

Applications in SynB	io: Present and Future		S IASB			
"The field has had its hype phase. Now it needs to deliver!" Martin Fussenegger in Kwok R. (2010) Five hard truth for Synthetic Biology, Nature 463-2881.						
ATG:biosynthetics	Synthetic Biology in Pharma Conference Cambridge, UK March 30-31, 2010	Romania Romania Bosenor	binadicie Dus binadicie Biorensistio c biology Provident biology Provident			
TESSY	SYNBIOLOGY	Chemistry Computer tolence Blok Systems Blokay	W Engineering Physics science Physics Molecular Biology			















Sequence Independent Rational Design Principles for Functional Elements						
Principles of Hierarchy in Design : Parts (Module) Devices (Function) Systems (Application) Silicon IT – Technologies Versus Carbon – IT > Integrated Carbon Technologies MAC – IT and MAB – IT Integrating Molecular Function of magE - IT Sources : Endy 0, 0200 Foundations for engineempole Gener et J. (2000 Foundations for engineempole Gener et J. (2000 Foundations for engineempole	Abstraction: Circuitry design – models – simulation – improvement Hierachy: Different levels of Design Modularity: Parts work together for functional fit in device function Standardization: Documentation of high quality to insure it works Descoupling: O Gene or Pathway Design and DNA-Synthesis-} Software vs. Hardware Evolution: Gene Diversification, Shuffling, Functional Optimizations, Selection of Variants Orthogonality: Systems independency no cross-talk Reproducibility: Robustness of function in a defined environment Sequence Independency: Molecular Function Provided magf-Minimal artificial elements Catalysts MACs and Binders MABs as From magF-Elements to Minimal Artificial Genomes Programming of Minimal Genetical Call Systems (MGCS) yr, Naure Review, 128:44-43					



















0	Cleantech Quality Standards in – White Biotech What makes Synthetic Biology better?							
ljant 1	Classical bioProduction Technologies	Synthetic Biotechnology Production Technologies • high energy efficiency						
	waste of energy							
	huge plants	small and completely new types of plants						
	high temperatures	moderate to low temperatures	BMU - Förderkennzeichen (UFOPLAN) 202 66 326					
	high air pressures - reduced saftety	normal air pressure						
	toxic solvents	solvent water						
	reduced production flexibility	high flexibility in production						
	reduced working place safety	high safety levels achievable economical production even in smaller volumes						
	only economically in huge volumes							
	Club of Rome Postulated the Age of Qualitative Growth !							









EVOLUTIONARY FUNDING AND FINANCING					SIASB
RISC -	INDIVIDUAL PROJECTS IN SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY				Marketing
Assessment Theory		Market – PESTLE/ SWOT – Analyses MILESTONE – Plans RISK - Assessment			Business Development
соѕт	Basic Research				GAPs
соѕт	o cost	Applied Research	GAPS		GAPs
COST	COST	Соѕт	Industrial Research	PRID	GAPs
COST	COST	Соѕт	соѕт	Product Development	GAPs
соѕт	COST	📏 соѕт	соѕт	BRIDGE	AIMS

"What can the EU do to promote mental health of older people"

Summary of the presentation by Anne-Sophie Parent, Director, AGE-the European Older People's Platform, 13 June 2008

Various factors make older people more vulnerable to mental health problems:

- The physiological ageing process which results in an increasing risk of dementia (increased risk both for the ageing individual and partner/carer)
- Adverse effect of overmedication and polypharmacy among the elderly
- Drug-alcohol interaction
- Increasing dependency which results in an increased risk of elder abuse
- The isolation and social exclusion faced by an increasing number of older people today due to modern lifestyles
- Abrupt change from employment to long term unemployment of (early)retirement (losing sense of purpose in life)
- o Lack of professional training in geriatric and gerontology
- Lack of training and support for informal carers
- The gender dimension: very older women are at higher risk

AGE welcomes the EU Pact on Mental Health and commits itself to support all actions implemented to promote better mental health for all.

As part of the Pact on Mental Health, Member States should agree to commit themselves to increase the number of Healthy Life Years by one year in 2013. This would encourage them to adopt a holistic approach to healthy ageing, including the promotion of good mental health in old age.

If the EU is to "foster good health in an ageing Europe" in the period 2008-2013, it should address each of these factors that affect older people's mental health. In addition to the recommendations listed in the policy brief, EU action is needed in the following fields and the Pact should include to use existing EU instruments to:

<u>FP7:</u>

- Research on old age dementia cause, treatment and prevention. Research should also cover the social and financial impact of old age dementia. (FP 7)
- Research on medication use for the elderly: EMEA should set up a "Geriatric Committee" similar to the "Pediatric Committee" to analyse effect of medication on the elderly, including polypharmacy and overmedication, and share information across the EU with healthcare professionals.

 Raise awareness of care professionals and older citizens/informal carers of potential interaction between medication and alcohol (a problem often overlooked in older people)

OMC Social Protection/Social Inclusion

- Social exclusion of the elderly both in urban and rural/remote areas and examples of good practice across the EU
- EU Strategy to fight against elder abuse: the EU should develop quality guidelines for long term care to help prevent elder abuse (OMC on Social Protection and Social Inclusion)

ESF and Lisbon Strategy:

- Promote active ageing and a more positive of ageing workers;
- Promote health and safety at work including stress reduction;
- Promote more flexible retirement and early preparation for retirement (ESF and Lisbon Strategy)

Health Strategy and Grundvig programme

 Develop geriatric/gerontology training at EU level as exist for paediatrics This paper was produced for a meeting organized by Health & Consumers DG and represents the views of its author on the subject. These views have not been adopted or in any way approved by the Commission and should not be relied upon as a statement of the Commission's or Health & Consumers DG's views. The European Commission does not guarantee the accuracy of the data included in this paper, nor does it accept responsibility for any use made thereof.