

# The Climate and Clean Air Coalition on SLCPs and Diesel Emissions



Green Week 2013



## The Challenge and the Opportunity

- Black carbon, methane, tropospheric ozone and some HFCs are substances with relatively short lifetimes (weeks to 15 years) in the atmosphere;
- Short-lived climate pollutants (SLCPs) have various detrimental impacts on air quality and public health, agriculture and ecosystems (except HFCs);
- SLCPs are also responsible for a substantial fraction of climate change;
- SLCPs offer opportunities to slow down regional and global climate change in the near term— especially in vulnerable and rapidly changing areas like the Arctic and the Himalayas
- SLCP issues and potential not yet fully recognized;



#### **Objectives**

- Voluntary and country-led Coalition launched 16 February 2012 by six governments and UNEP to:
  - Raise awareness of SLCP impacts and mitigation strategies;
  - Enhance and develop new national and regional actions, identify and overcome barriers, enhance capacity and mobilize support;
  - Promote best practices and showcase successful efforts; and
  - Improve scientific understanding of SLCPs





#### The CCAC.....

- •CCAC strongly politically driven. High, ministerial level engagement. Political commitment key.
- Recognizes that action on SLCPs is complimentary to measures to reduce long-lived GHG and the UNFCCC. No intention at present to take SLCPs to the UNFCCC.
- CCAC action oriented not normative or aiming at an international agreement – based on the desire to explore the SLCP window of opportunity. Key word: Scaling-up



#### And...

- Two entry points: climate change mitigation in the near term *and/or* air quality, health and crop yield benefits.
- CCAC wants to work with other organizations and avoid duplication-assesses its added value, e.g. in relation to the GACC and Clean Cookstoves
- Financing important for up-scaling. WB already a partner. CCAC seeking other financial partners.



#### **Partners**

In 15 months, the Coalition has grown to 64 Partners (32 State and REIO Partners, 32 IGOs and NGOs)

#### **Country Partners**

**Netherlands** 

New Zealand

Nigeria

Norway

Poland

Korea

Republic of

Republic of

Switzerland

**Maldives** 

Sweden

United

Kingdom

America

United States of

The European

Commission

Peru

Australia Bangladesh Benin Canada

Chile Colombia

Cote d'Ivoire

Denmark

Dominican

Republic Ethiopia

**Finland** 

France

Germany

Ghana

Israel

Italy

Japan

Jordan Mexico

#### **Non-country Partners**

Bellona Foundation

Caucasus Environmental NGO Network

Center for Clean Air Policy Center for Human Rights and

Environment

Clean Air Initiative for Asian Cities, Inc.

Clean Air Institute Clean Air Task Force

ClimateWorks Foundation

Earthjustice

**Environmental Defense Fund** 

**Environmental Investigation Agency** 

**EvK2CNR Committee** 

Global Alliance for Clean Cookstoves Institute for Advanced Sustainability

Studies

Institute for Global Environmental

**Strategies** 

Institute for Governance and Sustainable Development

International Centre for Integrated

Mountain Development

International Council on Clean

**Transportation (ICCT)** 

#### **International Cryosphere Climate** Initiative

International Institute for Sustainable Development

International Union of Air Pollution

Prevention and Environmental

Protection Associations (IUAPPA)

Molina Center for Strategic Studies in

Energy and the Environment

Natural Resources Defense Council

Regional Environmental Center

Stockholm Environment Institute

**United Nations Development** 

Programme (UNDP)

**United Nations Environment** 

Programme (UNEP)

**United Nations Industrial** 

**Development Organization (UNIDO)** 

World Bank

#### And as of today

**International Climate Change** 

Partnership (ICCP)

Climate Market Investment

Association (CMIA),

International Solid Waste Association

(ISWA)





#### **Structure**

#### **High Level Assembly**

High Level meeting of the Partners

#### **Working Group**

Oversees the activities of the Coalition

#### **Steering Committee**

 Oversight support and recommendations to the Working Group and High Level Assembly

#### **Scientific Advisory Panel**

- Advises on scientific matters
- Small group, demand based-presently 8 members

#### Secretariat

- Small Secretariat hosted by UNEP in Paris
- Also manages the Coalition Trust Fund





#### **5 Focal Areas**

## 1. Reducing Black Carbon and Fine Particulate Matter Emissions From Heavy Duty Diesel Vehicles and Engines

#### **Objectives:**

- Promoting policies to introduce low sulphur fuels and low emission standards like EURO VI or equivalent emission standards
- Using market mechanisms and private-public partnerships to accelerate use of fuel-saving and emission-reducing technologies (Green Freight Declaration, Charter or Programs)
- Addressing elevated emissions from existing vehicles stock (retrofit, scrapping etc.)

#### 2 Year Work Plan:

- Advancing and implementing regulations to address HDD emissions by supporting national or regional initiatives
- Mobilizing key financial and policy mechanisms by working with financiers (WB), global strategy for low sulphur fuels and a Green Freight Declaration
- Outreach to key private sector partners in key countries/regions including petroleum and vehicles industry

Lead Partners: USG, UNEP, ICCT and Canada





#### **5 Focal Areas**

#### 2. Mitigating Black Carbon And Other Pollutants

#### **From Brick Production**

✓ FIRST ACTIONS: convene expert task force, produce global assessment, and formulate long-term programme of action with demonstration projects.



#### 3. Mitigating SLCPs From The Municipal Solid Waste Sector

✓ FIRST ACTIONS: support pilot cities
to develop strategies for reducing SLCPs
from waste, and build a knowledge network
for sharing best practices in cities around the world.







#### **5 Focal Areas**

#### 4. Promoting HFC Alternative Technology And Standards

✓ FIRST ACTIONS: support development of HFC inventories in pilot countries; organize Commercial Refrigeration Technology Forum; and support the production of case studies on low GWP options for specific subsectors.

## 5. Accelerating Methane And Black Carbon Reductions From Oil And Natural Gas Production

✓FIRST ACTIONS: work with key industries and countries in the oil and natural gas sector to encourage cooperation and support the implementation of new and existing measures to substantially reduce SLCP emissions from natural gas venting, leakage, and flaring.





#### 2 Cross cutting Initiatives

#### 1. National Action Planning (NAPs)

✓FIRST ACTIONS: support National Action Planning for SLCPs, including national inventory development, building on existing air quality, climate change and development agreements, and assessment, prioritization, and demonstration of SLCP mitigation measures.

#### 2. Financing Mitigation of SLCPS

✓ FIRST ACTIONS: address current knowledge gaps, identify existing and potential avenues and mechanisms to monetize the non-climate benefits of SLCP reduction activities at the national and international scales.



#### **Next steps**

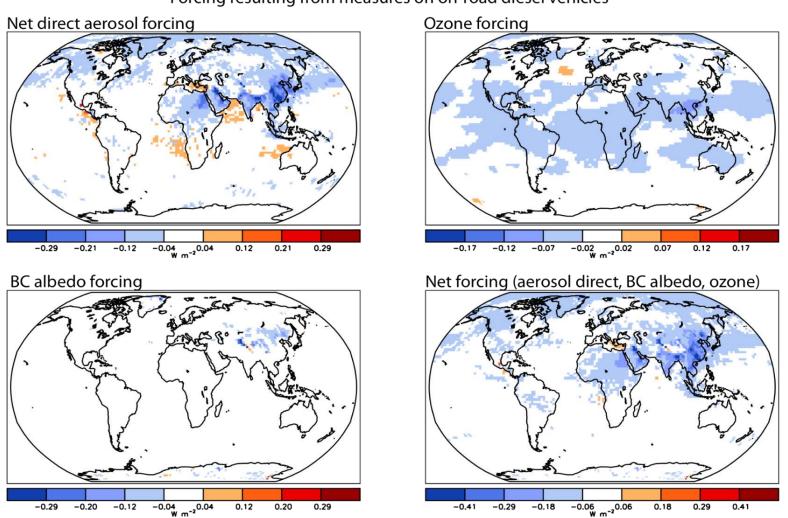
- ✓ Awareness raising and outreach on SLCPs continued expansion of the Coalition –
- ✓ Implementation of 5 Focal Areas and 2 initiatives first phase of activity completed in early 2013
- ✓ Development of new Focal areas/initiatives proposals underway for:
  - Clean cookstoves (approved) & domestic heating
  - Reducing methane and black carbon from agriculture



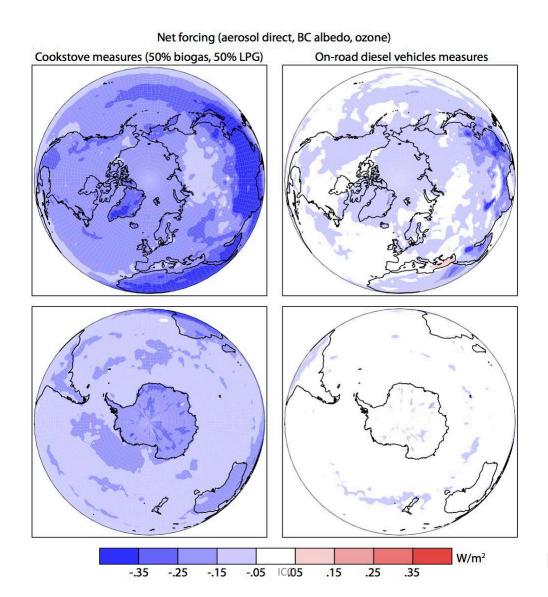


# Preliminary Maps: On-road Diesel (Euro IV) NASA-GISS Model, Both direct and indirect aerosol impacts

Forcing resulting from measures on on-road diesel vehicles



# Net Forcing: Polar Comparison Cookstoves, Diesel





#### **WWW.ICCINET.ORG**

### **THANK YOU**

www.unep.org/ccac