

**SHORT SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS OF THE 37TH MEETING OF THE SCIENTIFIC
REVIEW GROUP ON TRADE IN WILD FAUNA AND FLORA¹
12 JUNE 2006**

The SRG took the following decisions under Articles 4.1(a)(i) and 4.2(a) of Council Regulation (EC) N° 338/97:

1) Negative opinions² for import of specimens from the following species / countries combinations:

<i>Capra falconeri</i>	Uzbekistan (hunting trophies)
<i>Malayemys subtrijuga</i>	Indonesia
<i>Notochelys platynota</i>	Indonesia
<i>Dendrobates variabilis</i>	Peru (W)
<i>Epipedobates azureiventris</i>	Peru (W)
<i>Cheilinus undulatus</i>	Indonesia
<i>Pandinus imperator</i>	Benin (R)
<i>Heliopora coerulea</i>	Solomon Islands

2) Negative opinions² for import of specimens from the following species / countries combinations confirmed / maintained – NOT to be formalised in the Suspensions Regulation:

<i>Kinixys homeana</i>	Togo (W)
<i>Uroplatus ebenawi</i>	Madagascar
<i>Uroplatus fimbriatus</i>	Madagascar
<i>Uroplatus guentheri</i>	Madagascar
<i>Uroplatus henkeli</i>	Madagascar
<i>Uroplatus lineatus</i>	Madagascar
<i>Uroplatus malama</i>	Madagascar
<i>Uroplatus phantasticus</i>	Madagascar
<i>Uroplatus pietschmanni</i>	Madagascar
<i>Uroplatus sikorae</i>	Madagascar
<i>Chamaeleo gracilis</i>	Togo (W)
<i>Chamaeleo senegalensis</i>	Togo (W)
<i>Varanus niloticus</i>	Togo (W)
<i>Python regius</i>	Benin (W)
<i>Calabaria reinhardtii</i>	Togo (W)

¹ Subject to confirmation by the Members of the Scientific Review Group. Further, it is understood that the above opinions are also those of each Scientific Authority and will be reflected in any opinion given in relation to the application of Art. 4.1(a) and 4.2(a) of Regulation 338/97. These opinions will remain valid unless or until circumstances related to the trade or conservation status of the species change significantly.

² Recommendation based on the following guidelines: The species is in trade or is likely to be in trade, and introduction to the Community from the country of origin at current or anticipated levels of trade is likely to have a harmful effect on the conservation status of the species or the extent of the territory occupied by the species.

<i>Tridacna derasa</i>	Viet Nam
<i>Euphorbia bongolavensis</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia fianarantsoae</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia iharanae</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia labatii</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia lophogona</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia neohumbertii</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia pachypodioides</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia razafindratsirea</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia suzannae-marnierae</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia waringiae</i>	Madagascar

3) Negative opinions² for import of specimens from the following species / countries combinations confirmed – to be formalised in the Suspensions Regulation:

<i>Geochelone sulcata</i>	Togo (R)
<i>Strombus gigas</i>	Grenada
<i>Agaricia agaricites</i>	Haiti

4) Confirmation of current suspensions as listed in Commission Regulation (EC) No 605/2006

<i>Varanus exanthematicus</i>	Togo (W)
<i>Varanus niloticus</i>	Togo (R)
<i>Calabaria reinhardtii</i>	Togo (R)
<i>Ornithoptera urvillianus</i>	Solomon Islands (W)
<i>Ornithoptera victoriae</i>	Solomon Islands (W)

5) No opinion for import of specimens of the following species / countries combinations

<i>Kinixys erosa</i>	Togo (W) ³ All applications to be referred to SRG
<i>Kinixys erosa</i>	Togo (R) All applications to be referred to SRG
<i>Python sebae</i>	Niger
<i>Dendrobates variabilis</i>	Peru (R)
<i>Epipedobates azureiventris</i>	Peru (R)
<i>Epipedobates bassleri</i>	Peru (R)
<i>Epipedobates cainarachi</i>	Peru (R)
<i>Epipedobates pongoensis</i>	Peru (R)
<i>Hippocampus kelloggi</i>	Indonesia
<i>Ornithoptera urvillianus</i>	Solomon Islands (R)

³ This will come into effect when this species / country combination will be removed from the present import Suspensions Regulation

<i>Ornithoptera victoriae</i>	Solomon Islands (R)
<i>Strombus gigas</i>	Nicaragua All applications to be referred to SRG
<i>Alluaudia comosa</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia hedyotoides</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia horombensis</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia itremensis</i>	Madagascar
<i>Euphorbia primulifolia</i>	Madagascar
<i>Pachypodium horombense</i>	Madagascar
<i>Gyrinops versteegii</i>	Indonesia

6) Negative opinions / suspensions changed to positive opinions

<i>Kinixys homeana</i>	Togo (R, max. 8 cm)
<i>Chamaeleo gracilis</i>	Togo (R, max 8 cm snout-vent length) ³
<i>Chamaeleo senegalensis</i>	Togo (R, max 6 cm snout-vent length)
<i>Python regius</i>	Togo (W)

7) Positive opinion for import of specimens of the following species / countries combinations:

<i>Ursus arctos</i>	Romania (confirmed)
<i>Lorius chlorocercus</i>	Solomon Islands (confirmed)
<i>Cacatua ducorpsii</i>	Solomon Islands (confirmed)
<i>Psittacus erithacus</i>	Cameroon (confirmed)
<i>Caiman yacare</i>	Bolívia (confirmed)
<i>Varanus exanthematicus</i>	Togo (R, max 35 cm) ³
<i>Varanus indicus</i>	Solomon Islands (confirmed)
<i>Python regius</i>	Benin, Togo (R) (confirmed)
<i>Candoia bibroni</i>	Solomon Islands
<i>Candoia carinata</i>	Solomon Islands
<i>Tubipora musica</i>	Solomon Islands (confirmed)
<i>Pocillopora damicornis</i>	Solomon Islands (confirmed)
<i>Pocillopora eydouxi</i>	Solomon Islands (confirmed)
<i>Stylophora pistillata</i>	Solomon Islands (confirmed)
<i>Acropora florida</i>	Solomon Islands (confirmed)
<i>Acropora</i> spp.	Haiti (confirmed)

8) Import suspensions for the following species / countries combinations recommended for removal:

<i>Kinixys erosa</i>	Togo (W)
<i>Chamaeleo gracilis</i>	Togo (R, max 8 cm snout-vent length)
<i>Varanus exanthematicus</i>	Togo (R, max 35 cm)
<i>Strombus gigas</i>	Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados, Dominica, Trinidad and Tobago (W)

- 9) Negative opinions for the following species / country combinations were deleted since there is no occurrence in the country: *Blastomussa wellsi* / Tonga, *Trachyphyllia geoffroyi* / Tonga, *Catalaphyllia jardinei* / Tonga.
- 10) The SRG re-confirmed the approach agreed at SRG 32 to assess coral species from Tonga; furthermore, the SRG agreed to use the distribution list prepared by UNEP-WCMC to assess information and distribution of the species.