

**Thresholds fixed by Member States establishing the Small farmers scheme**

The current rules enhance transparency regarding the use of EU funds under the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) and improve the sound financial management of these funds by reinforcing public control of the money used. At the same time, they strike a balance between these objectives and the beneficiaries’ right to protect their personal data. To this end, the rules established that the name of the beneficiary shall not be disclosed where the amount of aid received in one year is equal to or below a certain threshold. In this case, the beneficiary shall be identified by a code.

According to Article 61 of the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) N° 908/2014 regarding the publication of thresholds related to the Small farmers scheme (SFS), the amounts notified by the Member States in accordance with the second subparagraph of Article 112 of Regulation (EU) N° 1306/2013 shall be published on the Union website referred to in Article 62(1) of that Commission Implementing Regulation.

**The maximum amounts notified by the Member States<sup>1</sup> are listed in the table below.**

<b>Member States applying the SFS</b>	<b>Maximum amount fixed by Member States for SFS (in EUR)</b>
Bulgaria	1 250
Germany	1 250
Estonia	1 250
Greece	1 250
Spain	1 250
Croatia (*)	657
Italy	1 250
Latvia	500
Hungary	1 250
Malta	1 250
Austria	1 250
Poland	1 250
Portugal (**)	600
Romania	1 250
Slovenia	1 050

*(\*) For Croatia, the maximum amount of EUR 657 is not the actual payment to farmers as one should take into account the gradual introduction of direct payments. (\*\*) For Portugal the lump-sum is EUR 600 as of 2017.*

As regards the Member States not applying the Small farmers scheme (Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Ireland, Cyprus, Lithuania, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Slovakia, Finland, Sweden, the United Kingdom), the threshold is EUR 1 250.

---

<sup>1</sup> Article 71 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 639/2014.