated topics, etc.

Publications which appeared to be relevant and those of unclear relevance were tagged as “Relevant” and progressed to Stage 2 (detailed assessment; see [Section 5.2](#)).

The number of publications excluded after rapid assessment for relevance is presented in [Table 7](#) documenting the selection process.

5.2. Detailed assessment of eligible references (Stage 2)

Publications tagged as “Relevant” in Stage 1 were assessed in detail independently by two scientific experts in each of three corresponding areas (*i.e.*, Molecular Biology, Food and Feed Safety, Environmental Safety), based on the full text of the publications. If opinions of relevance differed between reviewers within each area, the initial reviewers discussed the discrepancy as necessary and consulted additional reviewers to resolve the discrepancy if needed.

In the relevance assessment of the literature review for the A5547-127 soybean, reviewers agreed in 100% of the Stage 2 evaluations.

[Table 7](#) gives an overview of the reference selection process and results of the detailed assessment.

Table 7: Results of the publication selection process

Total number of publications retrieved after all searches of the scientific literature (excluding duplicates)	178
Number of publications excluded from the search results after rapid assessment for relevance (Stage 1)	170
Total number of full-text documents assessed in detail	8
Number of publications excluded from further consideration after detailed assessment for relevance (Stage 2)	7
Total number of unobtainable/unclear publications	0
Total number of relevant publications	1

[Table 8](#) lists the publications determined to be relevant based on the detailed evaluation. Publications that were clearly not relevant after a detailed assessment are listed in [Table 9](#). [Table 10](#) lists the publications for which full-text documents were unobtainable for detailed assessment or for which relevance was unclear after detailed assessment.

Table 8: Report of all relevant publications retrieved after detailed assessment of full-text documents for relevance: ordered by category of information/data requirement(s)

Main category of information/data requirement	Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source
Food and Feed Safety	Mullins, E., Bresson, J. L., Dalmay, T., Dewhurst, I. C., Epstein, M. M., Firbank, L. G., Guerche, P., Hejatko, J., Moreno, F. J., Naegeli, H., Nogue, F., Rostoks, N., Serrano, J. J. S., Savoini, G., Veromann, E., Veronesi, F., Ardizzone, M., Fernandez, A., Kagkli, D. M., Lewandowska, A., Raffaello, T., Streissl, F. 2022	Assessment of genetically modified soybean A5547 -127 for renewal authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 (application EFSA-GMO -RX-020).	EFSA Journal (2022), Volume 20, Number 6, 12 refs. ISSN: 1831-4732 DOI: https://doi.org/10.2903/j.efsa.2022.7340 Published by: Wiley, Oxford

Table 9: Report of publications excluded from the risk assessment after detailed assessment of full-text documents

Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source	Reason(s) for exclusion based on eligibility/inclusion criteria listed in Table 1
Xiang Dan, Luo MingZhong, Jiang FuKun, Wen ZhengRong, Chen XiaoYun, Wang XiaoFu, Xu XiaoLi, Wei Wei, Xu JunFeng, Xiang, D., Luo, M. Z., Jiang, F. K., Wen, Z. R., Chen, X. Y., Wang, X. F., Xu, X. L., Wei, W., Xu, J. F. 2023	Safety assessment of subchronic feeding of insect-resistant and herbicide -resistant transgenic soybeans to juvenile channel catfish (<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>).	Scientific Reports (2023), Volume 13, Number 4, 42 refs. ISSN: 2045-2322 DOI: https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-023-31072-2 Published by: Nature Publishing Group, London	The A5547-127 soybean is not included in the catfish feeding study.

Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source	Reason(s) for exclusion based on eligibility/inclusion criteria listed in Table 1
Sieradzki, Z. Mazur, M. Krol, B. Kwiatek, K. 2021	Prevalence of genetically modified soybean in animal feedstuffs in Poland.	Journal of Veterinary Research (2021), Volume 65, Number 1, pp. 93-99, 32 refs. ISSN: 2450-7393; 2450-8608 DOI: https://doi.org/10.2478/jvetres-2021-0012 Published by: Sciendo, Warsaw	The paper pertains to the prevalence and labeling of GM soybean and does not contain relevant information for a safety assessment.
Ogai, Mami Kimoto, Kana Hotta, Ayano Asakura, Hiroyuki Hagino, Kayo Shindo, Tetsuya Sasamoto, Takeo 2021	Results of an examination of genetically-modified foods (April 2017-March 2021)	Tokyo-to Kenko Anzen Kenkyu Senta Kenkyu Nenpo (2021), 72, 211-217 CODEN: TKAKC7 URL: http://www.tokyo-eiken.go.jp/archive/issue/kenkyunpo/	While Liberty Link Soybean is evaluated in the article (event not specified), the paper pertains to detection methods and labeling of GM soybean. There is no relevant information for a safety assessment.
Liang Rong Ji Xueqin Sheng Zewen Liu Jinyue Qiang Sheng Song Xiaoling 2022	Fitness and Rhizobacteria of F2, F3 Hybrids of Herbicide -Tolerant Transgenic Soybean and Wild Soybean .	Plants (Basel, Switzerland), (2022 Nov 21) Vol. 11, No. 22. Electronic Publication Date: 21 Nov 2022 Journal code: 101596181. ISSN: 2223-7747. L-ISSN: 2223-7747. Report No.: PMC-PMC9693618.	A5547-127 soybean was not considered in this publication.
Zadeh, Ramin Beheshti Safaeian, Shila [Reprint Author] Moslemi, Elham Nadushen, Rezvan Mosavi Esfahani, Kasra 2022	Monitoring of Infant Formula and Baby Food for the Pat and NOS Terminator of Genetically Modified Maize and Soybean by Real-time PCR in Iran.	Iranian Journal of Pharmaceutical Research, (2022) Vol. 21, No. 1, pp. Article No.: e126921. https://brief.land/ijpr/ . ISSN: 1735-0328. E-ISSN: 1726-6890.	A5547-127 soybean was not considered in this publication.

Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source	Reason(s) for exclusion based on eligibility/inclusion criteria listed in Table 1
Yook, Min-Jung Park, Hae-Rim Zhang, Chuan-Jie Lim, Soo-Hyun Jeong, Soon-Chun Chung, Young Soo Kim, Do-Soon 2021	Environmental risk assessment of glufosinate -resistant soybean by pollen-mediated gene flow under field conditions in the region of the genetic origin.	Science of the Total Environment, (MAR 25 2021) Vol. 762, pp. Article No.: 143073. https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/science-of-the-total-environment . CODEN: STENDL. ISSN: 0048-9697. E-ISSN: 1879-1026.	A5547-127 soybean was not considered in this publication.
Lee, Hyosun Yoon, Jeongpyo Kim, Dong-Uk 2022	Molecular Analysis of Soil Bacterial Community Structures for Environmental Risk Assessment with Varieties of Genetically Modified Soybean and Hot Pepper	Processes (2022), 10(5), 1037 CODEN: PROCCO; ISSN: 2227-9717 URL: https://www.mdpi.com/journal/processes	A5547-127 soybean was not considered in this publication.

Table 10: Report of unobtainable/unclear publications

Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source	Description of (unsuccessful) methods used to try and obtain a copy of the publication
No publications in this category.			

6. NARRATIVE SYNTHESIS/SUMMARY OF RELEVANT STUDIES

A total of 8 publications were selected during Stage 1 evaluation (rapid assessment based on title and abstract). After Stage 2 evaluation (detailed review based on full text), it was determined that 1 publication was relevant for the safety assessment of the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein, PAT/pat.

In the publication identified as relevant, Mullins *et al.* 2022, provides a scientific risk assessment performed by the EFSA GMO Panel on data submitted in the context of the renewal application for the A5547-127 soybean. The GMO Panel concluded that there is no evidence in the renewal application for new hazards, modified exposure, or scientific uncertainties that would change the conclusions of the original risk assessment on A5547-127 soybean.

Table 11 lists the relevant publication along with a summary of any adverse effects reported.

Table 11: Summary report for all relevant publications retrieved after detailed assessment of full-text documents for relevance and implications for the risk assessment: ordered by category of information/data requirement(s)

Main category of information/data requirement	Study (Author(s) and year)	Intervention/test materials used	Adverse effects reported	Which adverse effect reported	Implications for risk assessment
Food and Feed Safety	Mullins, E., Bresson, J. L., Dalmay, T., Dewhurst, I. C., Epstein, M. M., Firbank, L. G., Guerche, P., Hejatko, J., Moreno, F. J., Naegeli, H., Nogue, F., Rostoks, N., Serrano, J. J. S., Savoini, G., Veromann, E., Veronesi, F., Ardizzone, M., Fernandez, A., Kagkli, D. M., Lewandowska, A., Raffaello, T., Streissl, F. 2022	A5547-127	None	Not applicable	None, because no new hazards, modified exposure, or scientific uncertainties are reported.

7. CONCLUSION

The literature searches performed for the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein, PAT/pat, for the period from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023, identified a total of 178 unique publications (after duplicate removal). A total of 8 publication(s) were progressed for detailed assessment after excluding 170 obviously irrelevant publications during Stage 1 evaluation (rapid assessment based on title and abstract).

The 8 publications that progressed to Stage 2 were evaluated in detail, based on full text, for potential relevance, following the pre-established criteria listed in [Table 1](#). One relevant publication with bearing on food and feed safety was identified. The data and knowledge generated from this study does not impact the safety assessment of A5547-127 soybean. No issues or topics were identified that would trigger or warrant more specific question formulation.

8. REFERENCES

No.	Author(s), title, source, edition, year, pages
1.	Devos Y, Guajardo IM, Alvarez F and Glanville J. Explanatory note on literature searching conducted in the context of GMO applications for (renewed) market authorisation and annual post-market environmental monitoring reports on GMOs authorised in the EU market. EFSA supporting publications 2019:EN-1614. 62 pages. doi:10.2903/sp.efsa.2019.EN-1614.

9. APPENDICES

Appendix 1: Database descriptions

Host	File	Description
STN	AGRICOLA	<p>Agriculture Online Access is a bibliographic database containing selected worldwide literature of agriculture and related fields. AGRICOLA is the locator and bibliographic access and control system of the National Agricultural Library (NAL) collections and also includes records from other cooperating institutions. Coverage of the database includes agricultural economics and rural sociology, agricultural production, animal sciences, chemistry, entomology, food and human nutrition, forestry, natural resources, pesticides, plant science, soils and fertilizers, and water resources. Also covered are related areas such as biology and biotechnology, botany, ecology, and natural history.</p> <p>The database draws on bibliographies, serial articles, book chapters, monographs, computer files, serials, maps, audiovisuals, and reports. Bibliographic information, abstracts, geographic terms, controlled terms, and supplementary terms are searchable.</p>
STN	BIOSIS	<p>BIOSIS Previews® is the largest and most comprehensive life science database in the world. Amongst others subject coverage includes Agriculture, Biochemistry, Biophysics, Botany, Environmental Biology, Physiology, Toxicology.</p> <p>Sources include periodicals, journals, conference proceedings, reviews, reports, patents, and short communications. Nearly 6,000 life source journals, 1,500 international meetings as well as review articles, books, and monographs are reviewed for inclusion.</p> <p>Bibliographic information, indexing terms, abstracts, and CAS Registry Numbers are all searchable.</p>
STN	CABA/CAB	<p>The CAB Abstracts database covers worldwide literature from all areas of agriculture and related sciences including Agriculture, Agricultural chemicals, Animal sciences and production, Crop protection, Crop sciences and production, Environment, Soils and fertilizers.</p> <p>Sources for CABA include journals, books, reports, published theses, conference proceedings, and patents.</p> <p>Bibliographic information, indexing terms, abstracts, and CAS Registry Numbers are searchable.</p>
STN	CAS/CAPLUS	<p>The Chemical Abstracts (CA) database covers all areas of Biochemistry, Chemistry and Chemical engineering, and related sciences.</p> <p>Sources include over 8,000 journals, patents from 38 national patent offices and two international patent organizations, technical reports, books, conference proceedings, and dissertations. Electronic only journals and Web preprints are also covered.</p> <p>Bibliographic terms, indexing terms, roles, CAS Registry Numbers, International Patent Classification, and abstracts are searchable.</p>

Host	File	Description
STN	MEDLINE	<p>MEDLINE contains information on every area of medicine. The MEDLINE database corresponds to Index Medicus, Index to Dental Literature, and International Nursing Index; OLDMEDLINE, with data from NLM's from the Cumulated Index Medicus (1960-1965) and Current List of Medical Literature (1958-1959); and, since August 2001, IN-PROCESS records, the latest documents before they have been completely indexed for inclusion on MEDLINE.</p> <p>Sources include journals and chapters in books or symposia. Bibliographic information, indexing terms, abstracts, chemical names, and CAS Registry Numbers are all searchable.</p> <p>Online thesauri are available for the Medical Subject Headings (/MN), Controlled Terms (/CT) and Chemical Name (/CN) fields.</p>

Appendix 2: Search history

```
FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:01:53 ON 17 AUG 2023
L1      8 SEA LL55 OR A5547-127 OR A5547(W)127 OR A(W)5547(W)127 OR
      ACS-GM006-4 OR ACS-GMOO6-4 OR ACS(W)GM006(W)4 OR ACS(W)GMOO6(W)
      4 OR ACSGM006(W)4 OR ACSGMOO6(W)4
L2      15692 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY(W)
      )LINK OR LIBERTY(W)LINKTM OR LIBERTY(W)LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM
      OR LLRTM
L3      1593 SEA ((BAR OR PAT) (2A) (GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR
      PPT(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE OR
      PT(W)N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PT(W)N(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE
L4      208 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(W)N(W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICI
      N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFER
      ASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICINACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE
L5      1668 SEA (L3 OR L4)
L6      3837 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR
      PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR
      PROTECT?)
L7      74391 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN#
      OR GLYCINE(W)MAX OR G(W)MAX
L8      4193051 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR
      (GENETIC?(3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR
      ENGINEER?))
L9      59 SEA L2 AND L7
L10     60 SEA L5 AND L7
L11     274 SEA L6 AND L7 AND L8
L12     373 SEA L1 OR L9 OR L10 OR L11
L13     61 SEA L12 AND PY>=2021
L14     28 SEA L13 AND UP>=20220701 AND UP<=20230630

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:01:58 ON 17 AUG 2023
L15     16 SEA LL55 OR A5547-127 OR A5547(W)127 OR A(W)5547(W)127 OR
      ACS-GM006-4 OR ACS-GMOO6-4 OR ACS(W)GM006(W)4 OR ACS(W)GMOO6(W)
      4 OR ACSGM006(W)4 OR ACSGMOO6(W)4
L16     15942 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY(W)
      )LINK OR LIBERTY(W)LINKTM OR LIBERTY(W)LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM
      OR LLRTM
L17     2998 SEA ((BAR OR PAT) (2A) (GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR
      PPT(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE OR
      PT(W)N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PT(W)N(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE
L18     338 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(W)N(W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICI
      N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFER
      ASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICINACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE
L19     3105 SEA (L17 OR L18)
L20     10645 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR
      PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR
      PROTECT?)
L21     179027 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN#
      OR GLYCINE(W)MAX OR G(W)MAX
L22     497798 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR
      (GENETIC?(3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR
      ENGINEER?))
L23     126 SEA L16 AND L21
L24     132 SEA L19 AND L21
L25     445 SEA L20 AND L21 AND L22
L26     666 SEA L15 OR L23 OR L24 OR L25
L27     65 SEA L26 AND PY>=2021
L28     35 SEA L27 AND UP>=20220701 AND UP<=20230630

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 10:02:03 ON 17 AUG 2023
L29     7 SEA LL55 OR A5547-127 OR A5547(W)127 OR A(W)5547(W)127 OR
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ACS-GM006-4 OR ACS-GMO06-4 OR ACS (W) GM006 (W) 4 OR ACS (W) GMO06 (W) 4 OR ACS GM006 (W) 4 OR ACS GMO06 (W) 4

L30 3729 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY (W) LINK OR LIBERTY (W) LINKTM OR LIBERTY (W) LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM OR LLRTM

L31 830 SEA ((BAR OR PAT) (2A) (GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR PPT (2W) ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT (2W) ACETYL (W) TRANSFERASE OR PT (W) N (2W) ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PT (W) N (2W) ACETYL (W) TRANSFERASE

L32 258 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN (W) N (W) ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN (2W) ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN (2W) ACETYL (W) TRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN ACETYL (W) TRANSFERASE

L33 912 SEA (L31 OR L32)

L34 8897 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR PROTECT?)

L35 101081 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN# OR GLYCINE (W) MAX OR G (W) MAX

L36 113924 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR (GENETIC? (3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR ENGINEER?))

L37 81 SEA L30 AND L35

L38 49 SEA L33 AND L35

L39 413 SEA L34 AND L35 AND L36

L40 526 SEA L29 OR L37 OR L38 OR L39

L41 27 SEA L40 AND PY>=2021

L42 7 SEA L41 AND UP>=20220701 AND UP<=20230630

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L43 18 SEA LL55 OR A5547-127 OR A5547 (W) 127 OR A (W) 5547 (W) 127 OR ACS-GM006-4 OR ACS-GMO06-4 OR ACS (W) GM006 (W) 4 OR ACS (W) GMO06 (W) 4 OR ACS GM006 (W) 4 OR ACS GMO06 (W) 4

L44 6093 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY (W) LINK OR LIBERTY (W) LINKTM OR LIBERTY (W) LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM OR LLRTM

L45 1641 SEA ((BAR OR PAT) (2A) (GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR PPT (2W) ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT (2W) ACETYL (W) TRANSFERASE OR PT (W) N (2W) ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PT (W) N (2W) ACETYL (W) TRANSFERASE

L46 387 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN (W) N (W) ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN (2W) ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN (2W) ACETYL (W) TRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN ACETYL (W) TRANSFERASE

L47 1747 SEA (L45 OR L46)

L48 19884 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR PROTECT?)

L49 209971 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN# OR GLYCINE (W) MAX OR G (W) MAX

L50 206373 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR (GENETIC? (3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR ENGINEER?))

L51 162 SEA L44 AND L49

L52 126 SEA L47 AND L49

L53 844 SEA L48 AND L49 AND L50

L54 1076 SEA L43 OR L51 OR L52 OR L53

L55 104 SEA L54 AND PY>=2021

L56 78 SEA L55 AND UP>=20220701 AND UP<=20230630

L57 78 SEA L56 NOT P/DT

L58 0 SEA L56 AND (P/DT AND J/DT)

L59 78 SEA L57 OR L58

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:02:16 ON 17 AUG 2023

L60 27 SEA LL55 OR A5547-127 OR A5547 (W) 127 OR A (W) 5547 (W) 127 OR ACS-GM006-4 OR ACS-GMO06-4 OR ACS (W) GM006 (W) 4 OR ACS (W) GMO06 (W) 4 OR ACS GM006 (W) 4 OR ACS GMO06 (W) 4

L61 22322 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY(W)
)LINK OR LIBERTY(W)LINKTM OR LIBERTY(W)LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM
OR LLRTM

L62 5722 SEA ((BAR OR PAT) (2A) (GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR
PPT(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE OR
PT(W)N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PT(W)N(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE

L63 810 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(W)N(W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICI
N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFER
ASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICINACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE

L64 6039 SEA (L62 OR L63)

L65 31142 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR
PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR
PROTECT?)

L66 448959 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN#
OR GLYCINE(W)MAX OR G(W)MAX

L67 750424 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR
(GENETIC?(3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR
ENGINEER?))

L68 257 SEA L61 AND L66

L69 565 SEA L64 AND L66

L70 6872 SEA L65 AND L66 AND L67

L71 7478 SEA L60 OR L68 OR L69 OR L70

L72 1588 SEA L71 AND PY>=2021

L73 502 SEA L72 AND UP>=20220701 AND UP<=20230630

L74 69 SEA L73 NOT P/DT

L75 0 SEA L73 AND (P/DT AND J/DT)

L76 69 SEA L74 OR L75

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, AGRICOLA, CABA, HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 04:02:23 ON 17
AUG 2023

L77 178 DUP REM L14 L28 L42 L59 L76 (39 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
ANSWERS '1-28' FROM FILE MEDLINE
ANSWERS '29-60' FROM FILE BIOSIS
ANSWERS '61-67' FROM FILE AGRICOLA
ANSWERS '68-126' FROM FILE CABA
ANSWERS '127-178' FROM FILE HCAPLUS