Open Public Consultation: Revision of the European Interoperability Framework (Citizens)

Fields marked with * are mandatory.

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Introduction

One of the priorities of the Juncker Commission is to create a Digital Single Market, where the **free movement of goods, persons, services and capital** is ensured and where citizens and businesses can seamlessly and fairly access online goods and services, whatever their nationality, and wherever they live. The Digital Single Market also means that **information should be exchanged easily** nationally and across borders, helping citizens to fully benefit from the freedoms of the single market (e.g. moving countries for work, studying or retiring abroad).

In this context, "**interoperability**" is crucial. Interoperability is the ability of public administrations to interact with their citizens through their public services in an easy and timely manner, mainly over online systems. Examples are the tax declaration, request for certificates, etc.

The general objective of this questionnaire is to understand the needs from EU citizens, as well as the potential issues they face, when it comes to digital public services. These include the digital public services provided by your country's administrations but also by other EU countries' administrations.

Completing the survey should not take more than 15 minutes.

In case you need any additional information about this Impact Assessment, please do not hesitate to contact DG DIGIT B6 directly by addressing an email to the following address: DIGIT-ISA2-CONSULTATIONS@ec.europa.eu or by post at:

European Commission DG DIGIT Unit B6 - Interoperability solutions for European public administrations (ISA) B-1049 Brussels

1. Registration

* Surname:							
Nauta							
*Name:							
Barry							
* Email address:							
barry@na	uta.be						
∗ What is yo	ur nationality?						
Austria n	Belgian	British	Bulgarian		Croa	tian	Cypriot
Czech	Danish	Outch	Estonian		Finni	sh	French
Germa n	Greek	Hungaria n	Icelandic		Irish		Italian
Latvian	Liechtenstein er	Lithuania n	Luxembou er	urg	Malte	ese	Norwegia n
Polish	Portuguese	Romania n	Slovak		Slove n	enia	Spanish
Swedis h	Other						
* Where do	you live?						
Austria	Belgium	🔍 Bulgaria 🛛	Croatia	۲	Cyprus	۲	Czech Republic
Denmark	🔍 🔘 Estonia	Finland	France	۲	German y	0	Greece
Hungary	/ 🔍 Iceland	Ireland	Italy	\bigcirc	Latvia	\bigcirc	Liechtenstein
Lithuani	Luxembour	Malta	Netherlan	0	Poland	۲	Portugal
a © Romani	g © Slovakia	Sloveni	d © Spain		Sweden		United
 Romani a 	Siuvakia	a	- Spaili	0	Sweden		Kingdom
Norway	Other						C

* How old are you?

- O Under 20
- 0 20-40
- 41-65
- More than 65

* Before you reply to this public consultation, please tell us to what extent you are aware of the European Interoperability Strategy and its content.

- Fully aware
- Partially aware
- I only found out about it through this public consultation
- Don't know / No opinion

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- Fully aware
- Partially aware
- I only found out about it through this public consultation
- Don't know / No opinion

2. Publication consent

- * Please indicate your preference for the publication of your response on the Commission's website:
 - Under the name given: I consent to publication of all information in my contribution and I declare that none of it is subject to copyright restrictions that prevent publication.
 - Anonymously: I consent to publication of all information in my contribution and I declare that none of it is subject to copyright restrictions that prevent publication.
 - Please keep my contribution confidential. (it will not be published, but will be used internally within the Commission)

3. Assess the need of revising the EIS and EIF

In December 2010, the Commission adopted the Communication "<u>Towards interoperability for</u> <u>European public services</u>" that included the <u>European Interoperability Strategy</u> (EIS) and <u>European</u> <u>Interoperability Framework</u> (EIF).

Following recent political, legal and technological evolutions, a revision is now necessary so that interoperability is ensured for the public services of the Digital Single Market and that e-barriers do not emerge between the public administrations of the Members States to the detriment of other public administrations, businesses and citizens that need to interact with them.

Questions included in the following sections will focus, on the one hand, on interoperability at Member States' (national) level and, on the other hand, on interoperability at cross-border level.

3.1 Assessment of needs and problems at Member States level

The following set of questions will address interoperability at Member State level, i.e. between citizens and national public administration's entities of different levels and sectors.

* Q1. How often have you used the digital public services provided by your country's administrations during the last year?

- Never used
- Rarely used
- Occasionally used
- Frequently used
- Always used
- Don't know / No opinion

* What are the main issues, if any, that you have faced when using digital public services provided by your country's administrations?

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*Q2. How likely is it that you would prefer using digital public services provided by your country's administrations instead of other means (e.g. post, phone calls, physical presence)?

- Not at all likely
- Rather not likely
- Neither likely nor unlikely
- Rather likely
- Very likely
- Don't know / No opinion

* Q3. To what extent did the digital public services provided by your country's administrations meet or exceed your expectations?

- Far below my expectations
- Slightly below my expectations
- Meet my expectations
- Slightly above my expectations
- Far above my expectations
- Don't know / No opinion

3.2 Assessment of needs and problems at cross-border level

The following set of questions will address interoperability at cross-border level, i.e. between citizens and public administrations that are not located in the same country.

* Q4. Have you had the need to interact with public administration(s) located in another country than your own during the last year?

- Yes
- No

* Q5. How often have you used the digital public services provided by other EU countries' administrations during the last year?

- Never used
- Rarely used

- Occasionally used
- Frequently used
- Always used
- Don't know / No opinion

* Q6. How likely is it that you would prefer using digital public services provided by other EU countries' administrations instead of other means (e.g. post, phone calls, physical presence)?

- Not at all likely
- Rather not likely
- Neither likely nor unlikely
- Rather likely
- Very likely
- Don't know / No opinion
- * Q7. To what extent do digital public services provided by other EU countries' administrations meet or exceed your expectations?
 - Far below my expectations
 - Slightly below my expectations
 - Meet my expectations
 - Slightly above my expectations
 - Far above my expectations
 - Don't know / No opinion

4. Accompanying document

The document accessible <u>here</u> is a draft version of the revised European Interoperability Framework (EIF). While still being under continuous improvement by the Commission Services, it already reflects the results of a targeted consultation with the Member States representatives to ISA programme (the predecessor of ISA²), as well as other inputs.

The EIF is a technical document, mainly addressing recommendations on interoperability, based on an existing framework and as such is herewith consulted with stakeholders. It mainly addresses recommendations on interoperability.

Q8. Please feel free to express any further comment that you may have on the draft revised EIF text.

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On the relation between the EIS, the EIF and the EIRA.
Page 2 of the document shows a pyramid diagram which has the following four
layers
1. Strategy
2. Framework (EIF Scope)
3. Architecture
4. Cartography of services and tools
The bullet points underneath mention the EIS, EIF, EIRA and EICart as specific
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examples for these layers.
It mentions that the EIS is a systematic approach to govern interoperability
et EU level and furtheron it is mentioned that the EIS *steers* the EIF by
setting strategic priorities and objectives.
The EIF provides guidance for the provisioning of European Public Services.
However, from my work for the EIRA, I have understood that the EIF is a long
term plan and that the EIS concerns a shorter lifespan. In fact, we have
modelled the relationship as follows:
* The [Interoperability Strategy] implements the [Interoperability Framework]
I find the following two definitions very ambiguous:
* the EIS *steers* the EIF
* The [Interoperability Strategy] implements the [Interoperability Framework]
Also, if the strategy implements the framework, I am confused by the way the
pyramid on page two is constructed.
It would be great if the relation between the EIS and EIF could be clarified
and that all room for misinterpretation is removed.
Kind regards,
Barry Nauta
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Contact DIGIT-ISA2-CONSULTATIONS@ec.europa.eu