

# Cyprus

## Overview

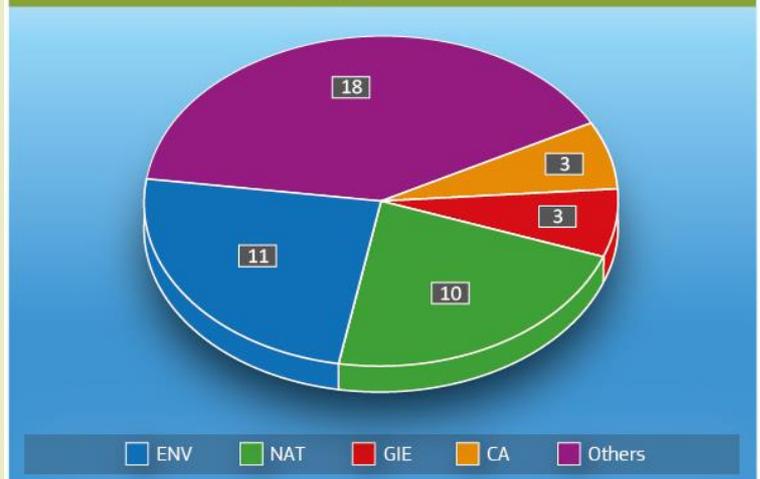


This document provides an overview of LIFE in Cyprus. It showcases key data and some of the latest LIFE projects.

You will also find contact details and other useful resources and a full list of current and recently-finished LIFE projects.

Every year calls for project proposals are launched covering the LIFE programme's priority areas.

45 LIFE projects (since 1992)



Investment in LIFE projects in Cyprus (€ million)

	Total investment	EU contribution
<b>ALL LIFE projects</b>	<b>44.5</b>	<b>26</b>
Environment and Resource Efficiency (ENV)	13	7
Nature and Biodiversity (NAT)	11	7
Environmental Governance and Information (GIE)	5	2.5
Climate Action (CA)	6	3.5
Others	9.5	6

### ABOUT LIFE

The LIFE programme is the EU's funding instrument for the environment and climate action. It has been running since 1992 and has co-financed more than 4 500 projects across the EU and in third countries, mobilising over €9 billion and contributing more than €4 billion to the protection of the environment and climate. The budget for the LIFE programme for 2014–2020 is set at €3.4 billion in current prices, with a sub-programme for environment and a sub-programme for climate action.

#### Types of LIFE project:

- Traditional (Environment and Resource Efficiency; Nature and Biodiversity; Environmental Governance and Information; Climate Change Mitigation; Climate Change Adaptation; Climate Governance and Information).
- Integrated (Environment, Nature or Climate Action)
- Preparatory
- Capacity-building

#### Other types of LIFE funding:

- NGO operating grants
- Natural Capital Financing Facility (NCFF)
- Private Finance for Energy Efficiency (PF4EE)

NCFF and PF4EE are joint initiatives with the European Investment Bank, which manages the two funds. For more information visit: <http://ec.europa.eu/life/>

## LIFE Environment and Resource Efficiency

This LIFE priority area is aimed at developing, testing and demonstrating best practices, solutions and integrated approaches to environmental challenges, as well as improving the related knowledge base.

To date, the LIFE Environment and Resource Efficiency strand (formerly the LIFE Environment Policy and Governance component) has co-financed 11 projects in Cyprus, representing a total investment of €13 million, of which €7 million has been provided by the EU.

Of these projects, eight are completed which tackled the following issues: waste from electrical and electronic equipment; water quality improvement; wastewater treatment (namely in the wine sector); waste (use of quarry waste); climate change mitigation (impact assessment for the adoption of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions trading for maritime transport) and adaptation (increasing Cyprus' adaptive capacity to climate change impacts through the development of a National Strategy for Adaptation to Climate Change, with the use of modelling); water (strengthening the scientific foundation of water quality programs); and air quality monitoring (particulates monitoring, modelling and management). The beneficiaries were universities and national authorities. The projects had durations of between 30 and 42 months.

There are three ongoing projects in Cyprus, which cover issues such as: industrial waste (demonstrating an environmentally and financially sustainable procedure for the management and treatment of returned, expired dairy products); agricultural waste (developing, demonstrating and evaluating an integrated system for the treatment of livestock); and energy supply (pointing the way towards a more economically and environmentally sustainable electricity grid in Cyprus and Europe). The projects are being implemented by universities and a large enterprise (Charalambides-Christis Ltd) and will run for between 36 and 44 months.

Presented in the box below is an example of a successful LIFE Environment project in Cyprus.



### **Quarry Resource Efficiency Demonstration Project (QuaResE) LIFE11 ENV/CY/000859**

The QuaResE project demonstrated the use of quarry waste slurry as a raw material in the brick/ceramic and cement industries in Cyprus. By doing this, it promoted the concept of resource efficiency as an environmental management tool that can help decrease environmental impacts in these energy-demanding industries. The project assessed the effectiveness of the proposed methods using different combinations of slurry waste and other raw materials.

In the early stages, the project team collected data regarding the operation of quarries and the clay brick/tile and cement production industries, quarry slurry characteristics, and production waste management procedures in quarries and the brick and cement industries. This resulted in a report on current quarry slurry waste management. The findings were used to develop scenarios for the brick and cement industries that constituted the basis for the pilot implementation phase.

During the demonstration actions for brick production, the project implemented a total of 16 scenarios for two types of bricks (8 for each type of brick), which enabled an optimal percentage of quarry slurry to be identified in the mixture. The scenario with 90% replacement of red clay by intrusive quarry slurry in the mixture was selected as the "best". Both types of bricks fulfilled the minimum requirements of the relevant Quality Standard (CYS EN 771-1:2011).

In the cement industry, 20 laboratory experiments and 8 industrial trials were conducted. From the trials, it was concluded that in the production of clinker, the "best scenario" is considered to be 30-50% substitution with intrusive quarry slurry; in the production of concrete, up to 5% substitution is possible (due to the existing standard).

The project team used questionnaires to monitor the pilot implementations, and also performed environmental, financial and social assessments. These demonstrated the clear environmental benefits of the proposed methodology. For the quarry industry, benefits included land use reduction (by 17 000m<sup>2</sup>), reduced visual impacts, and the diversion of 120 000 tonnes of quarry slurry per year from landfill to the brick and cement industries.

Stakeholder consultation meetings with all three industrial sectors, and guidelines for the quarry, brick and cement industries were produced.

By promoting resource efficiency in energy demanding Cypriot industries, the project contributed to the implementation of EU sustainable development policy, including the Europe 2020 Strategy and its flagship initiative 'A Resource Efficient Europe'.

For further information:  
<http://www.quarese.com>

## LIFE Nature and Biodiversity

This LIFE priority area is aimed at developing, testing and demonstrating best practices, solutions and integrated approaches to contribute to the development and implementation of nature and biodiversity policy and legislation, as well as improving the related knowledge base.

To date, the LIFE Nature and Biodiversity component has co-financed nine projects in Cyprus. These represent a total investment of €10.6 million, of which €6.5 million was contributed by the EU.

Completed LIFE Nature projects in Cyprus have: implemented conservation and protection measures in five Natura 2000 sites on the island; established a plant micro-reserve network in Cyprus for the conservation of priority species and habitats; improved the conservation status of fauna species in Cyprus; restored and managed the Oroklini Lake special protection area; and improved the conservation status of the priority habitat type endemic forests with *Juniperus* spp. in Cyprus.

There are currently four projects running in Cyprus under the Nature and Biodiversity component. One aims to promote and enable the long-term conservation of arborescent matorral with *Zyziphus* and gypsum steppes in Cyprus by quantifying and halting natural and human pressure and threats that contribute to the long-term degradation of these habitats. Another project has the objective of implementing conservation/management measures that will substantially improve ecological conditions for selected bird species listed in Annex I of the Birds Directive found in three Natura 2000 sites in Cyprus. The third, a Biodiversity project, aims to promote and enable the long-term conservation of High Nature Value Farmlands (vineyards and carob groves) in Cyprus to maintain the priority habitat in the Koilada Kedron-Kampos Natura 2000 network site in good conservation status. The final project aims at preventing a lionfish invasion in the Mediterranean through early response and targeted removal.

Two of these projects are being implemented by the Department of Forests of the Cypriot Ministry of Agriculture, Rural Development and Environment over a 40 month period and one is implemented by the Cyprus University of Technology over a 36 month period.

Presented in the box below is an example of a successful LIFE Nature project in Cyprus.



### Restoration and management of Oroklini Lake SPA (CY6000010) in Cyprus (OROKLINI) LIFE10 NAT/CY/000716

The OROKLINI project established Favourable Reference Values (FRVs) for the two main targeted species, black-winged stilt and spur-winged lapwing, and two of the other four Annex I species that regularly nest or have nested at Cyprus' Oroklini Lake: Eurasian stone-curlew and Kentish plover.

Project actions increased the habitats available for the Oroklini Lake's bird species, with habitat improvements made through the implementation of water management and restoration actions, including the creation of new islets, the restoration of land previously destroyed by an illegal market, and fencing around the lake to reduce disturbance. The project removed around 0.45 ha of invasive alien plant species, such as acacias, *Atriplex semibaccata* and *Parkinsonia aculeata*, as well as subsequently re-sprouting acacia, and planted native tree species, in particular, 1 410 Tamarix trees, 50 *Pistacia lentiscus* bushes, around 10-20 *Zyziphus lotus* bushes, and some 30 pine trees. The project demonstrated, for the first time in Cyprus, the implementation of a range of best practice wetland management techniques. This serves as a model for other European wetland projects, including an ongoing one in Cyprus. The OROKLINI project also increased the knowledge base concerning the lake's physical and biological characteristics.

Alongside the conservation actions, the project team established FRV methodology, with definitions of FRV, for the targeted species. During the project's duration, but after the implementation of its actions, the project team observed that bird numbers started moving towards the FRV target for the spur-winged lapwing, while other Annex I species that do not regularly breed on site were recorded nesting during 2014 and 2015 (e.g. little terns, Kentish plover, Eurasian stone-curlew, cattle egret). Monitoring protocols were developed and implemented for bird species. These showed that important species were nesting on the restored areas, including the newly-created islets (e.g. spur-winged lapwing, Eurasian stone-curlew, black-winged stilt, and little tern).

The project team built infrastructure for enhancing the Oroklini Lake Natura 2000 site's eco-tourism potential and conducted an extensive public awareness-raising campaign.

The project developed an Action Plan for the birds of the Oroklini Lake SPA, which set clear conservation, management and monitoring targets. It became legally operational through its incorporation into two Ministerial Decrees (one for the SCI and one for the SPA). The Water Development Department included the Oroklini Lake in the list of water bodies monitored under the Water Framework Directive, which will ensure the future monitoring of the water quality parameters suggested in the Action Plan for Oroklini Lake SPA. The project forms part of the national implementation of the Birds and Habitats Directives, with the most important policy contribution being the adoption of FRVs as a basis for setting conservation objectives. This was done for the first time in Cyprus, and instigated a larger project by the coordinating beneficiary within which they will set FRVs for all 30 SPAs in Cyprus and developed management plans for them.

For further information:  
<http://www.orkliniproject.org>

## LIFE Environmental Governance and Information

This priority area is aimed at raising awareness of environmental matters, supporting the communication, management and dissemination of environmental information, and promoting better environmental governance by broadening stakeholder involvement.

To date, this strand (formerly the LIFE+ Information and Communication component) has co-financed three projects in Cyprus. This represents a total investment of €5 million, of which €2.4 million was provided by the EU. The project durations vary from 34 to 36 months.

One project is finished. Its objective was to halt biodiversity loss in Cyprus through a comprehensive and broad-based awareness-raising and communication campaign, utilising mass media, social media, events, training, seminars and networking meetings. The project beneficiary was Dias Publishing House, the largest and one of the oldest media groups in Cyprus. Its results are described in more detail in the project box below.

The second project will promote waste reduction, reuse and recycling in Cyprus. Through an awareness-raising campaign, based on an integrated communication strategy, the project will inform, educate and motivate action in these areas. It is being coordinated by the Cyprus Broadcasting Corporation and has a duration of 34 months from September 2014.

The third project aims to increase public awareness of the Troodos National Forest Park's natural values and the ecosystem services it provides. This site is one of the most visited Natura 2000 sites in Cyprus and one of the most important natural ecosystem and biodiversity hotspots on the island. It is coordinated over 36 months by the Department of Forests of the Ministry of Agriculture, Rural Development and Environment Cyprus.



### **Food awareness-raising campaign in Cyprus for appreciating biodiversity in our life (BIOforLIFE) LIFE11 INF/CY/000863**

The BIOforLIFE project conducted a comprehensive and broad-based awareness-raising and communication campaign, with the aim of halting biodiversity loss in Cyprus, utilising mass media, social media and a website, events, training courses, seminars and networking activities. The project partners, Dias Publishing House (co-ordinating beneficiary), the Department of Environment, Terra Cypria (the Cyprus Conservation Foundation) and GrantXpert Consultants, implemented such an approach for the first time in Cyprus.

The communication campaign was aimed at the general public, as well as specific target groups, especially stakeholders and decision-makers. It raised the level of understanding about the importance of biodiversity. In particular, the campaign highlighted the seriousness of the bird slaughter that takes place in Cyprus during the migratory period every year, when millions of birds representing the natural heritage of Europe and Asia are killed as they fly across Cyprus. In addition, it raised the profile of Cypriot species that are being affected by human prejudices, such as bats and snakes, as well as communicating the need to protect species and habitats through the enforcement of relevant laws, and the need for a more effective inclusion of biodiversity with regards to territorial planning.

BIOforLIFE disseminated positive information on the Cyprus Natura 2000 network to make it more acceptable to the public (a goal of the EU's 2020 Biodiversity Strategy). This has helped combat the negative misinformation that often informs discussions with land developers and farmers. The campaign succeeded in widely disseminating project information on biodiversity to a large number of Cypriots, who now better understand what biodiversity means and its value. Among the environmental benefits of the project's implementation are the achieved goal of a 10% reduction in sea turtle mortality in the Akrotiri area (mortality rates in other areas remained the same), and a change in attitude on the consumption of illegally trapped songbirds. In the project's start-up survey 47% of respondents said they knew why some people are against the killing of blackcaps (ambelopoulia); the number had risen to 95% by the end of the project. The issue of the illegal and indiscriminate trapping of migratory birds has been highlighted through several television discussions generated by the project.

An additional long-term benefit has been the dissemination of information on the concept of invasive alien species and the impact they have on the local environment, as well as the health and safety of the public. Other messages related to the value of biodiversity have also been disseminated, including those concerning sustainable development and eco-tourism, and waste disposal and the need for recycling and composting.

For further information:

<http://www.cyprusbiodiversity.eu>

## Sub-programme for Climate Action (LIFE 2014-2020)

### LIFE Climate Change Mitigation and LIFE Climate Change Adaptation

The Climate Change Mitigation priority area is helping to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, notably by contributing to the implementation and development of related policy and legislation, improving the knowledge base, developing integrated approaches, and developing and demonstrating innovative technologies, systems, methods and instruments.

The Climate Change Adaptation priority area is supporting efforts to increase resilience to climate change, in particular by contributing to the implementation and development of related policy and legislation, improving the knowledge base, developing integrated approaches, and developing and demonstrating innovative technologies, systems, methods and instruments.

To date, the Climate Change Mitigation strand has co-financed one project in Cyprus. This project aims to revamp organic farming and its products in the context of climate change mitigation strategies. Its total investment amounts to almost €1 million, of which the EU will provide nearly €0.6 million. The project will be coordinated by the Cyprus University of Technology and will run for 48 months, starting from September 2015.

The Climate Change Adaptation strand has co-financed two projects in Cyprus. The overall aim of the first project is to increase the resilience of municipalities to climate change by equipping them with a tool that supports their climate change adaptation planning. More details about the project can be found in the box below. Its results will be added in due course.

The second project's main goal is to demonstrate the feasibility and effectiveness of an adaptation strategy to Desert Dust Storms (DDS), and to better inform EU policy-making by providing field-based evidence for the adoption of a strategic plan for mitigating the health effects of DDS events in south-east Europe.



### Climate Proofing Urban Municipalities (LIFE UrbanProof) LIFE16 CCA/CY/000086

The overall aim of the UrbanProof project is to increase the resilience of municipalities to climate change by equipping them with a tool that supports their climate change adaptation planning. This tool will: Provide insight into the expected changes in climate; enhance understanding of climate change impacts and the mechanisms defining vulnerability; enable the exploration and evaluation of available adaptation options; and provide guidance for monitoring the adaptation process.

The project will develop, implement and demonstrate an innovative and interactive decision support tool (UrbanProof toolkit) for urban adaptation planning, which will provide local decision-makers, stakeholders and target groups with access to visual information (maps and graphs) on climate change, vulnerability, adaptation and monitoring and which will guide them, step-by-step, through the whole adaptation process. It will seek to bridge the gap between scientific and local understanding of climate change by providing information on future climate changes at local level; to identify the impacts and evaluate the vulnerability to climate change of the partner municipalities (in Cyprus, Greece and Italy); to identify, evaluate and prioritise adaptation options and develop local adaptation strategies for the partner municipalities; to communicate climate change and its associated risks for the partner municipalities as well as the available options for addressing them by implementing, demonstrating and promoting green and soft adaptation measures in order to increase public awareness of climate change adaptation; to gain public acceptance and to ensure active participation and engagement of local stakeholders during the implementation of the adaptation strategy, and to promote continuity and economic sustainability of this strategy; and to promote the adoption of the proposed methodology and adaptation options to other municipalities in order to maximise transferability and replicability.

The project expects to: develop the UrbanProof toolkit; to produce a toolkit administrator guide and tutorial video; to evaluate the technical and economic viability of the toolkit; to identify and assess the likely impacts of climate change on the partner municipalities in Cyprus, Greece and Italy; and to develop local adaptation strategies for these municipalities. Another outcome would be the endorsement by the municipalities of these strategies (local council approval) and the implementation of green infrastructure projects in partner municipalities in Cyprus and Italy.

For further information:

<http://urbanproof.eu>

## Find out more about LIFE and LIFE projects

### Surf on the LIFE website

The LIFE website provides a wealth of information on the LIFE programme:  
<http://ec.europa.eu/life/>



### Search the LIFE projects database

For further information on LIFE projects in Cyprus or LIFE projects in general, please consult the online LIFE projects database:  
<http://ec.europa.eu/environment/life/project/Projects/index.cfm>

This easy-to-use database is the authoritative source of information on all ongoing and completed LIFE projects. It also provides information on the beneficiaries, their contact details, and the projects' websites.



### Search via social media



[twitter.com/LIFE\\_Programme](https://twitter.com/LIFE_Programme)



<http://www.facebook.com/LIFE.programme>



[www.flickr.com/photos/life\\_programme](http://www.flickr.com/photos/life_programme)

### Contact

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#### The Monitoring Team for Cyprus

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<b>Recently closed and ongoing LIFE Environment and Resource Efficiency projects</b>				
Project Title	Project Number	Website	Click on the icon to read the project summary	Project duration
Particulates monitoring, modelling and management (PM3)	LIFE09 ENV/CY/000252	<a href="http://www.ess.co.at/LIFE/">http://www.ess.co.at/LIFE/</a>		01/2011-> 12/2013
Sustainable management via energy exploitation of end-of-life dairy products in Cyprus (DAIRIUS)	LIFE10 ENV/CY/000721	<a href="http://www.dairiusproject.com/">http://www.dairiusproject.com/</a>		02/2012-> 01/2015
Development of a national strategy for adaptation to climate change adverse impacts in Cyprus (CYPADAPT)	LIFE10 ENV/CY/000723	<a href="http://uest.ntua.gr/cypadapt/">http://uest.ntua.gr/cypadapt/</a>		09/2011-> 03/2014
Quarry Resource Efficiency Demonstration Project (QuaResE)	LIFE11 ENV/CY/000859	<a href="http://www.quarese.com">http://www.quarese.com</a>		06/2012-> 11/2014
Smart net metering for promotion and cost-efficient grid-integration of PV technology in Cyprus (LIFE+ SmartPV)	LIFE12 ENV/CY/000276	<a href="http://www.smartpvproject.eu/">http://www.smartpvproject.eu/</a>		07/2013-> 03/2017
Sustainable management of livestock waste for the removal/recovery of nutrients (LIFE LIVE-WASTE)	LIFE12 ENV/CY/000544	<a href="http://www.livewaste.org/">http://www.livewaste.org/</a>		09/2013-> 08/2016

<b>Recently closed and ongoing LIFE Nature &amp; Biodiversity projects</b>				
Project Title	Project Number	Website	Click on the icon to read the project summary	Project duration
Improving the Conservation Status of Fauna Species in Cyprus: from microhabitat restoration to landscape connectivity (ICOSTACY)	LIFE09 NAT/CY/000247	<a href="http://www.icostacy.gov.cy">http://www.icostacy.gov.cy</a>		10/2010 -> 03/2014
Restoration and management of Oroklini Lake SPA (CY6000010) in Cyprus (OROKLINI)	LIFE10 NAT/CY/000716	<a href="http://www.orokliniproject.org">http://www.orokliniproject.org</a>		01/2012 -> 12/2014
Improving the conservation status of the priority habitat type 9560* (Endemic forests with Juniperus spp.) in Cyprus (JUNIPERCY)	LIFE10 NAT/CY/000717	<a href="http://www.junipericy.org.cy">http://www.junipericy.org.cy</a>		01/2012 -> 06/2015
Improving the conservation status of the priority habitat types *1520 and *5220 at the Rizoelia National Forest Park (LIFE-RIZOELIA)	LIFE12 NAT/CY/000758	<a href="http://www.life-rizoelia.eu">http://www.life-rizoelia.eu</a>		09/2013 -> 02/2017
Improving lowland forest habitats for Birds in Cyprus (LIFE-FORBIRDS)	LIFE13 NAT/CY/000176	<a href="http://www.lifeforbirds.eu">http://www.lifeforbirds.eu</a>		10/2014 -> 12/2017
To promote and enable the long term conservation of High Nature Value Farmlands in Cyprus (AgroLIFE)	LIFE13 BIO/CY/001114	<a href="http://agrolife.eu/">http://agrolife.eu/</a>		06/2014 ->06//2017

Integrated conservation management of priority habitat type 9590* in the Natura 2000 site Koilada Kedron-Kampos (LIFE-KEDROS)	LIFE15 NAT/CY/000850	<a href="http://www.life-kedros.eu/">http://www.life-kedros.eu/</a>		09/2016 → 08/2020
Preventing a LIONfish invasion in the MEDiterranean through early response and targeted Removal (RELIONMED-LIFE)	LIFE16 NAT/CY/000832	N/A		09/2017 → 09/2021

### Recently closed and ongoing LIFE Environmental Governance and Information projects

Project Title	Project Number	Website	Click on the icon to read the project summary	Project duration
An awareness-raising campaign in Cyprus for appreciating biodiversity in our life (BIOforLIFE)	LIFE11 INF/CY/000863	<a href="http://www.cyprusbiodiversity.eu">http://www.cyprusbiodiversity.eu</a>		09/2012 → 09/2015
Awareness raising campaign for the promotion of waste Reduction, Re-use and Recycling in Cyprus (LIFE KNOW WASTE)	LIFE13 INF/CY/000919	<a href="http://rethink.com.cy">http://rethink.com.cy</a>		06/2014 → 04/2017
Troodos National Forest Park: Promoting natural values and Ecosystem Services (iLIFE-TROODOS)	LIFE16 GIE/CY/000709	N/A		10/2017 → 09/2020

### Ongoing LIFE Climate Change Mitigation and LIFE Climate Adaptation projects

Project Title	Project Number	Website	Click on the icon to read the project summary	Project duration
Revamping organic farming and its products in the context of climate change mitigation strategies (LIFE+ ORGANIKO)	LIFE14 CCM/CY/000990	<a href="http://organikolife.com">http://organikolife.com</a>		09/2015 → 08/2019
Climate Proofing Urban Municipalities (LIFE UrbanProof)	LIFE15 CCA/CY/000086	<a href="http://urbanproof.eu">http://urbanproof.eu</a>		10/2016 → 05/2020
Mitigating the Health Effects of Desert Dust Storms Using Exposure-Reduction Approaches (LIFE-MEDEA)	LIFE16 CCA/CY/000041	N/A		09/2017 → 08/2021

### Other ongoing projects

Project Title	Project Number	Website	Click on the icon to read the project summary	Project duration
CYprus Capacity Building for life (CYCLamEn)	LIFE14 CAP/CY/000006	<a href="http://www.lifecyclamen.com.cy/">http://www.lifecyclamen.com.cy/</a>		12/2015 → 12/2019