



<b>BUREAU VERITAS HARDLINE DIVISION</b>	Procedure No. <b><u>DRAFT #3</u></b>
	Issue No. <b><u>0</u></b>
Test Method BS EN ISO 9994:2002	Effective Date: <b>PENDING REVIEW</b>
Method: "Key Testing" / Screen Test	Prepared By: Chris Davey
	Approved By:

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### 1.0 Purpose

- To assist in the "Key Testing" / Screen Test assessment of lighters which fall within the scope of BS EN ISO 9994:2002  
This procedure must be read in conjunction with BS EN ISO 9994:2002

### 2.0 Scope

- This procedure is a "Key Testing" / Screen Test and in consequence only applies certain clauses, it should not be used for the type approval of lighters which fall within the scope of BS EN ISO 9994:2002

### 3.0 Responsibilities

- It is the responsibility of all that test according to this method to read and understand this method, and follow all relevant safety procedures.

### 4.0 Definitions

- See Clause 2 of BS EN ISO 9994:2002

### 4.0 Apparatus & Equipment

- Rule/tape measure of sufficient length and with a resolution of 1mm
- Oven
- Thermocouples and recording device with a resolution of 0.1°
- 45° angle rig
- Draught free enclosure
- Containment vessel

### 6.0 References

- BS EN ISO 9994:2002

### 7.0 Interference's

N/A

## 8.0 Work Instruction

BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Test Method	<b>FLAME HEIGHT MEASUREMENT [5.2]</b>	"Key Testing" / Screen Test
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### PURPOSE:

The goal of this document is to help with the understanding of BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Standard Clause 5.2 Flame height Measurement

### DEFINITIONS:

**"2.13 Flame Height: linear distance from the tip of the visible flame to the top of the shield or, in the absence of a shield, from the tip of the visible flame to the bottom of the exposed wick or the top of the burner valve orifice"**

**"2.20 Flame: result of combustion of fuel that produces heat and often light which could be visible with the naked eye under normal or subdued lighting conditions"**

### APPARATUS:

**"5.2.1.1 - Vertically supported non flammable board, marked horizontally in 5 mm increments. The board shall be fitted with a stand-off at the base point, to position the lighter at least 25 mm from the board"**

Comment: The 25 mm gap between the lighter and the ruler must be respected to avoid an improper increase in flame height due to the close proximity of the wall (photo2)

**"5.2.1.2 - Draught-free chamber, constructed from non-flammable materials"**

Comment: The chamber must avoid exposing the flame to any air draught (photo 1).

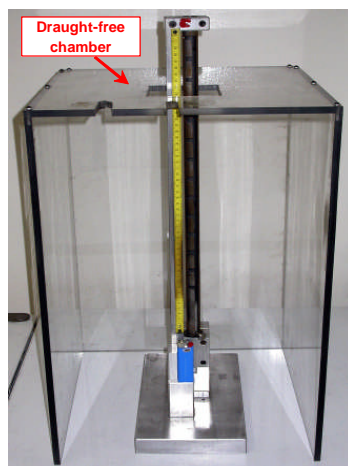


Photo 1

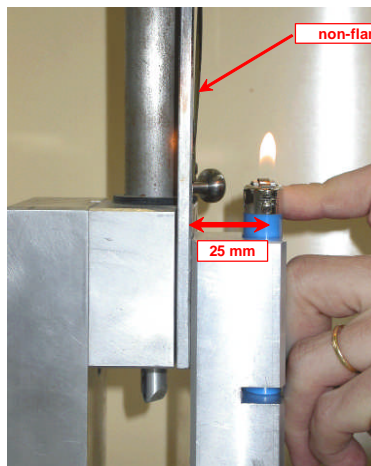


Photo 2

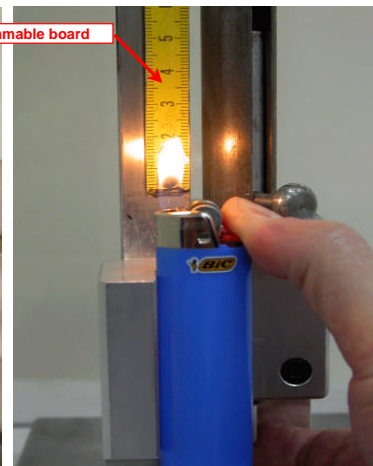


Photo 3

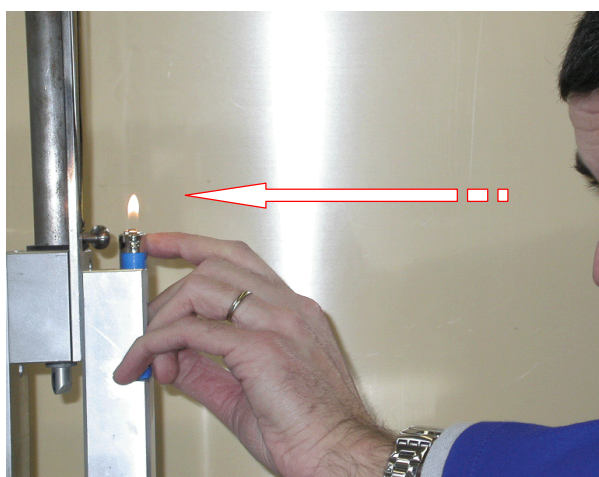


Photo 4

PROCEDURE:

**"5.2.2.2 - Stabilise all test specimens at (23 +/- 2)°C for at least 10h prior to each flame height measurement"**

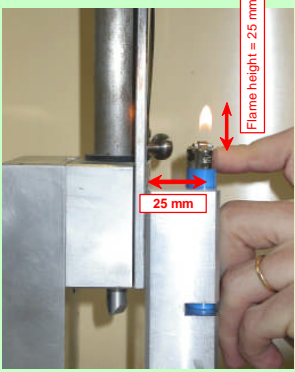
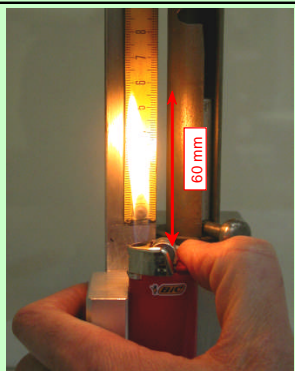
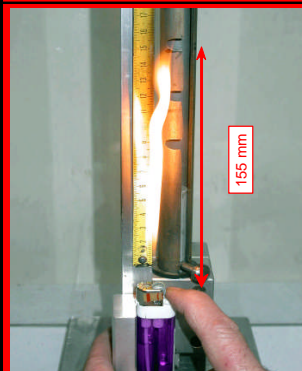
**Comment:** Mark on each lighter the initial position of the flame height adjusting device in such a way so that the adjusting device can be returned to the manufacturing setting during the stabilisation periods (10 h).

**"5.2.2.4 - Ignite the specimen lighter and determine the flame height, as defined in 2.13, to the nearest 5 mm by means of the marks on the board behind the lighter, during a 5 s burn"**

**Comment:** The tester must align their vision with the top of the flame to avoid any parallax effect (photo 4).

Record the maximum flame height observed within the 5s period burn, excluding the initial flaring produced during ignition.

REQUIREMENTS:

	Specification	OK	NOT OK
3.2.1.1 Non-adjustable fluid lighter:	≤ 120 mm	/	/
3.2.1.2 Non-adjustable postmixing and premixing gas lighter:	≤ 50 mm		/
3.2.2.2 Adjustable postmixing lighter with flame height adjusted by manufacturer (1st lighting by user):	≤ 100 mm	/	/
3.2.2.3 Adjustable postmixing lighter set at maximum flame height limit:	≤ 120 mm		
3.2.2.4 Adjustable premixing lighter with flame height adjusted by manufacturer (1st lighting by user):	≤ 60 mm	/	/
3.2.2.5 Adjustable premixing lighter set at maximum flame height limit:	≤ 75 mm	/	/
3.2.2.6 Adjustable postmixing and premixing lighter set at minimum flame height limit:	≤ 50 mm	/	/

BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Test Method	<b>SPITTING, SPUTTERING AND FLARING TESTS [5.3]</b>	"Key Testing" / Screen Test
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**PURPOSE:**

The goal of this document is to help with the understanding of BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Standard Clause 5.3 Spitting, sputtering and flaring tests

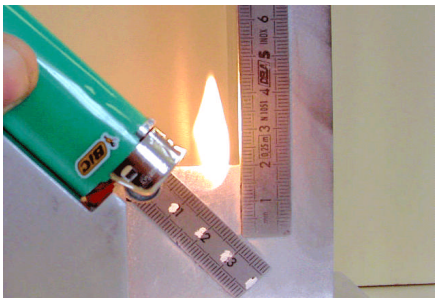
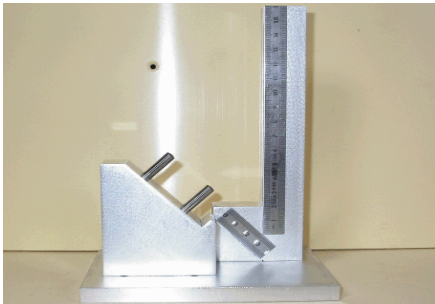
**DEFINITIONS:**

"2.17 Flaring: variation of height from the steady-state flame condition"

"2.19 Spitting/Sputtering: flame phenomenon of a gas lighter wherein the escape of non-evaporated liquefied gas produces a shower of burning liquid droplets which separate from the main flame".

**APPARATUS:**



Comment: To measure flame height for the flaring test described in 5.3.2.7 in case of increase of flame height when the lighter is inverted to an angle of 45° below horizontal




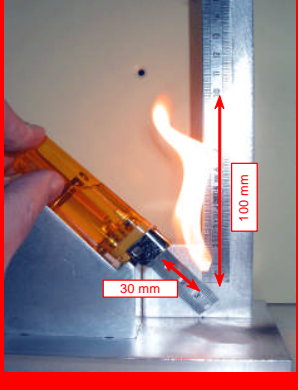
**PROCEDURE:**

"5.3.2.1 Stabilise all test specimens at (23+/-2) °C for at least 10h prior to each spitting, sputtering and flaring test."




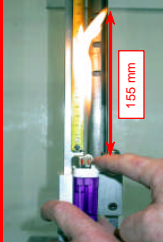
"5.3.2.2 If the lighters are adjustable, as defined in 2.8, adjust the flame to its maximum height."

		OK	NOT OK
Phase #1 Spitting/Sputtering	<p>5.3.2.3 "Ignite a lighters and observe for spitting or sputtering (...) during 5 s burn in any hand-held attitude"</p> <p><b>Failure:</b> any evidence of spitting or sputtering constitutes a failure</p>		 <p style="color: red; font-size: small;">Spitting, Sputtering</p>

"5.3.2.4 If the lighter does not fail, stabilise for a minimum of 5 min at (23 +/-2 )°C before continuing with procedure 5.2.3.7"

		OK	NOT OK
Phase #2 "Flaring 1"	<p>5.3.2.7 "Ignite the lighter with the flame directed vertically upward Observe the flame height and invert the lighter to an angle 45° below the horizontal Again observing the average or steady-state flame height during the procedure Extinguish the lighter and return it to the vertical position"</p> <p><b>Failure:</b> An increase, at any time, in flame height of more than 50 mm above the steady-state flame height during a total elapsed time of 5 s, or a maximum flame height exceeding the maximum values (...) constitutes a failure</p>		

"5.3.2.8 If the lighter does not fail, stabilise for a minimum of 5 min at (23 +/-2 )°C before continuing with procedure 5.2.3.10, 5.2.3.11 and 5.2.3.12"

		OK	NOT OK
Phase #3 "Flaring 2"	<p>"5.3.2.10 Invert the lighter for a period of 10 s"</p> <p>5.3.2.11 Reorient the lighter so that the flame will be directed vertically upward and ignite it</p> <p>5.3.2.12 Observe the flame height during 5 s burn</p> <p><b>Failure:</b> Any variation of flame exceeding 50 mm or exceeding the maximum values stated in 3.2 constitutes a failure</p>	 	 

BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Test Method	<b>FLAME EXTINCTION TEST [5.4]</b>	"Key Testing" / Screen Test
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**PURPOSE:**

The goal of this document is to help with the understanding of BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Standard Clause 5.4 Flame extinction test

APPARATUS (As used for Flame Height Measurement):

**"5.2.1.1 - Vertically supported non flammable board, marked horizontally in 5 mm increments. The board shall be fitted with a stand-off at the base point, to position the lighter at least 25 mm from the board"**

Comment: The 25 mm gap between the lighter and the ruler must be respected to avoid an improper increase in flame height due to close proximity of the wall (photo 2)

**"5.2.1.2 - Draught-free chamber, constructed from non-flammable materials"**

Comment: The chamber avoids exposing the flame to any air draught (photo 1).

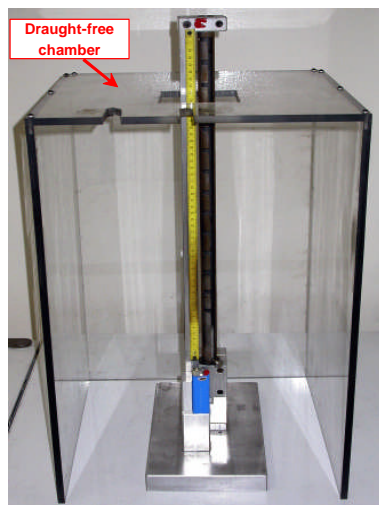


Photo 1

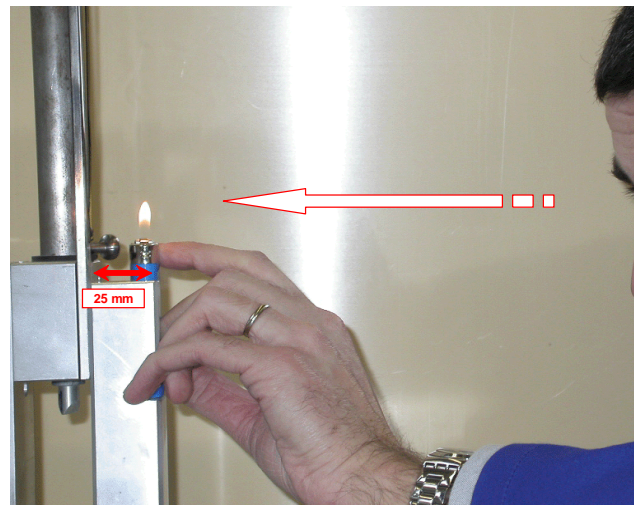


Photo 2

**PROCEDURE:**

**"5.4.2.1 - Stabilise all test specimens at (23 +/- 2)°C for at least 10h. It is recommended that the test be conducted under subdued lighting conditions"**

**"5.4.2.2 - Place a lighter against the flame measurement apparatus so that the flame will be directed vertically upward"**

**"5.4.2.3 - Ignite and adjust to the flame height specified in 3.5a) or 3.5b) or 3.5d) or 3.5e) and extinguish in the normal manner"**

**"5.4.2.4 - Extinguish and allow to cool for 1 min"**

**"5.4.2.5 - Ignite for the period(s) of time specified in 3.5a) or 3.5b) or 3.5d) or 3.5e), and extinguish in the normal manner"**

**"5.4.2.6 - Measure and record the time of any burning occurring after the extinguish action"**

**Failure: Afterburning (i.e continuous burning) in excess of the period of time specified in 3.5 constitutes a failure**

REQUIREMENTS:

	<b>Specification</b>
<b>3.5a) Non-adjustable postmixing gas lighter <u>after 10 s burn</u>:</b>	$\leq 2 \text{ s}$ (+ additional 2 s period below the shield)
<b>3.5b1) Adjustable postmixing gas lighter when set at a flame height of 50 mm, or the maximum flame height the adjustment allows if lower than 50 mm <u>after 10 s burn</u>:</b>	$\leq 2 \text{ s}$ (+ additional 2 s period below the shield)
<b>3.5b2) Adjustable postmixing gas lighter when set at maximum flame height <u>after 5 s burn</u>:</b>	$\leq 2 \text{ s}$ (+ additional 2 s period below the shield)
<b>3.5d) Non-adjustable premixing gas lighter (<u>no time</u>):</b>	$\leq 5 \text{ s}$
<b>3.5e1) Adjustable premixing gas lighter when set at a flame height of 50 mm, or the maximum flame height the adjustment allows if lower than 50 mm <u>after 10 s burn</u>:</b>	$\leq 5 \text{ s}$
<b>3.5e2) Adjustable premixing gas lighter when set at maximum flame height <u>after 5 s burn</u>:</b>	$\leq 5 \text{ s}$

BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Test Method	<b>VOLUMETRIC FUEL-DISPLACEMENT TEST [5.7]</b>	"Key Testing" / Screen Test
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**PURPOSE:**

The goal of this document is to help with the understanding of BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Standard Clause 5.7 Volumetric fuel-displacement test

**APPARATUS**

"5.7.3.1 - Balance having a sensitivity of 0,1 mg"



**PROCEDURE:**

"5.7.4.1 - Stabilise all specimen lighters at (23+/-2) °C for at least 10 h."

"5.7.4.2 - Determine the mass of the fuel by weighing a full unused specimen lighter, draining the fuel, and reviewing the empty lighter after 30 min."

"5.7.4.3 - Calculate the volume  $V_1$  of the liquid portion of the fuel using the density of the fuel at (23+/-2) °C:

$$V_1 = \frac{\text{Mass of fuel (grams)}}{\text{Density of fuel at (23+/-2) °C (g/cm3)}}$$

*If the fuel type and formulation are not known, use 0,54 g/cm3 for the density."*

"5.7.4.4 - Drill a hole no larger than 6 mm in the fuel reservoir and then weigh the lighter."

"5.7.4.5 - Fill the fuel reservoir with distilled water at a temperature of (23+/-2) °C using a syringe or other suitable device and ensuring that there are no air bubbles within the reservoir."

Comment: Be careful to use distilled water and not demineralized water.

*Depending upon the the design of the lighter and its fuel reservoir (size, shape and wall thickness), a vent hole may need to be drilled into the fuel reservoir in such a place as to facilitate the removal of trapped air during the filling. If a vent hole is used, then weigh the lighter after drilling the vent hole."*

"5.7.4.6 - Weigh the water-filled lighter."

"5.7.4.7 - Determine the mass of water by subtracting the mass of the empty lighter (see 5.7.4.4) from the mass of the water-filled lighter (see 5.7.4.6), or by measuring the amount of water required to fill the fuel reservoir of the specimen lighter, or by any other convenient means."

"5.7.4.8 - Calculate the volume of the lighter reservoir  $V_0$  as follows:

$$V_0 = \frac{\text{Mass of fuel (grams)}}{\text{Density of water at (23+/-2) °C (g/cm3)}}$$

**Failure: A ratio  $V_1/V_0$  greater than 0,85 constitutes a failure.**

BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Test Method	<b>DROP TEST [5.8]</b>	"Key Testing" / Screen Test
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**PURPOSE:**

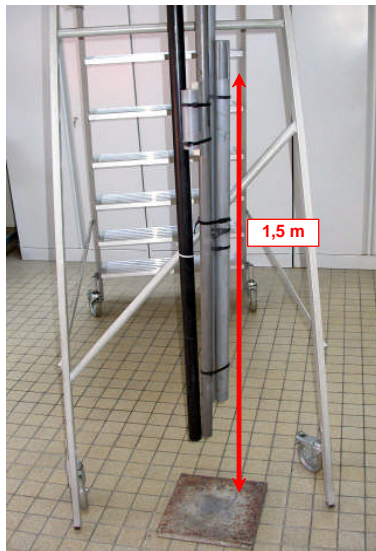
The goal of this document is to help with the understanding of BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Standard Clause 5.8 Drop test

**APPARATUS:**

"5.8.2.1 - Concrete surface"

"5.8.2.2 - Height-measuring device, marked to a height of (1,5 +/-0,1) m"

"5.9.2.3 - Balance having a sensitivity of 0,1 mg if gas escape is measured over an elapsed time of 1 min, or 1 mg if gas escape is measured over an elapsed time of 10 mm"



**PROCEDURE:**

"5.8.3.1 - For each type of lighter"

"Carry out the drop test on two different specimens"

**Specimen 1:** The lighter shall be stabilised at (23 +/-2)°C for at least 10h  
For an adjustable lighter, the flame height shall be set to its maximum height

**Specimen 2 :** The lighter shall be maintained at a temperature of (-10 +/-2)°C for 24h and then stabilised at a temperature of (23 +/-2)°C for at least 10h  
For an adjustable lighter, the flame height shall be set at 50 mm maximum

"5.8.3.3 - For gas lighters:"

"5.8.3.3.1 - Allow each specimen to fall freely from a height of (1,5 +/-0,1) m onto a concrete surface, from each of the following initial orientations"

- a) base down
- b) base up
- c) horizontal

Lighters fitted with a cover shall have their cover closed during the drop test."

"5.8.3.3.2 - Observe the specimen during each drop for fuel reservoir fragmentation, or for sustained self-ignition.""

**"Failure: Either rupture/fragmentation or sustained self ignition constitutes a failure"**

"5.8.3.3.3 - Within 5 min after the three drop tests, determine by weighing whether the rate of gas loss exceeds 15 mg/min."

**"Failure: Gas loss exceeding this rate constitutes a failure."**

"5.8.3.4 - All lighters that do not fail the tests under 5.8.3.2 and 5.8.3.3, and that are able to be ignited in the intended manner, shall subsequently meet all requirements of clause 3"

"5.8.3.5 - Lighters that are not able to be ignited in the intended manner do not constitute a failure"

BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Test Method	<b>ELEVATED TEMPERATURE TEST [5.9]</b>	<b>"Key Testing" / Screen Test</b>
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**PURPOSE:**

The goal of this document is to help with the understanding of BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Standard Clause 5.9 Elevated temperature test.

**APPARATUS:**

"5.9.2.1 - Enclosure, vented to prevent accumulation of gas, capable of maintaining a temperature of (65 +/-2)°C"

"5.9.2.2 - Device for measuring the temperature to within +/- 2°C"

"5.9.2.3 - Balance having a sensitivity of 0,1 mg"



Pressure cooker

**PROCEDURE:**

"5.9.3.1 - Stabilise the enclosure at (65 +/- 2)°C "

"5.9.3.2 - Ignite each specimen briefly to ensure it is not empty of fuel, and place the extinguished specimens in the enclosure for at least 4h"

Comment: As a protecting device for the equipment and the user, we recommend to use a pressure cooker which has been stabilised in the enclosure at (65 +/- 2 )°C for at least 2 h minimum, before putting the specimen lighters inside

"5.9.3.3 - After 4 h , remove the specimen and stabilise it at a temperature of (23 +/-2)°C for at least 10 h."

"5.9.3.6 - For gas lighters, after temperature stabilisation, determine by weighing, whether the rate of gas loss exceeds 15 mg/min"

**Failure: Gas loss exceeding 15 mg/min constitutes a failure. A lighter empty of liquid fuel also constitutes a failure**

Comment: A rupture/fragmentation of fuel reservoir also constitutes a failure.

"5.9.3.9 - Gas lighters that are able to be ignited in the intended manner shall subsequently meet the requirements of clause 3. Gas lighters that are not able to be ignited in the intended manner do not constitute a failure"



BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Test Method	<b>CONTINUOUS-BURNING-TIME TEST [5.12]</b>	"Key Testing" / Screen Test
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**PURPOSE:**

The goal of this document is to help with the understanding of BS EN ISO 9994:2002 Standard Clause 5.12  
Continuous-burning-time test

**APPARATUS**

**"5.12.2.1 - Draught- free chamber, constructed from non-flammable materials"**



**PROCEDURE:**

<p><b>"5.12.3.1 For fluid lighter and non-adjustable gas lighters"</b></p> <p>"a) Test with flames at their permanently set heights"          "b) Stabilise specimen lighters at a temperature of (23 +/- 2)°C for at least 10 h"          "c) Ignite a specimen lighter so that the flame will be directed vertically upward, and allow to burn for 2 min"          "d) Observe the specimen during the burn"</p> <p><b>"Failure: Appearance, at any time during the test of</b>          - continued burning of any component part          - expulsion of valve components          - fuel reservoir rupture/fragmentation, either with or without a flame  <b>constitute a failure"</b></p> <p><b>"Lighters used for the continuous-burning-time test shall not be used for any other tests"</b>  <b>"The fact that a lighter fails to complete this test does not constitute a failure of the test."</b></p>
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<p><b>"5.12.3.2 For adjustable gas lighters"</b></p> <p>"a) Set the flame height at 50 mm, or the maximum flame height the adjustment allows if lower than 50 mm"          "b) Stabilise specimen lighters at a temperature of (23 +/- 2)°C for at least 10 h"          "c) Ignite a specimen lighter so that the flame will be directed vertically upward, and allow to burn for 2 min"          "d) Observe the specimen during the burn"</p> <p><b>"Failure: Appearance, at any time during the test of</b>          - continued burning of any component part          - expulsion of valve components          - fuel reservoir rupture/fragmentation, either with or without a flame  <b>constitute a failure"</b></p> <p><b>"Lighters used for the continuous-burning-time test shall not be used for any other tests"</b>  <b>"The fact that a lighter fails to complete this test does not constitute a failure of the test."</b></p>
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### 9.0 Reporting Criteria

- Take and attach sample photo and include within the report.
- Record and report the information as stated above (see Annex 1 & Annex 2)
- Attach all the instruction(s)

### 10.0 Measurement Uncertainty

- Digital protractor +/- 1 degree
- 300mm rule +/- 0.5 mm
- Thermocouple +/- 0.5 mm


### 11.0 Quality Control

- Ensure all samples are individually marked with the respective project number

### 12.0 Health, Safety, & Environmental Requirements

- Laboratory coat as necessary
- Eye protection as necessary
- Safety Footwear

**Annex 1: Imposed Format – Virgin Document for reporting Key Testing / Screen Test Result**



**IMPOSED FORMAT - VIRGIN DOCUMENT**  
for reporting Key Testing / Screen Test Results

**ANNEX 1**

**KEY TESTING / SCREEN TEST REPORT**

**Applicant:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Standard:** BS EN ISO 9994:2002  
*Lighters - Safety specifications*

**Date of order:** .... / .... / .... **Identification of samples:** \_\_\_\_\_  
*Photos of lighters in annex*

**Subject of Order:** Tests on gas lighters **Date of receipt:** .... / .... / ....

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS						STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY REQUIREMENTS			MARKING
3.2- Flame height as delivered (ø 100mm) (or for non-adjustable: 750 mm)	Maximum flame height (ø120 mm)	Maximum flame height (ø50 mm)	3.4- Resistance to spitting or sputtering and flaring	3.5- Flame extinction	3.6- Volumetric displacement	4.4- Resistance to dropping	4.5- Resistance to elevated temperature	4.9- Resistance to continuous burning	7- Product marking


SAMPLES TESTED										CONCLUSION
Model 1										
Model 2										
Model 3										
Model 4										
Model 5										
Model 6										

<b>C</b>	Complies with the standard requirement	<b>COMPLY</b>
<b>NC</b>	Does not comply with the standard requirement	<b>DO NOT COMPLY</b>
<b>N/A</b>	This requirement is not applicable	

**Date of report**  
.... / .... / ....

**Signature of Test Officer**

**Annex 2: Imposed Format – Full Filled Document for reporting Key Testing / Screen Test Result**

 <b>BUREAU VERITAS</b>	<b>IMPOSED FORMAT - FULL FILLED DOCUMENT</b> <b>for reporting Key Testing / Screen Test Results</b>	<b>ANNEX 2</b>																				
<b>KEY TESTING / SCREEN TEST REPORT</b>																						
<b>Applicant:</b> BIC	<b>Standard:</b> BS EN ISO 9994:2002 <i>Lighters - Safety specifications</i>																					
<b>Date of order:</b> 29-mars-05	<b>Identification of samples:</b> 50 "BIC" gas lighters of each type described below:  <i>Photos of lighters in annex</i> J1HL, J3, J5, J6, J8, J9																					
<b>Subject of Order:</b> Tests on gas lighters	<b>Date of receipt:</b> 2-mars-05																					
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="6">FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS</th> <th colspan="3">STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY REQUIREMENTS</th> <th>MARKING</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">3.2- Flame height as delivered (ø 100mm) (or for non-adjustable: 750 mm)</td> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Maximum flame height (7120 mm)</td> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Maximum flame height (750 mm)</td> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">3.4- Resistance to spitting or sputtering and flaring</td> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">3.5- Flame extinction</td> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">3.6- Volumetric displacement</td> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">4.4- Resistance to dropping</td> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">4.5- Resistance to elevated temperature</td> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">4.9- Resistance to continuous burning</td> <td style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">7- Product marking</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS						STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY REQUIREMENTS			MARKING	3.2- Flame height as delivered (ø 100mm) (or for non-adjustable: 750 mm)	Maximum flame height (7120 mm)	Maximum flame height (750 mm)	3.4- Resistance to spitting or sputtering and flaring	3.5- Flame extinction	3.6- Volumetric displacement	4.4- Resistance to dropping	4.5- Resistance to elevated temperature	4.9- Resistance to continuous burning	7- Product marking
FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS						STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY REQUIREMENTS			MARKING													
3.2- Flame height as delivered (ø 100mm) (or for non-adjustable: 750 mm)	Maximum flame height (7120 mm)	Maximum flame height (750 mm)	3.4- Resistance to spitting or sputtering and flaring	3.5- Flame extinction	3.6- Volumetric displacement	4.4- Resistance to dropping	4.5- Resistance to elevated temperature	4.9- Resistance to continuous burning	7- Product marking													
<b>SAMPLES TESTED</b>								<b>CONCLUSION</b>														
BIC J1HL	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	COMPLY												
BIC J3	C	N/A	N/A	C	C	C	C	C	C	COMPLY												
BIC J5	C	N/A	N/A	C	C	C	C	C	C	COMPLY												
BIC J6	C	N/A	N/A	C	C	C	C	C	C	COMPLY												
BIC J8	C	N/A	N/A	C	C	C	C	C	C	COMPLY												
BIC J9	C	N/A	N/A	C	C	C	C	C	C	COMPLY												
<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">C</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">Complies with the standard requirement</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; background-color: #00FF00; color: white;">COMPLY</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">NC</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">Does not comply with the standard requirement</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; background-color: #FF0000; color: white;">DO NOT COMPLY</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">N/A</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">This requirement is not applicable</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>										C	Complies with the standard requirement	COMPLY	NC	Does not comply with the standard requirement	DO NOT COMPLY	N/A	This requirement is not applicable					
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<b>Date of report</b> .... / .... / ....					<b>Signature of Test Officer</b>																	