

67/2018 - 19 April 2018

Asylum decisions in the EU

EU Member States granted protection to more than half a million asylum seekers in 2017

Almost one-third of the beneficiaries were Syrians

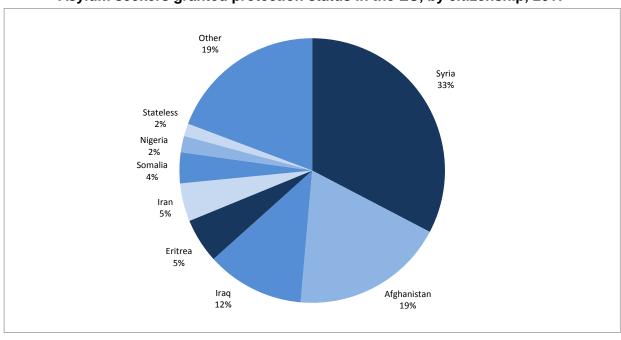
The 28 Member States of the **European Union** (EU) granted protection status to 538 000 asylum seekers in 2017, down by almost 25% from 2016. In addition to these, the EU Member States received nearly 24 000 resettled refugees.

The largest group of beneficiaries of protection status in the **EU** in 2017 remained citizens of **Syria** (175 800 persons, or 33% of the total number of persons granted protection status in the EU Member States), followed by citizens of **Afghanistan** (100 700 or 19%) and those of **Iraq** (64 300 or 12%).

The number of decisions granting protection status to **Syrian citizens** has dropped since 2016 (when they accounted for a share of 57% of all grants) however, they remained the largest group granted protection status in eighteen Member States in 2017. Of the 175 800 **Syrian citizens** granted protection status in the **EU**, more than 70% received protection status in **Germany** (124 800).

These data on the results of asylum decisions in the EU are released by Eurostat, the statistical office of the European Union.

Asylum seekers granted protection status in the EU, by citizenship, 2017



Three main citizenships granted protection status in the EU, 2017

| | First | | | Second | | | Third | | | |
|----------------|-------------|---------|------------|-------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------|------------|--|
| | Citizens of | # | % * | Citizens of | # | % * | Citizens of | # | % * | |
| EU | Syria | 175 855 | 33 | Afghanistan | 100 705 | 19 | Iraq | 64 270 | 12 | |
| Belgium | Afghanistan | 3 030 | 23 | Syria | 2 880 | 22 | Iraq | 1 120 | 9 | |
| Bulgaria | Syria | 1 530 | 90 | Iraq | 110 | 6 | Stateless** | 25 | 2 | |
| Czech Rep. | Syria | 35 | 25 | Ukraine | 35 | 22 | Iraq | 15 | 10 | |
| Denmark | Syria | 1 035 | 38 | Iran | 725 | 26 | Afghanistan | 370 | 13 | |
| Germany | Syria | 124 845 | 38 | Afghanistan | 63 715 | 20 | Iraq | 46 485 | 14 | |
| Estonia | Syria | 70 | 76 | Ukraine | 10 | 9 | Iraq | 5 | 6 | |
| Ireland | Syria | 470 | 65 | Iraq | 65 | 9 | Libya | 30 | 4 | |
| Greece | Syria | 5 055 | 42 | Iraq | 1 725 | 14 | Afghanistan | 1 695 | 14 | |
| Spain | Syria | 3 490 | 74 | Ukraine | 275 | 6 | Palestine | 245 | 5 | |
| France | Afghanistan | 6 685 | 16 | Syria | 4 990 | 12 | Sudan | 4 945 | 12 | |
| Croatia | Syria | 105 | 62 | Iraq | 30 | 17 | Eritrea | 10 | 7 | |
| Italy | Nigeria | 5 075 | 14 | Pakistan | 3 615 | 10 | Gambia | 2 925 | 8 | |
| Cyprus | Syria | 1 005 | 78 | Somalia | 75 | 6 | Iraq | 50 | 4 | |
| Latvia | Syria | 210 | 77 | Eritrea | 20 | 7 | Afghanistan | 15 | 5 | |
| Lithuania | Syria | 195 | 67 | Eritrea | 25 | 9 | Iraq | 20 | 7 | |
| Luxembourg | Syria | 450 | 40 | Iraq | 295 | 26 | Afghanistan | 180 | 16 | |
| Hungary | Afghanistan | 580 | 45 | Syria | 385 | 30 | Iraq | 190 | 15 | |
| Malta | Libya | 315 | 39 | Syria | 240 | 29 | Eritrea | 100 | 12 | |
| Netherlands | Syria | 2 915 | 32 | Eritrea | 1 550 | 17 | Iran | 860 | 9 | |
| Austria | Syria | 14 925 | 44 | Afghanistan | 8 730 | 26 | Iraq | 2 540 | 7 | |
| Poland | Ukraine | 280 | 50 | Russia | 115 | 21 | Tajikistan | 35 | 6 | |
| Portugal | Syria | 225 | 45 | Eritrea | 85 | 17 | Ukraine | 45 | 9 | |
| Romania | Syria | 655 | 49 | Iraq | 460 | 34 | Afghanistan | 65 | 5 | |
| Slovenia | Syria | 100 | 66 | Eritrea | 25 | 17 | Palestine | 10 | 5 | |
| Slovakia | Afghanistan | 10 | 15 | Syria | 10 | 15 | Ukraine | 10 | 13 | |
| Finland | Iraq | 1 805 | 42 | Afghanistan | 800 | 19 | Syria | 695 | 16 | |
| Sweden | Afghanistan | 10 770 | 34 | Syria | 7 355 | 24 | Iraq | 4 075 | 13 | |
| United Kingdom | Eritrea | 2 475 | 16 | Iran | 2 230 | 14 | Afghanistan | 1 330 | 8 | |
| Iceland | Iraq | 35 | 28 | Afghanistan | 25 | 21 | Syria | 20 | 15 | |
| Liechtenstein | Syria | 10 | 38 | China | 5 | 25 | Afghanistan | 5 | 17 | |
| Norway | Syria | 1 880 | 36 | Afghanistan | 940 | 18 | Eritrea | 790 | 15 | |
| Switzerland | Eritrea | 5 385 | 36 | Afghanistan | 3 050 | 21 | Syria | 2 420 | 16 | |

The source dataset can be found <u>here</u> for first instance decisions and <u>here</u> for final decisions.

Data are rounded to the nearest five. For this reason, parts may not add up to totals.

* Persons with this citizenship granted protection status as a percentage of the total number of persons granted protection in this country.

A stateless person is someone who is not recognized as a citizen of any state.

More than 60% of positive decisions granted in one single Member State: Germany

In 2017, the highest number of persons granted protection status was registered in **Germany** (325 400), ahead of **France** (40 600), **Italy** (35 100), **Austria** (34 000) and **Sweden** (31 200).

Out of all the persons who were granted protection status in 2017 in the **EU**, 271 600 persons were granted refugee status (50% of all positive decisions), 189 000 were given subsidiary protection (35%) and 77 500 authorisation to stay for humanitarian reasons (14%). It should be noted that, while both refugee and subsidiary protection status are defined by EU law, humanitarian status is granted only on the basis of national legislation.

Positive decisions on asylum applications in 2017

| | Positive decisions* | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|--|
| | Т | otal number | | Resettled | | | |
| | Number | Per million population** | Refugee status | Subsidiary protection | Humanitarian reasons | refugees | |
| EU | 538 120 | 1 050 | 271 630 | 188 960 | 77 530 | 23 925 | |
| Belgium | 12 895 | 1 135 | 9 945 | 2 950 | - | 1 310 | |
| Bulgaria | 1 705 | 240 | 800 | 905 | - | 0 | |
| Czech Republic | 145 | 15 | 25 | 120 | 5 | 0 | |
| Denmark | 2 750 | 480 | 1 525 | 1 180 | 45 | 5 | |
| Germany | 325 370 | 3 945 | 154 485 | 120 465 | 50 420 | 3 015 | |
| Estonia | 95 | 70 | 50 | 45 | 0 | 20 | |
| Ireland | 720 | 150 | 605 | 45 | 70 | 275 | |
| Greece | 12 015 | 1 115 | 9 925 | 1 130 | 955 | 0 | |
| Spain | 4 700 | 100 | 605 | 4 090 | 5 | 1 490 | |
| France | 40 575 | 605 | 24 405 | 16 170 | - | 2 620 | |
| Croatia | 170 | 40 | 140 | 30 | 0 | 40 | |
| Italy | 35 130 | 580 | 6 275 | 8 835 | 20 015 | 1 515 | |
| Cyprus | 1 300 | 1 520 | 235 | 1 065 | 0 | 0 | |
| Latvia | 275 | 140 | 40 | 235 | - | 40 | |
| Lithuania | 295 | 105 | 275 | 20 | 0 | 0 | |
| Luxembourg | 1 130 | 1 915 | 1 085 | 45 | - | 180 | |
| Hungary | 1 290 | 130 | 105 | 1 110 | 75 | 0 | |
| Malta | 815 | 1 770 | 190 | 610 | 10 | 15 | |
| Netherlands | 9 090 | 530 | 3 505 | 4 820 | 760 | 2 265 | |
| Austria | 33 925 | 3 865 | 24 320 | 8 805 | 805 | 380 | |
| Poland | 560 | 15 | 150 | 370 | 40 | 0 | |
| Portugal | 500 | 50 | 120 | 380 | - | 0 | |
| Romania | 1 330 | 70 | 875 | 455 | 0 | 45 | |
| Slovenia | 150 | 75 | 140 | 15 | - | 0 | |
| Slovakia | 60 | 10 | 0 | 20 | 40 | 0 | |
| Finland | 4 255 | 775 | 2 935 | 845 | 475 | 1 090 | |
| Sweden | 31 235 | 3 125 | 15 215 | 13 595 | 2 425 | 3 410 | |
| United Kingdom | 15 645 | 240 | 13 640 | 620 | 1 385 | 6 210 | |
| Iceland | 125 | 370 | 85 | 35 | 5 | 45 | |
| Liechtenstein | 25 | 660 | 15 | 5 | 0 | 0 | |
| Norway | 5 270 | 1 000 | 3 980 | 230 | 1 055 | 2 815 | |
| Switzerland | 14 785 | 1 755 | 6 355 | 1 085 | 7 345 | 665 | |

Data are rounded to the nearest five. For this reason, totals may not add up and 0 means 2 or fewer decisions recorded in the reference period

The source dataset can be found <u>here</u> for first instance decisions and <u>here</u> for final decisions.

⁻ Not applicable

^{*} First instance and final decisions on appeal.

^{**} Refers to resident population on 1 January 2017.

Almost half of asylum decisions at the first instance made in the EU resulted in protection status

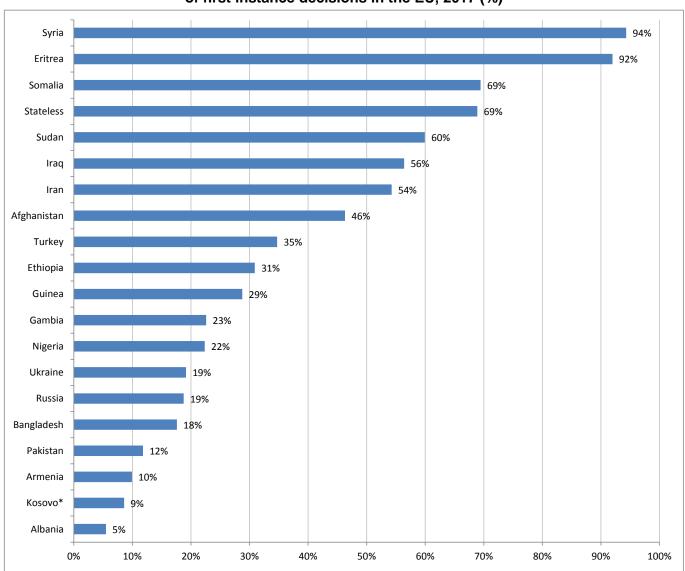
In 2017 more than 970 000 first instance decisions on asylum applications were made in the **EU** Member States and further 266 000 final decisions following an appeal. Decisions made at the first instance resulted in almost 443 000 persons being granted protection status, while a further 95 000 received protection status on appeal.

Recognition rates differs greatly between citizenships

The rate of recognition, i.e. the share of positive decisions in the total number of decisions, was 46% for first instance decisions in the **EU**. For final decisions on appeal, the recognition rate was 36%.

The outcomes of decisions on asylum applications, and therefore the recognition rate, vary between countries of citizenship of asylum applicants. Among the twenty main citizenships of asylum applicants on which decisions were taken at first instance in 2017, recognition rates in the **EU** ranged from around 5% for citizens of **Albania** to 94% for **Syria** and 92% for **Eritrea** (see graph below).

Recognition rates at first instance for the twenty citizenships with the highest number of first instance decisions in the EU, 2017 (%)



^{*} This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244/1999 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence.

Recognition rates, 2017

| | | First instan | ce decisions | | Final decisions on appeal | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------------|--|---------------------------|----------|----------------------|--|--|
| | | | Rate of recognition* | | | | Rate of recognition* | | |
| | Total number | Positive | Total | Refugee & subsidiary protection status | Total number | Positive | Total | Refugee & subsidiary protection status | |
| EU | 973 330 | 442 880 | 46% | 39% | 266 700 | 95 240 | 36% | 30% | |
| Belgium | 24 045 | 12 585 | 52% | 52% | 5 065 | 310 | 6% | 6% | |
| Bulgaria | 4 740 | 1 695 | 36% | 36% | 20 | 10 | 48% | 48% | |
| Czech Republic | 1 190 | 145 | 12% | 12% | 395 | 0 | 1% | 1% | |
| Denmark | 6 875 | 2 365 | 34% | 34% | 2 055 | 385 | 19% | 19% | |
| Germany | 524 185 | 261 620 | 50% | 42% | 158 085 | 63 750 | 40% | 34% | |
| Estonia | 155 | 95 | 61% | 61% | 40 | 0 | 0% | 0% | |
| Ireland | 805 | 715 | 89% | 80% | 10 | 10 | 80% | 80% | |
| Greece | 24 510 | 10 455 | 43% | 43% | 9 545 | 1 560 | 16% | 6% | |
| Spain | 13 345 | 4 670 | 35% | 35% | 620 | 30 | 5% | 4% | |
| France | 110 945 | 32 565 | 29% | 29% | 33 230 | 8 005 | 24% | 24% | |
| Croatia | 475 | 150 | 31% | 31% | 95 | 20 | 20% | 20% | |
| Italy | 78 235 | 31 795 | 41% | 16% | 12 590 | 3 335 | 26% | 23% | |
| Cyprus | 2 450 | 1 245 | 51% | 51% | 355 | 55 | 15% | 15% | |
| Latvia | 360 | 265 | 74% | 74% | 45 | 5 | 14% | 14% | |
| Lithuania | 370 | 285 | 78% | 78% | 40 | 5 | 18% | 18% | |
| Luxembourg | 1 715 | 1 125 | 66% | 66% | 315 | 5 | 1% | 1% | |
| Hungary | 4 170 | 1 290 | 31% | 29% | 0 | 0 | : | •• | |
| Malta | 1 110 | 760 | 69% | 68% | 395 | 50 | 13% | 13% | |
| Netherlands | 15 945 | 7 810 | 49% | 45% | 2 180 | 1 280 | 59% | 53% | |
| Austria | 56 285 | 30 000 | 53% | 52% | 6 960 | 3 925 | 56% | 52% | |
| Poland | 2 060 | 510 | 25% | 24% | 1 770 | 50 | 3% | 2% | |
| Portugal | 955 | 500 | 52% | 52% | 0 | 0 | : | • | |
| Romania | 2 065 | 1 245 | 60% | 60% | 185 | 85 | 45% | 45% | |
| Slovenia | 240 | 150 | 63% | 63% | 40 | 0 | 0% | 0% | |
| Slovakia | 90 | 60 | 68% | 25% | 10 | 0 | 0% | 0% | |
| Finland | 7 180 | 3 430 | 48% | 42% | 1 260 | 825 | 65% | 58% | |
| Sweden | 61 065 | 26 775 | 44% | 42% | 18 915 | 4 460 | 24% | 17% | |
| United Kingdom | 27 770 | 8 560 | 31% | 28% | 12 470 | 7 085 | 57% | 52% | |
| Iceland | 390 | 70 | 18% | 17% | 505 | 55 | 11% | 11% | |
| Liechtenstein | 40 | 25 | 55% | 58% | 5 | 0 | 14% | 14% | |
| Norway | 6 700 | 4 770 | 71% | 59% | 4 730 | 500 | 11% | 5% | |
| Switzerland | 16 225 | 14 610 | 90% | 45% | 1 970 | 175 | 9% | 7% | |

Data are rounded to the nearest five. For this reason, totals may not add up and 0 means 2 or fewer decisions.

The source dataset can be found <u>here</u> for first instance decisions and <u>here</u> for final decisions.

^{*} Rate of recognition is the share of positive decisions (first instance or final on appeal) in the total number of decisions at the given stage. In this calculation, the exact number of decisions has been used instead of the rounded numbers presented in this table. Rates of recognition for humanitarian status are not shown in this table, but are part of the total recognition rate.

Geographical information

The **European Union** (EU) includes Belgium, Bulgaria, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland, Sweden and the United Kingdom.

Methods and definitions

Data on asylum decisions presented in this news release are provided to Eurostat by Ministries of the Interior or Justice, or immigration agencies, of the Member States. These data are supplied by Member States according to the provisions of Article 4 of the Regulation (EC) 862/2007 of 11 July 2007 on Community statistics on migration and international protection.

A **decision on an asylum application** means a decision on an application for international protection as defined in Art.2(h) of Council Directive 2011/95/EC, i.e. including requests for refugee status or for subsidiary protection status, irrespective of whether the application was lodged on arrival at border, or from inside the country, and irrespective of whether the person entered the territory legally (e.g. as a tourist) or illegally.

First instance decision means a decision made in response to an asylum application at the first instance level of the asylum procedure.

Final decision on appeal means a decision granted at the final instance of administrative/judicial asylum procedure and which results from the appeal lodged by the asylum seeker rejected in the preceding stage of the procedure. As the asylum procedures and the numbers/levels of decision making bodies differ between Member States, the true final instance may be, according to the national legislation and administrative procedures, a decision of the highest national court. However, the applied methodology defines that 'final decisions' should refer to what is effectively a 'final decision' in the vast majority of all cases: i.e. that all normal routes of appeal have been exhausted.

Protection status includes three different categories of protection:

Person granted refugee status means a person covered by a decision granting refugee status, taken by administrative or judicial bodies during the reference period. Refugee status means status as defined in Art.2(e) of Directive 2011/95/EC within the meaning of Art.1 of the Geneva Convention relating to the Status of Refugees of 28 July 1951, as amended by the New York Protocol of 31 January 1967. According to the Art.2(d) of that Directive refugee means a third country national who, owing to a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, political opinion or membership of a particular social group, is outside the country of nationality and is unable or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail himself or herself of the protection of that country, or a stateless person, who, being outside of the country of former habitual residence for the same reasons as mentioned above, is unable or, owing to such fear, unwilling to return to it.

Person granted subsidiary protection status means a person covered by a decision granting subsidiary protection status, taken by administrative or judicial bodies during the reference period. Subsidiary protection status means status as defined in Art.2(g) of Directive 2011/95/EC. According to the Art.2(f) of that Directive person eligible for subsidiary protection means a third country national or a stateless person who does not qualify as a refugee but in respect of whom substantial grounds have been shown for believing that the person concerned, if returned to his or her country of citizenship, or in the case of a stateless person, to his or her country of former habitual residence, would face a real risk of suffering serious harm and is unable, or, owing to such risk, unwilling to avail himself or herself of the protection of that country.

Person granted authorisation to stay for humanitarian reasons means a person covered by a decision granting authorisation to stay for humanitarian reasons under national law concerning international protection, taken by administrative or judicial bodies during the reference period. It includes persons who are not eligible for international protection as currently defined in the first stage legal instruments, but are nonetheless protected against removal under the obligations that are imposed on all Member States by international refugee or human rights instruments or on the basis of principles flowing from such instruments. Examples of such categories include persons who are not removable on ill health grounds and unaccompanied minors.

In addition, **resettled refugees** means persons who have been granted an authorisation to reside in a Member State within the framework of a national or Community resettlement scheme. Resettlement means the transfer of third-country nationals or stateless persons, on a request from UNHCR, based on their need for international protection and a durable solution, to a Member State where they are permitted to reside with a secure legal status. Data relate to resettled persons who have actually arrived into the territory of the Member State. Resettled refugees are not included in the data on decisions on asylum applications.

For more information

Eurostat database on asylum and managed migration.

Eurostat metadata on decisions on applications and resettlement.

Eurostat Statistics Explained article on asylum annual data

Eurostat news release 47/2018 of 20 March 2018 on asylum applicants in 2017.

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