

## COUNTRIES WITH EU INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

	Entry into force	Next renewal date	Applicable date/duration
<b>Algeria</b>	11/06/2013		Provisional application from signature. Indefinite period.
<b>Argentina</b>	28/05/2001	28/05/2021	Initial period of 5 years, then tacit renewal following evaluation during the penultimate year of each successive 5 year period.
<b>Australia</b>	25/07/1994		Indefinite period.
<b>Brazil</b>	07/08/2007	08/08/2017	Initial period of 5 years, then for subsequent periods of 5 years by agreement of the Parties after evaluation during the penultimate year of each subsequent renewal period.
<b>Canada</b>	27/02/1996		Indefinite period.
<b>Chile</b>	10/01/2007	10/01/2022	Initial period of 5 years, then tacit renewal following evaluation during the penultimate year of each successive 5 year period.
<b>China</b>	14/12/1999	09/12/2019	Initial period of 5 years, then tacit renewal following evaluation during the penultimate year of each successive 5 year period.
<b>Egypt</b>	27/02/2008		Indefinite period. Was provisionally applied from signature on 21/06/2005.
<b>India</b>	14/10/2002	17/05/2020	Initial period of 5 years. May be renewed by mutual agreement between the Parties after evaluation during the last year of each successive (5 year) period.
<b>Japan</b>	29/03/2011		Initial period of 5 years then continues indefinitely unless either Party wishes to terminate.
<b>Jordan</b>	29/03/2011		Indefinite period. Was provisionally applied from signature on 30/11/2009
<b>Korea</b>	29/03/2007		Initial period of 5 years, shall remain in force thereafter unless either party disagrees to continuation.
<b>Mexico</b>	13/06/2005	13/06/2020	Initial period of 5 years. May be tacitly renewed after full evaluation, based on the results, during the penultimate year of each successive five-year period.
<b>Morocco</b>	14/03/2005		Indefinite period. Every 4 years the Parties will evaluate the impact of the Agreement on the intensity of their scientific and technical cooperation.

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### **New Zealand**

30/01/2009

Initial period of 5 years. Continues in force indefinitely after initial 5 years, unless either Party wishes to terminate agreement.

### **Russia**

10/05/2001

20/02/2019

Concluded for a period ending 31/12/2002, renewable by common agreement between the Parties for additional periods of 5 years.

### **South Africa**

11/11/1997

01/01/2021

Tacit renewal (every new Framework Programme).

### **Tunisia**

13/04/2004

Indefinite period.

### **Ukraine**

11/02/2003

08/11/2019

Renewable every 5 years.

### **United States**

14/10/1998

14/10/2018

Initial period of 5 years, thereafter for additional periods of 5 years.

## COUNTRIES WITH EURATOM INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS

### NUCLEAR RESEARCH AGREEMENTS AND AGREEMENTS WITH NUCLEAR RESEARCH PROVISIONS

Entry  
into  
force

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renewal  
date

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date/duration

#### Peaceful uses

<b>Argentina</b>	29/10/1997	29/10/2017	Initial period of 10 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>Australia</b>	01/01/2012		Initial period of 30 years, automatically renewed for additional 10 years.
<b>Canada</b>	18/11/1959	21/06/2015	Amended on 16/01/1978 and 21/06/1985. Renewed by exchange of letters until 2005, then for additional periods of 5 years.
<b>China</b>	11/08/2008		Initial period of 35 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>Japan</b>	20/12/2006	20/12/2036	30 years.
<b>Kazakhstan</b>	01/09/2008		Initial period of 10 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>South Africa</b>	01/09/2006		Initial period of 10 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>Ukraine</b>	01/09/2006		Initial period of 5 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>United States</b>	29/03/1996	29/03/2026	Initial period of 30 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>Uzbekistan</b>	06/10/2003	06/10/2018	Initial period of 5 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.

#### Nuclear safety

<b>Canada</b>	17/12/1998		Indefinite period - Agreement may be amended by agreement of the Parties.
<b>Kazakhstan</b>	01/06/2003	01/06/2018	Initial period of 10 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>Russia</b>	11/04/2002	11/04/2017	Initial period of 10 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>Ukraine</b>	13/11/2002	13/11/2017	Initial period of 10 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.

## COUNTRIES WITH EURATOM INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS

### SPECIFIC FUSION RESEARCH AGREEMENTS

	Entry into force	Next renewal date	Applicable date/duration
<b>Brazil</b>	23/01/2013		Initial period of 5 years, then automatically renewed for additional periods of 5 years.
<b>India</b>	17/05/2010		Initial period of 5 years, then automatically renewed for additional periods of 5 years.
<b>Japan</b>	20/02/1988		Initial period of 3 years, then automatically renewed for additional periods of 5 years.
<b>Kazakhstan</b>	13/04/2004		Initial period of 10 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>Korea</b>	20/12/2006	20/12/2016	Initial period of 5 years, then automatically renewed for additional periods of 5 years.
<b>Russia</b>	11/04/2002	11/04/2017	Initial period of 5 years, then automatically renewed for additional periods of 5 years.
<b>Ukraine</b>	13/11/2002	13/11/2017	Initial period of 10 years, then automatically renewed for 5 year periods.
<b>United States</b> (DOE)	14/05/2001	13/05/2016	Initial period of 5 years, then extended automatically for an additional 5 years, after which it expires.
<b>International Fusion Energy Organisation</b> (multilateral agreement)	24/10/2007		Initial period of 35 years.
<b>Japan-Euratom Broader approach Agreement</b> (in the context of ITER)	01/06/2007	01/06/2017	Initial period of 10 years, then automatically renewed.



## EUROPEAN RESEARCH COUNCIL (ERC) IMPLEMENTING ARRANGEMENTS

In line with its quest to increase international scientific exchange, the **ERC** launched initiatives to boost opportunities for young scientists, supported by non-European funding agencies, to come to Europe to join the research teams of ERC grantees. To date 11 implementing arrangements have been signed.

Country	Year	Agency
<b>United States</b>	2012	National Science Foundation (NSF)
<b>South Korea</b>	2013	Ministry of Science, ICT and Future Planning
<b>Argentina</b>	2015	Ministry of Science, Technology and Productive Innovation
<b>Japan</b>	2015	Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (JSPS)
<b>China</b>	2015	National Natural Science Foundation of China (NSFC)
<b>South Africa</b>	2015	South African Department of Science & Technology (DST)
<b>Mexico</b>	2015	Mexican National Council of Science & Technology (Conacyt)
<b>Brazil</b>	2016	Brazilian National Council of State Funding Agencies (CONFAP)
<b>Canada</b>	2016	Canadian Tri-agency Institutional Programs Secretariat for Canadian Researchers
<b>India</b>	2017	Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB)
<b>Japan</b>	2018	Japan Science and Technology Agency (JST)