SUPPORT FOR THE EMPLOYABILITY OF PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES

Peer Review "Work-Capacity Assessment For Persons With Disabilities"

Host Country Discussion Paper – Latvia Independent expert: Daina Podzina Riga (Latvia), 26-27 April 2018

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Overall situation in Latvia

- Disability assessment
 - 182 048 people with disabilities or 9.3 % of the population
 - For 16 917 persons aged 18+ years disability was determined for the first time
- Employment of persons with disabilities
 - Employed 42 813 persons with disabilities (24.88 %)
 - 1 778 persons with disability found a job (692 after receiving a support from Public Employment Service)
 - Established 553 subsidised workplaces
- Unemployment of persons with disabilities
 - Registered 8164 unemployed persons with disabilities
- Additional information
 - Minimum monthly salary EUR 430
 - Average old-age pension EUR 289.40
 - Average disability pension EUR 164.14

Legal framework

- The Labour Law
- The Support for Unemployed Persons and Persons Seeking Employment Law
- The Disability Law
- The Social Enterprise Law
- The Law On Social Services and Social Assistance

Support for persons with disabilities

- Support measures provided by the Public Employment Service
 - Support for registered unemployed person, person seeking employment and person subject to the risk of unemployment (mainstreaming principle)
 - Support measures for persons with disabilities
 - ✓ Subsidised workplace
 - ✓ A support person at work for unemployed with mental health issues
 - ✓ Motivational programmes for job search and social mentor services for long-term unemployed persons with disabilities
 - ✓ Open Doors Day for persons with disabilities
- Social enterprises
- Specialized workshops

Difficulties and constraints (I)

- Targeted services for persons with disabilities
 - Low income level of persons with disabilities, but rarely used available employment support services
 - Need for more personalised services, but insufficient staff experience and knowledge
- Availability of sensitive data
 - No requirement to indicate disability and/or type of functional impairment, but more targeted services are needed
- Monitoring and supervision of services for persons with disabilities
 - a range of available support services, but not in one package

Difficulties and constraints (II)

- Work-incapacity versus work-capacity
 - Changes in disability assessment determination of workincapacity
 - Two ways to assess work incapacity
 - Not clear further direction
 - No interest from NGOs representing persons with disabilities

Difficulties and constrains (III)

- Employers' attitude
 - A lack of good examples
 - Main Challenges
 - ✓ Workplace adjustment
 - ✓ Higher expenses than for other employees
 - The dominant view
 - ✓ Labor Law restrictions

Success factors and transferability

- Close cooperation between the Ministry of Welfare and the NGOs representing persons with disabilities
 - Working groups, consultations regarding policy planning documents and legislative enactments
 - As example a motivational programme and a social mentor service for persons with disabilities

Key findings and conclusions

- Need for a transparent and understandable system for determining disability,
 work-incapacity or remained work-capacity
- Importance of having a monitoring and supervisory system of services
- Better trained staff with expertise on issues related to the specific requirements of persons with disabilities in order to provide a more targeted, person-oriented service
- Further changes required in relation to:
 - Tax initiatives which would promote employment in the open labor market
 - The procedure of payment of sickness benefit

Issues that need to be resolved

- How and which working abilities should be assessed in the case of a disability – the remaining or lost work-capacity?
- How to motivate a person with disability to stay in work or return to work?
- How to motivate employers to retain a person with disability or recruit a person with disability?

Thank You!

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