# DG ECFIN Workshop Medium-term challenges for the Belgian economy 25 september 2013

## Paper Pagano Discussion

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#### Content



- 1. Summary
- 2. Methodology
- 3. Belgian Fiscal Federalism

#### 1. Summary



#### 1. Good overview of

- theoretical fiscal federalism
- applied to Belgian situation

#### 2. Main result:

decentralisation did not hamper

- reduction of size of government
- reduction of deficit
- reduction of public debt

#### Content



- 1. Summary
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## 2. Methodology of main result



## 1. dependent variable

- cyclical element => structural primary balance
- sustainability more relevant
- differentiate between successful and failed consolidations (as in Alesina & Perotti, 1995, or Darby, Muscatelli & Roy, 2005)

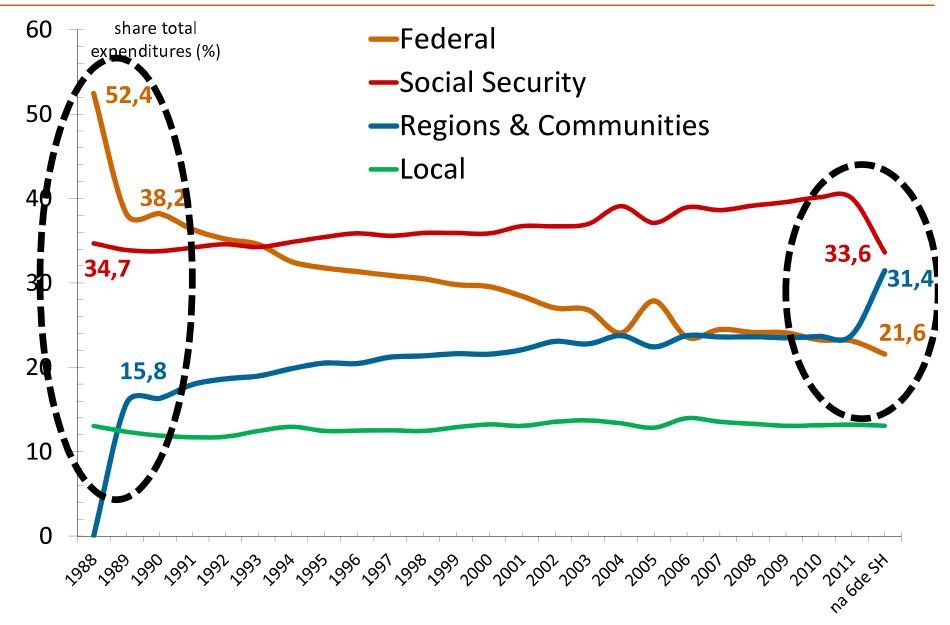
## 2. Methodology of main result



- 2. explanatory variable (decentralisation)
  - proxied by time period...
  - why not:
    - share in revenue
    - share in expenditures
    - Vertical Fiscal Gap
  - readily available

## 2. Share in expenditures





## 2. Vertical Fiscal Gap



• old SFA, bn € 2012 (estimate)

	Flemish region	Wallonia	Brussels
Regional taxes	5,1	2,5	1,3
Total Revenues	11,7	6,4	2,5
Regional taxes as % of total Revenues	44%	39%	51%

## 2. Vertical Fiscal Gap



• old SFA, bn € 2012 (estimate)

	Flemish region	Dutch Speaking Community	Flanders	Wallonia	Brussels
Regional taxes	5,1	_	5,1	2,5	1,3
Total Revenues	11,7	13,4	25,1	6,4	2,5
Regional taxes as % of total Revenues	44%	-	20%	39%	51%

## 2. Vertical Fiscal Gap



new SFA, bn € 2012 (estimate)

	Flemish region	Dutch Speaking Community	Flanders	Wallonia	Brussels
Regional taxes	11,9	-	11,9	5,5	2,2
Total Revenues	15,5	19,3	34,7	7,7	3,1
Regional taxes as % of total Revenues	77%	<del>-</del>	34%	71%	71%

## 2. Methodology of main result



- 3. enough control for endogeneity?
- 4. panel OECD (13 countries 1991-2011):

"The average fiscal decentralisation ratio does not have a significant effect on fiscal sustainability, but it has a significant positive effect on the primary balance ratio"

(Demaeght, 2013)

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## 3. Belgian Fiscal Federalism



#### 1. Fiscal Federalism:

- spill-overs
- economies of scale
- preference heterogeneity
- moral hazard

• . . .

Thé question: empirical magnitudes?

## 3. Belgian Fiscal Federalism



- 2. Behaviour of gov'ts, politicians, ...
  - model-wise: in its infancy
  - two paradigms of gov't behaviour
  - with different results

## 3. Belgian Fiscal Federalism



#### 3. Fiscal Equalization

- follows from Horizontal Equity
- ≠ redistribution (or vertical equity)
- ? normative framework for individuals
   # normative framework for groups
- fiscal equalization can foster growth (contrary to dis-incentive)
- poverty trap: doubts