

EC Partners

German Agro Action
(Welthungerhilfe)

Ministry of Agriculture
of Angola (Institute of
Veterinary Services
and Investigation)

Kyeema Foundation

Facts and Figures

- EC contribution:
€1.7 million (90% of
the project)
- Duration: 2007-2010



EUROPEAN
COMMISSION

Rural development

Keeping poultry alive in Angola

Developing local capacities to control Newcastle disease

The Newcastle disease, a kind of avian flu, is responsible for losses of up to 70% of avian production in rural areas of Angola. Containing this disease with information and vaccination campaigns is a powerful tool to improve the living conditions of very poor households.



Context

Agriculture has a big potential in Angola but its impact on economic development is limited by the lack of knowledge, services and infrastructure. Avian products are a very important source of food and income for poor farmers. However, the Newcastle disease, a kind of avian flu that does not infect humans, limits this potential. A vaccine exists but it is not known by smallholder farmers and it must be imported.

Objective

- Develop local capacities to control the Newcastle disease through information and vaccination campaigns and trainings.

Impact

- The number of participants in avian vaccine campaigns increased by 65%.
- More than 700 community-based veterinary scouts were trained.
- Vaccine provided to almost 300,000 animals in 9 municipalities.
- Provision of technical assistance in 7 provinces (out of 18) to enable institutions to organise national vaccination campaigns.

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EuropeAid

Selling hens to buy cattle

Mr. Domingos Firmino of the village Chico da Waite in Balombo Municipality (Benguela Province) is a small poultry breeder and a community veterinary scout trained by the project.

In 2008 he had a total of three hens. After his training and the vaccination campaigns, he was able to increase the number of hens to 63 in only one year. This number of hens allowed him to buy cattle.

The price of a hen in Balombo market is 1,000-1,200 Kwanzas each (about 10 Euros) and one head of cattle is about 60,000 Kwanzas.



Containing avian flu in Angola