The Community Innovation Survey 2006 (CIS 2006)

THE HARMONISED SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

The Community Innovation Survey 2006

(Final Version: August 30 2006)

This survey collects information about product and process innovation as well as organisational and marketing innovation during the three-year period 2004 to 2006 inclusive. Most questions cover new or significantly improved goods or services or the implementation of new or significantly improved processes, logistics or distribution methods. Organisational and marketing innovations are only covered in section 10. In order to be able to compare enterprises with and without innovation activities, we request all enterprises to respond to **all** questions, unless otherwise instructed.

Person we should contact if there are any queries regarding the form:

General information about the enterprise

Name of enterprise		
Address ¹		
Postal code	Main activity ²	

1.1 Is your enterprise part of an enterprise group? (A group consists of two or more legally defined enterprises under common ownership. Each enterprise in the group may serve different markets, as with national or regional subsidiaries, or serve different product markets. The head office is also part of an enterprise group.)

Yes		In which countr	y is the head office of	vour group located? 3	i
100	_			your group rooutou.	

No 🛛

If your enterprise is part of an enterprise group, please answer all further questions <u>only</u> for your enterprise in [your country]. Do not include results for subsidiaries or parent enterprises outside of [your country]

1.2 In which geographic markets did your enterprise sell goods or services during the three years 2004 to 2006?

	Yes	No
Local / regional within [your country]		
National		
Other European Union (EU) countries, EFTA, or EU candidate countries*		
All other countries		

*: Include the following countries: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Ireland, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Switzerland, Turkey, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom.

¹ NUTS 2 code

² NACE 4 digit code

³Country code according to ISO standard

2. Product (good or service) innovation

A product innovation is the market introduction of a **new** good or service or a **significantly** improved good or service with respect to its capabilities, such as improved software, user friendliness, components or sub-systems. The innovation (new or improved) must be new to your enterprise, but it does not need to be new to your sector or market. It does not matter if the innovation was originally developed by your enterprise or by other enterprises.

2.1 During the three years 2004 to 2006, did your enterprise introduce:

	Yes	No
New or significantly improved goods. (Exclude the simple resale of new goods purchased from other	_	_
enterprises and changes of a solely aesthetic nature.)	Ш	Ц
New or significantly improved services.		

If no to both options, go to question 3.1, otherwise:

2.2 Who developed these product innovations?

	Select the most appropriate option only
Mainly your enterprise or enterprise group	
Your enterprise together with other enterprises or institutions	
Mainly other enterprises or institutions	

2.3 Were any of your goods and service innovations during the three years 2004 to 2006:

		Yes	No
New to your market?	Your enterprise introduced a new or significantly improved good or service onto your market before your competitors (it may have already been available in other markets)		
Only new to your firm?	Your enterprise introduced a new or significantly improved good or service that was already available from your competitors in your market		

Using the definitions above, please give the percentage of your total turnover⁴ in 2006 from:

 Goods and service innovations introduced during 2004 to 2006 that were new to your market
 %

 Goods and service innovations introduced during 2004 to 2006 that were only new to your firm
 %

 Goods and services that were unchanged or only marginally modified during 2004 to 2006 (include the resale of new goods or services purchased from other enterprises)
 %

			%
1	0	0	%

Total turnover in 2006

⁴ For Credit institutions: Interests receivable and similar income, for insurance services: Gross premiums written

3. Process innovation

A process innovation is the implementation of a **new** or **significantly** improved production process, distribution method, or support activity for your goods or services. The innovation (new or improved) must be new to your enterprise, but it does not need to be new to your sector or market. It does not matter if the innovation was originally developed by your enterprise or by other enterprises. Exclude purely organisational innovations.

3.1 During the three years 2004 to 2006, did your enterprise introduce:

	Yes	NO
New or significantly improved methods of manufacturing or producing goods or services		
New or significantly improved logistics, delivery or distribution methods for your inputs, goods or services		
New or significantly improved supporting activities for your processes, such as maintenance systems or operations for purchasing, accounting, or computing		

If no to all options, go to section 4, otherwise:

3.2 Who developed these process innovations?

	Select the most appropriate option only
Mainly your enterprise or enterprise group	
Your enterprise together with other enterprises or institutio	ns 🗆
Mainly other enterprises or institutions	

4. Ongoing or abandoned innovation activities

Innovation activities include the acquisition of machinery, equipment, software, and licenses; engineering and development work, training, marketing and R&D⁵ when they are *specifically* undertaken to develop and/or implement a product or process innovation.

4.1 Did your enterprise have any innovation activities to develop product or process innovations that were abandoned during 2004 to 2006 or still ongoing by the end of 2006?

Yes □ No □

If your enterprise had no product or process innovations or innovation activity during 2004 to 2006 (no to all options in questions 2.1, 3.1, and 4.1), go to question 8.2.

Otherwise, go to question 5.1

⁵ Include basic R&D as an innovation activity even if not specifically related to a product and/or process innovation

5. Innovation activities and expenditures

5.1 During the three years 2004 to 2006, did your enterprise engage in the following innovation activities:

		Yes	No
Intramural (in-house) R&D	Creative work undertaken within your enterprise to increase the stock of knowledge and its use to devise new and improved products and processes (including software development)		
	If yes, did your firm perform R&D during 2004 to 2006: Continuously? Occasionally?		
Extramural R&D	Same activities as above, but performed by other companies (including other enterprises within your group) or by public or private research organisations and purchased by your enterprise		
Acquisition of machinery, equipment and software	Acquisition of advanced machinery, equipment and computer hardware or software to produce new or significantly improved products and processes		
Acquisition of other external knowledge	Purchase or licensing of patents and non-patented inventions, know-how, and other types of knowledge from other enterprises or organisations		
Training	Internal or external training for your personnel specifically for the development and/or introduction of new or significantly improved products and processes		
Market introduction of innovations	Activities for the market introduction of your new or significantly improved goods and services, including market research and launch advertising		
Other preparations	Procedures and technical preparations to implement new or significantly improved products and processes that are not covered elsewhere.		

5.2 Please estimate the amount of expenditure for each of the following four innovation activities in 2006 only. (Include personnel and related costs)⁶

If your enterprise had no expenditures in 2006 please fill-in 0

Intramural (in-house) R&D (Include capital expenditures on buildings and equipment specifically for R&D)	
Acquisition of R&D (extramural R&D)	
Acquisition of machinery, equipment and software (Exclude expenditures on equipment for R&D)	
Acquisition of other external knowledge	
Total of these four innovation expenditure categories	

 $^{^{6}}$ Give expenditure data in 000's of national currency units to eight digits.

5.3 During the three years 2004 to 2006, did your enterprise receive any public financial support for innovation activities from the following levels of government? Include financial support via tax credits or deductions, grants, subsidised loans, and loan guarantees. Exclude research and other innovation activities conducted entirely for the public sector under contract.

	Yes	No
Local or regional authorities		
Central government (including central government agencies or ministries)		
The European Union (EU)		
If yes, did your firm participate in the EU 6 th Framework Programme for Research and Technical Development (2003-2006)		

6. Sources of information and co-operation for innovation activities

6.1 During the three years 2004 to 2006, how important to your enterprise's innovation activities were each of the following information sources? Please identify information sources that provided information for new innovation projects or contributed to the completion of existing innovation projects.

Degree of importance

Tick 'not used' if no information was obtained from a source.

	Information source	High	Medium	Low	Not used
Internal	Within your enterprise or enterprise group				
Market	Suppliers of equipment, materials, components, or software				
sources	Clients or customers				
	Competitors or other enterprises in your sector				
	Consultants, commercial labs, or private R&D institutes				
Institutional	Universities or other higher education institutions				
sources	Government or public research institutes				
Other	Conferences, trade fairs, exhibitions				
sources	Scientific journals and trade/technical publications				
	Professional and industry associations				

- 6.2 During the three years 2004 to 2006, did your enterprise co-operate on any of your innovation activities with other enterprises or institutions? Innovation co-operation is active participation with other enterprises or non-commercial institutions on innovation activities. Both partners do not need to commercially benefit. Exclude pure contracting out of work with no active co-operation.
 - Yes No (Please go to question 7.1)

6.3 Please indicate the type of co-operation partner and location (Tick all that apply)

Type of co-operation partner	[Your country]	Other Europe*	United States	All other countries
A. Other enterprises within your enterprise group				
B. Suppliers of equipment, materials, components, or software				
C. Clients or customers				
D. Competitors or other enterprises in your sector				
E. Consultants, commercial labs, or private R&D institutes				
F. Universities or other higher education institutions				
G . Government or public research institutes				

*: Include the following European Union (EU) countries, EFTA, or EU candidate countries: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Ireland, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Switzerland, Turkey, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom.

6.4 Which type of co-operation partner did you find the most valuable for your enterprise's innovation activities? (Give corresponding letter) _____

7. Effects of innovation during 2004-2006

7.1 How important were each of the following effects of your product (good or service) and process innovations introduced during the three years 2004 to 2006?

	Degree of observed effect			ed effect
	High	Medium	Low	Not relevant
Increased range of goods or services				
Entered new markets or increased market share				
Improved quality of goods or services				
Improved flexibility of production or service provision				
Increased capacity of production or service provision				
Reduced labour costs per unit output				
Reduced materials and energy per unit output				
Reduced environmental impacts or improved health and safety				
Met regulatory requirements				
	Entered new markets or increased market share Improved quality of goods or services Improved flexibility of production or service provision Increased capacity of production or service provision Reduced labour costs per unit output Reduced materials and energy per unit output Reduced environmental impacts or improved health and safety	Increased range of goods or servicesEntered new markets or increased market shareImproved quality of goods or servicesImproved flexibility of production or service provisionIncreased capacity of production or service provisionReduced labour costs per unit outputReduced materials and energy per unit outputReduced environmental impacts or improved health and safety	HighMediumIncreased range of goods or services□Entered new markets or increased market share□Improved quality of goods or services□Improved flexibility of production or service provision□Increased capacity of production or service provision□Reduced labour costs per unit output□Reduced materials and energy per unit output□Reduced environmental impacts or improved health and safety□	HighMediumLowIncreased range of goods or servicesEntered new markets or increased market shareImproved quality of goods or servicesImproved flexibility of production or service provisionIncreased capacity of production or service provisionReduced labour costs per unit output </td

8. Factors hampering innovation activities

8.1 During the three years 2004 to 2006 were any of your innovation activities or projects:

	Yes	No
Abandoned in the concept stage		
Abandoned after the activity or project was begun		
Seriously delayed		

TO BE ANSWERED BY ALL ENTERPRISES:

8.2 During the three years 2004 to 2006, how important were the following factors for hampering your innovation activities or projects or influencing a decision not to innovate?

		Degree of importance			ortance
		High	Medium	Low	Factor not experienced
0	Lack of funds within your enterprise or group				
Cost factors	Lack of finance from sources outside your enterprise				
	Innovation costs too high				
Kasadadaa	Lack of qualified personnel				
Knowledge factors	Lack of information on technology				
	Lack of information on markets				
	Difficulty in finding cooperation partners for innovation				
Market	Market dominated by established enterprises				
factors	Uncertain demand for innovative goods or services				
Reasons	No need due to prior innovations				
not to innovate	No need because of no demand for innovations				

9. Intellectual property rights

9.1 During the three years 2004 to 2006, did your enterprise:

	Yes	No
Apply for a patent		
Register an industrial design		
Register a trademark		
Claim copyright		

10. Organisational and marketing innovations

An organisational innovation is the implementation of new or significant changes in firm structure or management methods that are intended to improve your firm's use of knowledge, the quality of your goods and services, or the efficiency of work flows. A marketing innovation is the implementation of new or significantly improved designs or sales methods to increase the appeal of your goods and services or to enter new markets.

10.1 During the three years 2004 to 2006, did your enterprise introduce:

		Yes	No	
Organisational innovations	New or significantly improved knowledge management systems to better use or exchange information, knowledge and skills within your enterprise			
	A major change to the organisation of work within your enterprise, such as changes in the management structure or integrating different departments or activities			
	New or significant changes in your relations with other firms or public institutions, such as through alliances, partnerships, outsourcing or sub-contracting			
Marketing	Significant changes to the design or packaging of a good or service (Exclude routine/ seasonal changes such as clothing fashions)			
innovations	New or significantly changed sales or distribution methods, such as internet sales, franchising, direct sales or distribution licenses.			

10.2 If your enterprise introduced an organisational innovation during the three years 2004 to 2006, how important were each of the following effects?

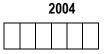
	Degree of observed effect			
	High	Medium	Low	Not relevant
Reduced time to respond to customer or supplier needs				
Improved quality of your goods or services				
Reduced costs per unit output				
Improved employee satisfaction and/or reduced rates of employee turnover				

11. Basic economic information on your enterprise

11.1 What was your enterprise's total turnover for 2004 and 2006?⁷ Turnover is defined as the market sales of goods and services (Include all taxes except VAT⁸).



11.2 What was your enterprise's total number of employees in 2004 and 2006?9



	20	06

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⁷ Give turnover in '000 of national currency units to nine digits.

⁸ For Credit institutions: Interests receivable and similar income; for Insurance services: Gross premiums written

⁹ Annual average. If not available, give the number of employees at the end of each year. Give figures to six digits.