

EUROBAROMETER 67

PUBLIC OPINION IN THE EUROPEAN UNION

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INTRODUCTION

This standard Eurobarometer was carried out between 10 April and 15 May 2007. This wave of the standard Eurobarometer, Eurobarometer 67, is the first carried out since the EU expanded to include 27 Member States. For the first time also, the standard Eurobarometer questionnaire was used to poll residents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia between 23 June and the 4 July 2007.

Being aware of the calendar of field interviews is essential to understanding the results presented here since there have been important developments in Europe in recent months. The study was carried out at a time when Germany held the presidency of the European Union (since January 2007). The 50th anniversary of the signature of the Treaty of Rome was celebrated on 25 March 2007. On 6 May Nicolas Sarkozy won the French presidential election. At the same time, the German presidency's efforts to make progress on the reform of the European treaties were at the forefront of European Union news. The media also covered the agreement on the reduction in mobile telephone roaming prices. In addition, certain countries were marked by political crises. In Romania, President Basescu successfully defended his policies in an impeachment referendum; in Turkey, the nomination by the ruling AKP party of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Abdullah Gül, to the presidency triggered a debate on the place of religion in society. That debate was transformed into a political crisis and led to early parliamentary elections¹.

Political events were not however the sole backdrop to this survey. The most important contextual dimension was perhaps the strong economic performance of several European countries. Those economic results were not lost on citizens and the Eurobarometer 67 reveals an element of economic confidence which seems to affect a certain number of indicators.

¹ The Turkish parliamentary elections were held on 22 July.

This standard Eurobarometer covers 31 countries or territories: respondents in the 27 Member States of the European Union, the three candidate countries (Croatia, Turkey and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia) and the Northern Part of Cyprus (the part of the country not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus) were polled during this wave. Given that this is the first poll carried out since Romania and Bulgaria joined the European Union, the general analysis and the socio-demographic analysis are based on the EU27 results. The following points should also be borne in mind when analysing the results:

- in the analysis of changes at European level, the EU27 will be compared with the EU25;
- the 12 new Member States will be compared with the 10 new Member States before the last enlargement;
- there are now three candidate countries included in the standard Eurobarometer: Croatia, Turkey and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

This Eurobarometer was commissioned by the European Commission's Directorate General Communication and carried out by TNS Opinion & Social. The methodology used is that of the Standard Eurobarometer surveys of the Directorate General Communication ("Public Opinion and Media Monitoring" unit). A technical note concerning the interviews carried out by the institutions of the TNS Opinion & Social network is annexed to the report. This note specifies the method used for the interviews and the intervals of confidence.

The general analysis and the socio-demographic analysis are based on the EU27 results.

This report examines the main subjects relating to the European Union and the construction of Europe.

- ◆ The first part focuses on how citizens perceive life in the European Union and deals with personal, economic, social and political aspects. It also analyses how Europeans perceive the performance of their national economy and that of the European Union, their level of trust in their institutions and national media and their interpretation of various political concepts.

- ◆ The second part addresses the relationship between the European Union and its citizens by analysing what Europeans think about democracy and European identity, their country's membership of the European Union and the European institutions. This part also examines the level of knowledge and information of citizens about European political affairs and the way the Union operates.
- ◆ The third part looks at the European Union's current role, how citizens perceive its actions in various areas and their support for existing European policies. We also examine the Union's place in the world, how citizens perceive globalisation and environmental issues and finally their support for various European policies.
- ◆ The fourth part focuses on the European Union's future. In this part we examine to what extent citizens are confident about the Union's future and the role that they want to see it play over the next 50 years, before looking at the future challenges facing the EU. To that end, we examine the European Union's priorities as perceived by citizens, what citizens think about a two-speed Europe, future enlargement, a European constitution and common educational measures.

In this report, we analyse the results and changes on three levels: first, the average of the 27 Member States (EU27); secondly, the average of the old Member States (EU15) and the 12 new Member States which joined the European Union after 1st May 2004 (NMS12); and, thirdly, the national averages. The averages for previous years represent the results obtained for all the Member States of the European Union, according to its composition at the time the relevant surveys were conducted.²

We have also added brief comments on the way replies vary according to certain socio-demographic characteristics of the respondents (gender, age, etc.), as well as according to certain other indicators, such as their attitude to the European Union and their political leanings.

Finally, we would remind readers that there are three kinds of Eurobarometer reports. The reports entitled "First Results" look at trend indicators and a selection of new subjects intended to present a rapid, operational overview of European public opinion on key issues. Secondly, this current report analyses in depth all the replies to the questions asked in a standard Eurobarometer wave. Finally, the national reports are written in the national language(s) of the country concerned³. They focus more on comparisons between the national results and the European Union average. These various reports are published on the "Public Opinion" internet site of the European Commission on Europa.

The "Public Opinion" internet site of the European Commission can be consulted at the following address:

http://ec.europa.eu/public_opinion/index_en.htm

*We wish to thank the interviewees for sparing the time to participate in this survey.
Without their active participation, this study would not have been possible.*

² The results tables are annexed. It should be noted that the rounding system has changed since wave 66 so that there is no difference between the sum of each of the cells and the total. This new system is also applied for the previous waves. Moreover, it should also be noted that the total of the percentages in the tables of this report may exceed 100% when the people interviewed have the possibility to give several answers to a question.

³ Summaries of the national reports also exist in English.

Note

This standard Eurobarometer was carried out between 10 April and 15 May 2007 (n° 67) and is part of the Eurobarometer wave 67.2.. It was carried out in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia between 23 June and 4 July 2007.

In this report, countries are referred to by their official abbreviation.

ABBREVIATIONS

EU27	European Union – 27 Member States
EU15	European Union - 15 Member States before the enlargement of 1 st May 2004
NMS	New Member States – 12 Member States which joined the EU during the last two enlargements
DK/NA	Don't know / No answer
BE	Belgium
BG	Bulgaria
CZ	Czech Republic
DK	Denmark
<i>D-E</i>	<i>East Germany</i>
DE	Germany
<i>D-W</i>	<i>West Germany</i>
EE	Estonia
EL	Greece
ES	Spain
FR	France
IE	Ireland
IT	Italy
CY	Republic of Cyprus*
CY (tcc)	Area not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus
LT	Lithuania
LV	Latvia
LU	Luxembourg
HU	Hungary
MT	Malta
NL	The Netherlands
AT	Austria
PL	Poland
PT	Portugal
RO	Romania
SI	Slovenia
SK	Slovakia
FI	Finland
SE	Sweden
UK	The United Kingdom
HR	Croatia
TR	Turkey
MK	Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

*Cyprus as a whole is one of the 27 European Union Member States. However, the “acquis communautaire” has been suspended in the part of the country that is not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus. For practical reasons, only the interviews conducted in the part of the country controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus are included in the category “CY” and in the EU27 average. The interviews conducted in the part of the country that is not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus are included in the category “CY (tcc)” (tcc: Turkish Cypriot Community).

**MK is a provisional code which does not at all prejudge the country's definitive name, which will be approved once the negotiations currently being held on this subject within the framework of the United Nations have been concluded.

I. LIFE IN THE EUROPEAN UNION

This introductory part of the report defines the context in which public opinion regarding the European Union needs to be interpreted. We analyse here the results obtained for questions dealing with the following aspects:

1) Personal aspects: satisfaction of Europeans with their own life, quality of life, their financial and job situation, changes that have occurred over the last five years, their expectations for the future and their main concerns.

2) Social and economic aspects: the current situation and the perception of European and national economic performances.

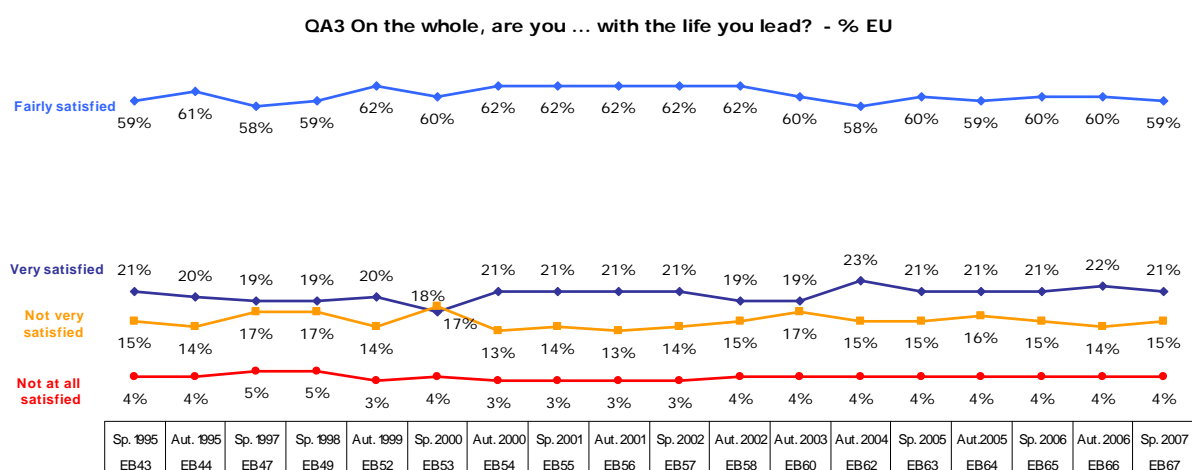
3) Political aspects: trust in the institutions and national media and the meaning of several political concepts.

1. Personal aspects

1.1 The current personal situation of Europeans

- Europeans are satisfied with their life and are confident about the future -

The vast majority of European Union citizens are satisfied with the life that they lead (80%), although this figure is slightly lower than that recorded in autumn 2006 (- 2 percentage points).⁴



The level of satisfaction varies only slightly according to the socio-demographic characteristics of the people interviewed. For example, the youngest Europeans are the most likely to feel satisfied with the life that they lead (89% of those aged between 15 and 24, versus 77% of the 55 and over age group).

Better educated respondents are more likely to be satisfied with their life than those who left school the earliest: 86% of people polled who were educated until the age of 20 or more are satisfied with their life versus 72% of those who left school before the age of 16.




⁴ QA3 On the whole, are you very satisfied, fairly satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all satisfied with the life you lead?

Europeans living on their own are also less likely to feel satisfied with their life than those that are part of a household composed of several people.

Finally, more than nine out of ten managers (91%) are satisfied with their life, versus 80% of manual workers, 84% of other white-collar workers and only 61% of unemployed people.

Behind these socio-demographic differences, the respondent's standard of living has an implicit influence on his or her satisfaction with the life that he or she leads.

QA3 On the whole, are you very satisfied, fairly satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all satisfied with the life you lead?

	Satisfied	Not satisfied
EU27	80%	19%
 Age		
15-24	89%	11%
25-39	82%	18%
40-54	77%	23%
55 +	77%	22%
 Education (end of)		
15-	72%	28%
16-19	79%	21%
20+	86%	13%
Still studying	90%	9%
Household composition		
1	72%	27%
2	80%	20%
3	82%	18%
4+	83%	17%
 Occupation		
Self-employed	84%	16%
Managers	91%	9%
Other white collars	84%	16%
Manual workers	80%	20%
House persons	78%	21%
Unemployed	61%	38%
Retired	75%	25%
Students	90%	9%

Levels of satisfaction also vary from one country to the next. On average, people interviewed who are living in the old EU15 countries are more satisfied with the life they lead (85%) than those living in the 12 new Member States (69%).

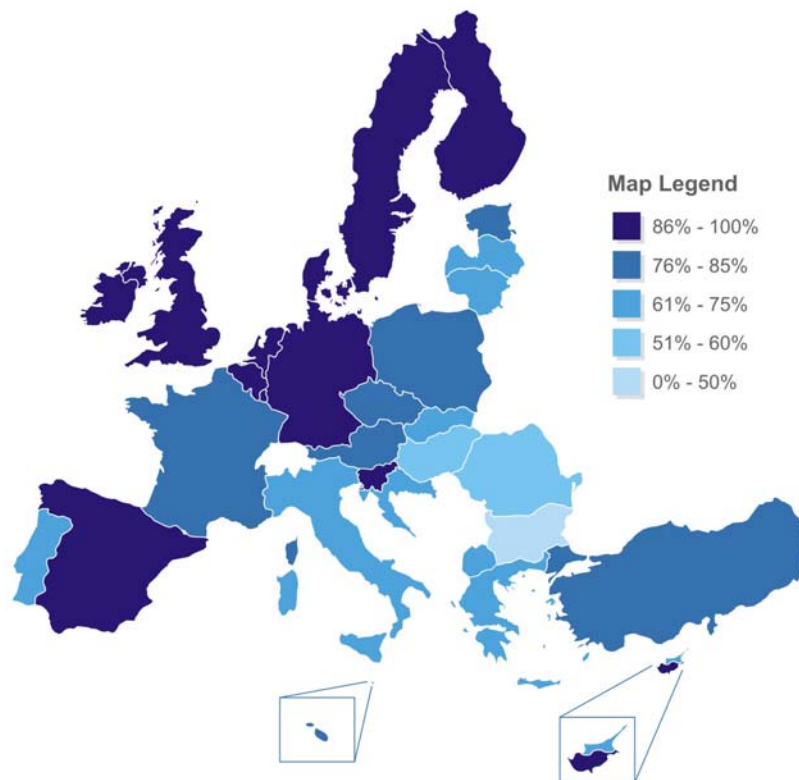
More than nine out of ten respondents are satisfied with their life in Denmark, the Netherlands, Sweden, Finland, Luxembourg, Slovenia and Ireland. On the other hand, two-thirds of Bulgarians (63%), half of Romanians (47%) and almost four out of ten respondents in Portugal (38%) declared that they were dissatisfied.

Three-quarters of respondents in the candidate countries (76% of respondents in Turkey, 72% in Croatia and 66% in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia) are satisfied with the life that they lead.

	DK	97%
	NL	97%
	SE	97%
	FI	94%
	LU	92%
	SI	91%
	IE	90%
	BE	89%
	UK	89%
	ES	88%
	CY*	87%
	DE	86%
	AT	84%
	FR	82%
	CZ	82%
	MT	82%
	EU 27	80%
	EE	78%
	PL	77%
	IT	74%
	SK	72%
	EL	67%
	LT	65%
	LV	63%
	PT	62%
	RO	53%
	HU	51%
	BG	36%
* CY(tcc) = 70%		
	TR	76%
	HR	72%
	MK	66%

Question: QA3 On the whole, are you very satisfied, fairly satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all satisfied with the life you lead?

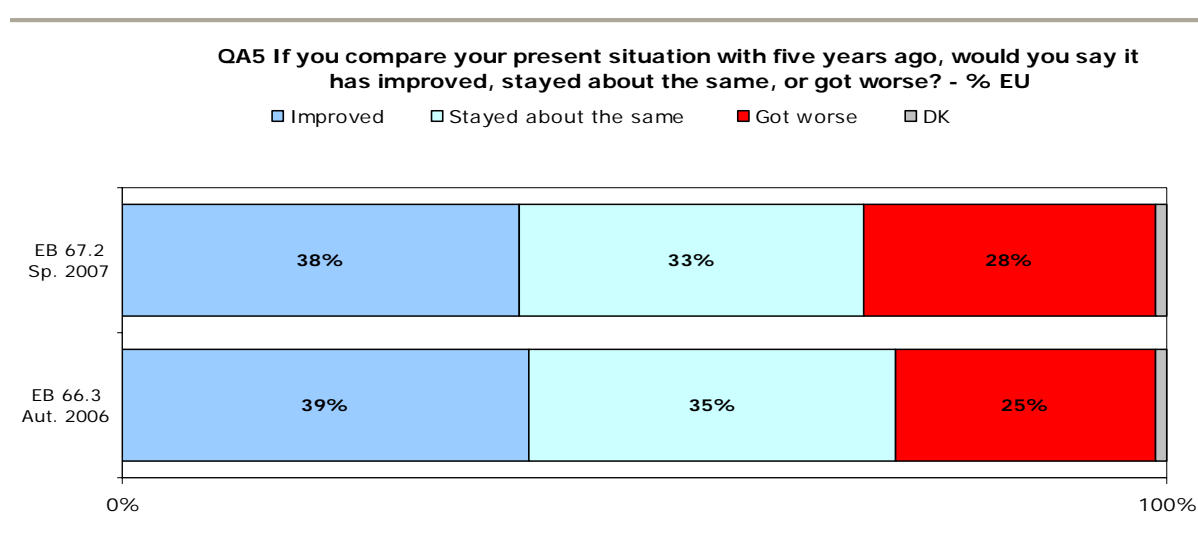
Answers: Satisfied



1.2 Changes in the personal situation of Europeans

- A small majority of Europeans consider that their life has improved over the last five years; this result is slightly lower than that recorded several months earlier -

When asked to compare their current personal situation with that of five years earlier, respondents are divided, although a majority of them are positive: 38% think that it has improved, 33% that it has not changed while 28% think that it has deteriorated.⁵ These scores are slightly lower than those recorded at the end of autumn 2006.



The perception of change over the last five years is strongly correlated to the age of the people polled: 56% of people in the 15 to 24 age group – whose personal situation is likely to have changed considerably in five years – consider that their situation has improved compared with only 21% of those aged 55 and over.

QA5 If you compare your present situation with five years ago, would you say it has improved, stayed about the same, or got worse?

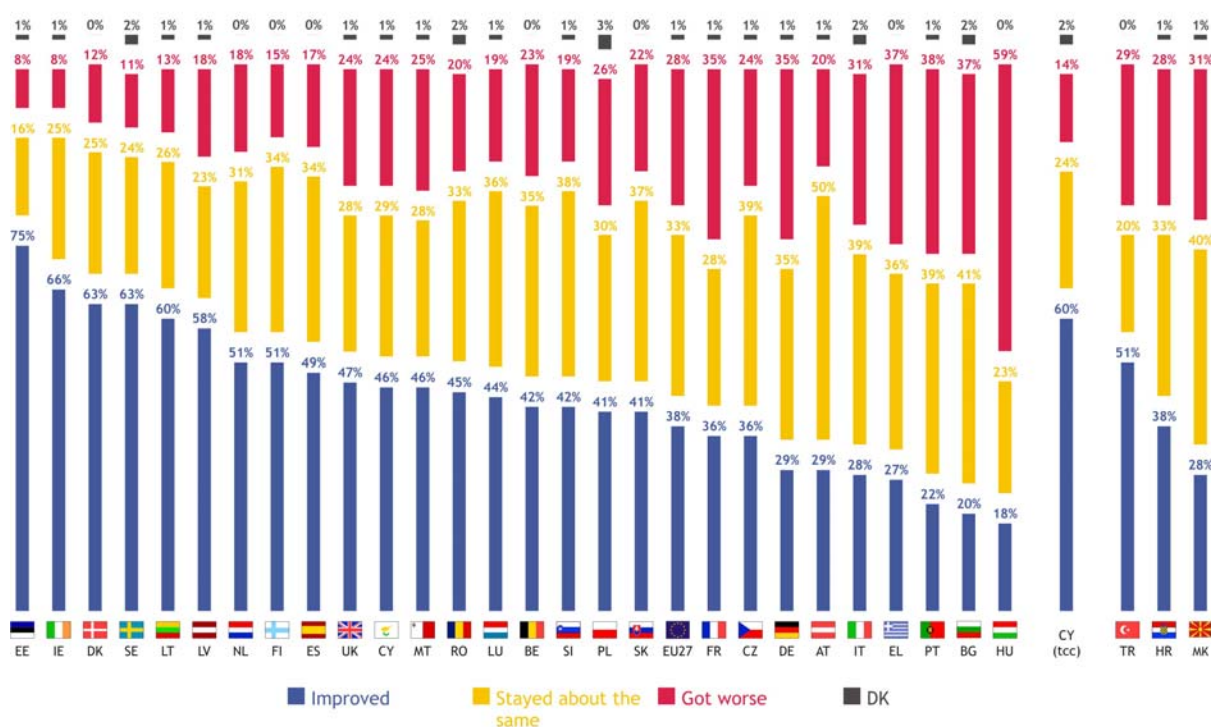
	Improved	Stayed about the same	Got worse	DK
EU27	38%	33%	28%	1%
Age				
15-24	56%	27%	14%	3%
25-39	52%	26%	21%	1%
40-54	36%	31%	32%	1%
55 +	21%	42%	36%	1%

⁵ QA5 If you compare your present situation with five years ago, would you say it has improved, stayed about the same, or got worse?

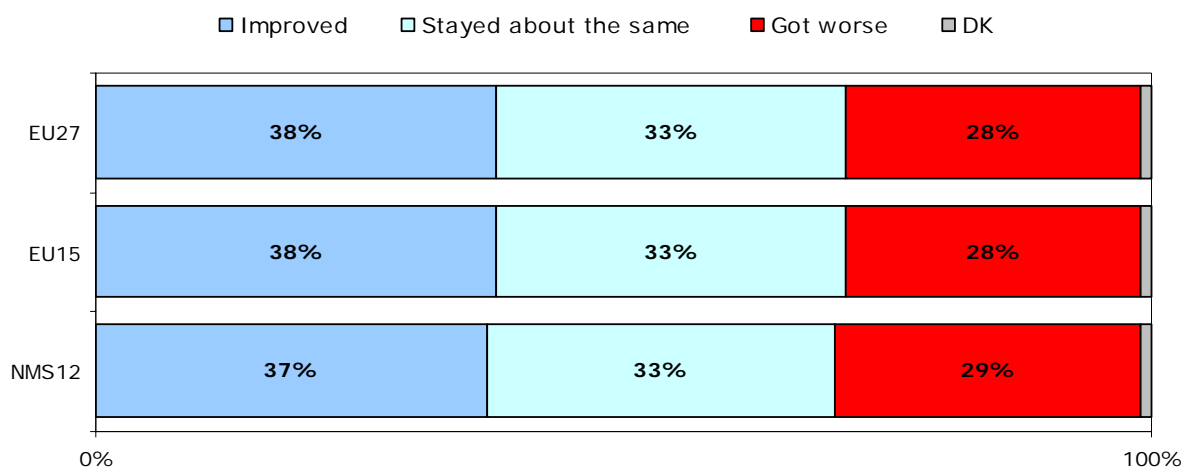
Three-quarters of respondents in Estonia (75%), two-thirds in Ireland (66%), Denmark and Sweden (63% each), six out of ten in Lithuania and Latvia (60% and 58% respectively) and more than half of interviewees in the Netherlands and Finland (51% in both cases) consider that their personal situation has improved. On the other hand, a vast majority of Hungarians (59%) and a large number of Portuguese respondents (38%) take the opposite view.

The majority of respondents in Turkey and, to a lesser extent, a majority of those in Croatia consider that their personal situation is now better than it was five years ago: 51% of Turks and 38% of Croatians share this opinion, compared with 20% and 33% respectively who consider that their situation has worsened in recent years. On the other hand, only 28% of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia think that their situation has improved, versus 31% who take the opposite view.

Question: Q45 If you compare your present situation with five years ago, would you say it has improved, stayed about the same, or got worse?



QA5 If you compare your present situation with five years ago, would you say it has improved, stayed about the same, or got worse?



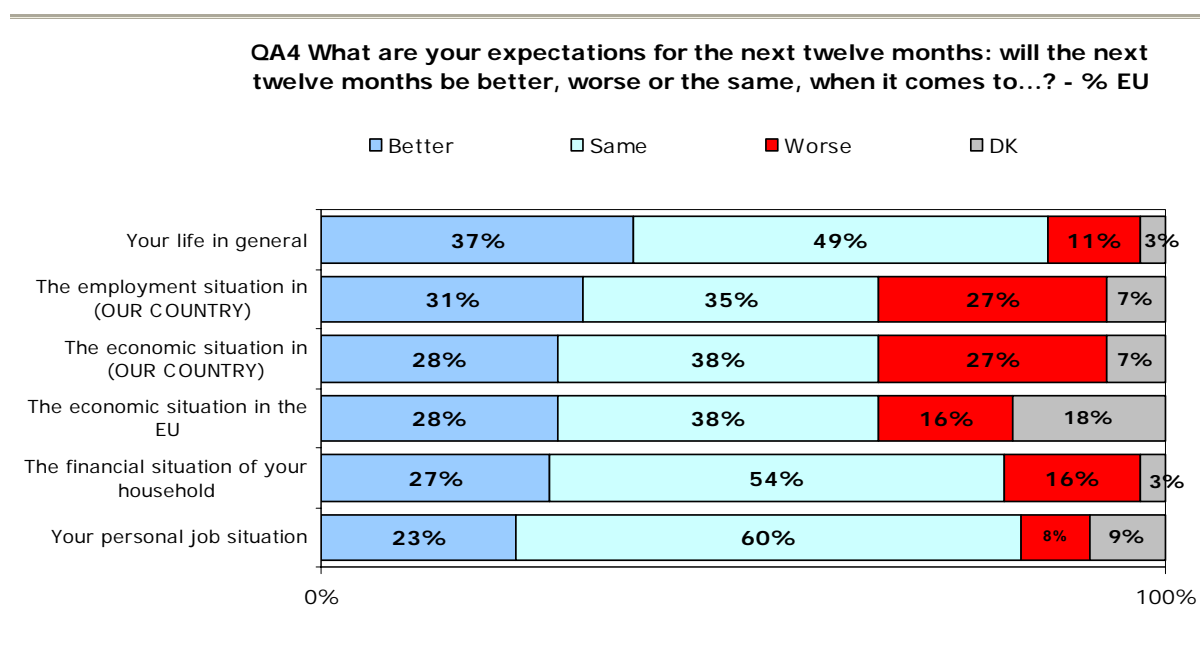
It is noteworthy that there is no difference between the EU15 and NMS12 countries on this aspect, despite fairly different standards of living.

It may well be the case therefore that replies on this aspect are influenced by certain cultural factors rather than sociological differences.

1.3 Future expectations

- A majority of Europeans do not expect any real changes in their personal or job situation over the next twelve months –

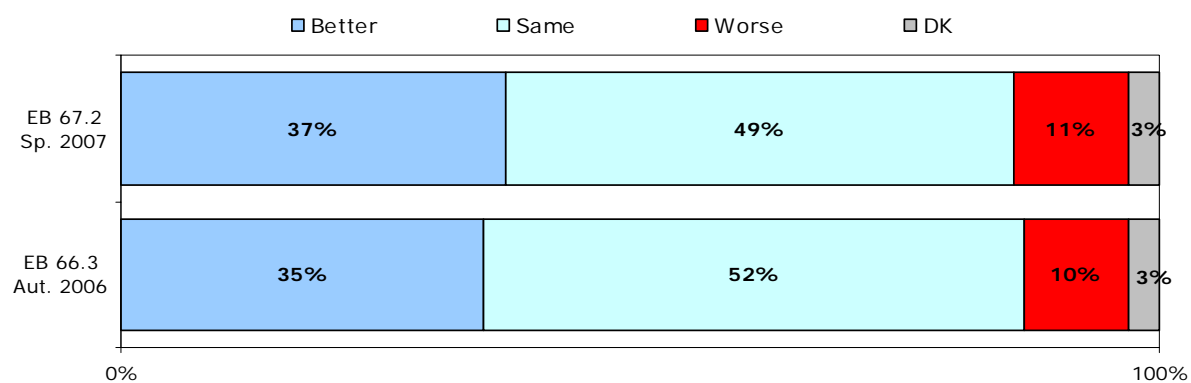
1.3.1 Personal expectations



As we have seen, the majority of Europeans are satisfied with the life they currently lead. They are also equally confident about their own future. More than a third expects their life in general to improve over the next twelve months (37%). Half of the respondents consider however that things will stay the same during the next year and, finally, 11% consider that their life will get more difficult.⁶ It is worth noting that the proportion of respondents expressing confidence in their future is slightly higher than at the end of autumn 2006 (+ 2 percentage points).

⁶ QA4 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...? 1. Your life in general; 2. The economic situation in (OUR COUNTRY); 3. The economic situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community; 4. The financial situation of your household; 5. The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY); 6. The employment situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community; 7. Your personal job situation; 8. The economic situation in the European Union

QA4.1 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...? Your life in general



QA4 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...? – by country

Your life in general			The financial situation of your household			Your personal job situation		
Better	Worse	Same	Better	Worse	Same	Better	Worse	Same

EU27	37%	11%	49%	27%	16%	54%	23%	8%	60%
EU15	37%	9%	51%	27%	15%	56%	24%	8%	61%
NMS12	36%	16%	45%	29%	20%	48%	21%	9%	56%

BE	35%	7%	58%	24%	10%	65%	22%	5%	64%
BG	22%	21%	52%	18%	25%	51%	14%	11%	67%
CZ	27%	17%	54%	18%	26%	54%	13%	12%	63%
DK	43%	2%	54%	30%	8%	60%	25%	3%	70%
DE	25%	11%	62%	18%	22%	59%	19%	8%	64%
EE	46%	7%	44%	38%	7%	53%	32%	3%	45%
EL	36%	16%	48%	24%	22%	53%	18%	8%	73%
ES	43%	8%	47%	30%	12%	56%	27%	6%	65%
FR	42%	6%	48%	30%	13%	53%	28%	5%	54%
IE	47%	5%	46%	35%	8%	53%	29%	4%	57%
IT	37%	13%	44%	25%	15%	55%	24%	12%	60%
CY	35%	13%	45%	15%	27%	54%	12%	10%	61%
LV	48%	8%	41%	39%	12%	46%	30%	5%	45%
LT	45%	10%	42%	38%	11%	48%	33%	12%	37%
LU	32%	7%	58%	19%	8%	72%	14%	4%	76%
HU	20%	37%	42%	15%	48%	36%	10%	23%	59%
MT	35%	11%	41%	18%	17%	59%	17%	7%	44%
NL	32%	3%	64%	28%	9%	62%	28%	6%	56%
AT	27%	10%	60%	25%	12%	61%	23%	8%	60%
PL	40%	11%	45%	31%	13%	53%	22%	4%	66%
PT	26%	24%	47%	17%	25%	56%	14%	14%	66%
RO	43%	15%	38%	39%	17%	39%	26%	8%	36%
SI	34%	7%	57%	21%	11%	66%	17%	7%	72%
SK	36%	14%	47%	30%	21%	46%	25%	12%	49%
FI	37%	4%	58%	24%	5%	70%	17%	3%	77%
SE	47%	2%	48%	38%	12%	49%	27%	3%	62%
UK	48%	8%	42%	35%	14%	48%	27%	6%	59%

CY (tcc)	40%	13%	35%	34%	11%	44%	30%	10%	46%
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HR	34%	15%	50%	27%	16%	55%	22%	9%	51%
TR	44%	16%	27%	39%	18%	34%	35%	17%	37%
MK	44%	15%	38%	33%	19%	45%	27%	18%	49%

The youngest and best educated respondents are once again the most optimistic: more than half of those in the 15 to 24 age group (59%) believe that their life will improve over the next twelve months compared with 19% of those aged 55 and over. In the same way, four out of ten respondents who studied beyond the age of 20 (41%) are similarly optimistic, while less than a quarter of those who left school before the age of 16 (22%) share that optimism.

QA4.1 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?
Your life in general

	Better	Worse	Same	DK
EU27	37%	11%	49%	3%
Age				
15-24	59%	4%	35%	2%
25-39	50%	7%	41%	2%
40-54	34%	11%	52%	3%
55 +	19%	15%	62%	4%
Education (end of)				
15-	22%	17%	57%	4%
16-19	38%	10%	50%	2%
20+	41%	8%	49%	2%
Still studying	59%	4%	35%	2%

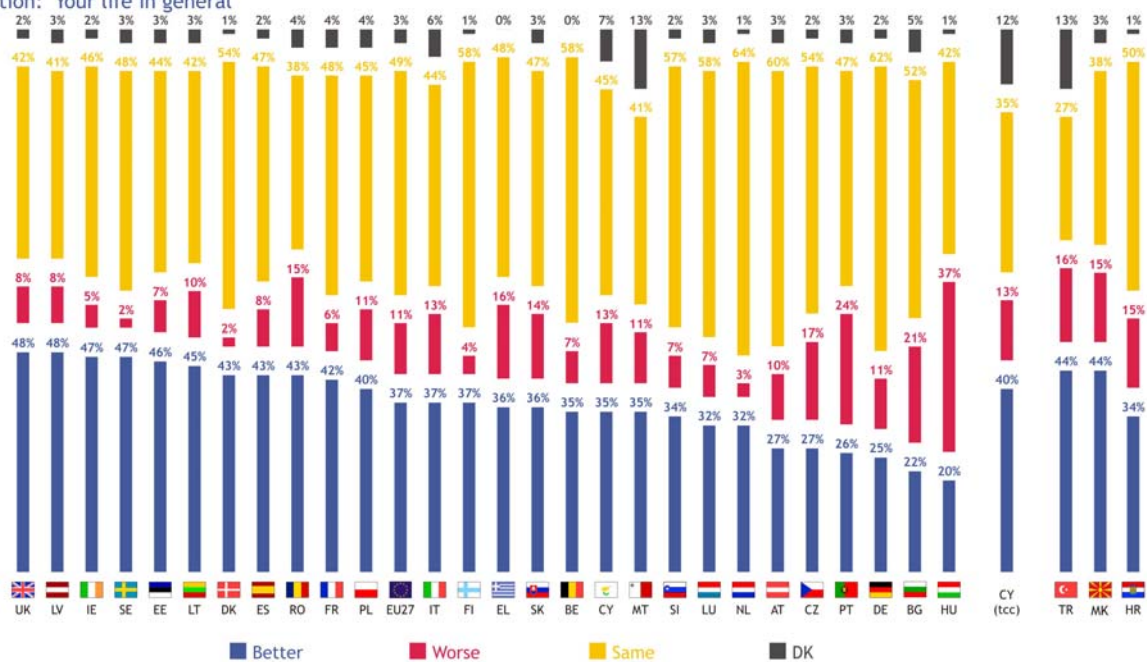


Respondents in the Baltic countries are particularly confident: 48% of Latvians, 46% of Estonians and 45% of Lithuanians believe that their life will get better over the next twelve months. Almost half of respondents in Sweden (47%) and the United Kingdom (48%) share that view. In Hungary, 37% of people interviewed expect their life to get worse over the next twelve months. Hungary is the only country where there are more negative than positive answers.

Half of Croatians do not expect their life to change over the next twelve months while in Turkey and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, more than four out of ten respondents are optimistic (44% in both cases).

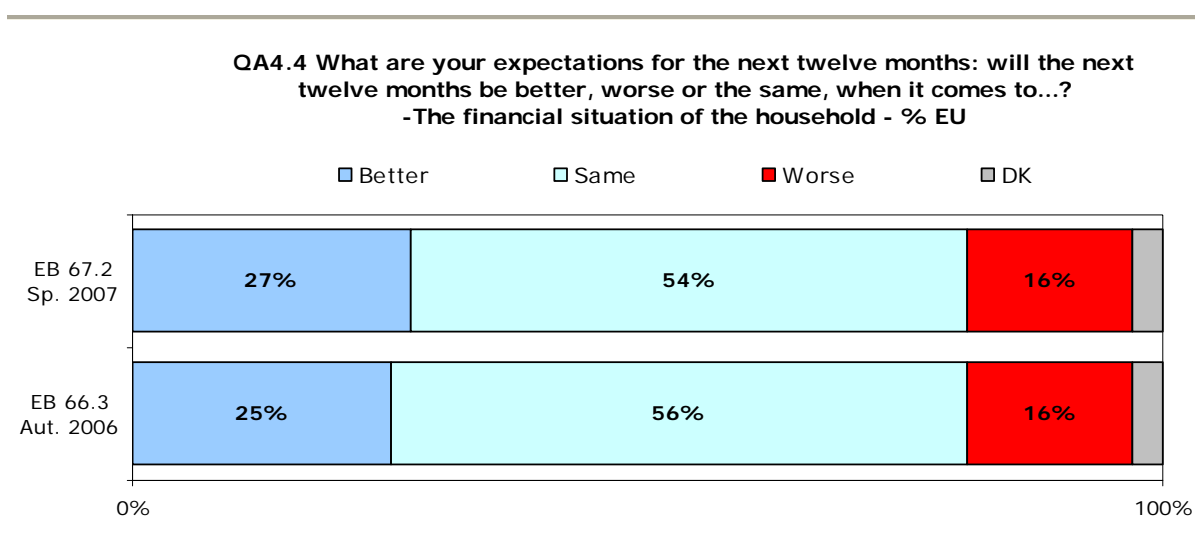
Question:QA4.1 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

Option: Your life in general



1.3.2 The financial situation

A quarter of Europeans also consider that the financial situation of their household will improve during the coming year (27%), compared with more than half of them who expect things to remain the same (54%). Finally, 16% of respondents believe that things will get worse. These results show a slight recovery in confidence among Europeans (+ 2 percentage points) compared to autumn 2006.



The younger and better educated the respondents the more likely they are to be optimistic about the future.

QA4.4 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?
The financial situation of your household

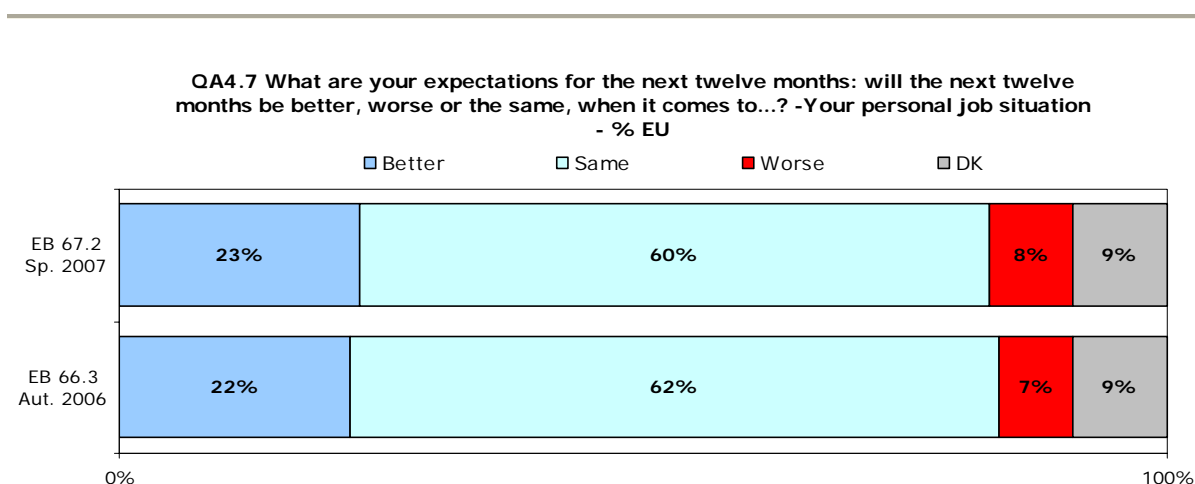
	Better	Worse	Same	DK
EU27	27%	16%	54%	3%
Age				
15-24	41%	10%	44%	5%
25-39	40%	13%	45%	2%
40-54	26%	19%	53%	2%
55 +	12%	20%	66%	2%
Education (end of)				
15-	16%	21%	60%	3%
16-19	28%	17%	53%	2%
20+	32%	12%	54%	2%
Still studying	38%	8%	48%	6%

Respondents in the Baltic countries remain the most confident: 39% of Latvians and 38% of Estonians and Lithuanians expect the financial situation of their household to improve over the next twelve months. Respondents in Sweden (38%) and the United Kingdom (35%) are also optimistic. On the other hand, half of Hungarians expect the financial situation of their household to deteriorate (48%). A quarter of interviewees in Cyprus (27%), the Czech Republic (26%) and Portugal (25%) share that view.

The majority of Croatians (55%) and almost one in two respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (45%) expect things to remain the same over the coming year, while four out of ten respondents in Turkey expect an improvement (39%).

1.3.3 The job situation




Six out of ten Europeans expect their job situation to remain the same over the next twelve months (60%), while just under quarter of respondents expect an improvement (23%) and a small percentage (8%) expects their job situation to get worse. Once again, the proportion of citizens who feel confident about their future job situation has increased very slightly since autumn 2006 (+ 1 percentage point).



Once again the youngest and best educated respondents are more likely to expect their job situation to improve. It is also interesting to note that unemployed people are not only the most likely to expect that their situation will improve (41%), but are also more likely, albeit to a lesser extent, to believe that their job situation will deteriorate in the short term (16%). The hope that their situation will change in the short term is therefore the dominant feeling within this disadvantaged group. Consequently, the proportion of those who do not expect any change is far lower than that recorded among Europeans as a whole (34% versus 60% of Europeans).

QA4.7 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

Your personal job situation

	Better	Worse	Same	DK
EU27	23%	8%	60%	9%
 Age				
15-24	40%	6%	44%	10%
25-39	36%	8%	53%	3%
40-54	23%	10%	62%	5%
55 +	6%	6%	72%	16%
 Education (end of)				
15-	10%	9%	69%	12%
16-19	24%	8%	60%	8%
20+	29%	7%	58%	6%
Still studying	38%	4%	46%	12%
 Occupation				
Self-employed	33%	9%	55%	3%
Managers	32%	7%	59%	2%
Other white collars	28%	9%	61%	2%
Manual workers	28%	9%	59%	4%
House persons	12%	8%	71%	9%
Unemployed	41%	16%	34%	9%
Retired	4%	5%	72%	19%
Students	38%	4%	46%	12%

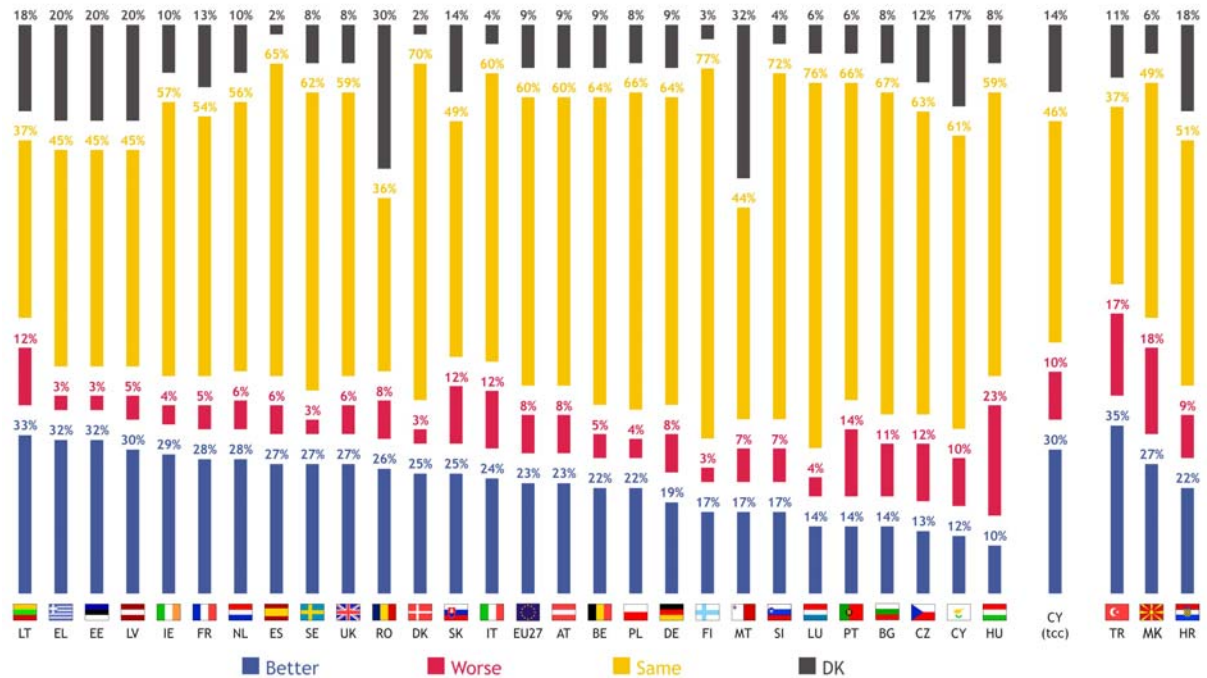
Once again, respondents in the Baltic countries are among the most optimistic: a third of them expect an improvement in their job situation (33% of Lithuanians, 32% of Estonians and 30% of Latvians) while a quarter of Hungarians are pessimistic (23% expect their job situation to get worse over the next year). This confirms the lack of confidence expressed by Hungarians in their short-term future.

Half of Croatians (51%) do not expect any change. That view is shared by 49% of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and more than a third of those in Turkey (37%). In Turkey, however, 35% of people polled expect their job situation to improve, while 27% of those polled in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and 22% of Croatians share this view.

In most countries, more people are optimistic than pessimistic in terms of their expectations over the next twelve months for the three aspects tested. Interviewees in the Baltic countries are the most confident alongside the Irish, French and Dutch. At the other end of the scale, respondents in Hungary, Cyprus, Portugal and the Czech Republic are the most pessimistic.

Question: QA4.7 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

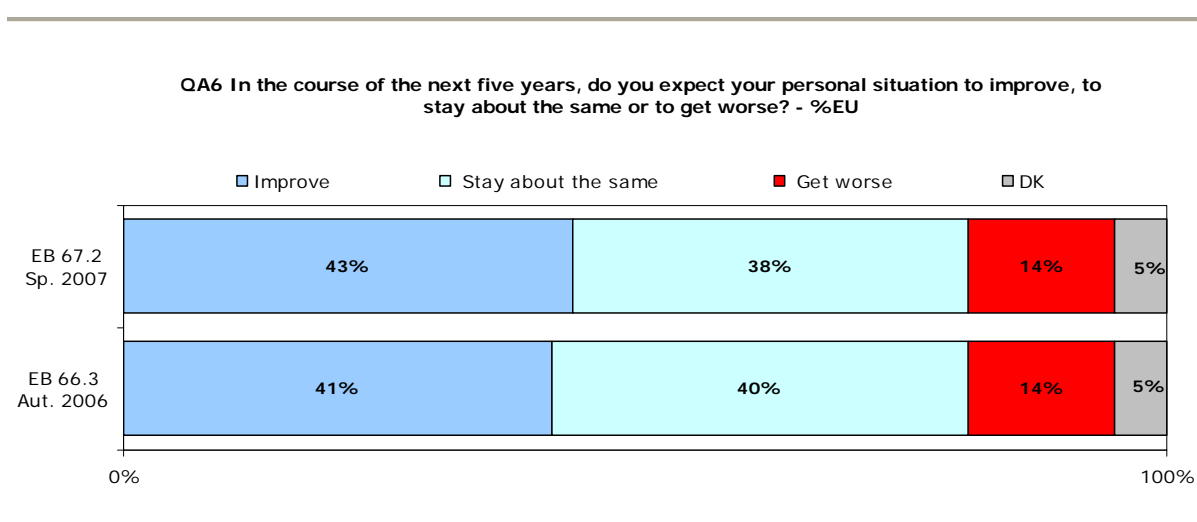
Option: Your personal job situation



1.3.4 Longer term expectations

- A majority of Europeans expect their situation to change for the better over the next five years -




From a longer term point of view, that is to say over the next five years, four out of ten Europeans expect their personal situation to improve (43%). Only a small minority (14%) expect things to get worse, while a third expect their personal situation to remain the same.⁷ These results reveal an upturn in optimism since autumn 2006 (+ 2 percentage points).



Almost three-quarters of respondents in the 15 to 24 age category (72%) expect their situation to improve in the period up to 2012, while fewer than two out of ten respondents aged 55 and over share their confidence (18%). The vast majority of the oldest age group (54%) do not expect any change. It is worth noting that the majority of unemployed people are confident that the job market will improve: almost six out of ten of them (59%) believe that their personal situation will get better over the next five years, which confirms the previous result.

⁷ QA6 In the course of the next five years, do you expect your personal situation to improve, to stay about the same or to get worse?

QA6 In the course of the next five years, do you expect your personal situation to improve, to stay about the same or to get worse?

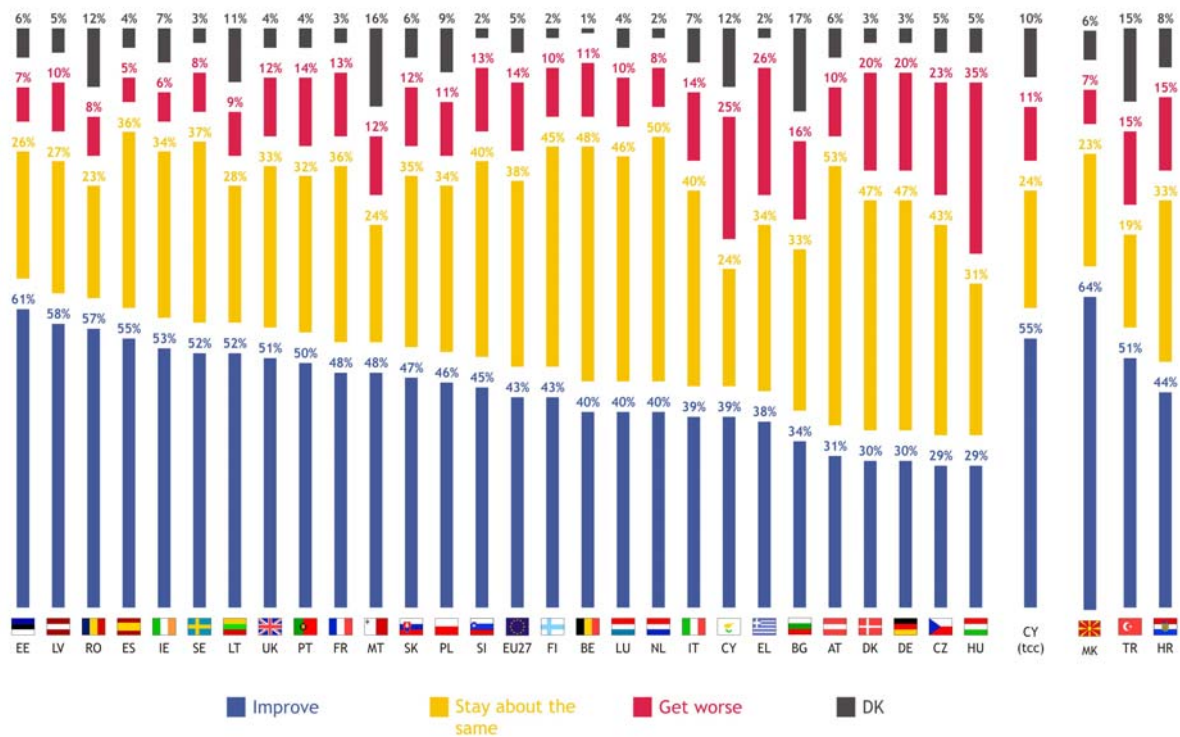
	Improve	Stay about the same	Get worse	DK
EU27	43%	38%	14%	5%
 Age				
15-24	72%	19%	5%	4%
25-39	60%	28%	8%	4%
40-54	41%	40%	13%	6%
55 +	18%	54%	22%	6%
 Education (end of)				
15-	26%	47%	20%	7%
16-19	43%	38%	14%	5%
20+	49%	38%	10%	3%
Still studying	73%	18%	6%	3%
 Occupation				
Self-employed	50%	32%	12%	6%
Managers	52%	36%	9%	3%
Other white collars	50%	36%	10%	4%
Manual workers	48%	34%	13%	5%
House persons	36%	46%	13%	5%
Unemployed	59%	23%	12%	6%
Retired	17%	54%	22%	7%
Students	73%	18%	6%	3%

It is noteworthy that those polled in the Baltic countries are just as optimistic about their long-term future as they are about their short-term future: 61% of Estonians, 58% of Latvians and 52% of Lithuanians expect their personal situation to improve in the period up to 2012. More than half of interviewees in Romania (57%), Spain (55%) and Ireland (53%) share the same view.

The strong feeling among respondents in Hungary (35%), Greece (26%) and Cyprus (25%), that their situation will deteriorate reveals a far more intense pessimism in these three countries than in the other Member States.

The majority of respondents in Turkey (51%) and Croatia (44%) are confident that their personal situation will improve over the next five years. Expectations for the future are particularly strong in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia where almost two out of three of those polled (64%) expect their situation to get better over the next five years.

Question: QA6 In the course of the next five years, do you expect your personal situation to improve, to stay about the same or to get worse?



1.4 The concerns of Europeans

- Unemployment and the economic situation are significantly less paramount national priorities than previously -

For Europeans, unemployment and crime are still the two most important issues facing their country. When asked to choose the two most important issues facing their country, from a list of 14 possible answers, a third of people interviewed (34%) mentioned unemployment, including 58% of Germans, and half of respondents in Portugal (53%), Greece and France (51% in both cases).⁸ Unemployment is seen as the main problem in 13 Member States.

A quarter of respondents mentioned crime (24%), which was ranked first in seven Member States. Half of those polled in Cyprus (51%) and Ireland (47%) made the same choice.

The economic situation was ranked third and was mentioned by 20% of the people polled and by more than four out of ten Hungarians and Romanians (ranked first in those two countries, with 41% in Hungary – on an equal footing with unemployment - and 44% in Romania).

The healthcare system and rising prices were mentioned by almost two out of ten respondents (18% each). Rising prices are seen as the most important issue in Latvia (63%) and Malta (34%). The state of the healthcare system is the main concern of respondents in Ireland (mentioned by 50% of the Irish), Finland, (40%), the Czech Republic (39%) and Denmark (36%).

15% of Europeans mentioned immigration, including a third of those polled in Spain (36%), the United Kingdom (32%) and Malta (30%).

Finally, pensions were ranked in seventh place (12%), on the same level as combating terrorism which is seen by Spaniards as the main issue facing their country (47%).

⁸ QA18 What do you think are the two most important issues facing (OUR COUNTRY) at the moment?

QA18a What do you think are the two most important issues facing (OUR COUNTRY) at the moment? (MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

	EU27	EU15	NMS12	Difference
Terrorism	12%	15%	2%	13
Immigration	15%	17%	6%	11
The educational system	9%	10%	4%	6
Protecting the environment	7%	8%	3%	5
Crime	24%	25%	22%	3
Unemployment	34%	34%	33%	1
Taxation	8%	8%	7%	1
Defence / Foreign affairs	2%	2%	2%	0
Housing	8%	8%	8%	0
Energy related issues	4%	4%	4%	0
Pensions	12%	11%	16%	-5
Rising prices/Inflation	18%	17%	23%	-6
Economic situation	20%	17%	31%	-14
Healthcare system	18%	15%	30%	-15

There are significant differences between the new Member States and the old Member States on this question, especially as regards the economic situation and healthcare systems, which were both mentioned more frequently in the NMS. Immigration is seen as a problem chiefly in the EU15 countries. Overall, other answers obtained scores of less than 10% yet reveal the following at country level: housing is seen as a problem by 32% of respondents in Luxembourg and 20% of Spaniards (versus an EU average of 8%); an almost identical proportion of interviewees in Luxembourg (20%), Sweden and Germany (18% each) and Denmark (17%) consider that the state of their educational system is a cause for concern (the EU average is 9%); two out of ten Slovenians and Italians (21% and 18% respectively) consider that the tax system in their country is unsatisfactory; and finally, respondents in Northern Europe are more concerned than others about protecting the environment (mentioned by 27% in Sweden, 26% in Denmark and 17% in Finland, compared with an average of 7%) and energy related issues (13%, 10% and 18% respectively compared with an average of 4%).

Unemployment (29%) and crime (27%), the two most frequently mentioned concerns, are seen as similarly significant concerns by people on the right of the political spectrum, while more than a third of interviewees with left-wing sympathies mentioned unemployment in first place (35%) followed by crime (20%).

QA18a What do you think are the two most important issues facing (OUR COUNTRY) at the moment? (MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

	EU27	Left-Right scale		
		Left	Centre	Right
Unemployment	34%	35%	36%	29%
Crime	24%	20%	25%	27%
Economic situation	20%	20%	18%	21%
Rising prices/Inflation	18%	17%	16%	17%
Healthcare system	18%	18%	19%	19%
Immigration	15%	13%	17%	17%
Terrorism	12%	12%	13%	12%
Pensions	12%	12%	13%	13%
The educational system	9%	11%	9%	7%
Taxation	8%	6%	8%	9%
Housing	8%	10%	7%	6%
Protecting the environment	7%	11%	7%	7%
Energy related issues	4%	5%	4%	6%
Defence / Foreign affairs	2%	2%	2%	2%

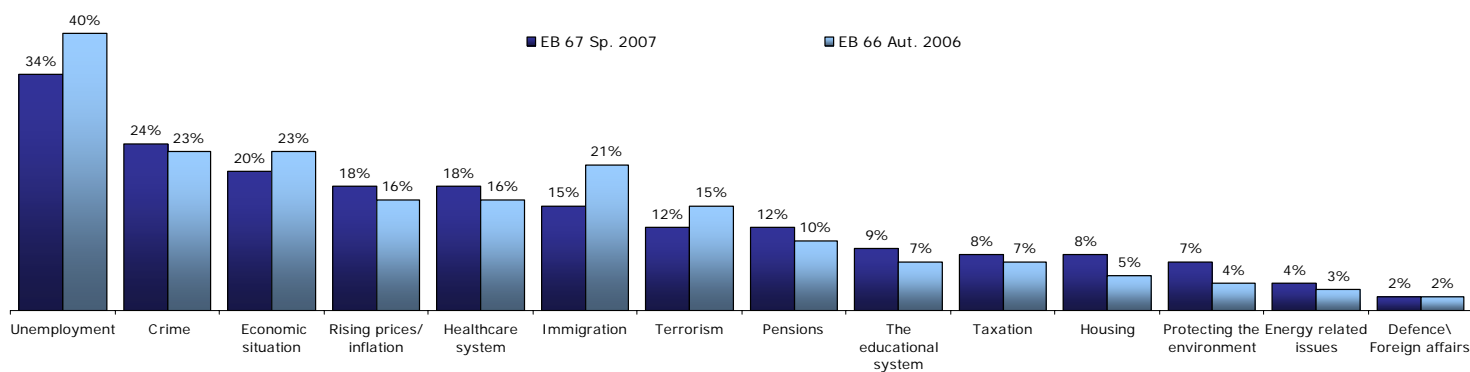
QA18a What do you think are the two most important issues facing (OUR COUNTRY) at the moment? (MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

	Unemployment	Crime	Economic situation	Rising prices/ inflation	Healthcare system	Immigration	Pensions	Terrorism	The educational system	Taxation	Housing	Protecting the environment	Energy related issues	Defence/ Foreign affairs
EU27	34%	24%	20%	18%	18%	15%	12%	12%	9%	8%	8%	7%	4%	2%
BE	39%	27%	12%	20%	3%	19%	17%	5%	3%	15%	11%	15%	6%	1%
BG	30%	35%	34%	29%	24%	5%	18%	2%	4%	3%	1%	2%	7%	0%
CZ	21%	28%	22%	23%	39%	5%	20%	2%	3%	9%	5%	5%	5%	1%
DK	5%	25%	5%	4%	36%	21%	4%	18%	17%	6%	5%	26%	10%	10%
DE	58%	16%	15%	15%	20%	8%	16%	7%	18%	8%	0%	8%	6%	1%
EE	7%	44%	17%	39%	20%	3%	10%	3%	9%	6%	2%	4%	9%	14%
EL	51%	20%	39%	28%	12%	5%	15%	3%	16%	4%	0%	4%	0%	1%
ES	19%	17%	9%	14%	4%	36%	5%	47%	4%	2%	20%	2%	1%	2%
FR	51%	24%	23%	21%	6%	10%	12%	6%	8%	5%	17%	11%	3%	1%
IE	7%	47%	9%	28%	50%	12%	3%	3%	3%	4%	15%	6%	6%	0%
IT	28%	28%	28%	26%	5%	15%	11%	9%	2%	18%	2%	5%	4%	1%
CY	16%	51%	16%	28%	11%	8%	14%	2%	8%	10%	10%	7%	3%	3%
LV	15%	14%	28%	63%	15%	6%	19%	1%	7%	10%	8%	3%	4%	1%
LT	13%	44%	26%	38%	19%	9%	12%	1%	5%	12%	7%	1%	8%	1%
LU	44%	9%	10%	27%	6%	10%	10%	3%	20%	3%	32%	9%	5%	1%
HU	41%	12%	41%	28%	37%	2%	12%	1%	3%	7%	2%	3%	6%	0%
MT	25%	14%	16%	34%	4%	30%	10%	0%	1%	7%	9%	16%	16%	1%
NL	6%	33%	22%	8%	31%	13%	4%	16%	24%	2%	5%	15%	6%	5%
AT	37%	22%	14%	25%	12%	20%	13%	4%	13%	9%	3%	15%	5%	2%
PL	45%	19%	25%	16%	34%	10%	16%	1%	4%	5%	8%	2%	3%	3%
PT	53%	11%	29%	30%	21%	3%	11%	2%	7%	14%	3%	0%	0%	1%
RO	20%	18%	44%	27%	27%	2%	17%	2%	4%	9%	13%	5%	2%	1%
SI	36%	14%	23%	18%	20%	3%	16%	0%	9%	21%	17%	8%	4%	8%
SK	36%	27%	29%	19%	27%	3%	13%	4%	5%	6%	8%	5%	7%	2%
FI	37%	12%	8%	12%	40%	4%	18%	2%	4%	17%	4%	17%	18%	3%
SE	43%	21%	16%	3%	31%	9%	7%	2%	18%	4%	3%	27%	13%	2%
UK	8%	41%	6%	7%	24%	32%	11%	25%	8%	7%	10%	8%	4%	3%
HR	62%	50%	35%	11%	8%	1%	17%	2%	2%	2%	4%	1%	0%	1%
TR	62%	19%	28%	9%	5%	3%	2%	50%	7%	3%	1%	0%	1%	2%
MK	72%	42%	52%	7%	5%	2%	3%	2%	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%

The three most important issues per country are shown in red.

In comparison with results recorded in autumn 2006⁹, it is worth noting that unemployment (- 6 percentage points), the economic situation (- 3 percentage points), immigration (- 6 percentage points) and the fight against terrorism (- 3 percentage points) were less frequently mentioned in this latest survey. On the other hand, protection of the environment (+ 3 percentage points), housing (+ 3 percentage points), rising prices (+ 2 percentage points), the healthcare system (+ 2 percentage points) and pensions (+ 2 percentage points) were mentioned far more frequently this time than in autumn 2006.

QA18a What do you think are the two most important issues facing (OUR COUNTRY) at the moment? - %EU



⁹ Standard Eurobarometer 66

2. Social and economic aspects

2.1 Future expectations

- Europeans are moderately confident about the prospects for the economic situation in the European Union -

2.1.1 The economic situation in the European Union

QA4 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...? – by country

	Your life in general			The financial situation of your household			Your personal job situation		
	Better	Worse	Same	Better	Worse	Same	Better	Worse	Same
EU27	37%	11%	49%	27%	16%	54%	23%	8%	60%
EU15	37%	9%	51%	27%	15%	56%	24%	8%	61%
NMS12	36%	16%	45%	29%	20%	48%	21%	9%	56%
BE	35%	7%	58%	24%	10%	65%	22%	5%	64%
BG	22%	21%	52%	18%	25%	51%	14%	11%	67%
CZ	27%	17%	54%	18%	26%	54%	13%	12%	63%
DK	43%	2%	54%	30%	8%	60%	25%	3%	70%
DE	25%	11%	62%	18%	22%	59%	19%	8%	64%
EE	46%	7%	44%	38%	7%	53%	32%	3%	45%
EL	36%	16%	48%	24%	22%	53%	18%	8%	73%
ES	43%	8%	47%	30%	12%	56%	27%	6%	65%
FR	42%	6%	48%	30%	13%	53%	28%	5%	54%
IE	47%	5%	46%	35%	8%	53%	29%	4%	57%
IT	37%	13%	44%	25%	15%	55%	24%	12%	60%
CY	35%	13%	45%	15%	27%	54%	12%	10%	61%
LV	48%	8%	41%	39%	12%	46%	30%	5%	45%
LT	45%	10%	42%	38%	11%	48%	33%	12%	37%
LU	32%	7%	58%	19%	8%	72%	14%	4%	76%
HU	20%	37%	42%	15%	48%	36%	10%	23%	59%
MT	35%	11%	41%	18%	17%	59%	17%	7%	44%
NL	32%	3%	64%	28%	9%	62%	28%	6%	56%
AT	27%	10%	60%	25%	12%	61%	23%	8%	60%
PL	40%	11%	45%	31%	13%	53%	22%	4%	66%
PT	26%	24%	47%	17%	25%	56%	14%	14%	66%
RO	43%	15%	38%	39%	17%	39%	26%	8%	36%
SI	34%	7%	57%	21%	11%	66%	17%	7%	72%
SK	36%	14%	47%	30%	21%	46%	25%	12%	49%
FI	37%	4%	58%	24%	5%	70%	17%	3%	77%
SE	47%	2%	48%	38%	12%	49%	27%	3%	62%
UK	48%	8%	42%	35%	14%	48%	27%	6%	59%
CY (tcc)	40%	13%	35%	34%	11%	44%	30%	10%	46%
HR	34%	15%	50%	27%	16%	55%	22%	9%	51%
TR	44%	16%	27%	39%	18%	34%	35%	17%	37%
MK	44%	15%	38%	33%	19%	45%	27%	18%	49%

European citizens are far more optimistic about their own future than about the economic prospects for their country or for the EU. A relative majority of them do not expect the economic situation in the European Union to change over the next twelve months (38%) compared with three out of ten respondents who expect things to get better (28%). On the other hand, one in every six Europeans (16%) is pessimistic about the European Union's economic prospects.¹⁰

Respondents in Lithuania (45%), Slovakia (41%), Poland (40%) and Estonia (35%) are the most confident, while respondents in Luxembourg are the most pessimistic (36% of them expect the European economic situation to deteriorate).

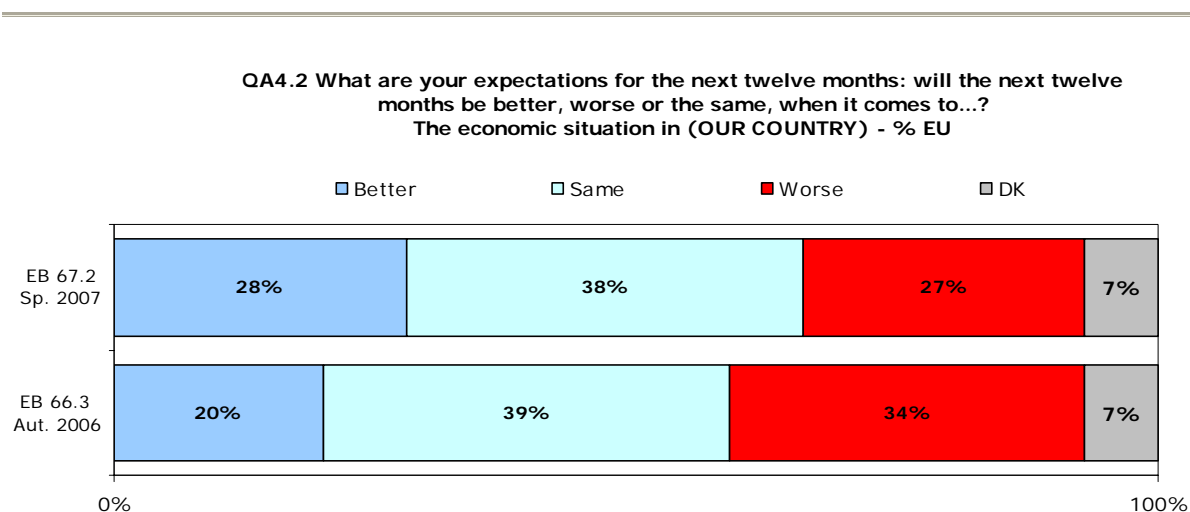
Although a majority of Croatians do not expect any change (39%), interviewees in Turkey and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia are more confident (36% and 41% respectively believe that the European Union's situation will improve).

¹⁰ What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...? 2. The economic situation in (OUR COUNTRY); 5. The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY); 8. The economic situation in the EU

2.1.2 The national economic situation

- Opinions on the economic outlook at national level are divided, but the overall perception is significantly more optimistic than in autumn 2006 -

Three out of ten Europeans expect their country's economic situation to improve over the next twelve months (28%), while a near identical proportion takes the opposite view (27%) and almost four out of ten respondents think that things will stay the same (38%). Respondents are far more confident than in autumn 2006, when only two out of ten were optimistic about their country's economic prospects compared with almost three out of ten today (+ 8 percentage points).

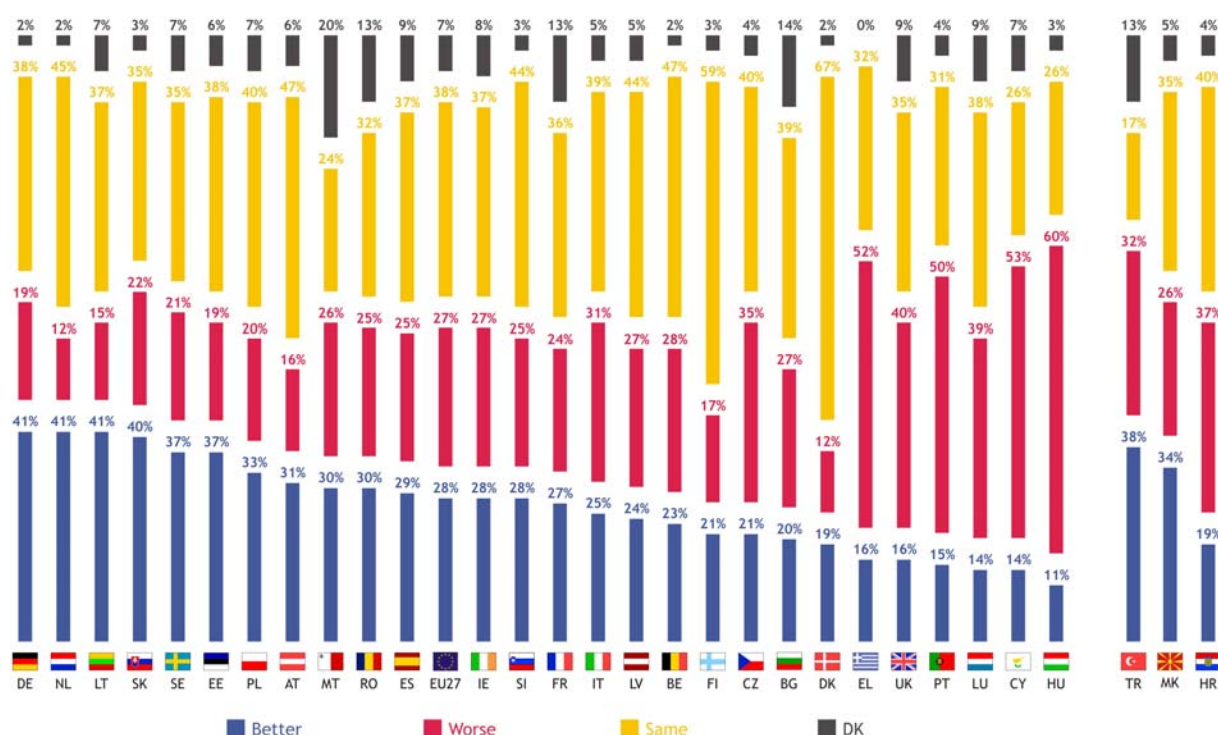


Respondents in Germany, Lithuania and the Netherlands (41% each), Slovakia (40%) and Estonia (37%) are the most optimistic about their country's economic situation. On the other hand, a large majority of those polled in Hungary (60%), Cyprus (53%) and Greece (52%) expect their country's economic situation to deteriorate. Their view is shared by half of the respondents in Portugal (50%) and four out of ten in the United Kingdom (40%).

More than a third of Croatians also expect their country's economic situation to deteriorate over the coming year (37%) even if the majority does not expect the situation to change (40%). The majority of interviewees in Turkey - almost four out of ten (38%) - expect their country's economic situation to improve. A third of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (34%) also expect their national economy to improve, even if a practically identical proportion expects the economic status quo to be maintained (35%).

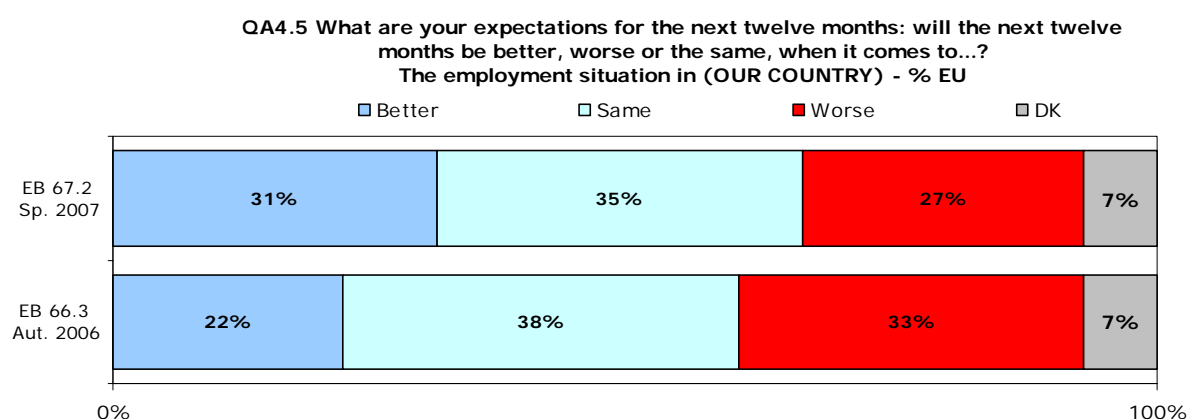
Question: QA4.2 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

Option: The economic situation in (OUR COUNTRY)



2.1.3 The national employment situation

The increased confidence of respondents in their country's economic prospects is quite logically reflected in their answers to questions about the employment outlook in their respective countries. As unemployment is seen as the most important issue facing countries, there is an obvious correlation between projections regarding, on the one hand, the national economic situation and, on the other hand, employment. On the question of employment, respondents can be divided into three similarly sized groups. The majority (35%) do not expect the situation to change during the coming year, while almost a third (31%) expect it will improve and 27% expect it to get worse. The proportion of respondents who expect the employment situation in their country to improve has increased by nine percentage points compared to autumn 2006, while the proportion of those who are more pessimistic declined by six percentage points during the same period.






On this question the youngest respondents and those who studied the longest are once again the most optimistic. The position of unemployed people on this question, which concerns them directly, is fairly close to the European average, although they are slightly more pessimistic: 27% expect the employment situation in their country to improve versus 31% who take the opposite view. These proportions are the exact opposite to those recorded at European level (31% of Europeans are optimistic and 27% are pessimistic).

More than half of those polled in Sweden (54%), Lithuania (53%) and the Netherlands (52%) are optimistic. Their optimism is shared by 46% of Poles and 44% of Germans. On the other hand, a majority of interviewees in Portugal (58%), Hungary (57%), Luxembourg and Greece (52%) and in Cyprus (50%) are worried about the employment situation and expect it to deteriorate in their respective countries.

This pessimism is shared by respondents in Croatia (36%) and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (34%). Respondents in Turkey are more divided: 35% of those polled expect the employment situation to worsen while a practically identical proportion expects it to improve (34%).

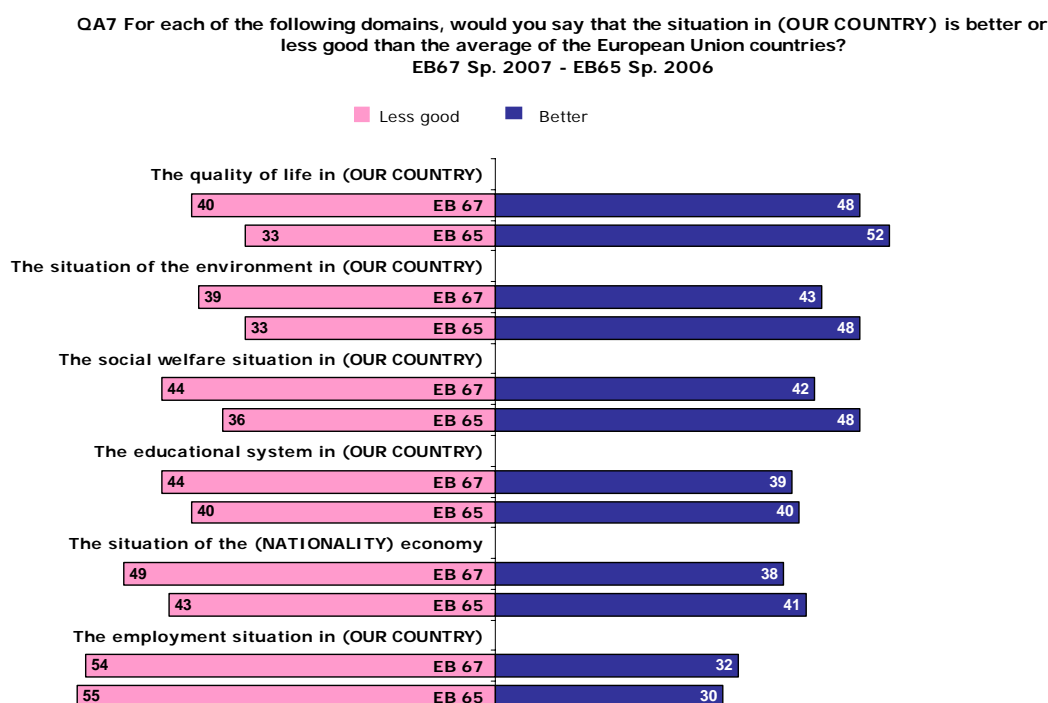
QA4.5 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?
The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY)

	Better	Worse	Same	DK
 EU27	31%	27%	35%	7%
Age				
15-24	34%	21%	37%	8%
25-39	34%	25%	36%	5%
40-54	31%	29%	35%	5%
55 +	28%	29%	33%	10%
 Education (end of)				
15-	23%	34%	34%	9%
16-19	32%	27%	35%	6%
20+	39%	22%	34%	5%
Still studying	34%	21%	37%	8%
 Occupation				
Self-employed	34%	26%	36%	4%
Managers	39%	21%	37%	3%
Other white collars	34%	25%	35%	6%
Manual workers	32%	29%	34%	5%
House persons	25%	32%	35%	8%
Unemployed	27%	31%	34%	8%
Retired	27%	29%	34%	10%
Students	34%	21%	37%	8%

2.2 Respondents' perception of their country's performance in comparison to the EU as a whole

- The environment and quality of life are the only two domains in which the majority of Europeans consider that the situation is better in their country than in the European Union as a whole -

When asked to compare the situation in their country with that of the European average in various domains, a large number of Europeans consider that their country's situation is not as good as the average of the European Union countries.¹¹



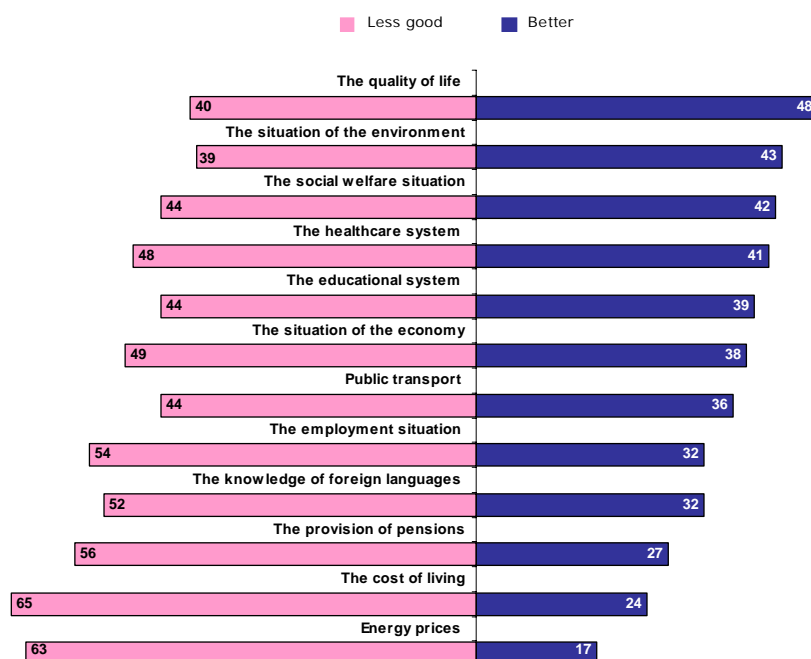
¹¹ QA7 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

a1. The situation of the (NATIONALITY) economy ; a2. The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY) ; a3. The cost of living in (OUR COUNTRY); a4. Energy prices in (OUR COUNTRY);

b1. The healthcare system in (OUR COUNTRY) ; b2. The provision of pensions in (OUR COUNTRY); b3. The social welfare situation in (OUR COUNTRY)

c1. The educational system in (OUR COUNTRY); c2. The quality of life in (OUR COUNTRY) ; c3. Public transport in (OUR COUNTRY); c4. The situation of the environment in (OUR COUNTRY) ; c5. The knowledge of foreign languages in (OUR COUNTRY)

QA7 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries? % EU



The environment and quality of life are the only two domains tested for which a majority of respondents consider that the situation is better in their country than in the European Union as a whole (43% and 48% respectively). These two scores are however lower than those recorded in spring 2006 (-5 percentage points for the environment and -4 percentage points for the quality of life). Europeans are fairly divided about the social welfare situation in their country: 42% consider that it is better than in the rest of the European Union versus 44% who consider that it is not as good. There has therefore been a switch in opinion since spring 2006, when the proportions were 48% and 36% respectively.

In all the other domains tested in the survey, Europeans have the feeling that the situation in their country is not as good as in the rest of the European Union. However, European opinion is fairly equally divided when it comes to healthcare systems, educational systems, the economic situation and public transport: more than a third of Europeans consider that the situation is better in their country in these domains. However, as regards the employment situation, knowledge of foreign languages, the financing of pensions and, above all, the cost of living and energy prices, the differences are more clear-cut: a clear majority considers that the situation in these domains is better in the rest of the European Union.

In general, for almost all the domains on which respondents were asked for their opinion, perceptions of the national situation have deteriorated since spring 2006 while, symmetrically, perceptions of the situation in these domains in the European Union in general have improved. Employment is the only exception to this general trend: 32% consider their country's situation in terms of employment to be better the average situation in the EU countries, i.e. an increase of two percentage points compared to spring 2006.

QA7 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

	EU27		EU15		NMS12	
	Better	Less good	Better	Less good	Better	Less good
The quality of life	48%	40%	59%	28%	12%	82%
The situation of the environment	43%	39%	48%	34%	28%	57%
The social welfare situation	42%	44%	50%	34%	11%	79%
The healthcare system	41%	48%	50%	38%	11%	81%
The educational system	39%	44%	39%	44%	37%	45%
The situation of our economy	38%	49%	44%	41%	13%	79%
Public transport	36%	44%	42%	37%	15%	67%
The employment situation	32%	54%	37%	47%	14%	77%
The knowledge of foreign languages	32%	52%	32%	52%	35%	49%
The provision of pensions	27%	56%	32%	48%	8%	83%
The cost of living	24%	65%	27%	60%	12%	81%
Energy prices	17%	63%	19%	61%	12%	73%

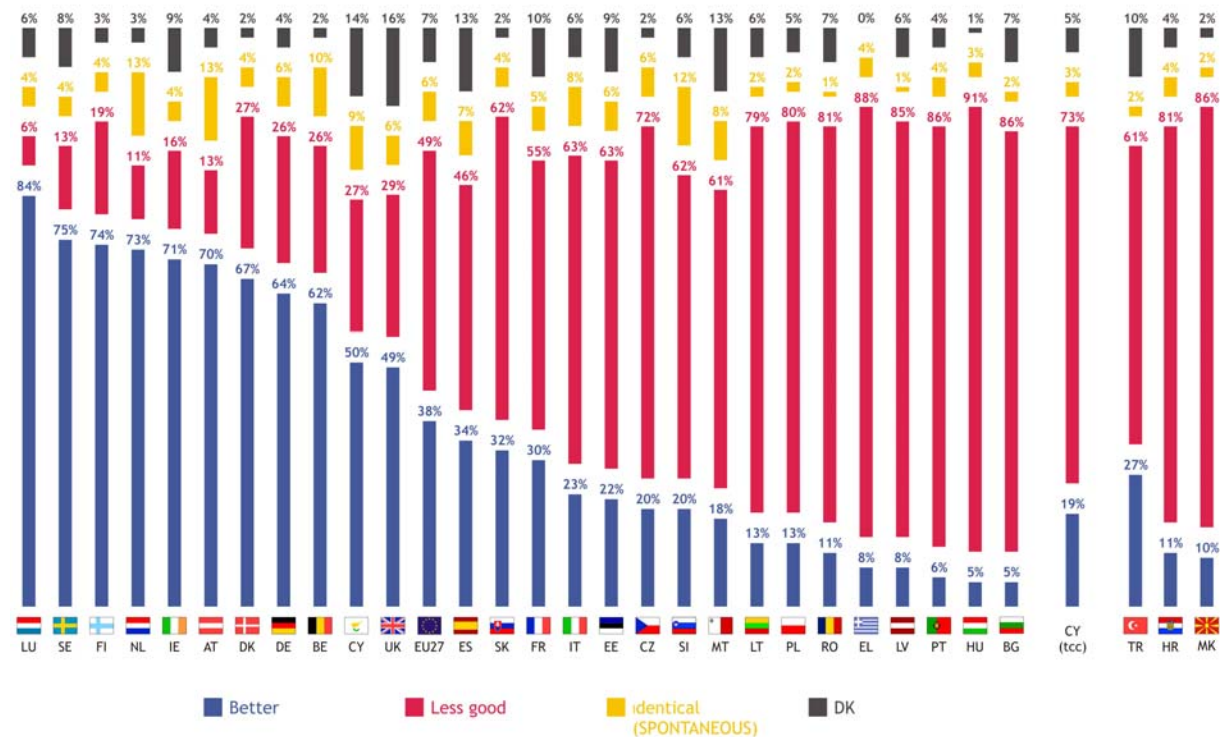
The difference between the old EU15 Member States and the new Member States is fairly clear-cut in all the domains tested. It is particularly significant as regards perceptions of the quality of life, social welfare and healthcare: more than 50% of respondents in the 15 old EU Member States consider that the situation is better in their country than in the other European Union countries on average, while almost eight out of ten interviewees in the new Member States consider that the situation in their country is not as good as in the other European countries. The economic situation and to a lesser extent employment reveal strong differences. For example, a vast majority of those polled in Luxembourg, Sweden, Finland and the Netherlands consider that their country's economic situation is better than the average of the European Member States. A similar proportion takes the same view as regards the employment situation. On the other hand, when asked about their national economy and the employment situation in their respective countries, a very large number of interviewees in Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Portugal and Romania took the opposite view.

In general, for all the domains tested, respondents in the 15 old Member States have a more positive view of their country's situation than respondents in the new Member States. However, knowledge of foreign languages represents an exception. Interviewees in the new Member States are slightly more likely than those in the EU15 to find the situation better in their country than in the rest of the European Union (35% versus 32%). It is also noteworthy that the difference between the two regions is negligible as regards the educational system: 39% in the EU15 countries versus 37% in the new Member States consider that the situation is better in their country.

A detailed analysis reveals other important differences between the Member States, in particular regarding the economic situation, employment, the environment and quality of life.

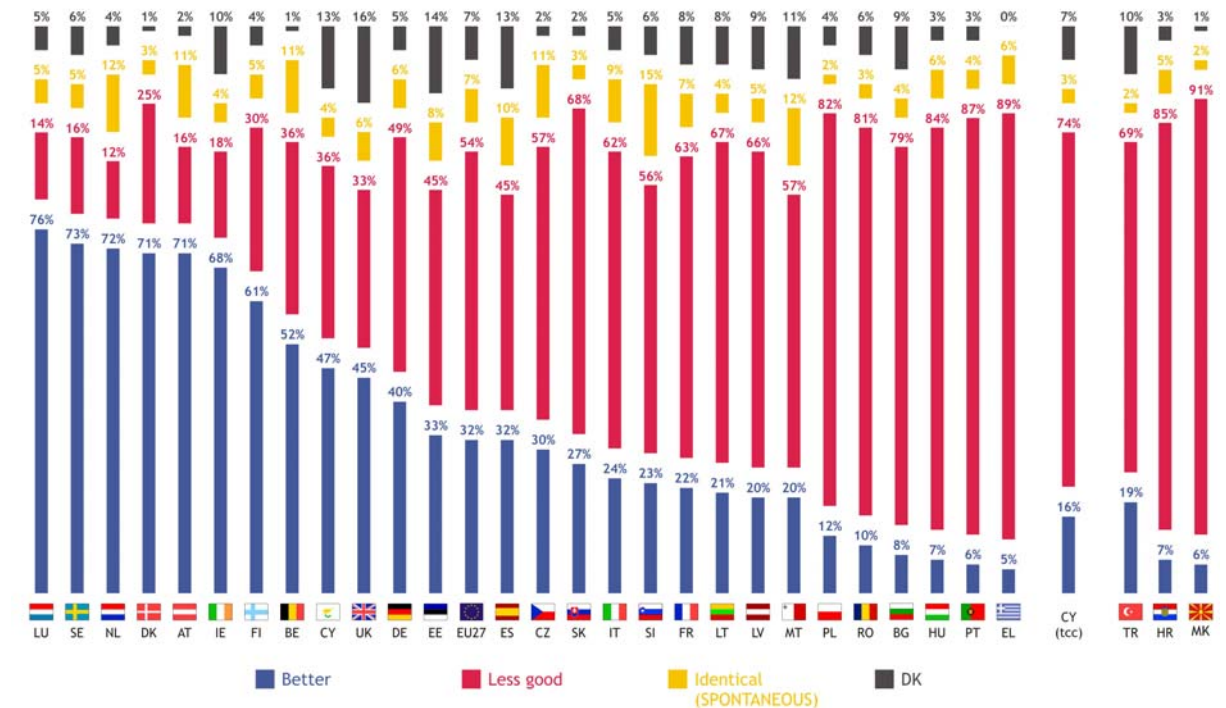
Question: QA7a.1 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

Option: The situation of the (NATIONALITY) economy



Question: QA7a.2 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

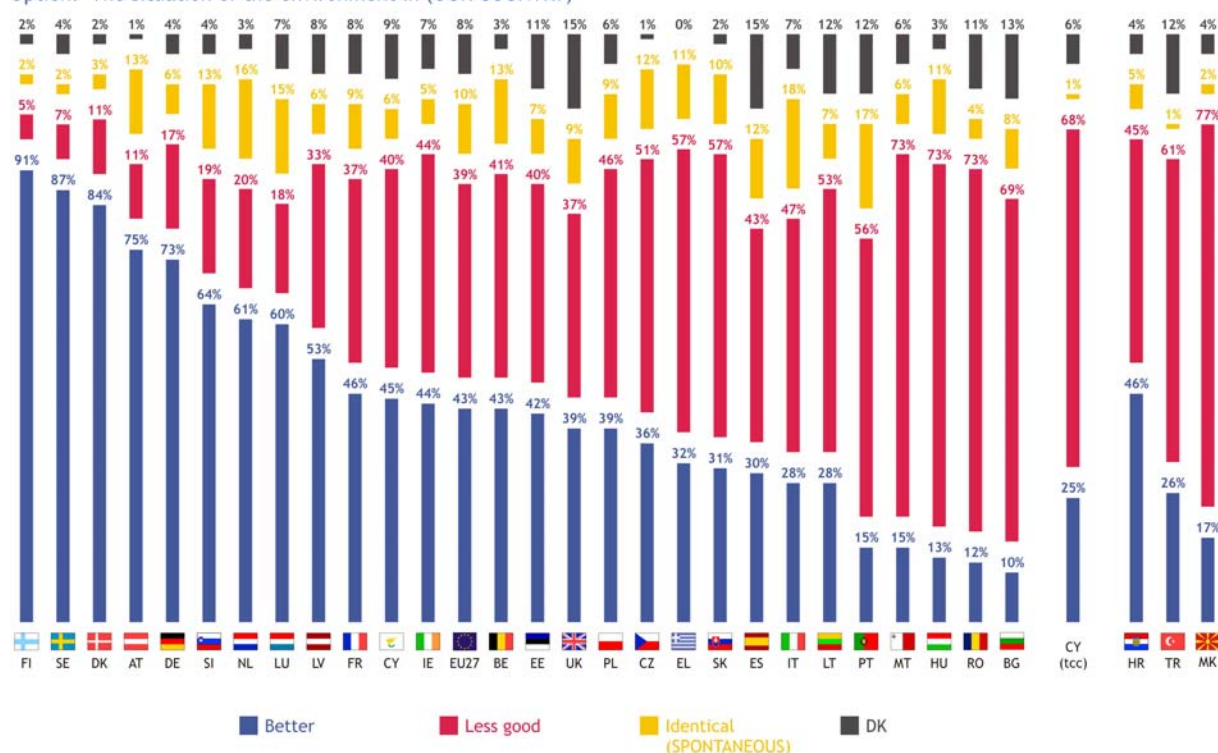
Option: The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY)



As regards the environment, Northern Europeans are strongly convinced that the environmental situation in their countries is far superior to that of the European Union as a whole: that is the opinion of 91% of those polled in Finland, 87% in Sweden and 84% in Denmark. Three-quarters of interviewees in Romania, Hungary and Malta take the opposite view (73% in each country).

Question: QA7c.4 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

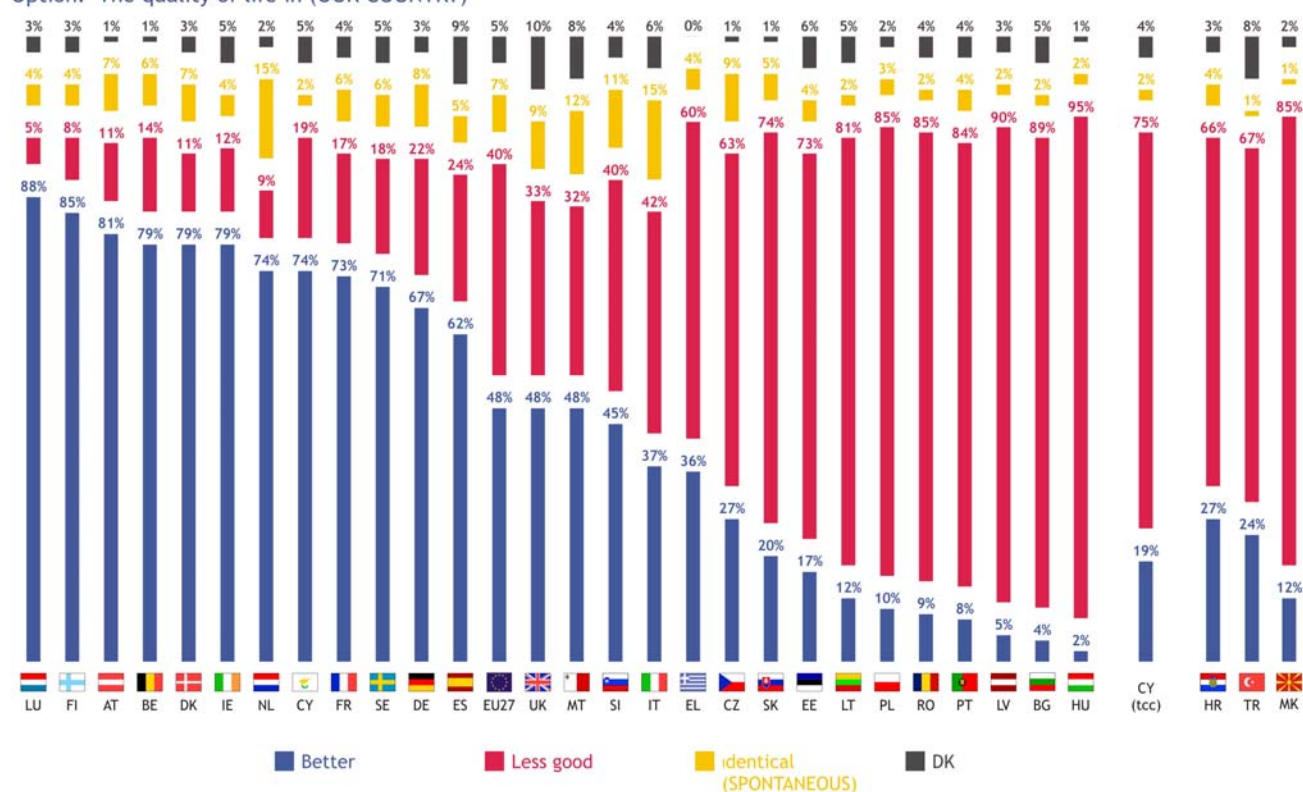
Option: The situation of the environment in (OUR COUNTRY)



Respondents in 16 Member States consider that the quality of life in their country is better than in the European Union on average. Respondents in Luxembourg (88%), Finland (85%) and Austria (81%) are the most convinced that their quality of life is higher. On the other hand, respondents in nine Member States consider that their quality of life is lower than in the European Union on average: this is the opinion of 95% of Hungarians, 90% of Latvians, 89% of Bulgarians, 85% of Poles and 84% of respondents in Portugal.

Question: QA7c.2 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

Option: The quality of life in (OUR COUNTRY)



Four out of ten Europeans consider that the social welfare and healthcare systems are better in their country than in the European Union as a whole (42% and 41% respectively). More than eight out of ten of those polled in Luxembourg and Finland are convinced (85% and 86% respectively) of this when it comes to social welfare, while an identical proportion of Bulgarians and Latvians take the opposite view, together with 88% of Greeks. Respondents in Belgium (87%), Austria (82%) and France (80%) are also very satisfied with their healthcare system while 88% of Bulgarians and Greeks, 87% of interviewees in Portugal and 86% of Hungarians consider that their country's system is not as good as the average for the 27 Member States.

Respondents in Luxembourg and Finland are also the most satisfied with their national situation as regards the financing of pensions: 78% and 72% respectively consider that the situation in their country is better than the European Union average. However, that opinion is shared by only 27% of Europeans on average, with scores as low as 2% in Bulgaria and 4% in Greece.

More than a third of Europeans consider that their country's educational system is more satisfactory than the European Union average (39%), including almost all Finns (91%) but just one in ten Greeks (11%). A similar proportion (36%) hold this view as regards transport, notably in Ireland and Luxembourg (61% in both cases) but only 7% of Bulgarians and 12% of those polled in Cyprus and Romania.



Luxembourg (52%) and Austria (53%) are the only countries where a majority of interviewees consider that cost of living is more advantageous in their country than in the Member States as a whole. Only a quarter of Europeans share this opinion (24%). More than nine out of ten Hungarians (93%), 89% of Bulgarians and 88% of citizens in Greece and Portugal take the opposite view.



In the domain of energy prices, once again a majority of those polled in Luxembourg (50%) and Austria (43%) consider that the situation is better in their country than in the average of the EU27 Member States (17%). Only 7% of interviewees in Hungary, 4% in Bulgaria, 8% in Greece and 5% in Portugal share that opinion.

Finally, a third of the people interviewed declared that knowledge of foreign languages is better in their country than in the European Union as a whole (32%). Respondents in Luxembourg (92%) and the Netherlands (83%) are particularly satisfied in this regard. Respondents in the United Kingdom (15%) and Ireland (16%) are the most likely to consider that the situation regarding learning foreign languages is not as good in their country as the average for the Member States.

For these questions as a whole, interviewees on the left of the political spectrum are nearly always more likely than those on the right to consider that their national situation is better than in the European Union on average. Almost half of interviewees on the left of the political spectrum consider that the situation is better in their country than the European Union average as regards healthcare (49% versus 40% for those who identify with the right), social welfare (49% versus 42%), pensions (34% versus 29%), employment (37% versus 33%) and the economy (46% versus 37%). Managers are also more likely to share this view than manual workers or other white-collar workers.

QA7 -For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries? -Total "Better"

	The situation of the (NATIONALITY) economy	The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY)	The cost of living in (OUR COUNTRY)	Energy prices in (OUR COUNTRY)	The healthcare system in (OUR COUNTRY)	The provision of pensions in (OUR COUNTRY)
EU27	38%	32%	24%	17%	41%	27%
 Respondent occupation scale						
Self- employed	35%	31%	22%	15%	39%	26%
Managers	49%	38%	25%	19%	47%	38%
Other white collars	41%	34%	26%	19%	42%	28%
Manual workers	38%	34%	24%	17%	42%	27%
House persons	32%	27%	24%	16%	36%	20%
Unemployed	30%	24%	21%	16%	39%	22%
Retired	35%	29%	22%	14%	39%	25%
Students	42%	36%	29%	22%	46%	29%
 Left-Right-Scale						
(1-4) Left	46%	37%	28%	19%	49%	34%
(5-6) Centre	40%	33%	26%	17%	46%	28%
(7-10) Right	37%	33%	23%	18%	40%	29%

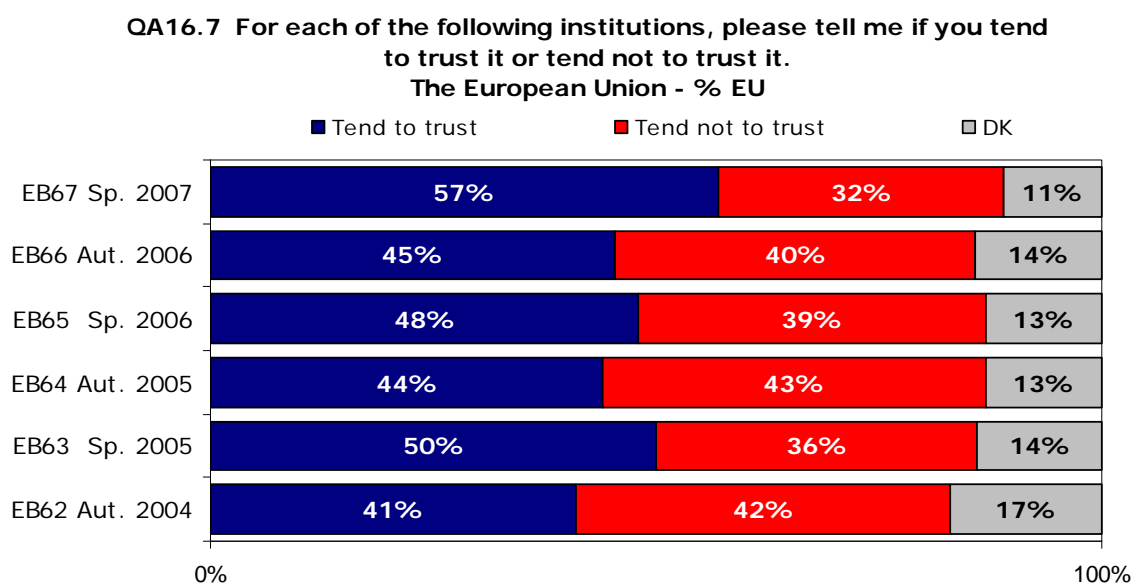
	The social welfare situation in (OUR COUNTRY)	The educational system in (OUR COUNTRY)	The quality of life in (OUR COUNTRY)	Public transport in (OUR COUNTRY)	The situation of the environment in (OUR COUNTRY)
EU27	42%	39%	48%	36%	43%
 Respondent occupation scale					
Self- employed	39%	34%	45%	32%	43%
Managers	53%	42%	52%	37%	51%
Other white collars	42%	37%	52%	34%	44%
Manual workers	43%	41%	49%	38%	46%
House persons	32%	33%	46%	32%	37%
Unemployed	35%	35%	41%	34%	40%
Retired	40%	35%	47%	35%	42%
Students	44%	49%	51%	43%	43%
 Left-Right-Scale					
(1-4) Left	49%	40%	54%	41%	47%
(5-6) Centre	46%	40%	53%	39%	47%
(7-10) Right	42%	42%	48%	36%	46%

3. The political aspects

- Strong increase in trust in the European Union and national institutions –

3.1 Trust in the European Union

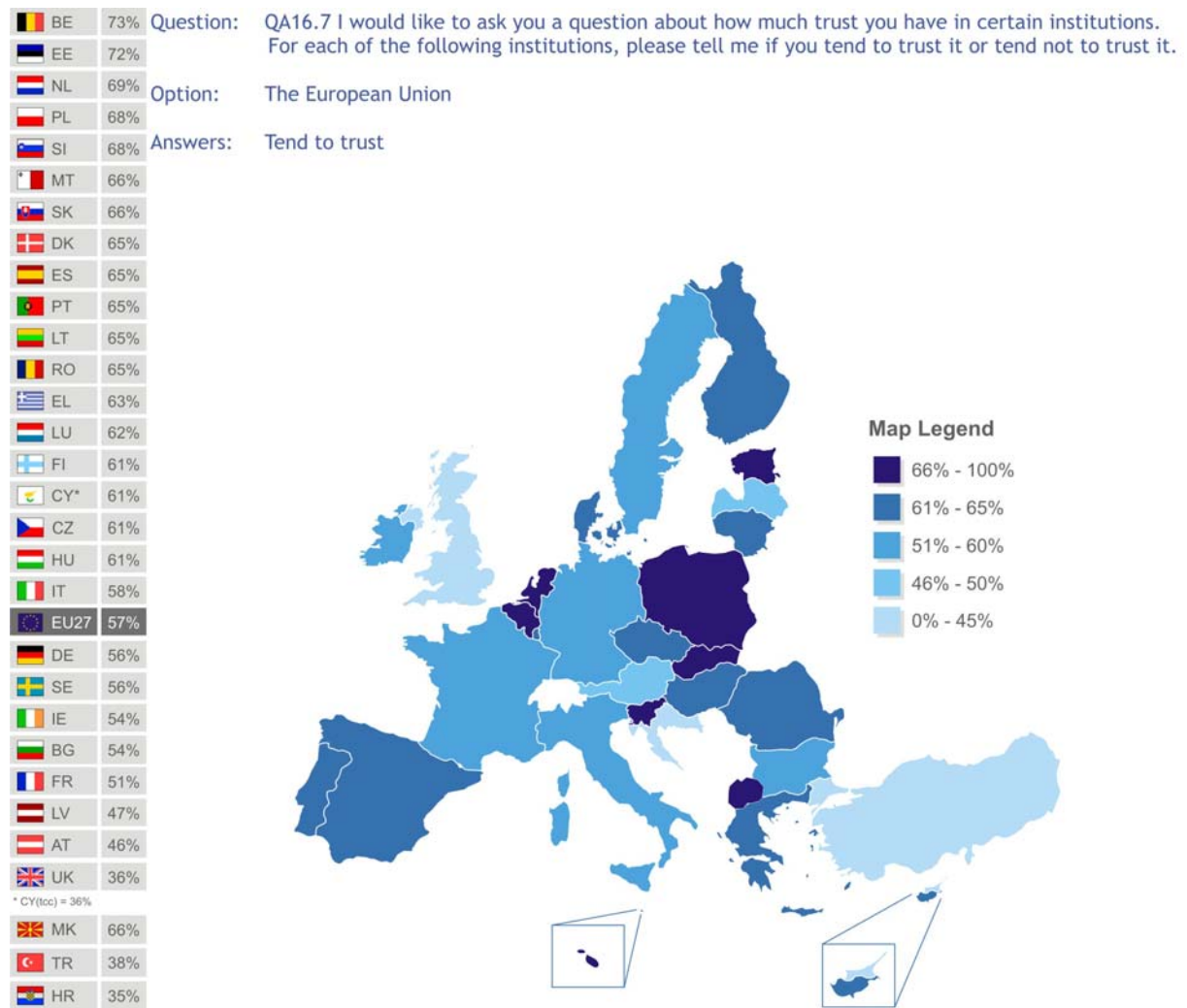
The level of trust in the European Union has increased strongly since autumn 2006¹² and more than half of Europeans now trust the EU (57%), i.e. 12 percentage points higher than in autumn 2006. At the same time the level of mistrust with regard to the EU has fallen by eight percentage points (from 40% to 32%).



Moreover, the United Kingdom is the only country where the majority of respondents do not trust the European Union (49% versus an average of 32%).

Only a minority of respondents in Croatia (35%) and Turkey (38%) trust the European Union. On the other hand, two-thirds of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (66%) trust the European Union, compared with less than a quarter of respondents who take the opposite view (23%).

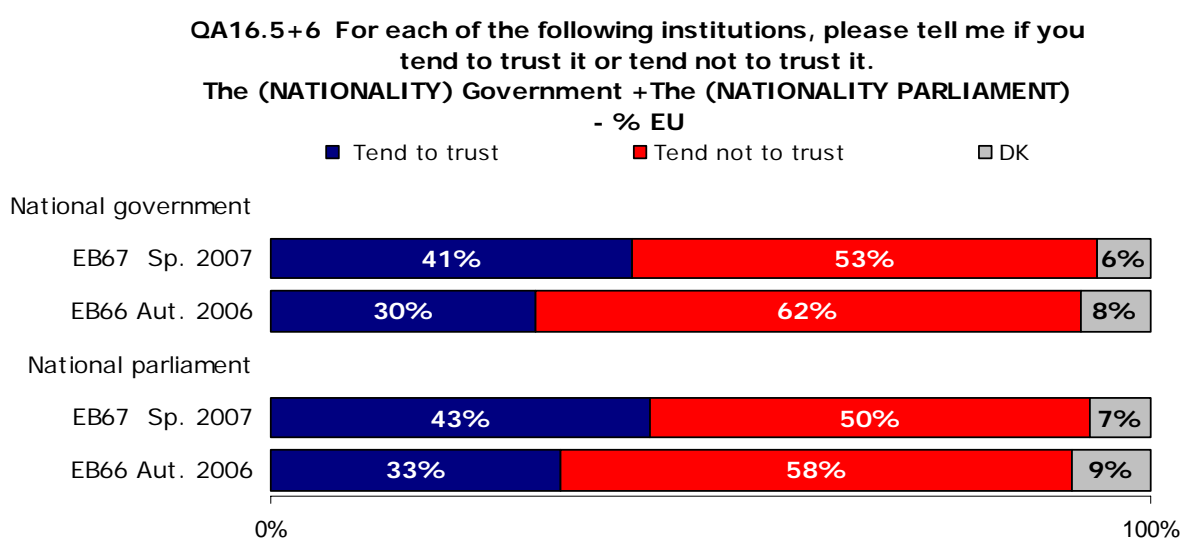
¹² QA16 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.
 7. European Union



3.2 Trust in national institutions

- Europeans also put more trust in their national political institutions -

The level of trust among Europeans in their national institutions has also increased very strongly since autumn 2006.¹³ Four out of ten people interviewed trust their national government and their national parliament: + 11 percentage points and + 10 percentage points respectively.



Respondents in Finland and the Netherlands are particularly trusting of their national institutions and incidentally national elections were held in both countries just a few months before the survey¹⁴. On the other hand, only a small minority of Bulgarians, Romanians and above all Poles trust their national governments and parliaments. Over and above these examples, there is a fairly perceptible difference between the 15 old Member States and the new Member States in their perception of their national political institutions. In the 12 most recent Member States, a very large majority of respondents tend not to trust them.

¹³ I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

5. The (NATIONALITY) Government; 6. The (NATIONALITY PARLIAMENT)

¹⁴ Parliamentary elections were held on 22 November 2006 in the Netherlands and on 18 March 2007 in Finland.

QA16.5+6 For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

The (NATIONALITY) Government + The (NATIONALITY PARLIAMENT) -

	The (NATIONALITY) Government		The (NATIONALITY) PARLIAMENT	
	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust
EU27	41%	53%	43%	50%
UE15	45%	48%	50%	43%
NEM12	23%	70%	20%	73%

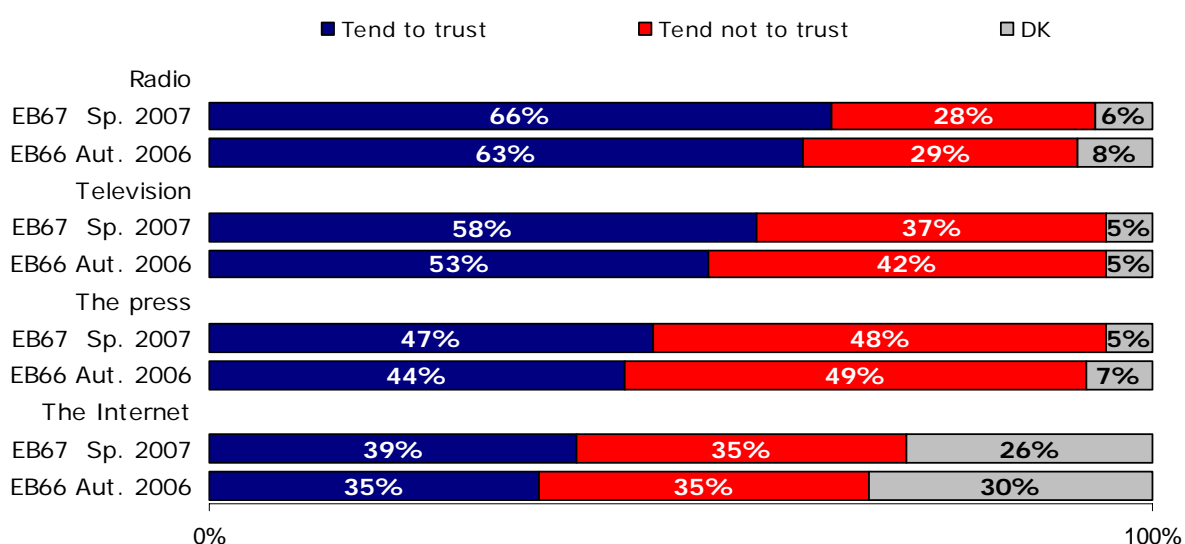
The three candidate countries have fairly different attitudes on this question: whereas in Turkey, three-quarters of people interviewed trust their national institutions, the opposite is true in Croatia, where a similar proportion of interviewees (more than three out of four) do not trust their government and national parliament. The position in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia is somewhat more finely balanced in comparison to the two other candidate countries: although a majority of those polled tend not to trust their government, the level of mistrust is far lower than in Croatia: 52% of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia do not trust their government compared with 78% in Croatia and only 25% in Turkey). Moreover, more than six out of ten respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (61%) tend not to trust their national parliament (compared with 77% in Croatia and 22% in Turkey).

3.3 Trust in national media

- Trust in the media has increased, with television registering the biggest increase -

The majority of Europeans trust their national television (58%) and above all their national radio (66%). They are however divided when it comes to the written press (47% trust it versus 48% who do not) and the Internet (39% do not trust this medium versus 35%).¹⁵ The level of trust in each medium has increased since autumn 2006: + 5 percentage points for television, + 4 percentage points for the Internet and + 3 percentage points for the radio and the written press.

QA16.1-4 For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it. - % EU


































Respondents in Croatia and Turkey also trust their television, radio and the Internet. However, two-thirds of them tend not to trust their written press. A majority (albeit small) of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia trusts this medium.

¹⁵ QA16 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.
1. The Press ; 2. Radio ; 3. Television ; 4. The Internet

QA16 1-4 For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

	Radio		Television		The press		The internet	
	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust
EU27	66%	28%	58%	37%	47%	48%	39%	35%
EU15	66%	28%	56%	40%	46%	49%	38%	39%
NMS12	66%	26%	69%	26%	50%	42%	44%	20%

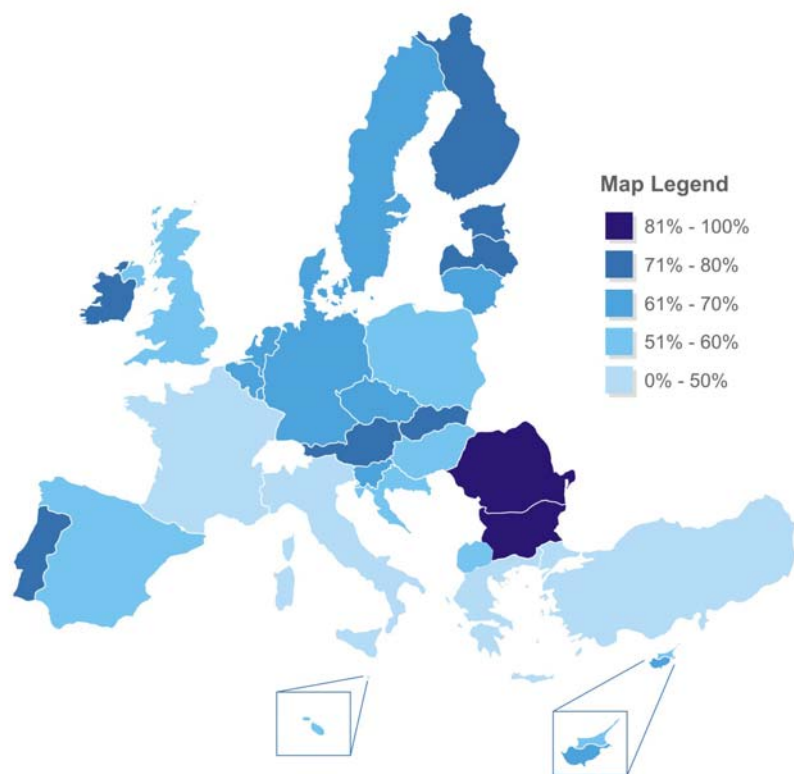
While there are no differences between the EU15 countries and the New Member States as regards trust in the radio (trusted by a large majority, i.e. 66% in both cases), there are fairly noticeable differences as regards the other media, with the general trend being towards a higher level of mistrust in the EU15 countries. For example, the majority of respondents in the new Member States trust the Internet and the written press, while in the EU15 countries a small majority of respondents tend not to trust them. A majority of respondents in both groups of countries trust television, but with differing levels of trust: 69% of NMS respondents trust this medium compared with 56% for the EU15 countries.

	BG	89%
	RO	88%
	FI	79%
	PT	78%
	EE	78%
	AT	75%
	IE	72%
	LV	72%
	SK	71%
	DK	70%
	CZ	70%
	SI	70%
	NL	68%
	SE	68%
	BE	66%
	LT	66%
	CY*	65%
	DE	62%
	LU	61%
	EU27	58%
	PL	57%
	ES	56%
	MT	56%
	UK	51%
	HU	51%
	IT	47%
	FR	44%
	EL	39%
* CY(tcc) = 60%		
	MK	60%
	HR	56%
	TR	46%

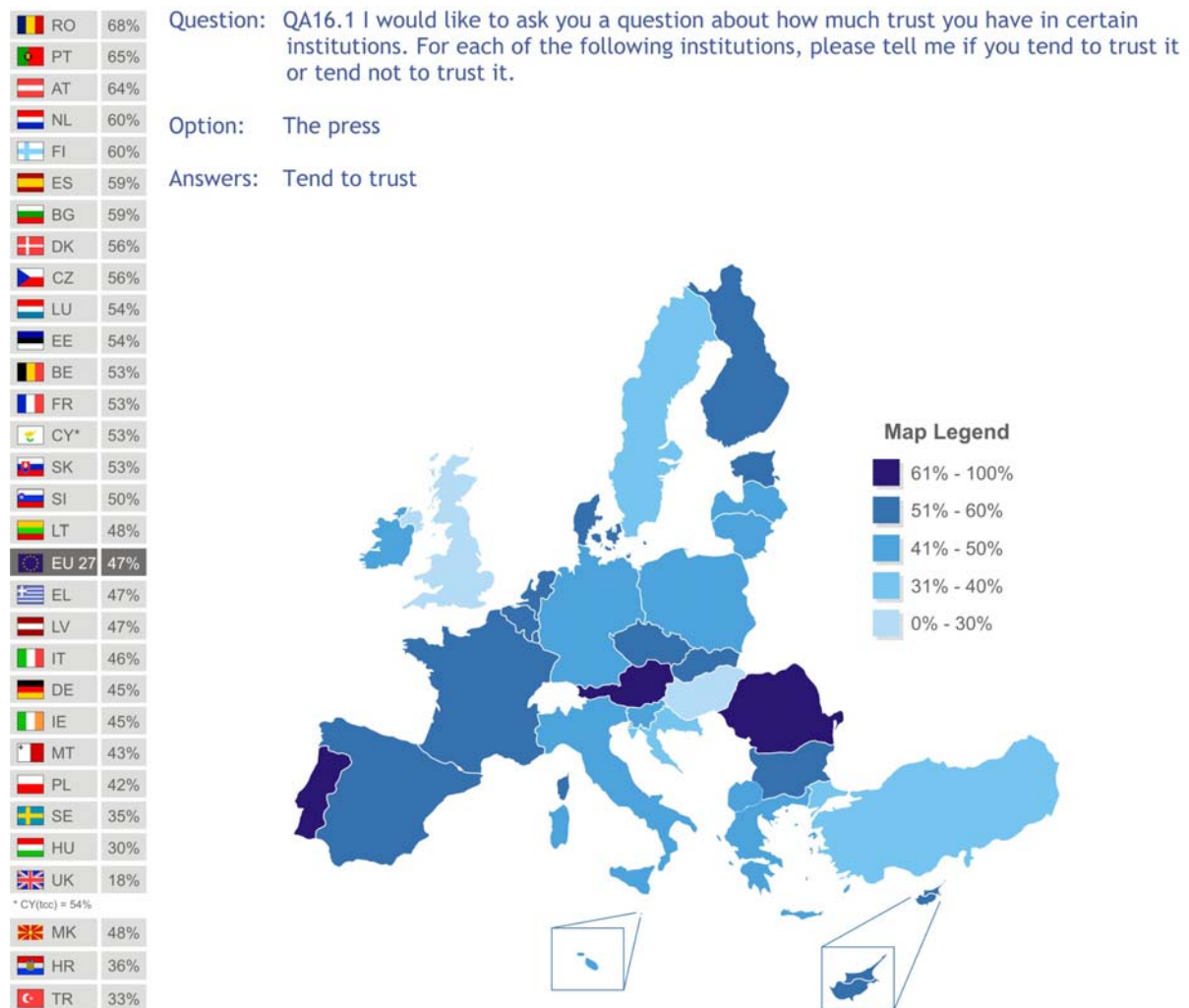
Question: QA16.3 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

Option: Television

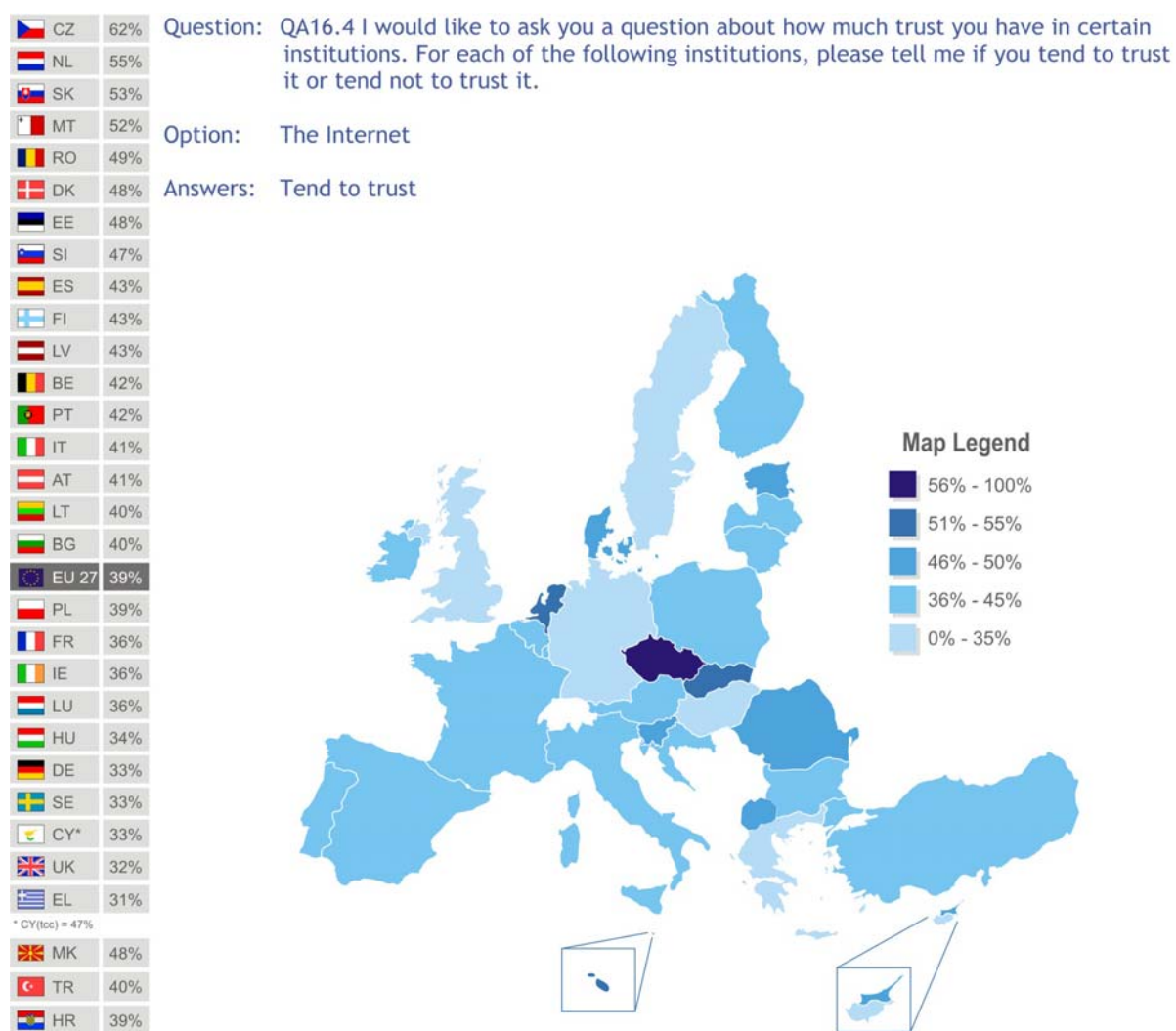
Answers: Tend to trust



Respondents in Romania and Portugal have the most trust in the written press, with approximately two out of three respondents tending to trust it. On the other hand, interviewees in the United Kingdom have little trust in their written press, with only 18% trusting it.



More than one in two respondents in the Czech Republic (62%), the Netherlands (55%), Slovakia (53%) and Malta (52%) trust the Internet. On the other hand, approximately one in three respondents in Greece (31%) the United Kingdom (32%) and Cyprus (33%) trusts the Internet.



3.4 Political concepts

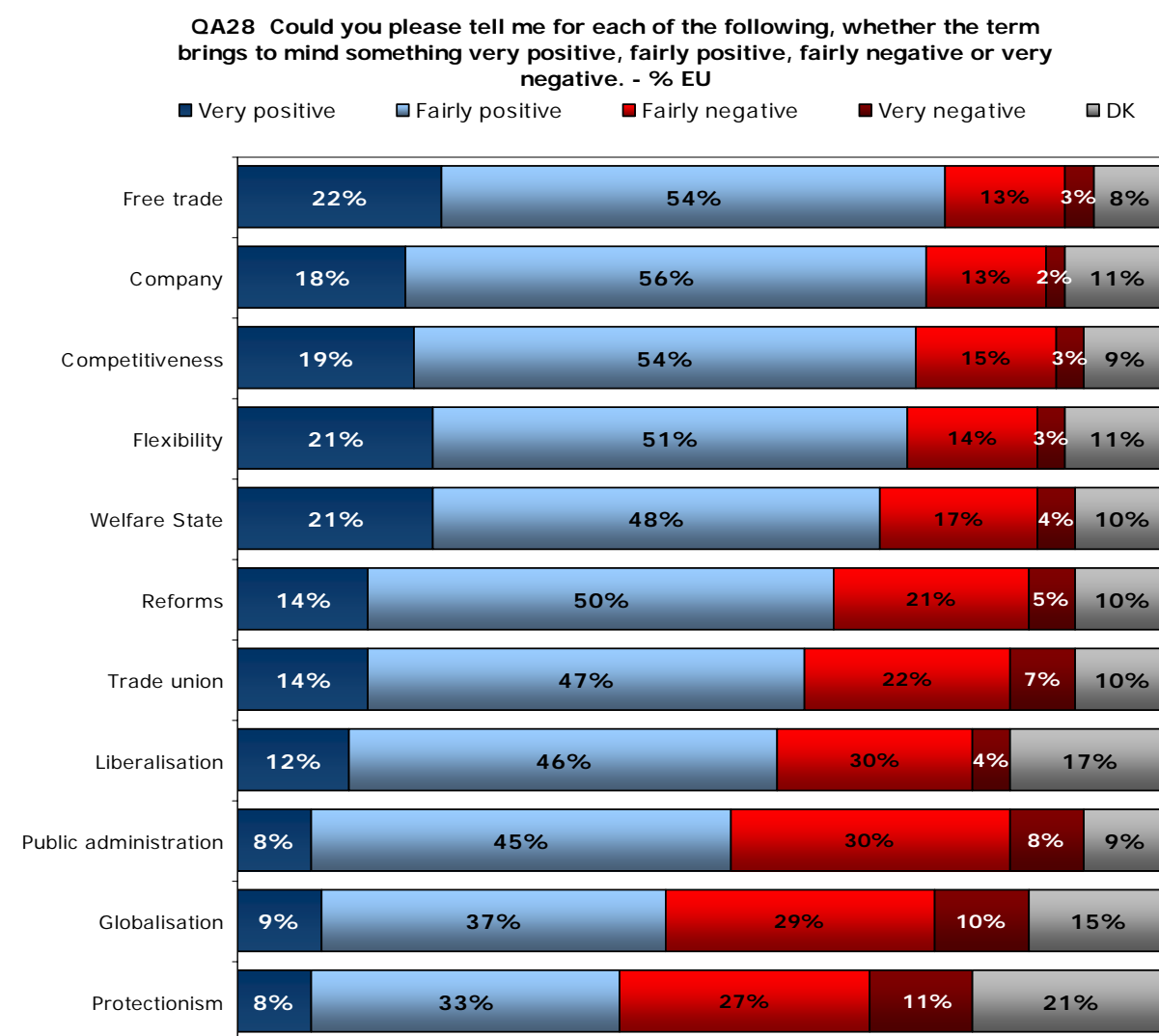
- Most economic terms are perceived positively, but globalisation continues to divide citizens -

At a time when the European economic context is far more favourable than in recent months, it is interesting to examine perceptions of a certain number of economic and political terms.

The terms "free trade" (76%), "company" (74%), "competitiveness" (73%) and "flexibility" (72%) are seen as positive concepts by three-quarters of Europeans. Northern European interviewees are the most enthusiastic while respondents in Portugal are the least likely to view these terms positively.¹⁶

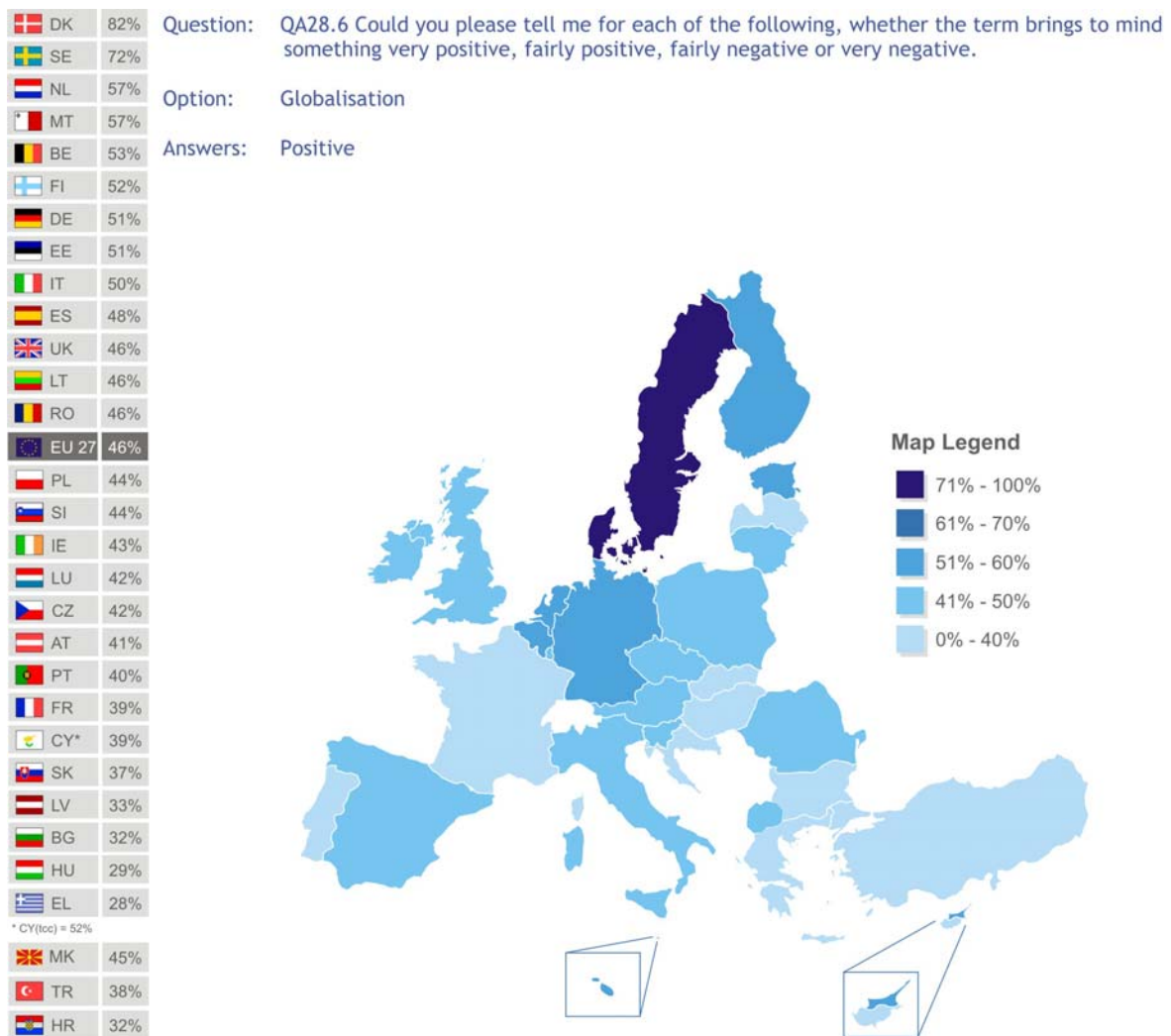
Five other terms are perceived positively by two-thirds of people polled: "welfare state" (59%), "reforms" (64%) and "trade union" (61%). The terms "liberalisation" and "public administration" are also perceived positively by more than half of the respondents (58% and 53% respectively).

¹⁶ QA28 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative. 1. Company ; 2. Welfare State ; 3. Competitiveness ; 4. Free trade ; 5. Protectionism ; 6. Globalisation ; 7. Liberalisation ; 8. Trade union ; 9. Reforms ; 10. Public administration ; 11. Flexibility



Once again, Northern Europeans (interviewees in Denmark, Sweden and Finland) are the most likely to perceive these terms positively, while respondents in Portugal, France, Poland, Hungary and Latvia appear to be more divided.

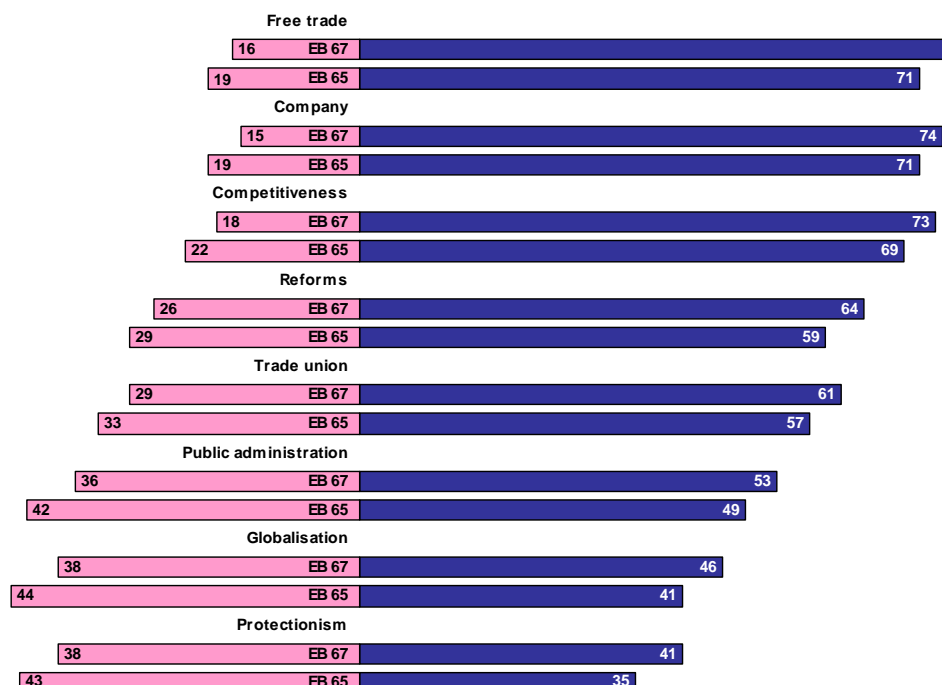
Only 46% of Europeans see something positive in "globalisation" while only four out of ten respondents are positive about "protectionism". 82% and 72% of respondents in Denmark and Sweden respectively describe the term "globalisation" as positive, versus only 29% of Hungarians and 28% of Greeks. On the other hand, two-thirds of Greeks (66%) consider protectionism to be a positive concept compared with a quarter of interviewees in Finland (24%) and a third of Danes and Swedes (30% in both cases).



The proportion of positive answers has increased since 2006 for each of the eight concepts proposed to respondents, especially in the case of “protectionism” (+ 6 percentage points), “free trade” (+ 5 percentage points), “globalisation” (+ 5 percentage points) and “reforms” (+ 5 percentage points).

QA28 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

■ Total "Negative" ■ Total "Positive"



Replies in the candidate countries are in line with the European Union average. However, respondents in Turkey are the most likely to have a positive perception of the welfare state and public administration. More than half of Croatians (54%) have a negative opinion about globalisation while this concept is perceived positively by a relative majority of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (45%). Furthermore, 64% of Turkish respondents have a positive image of protectionism whereas six out of ten Croatians (60%) have a negative perception of this word. Opinions on this subject are fairly equally divided in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia: 37% are positive about protectionism while 38% take the opposite view.

II. THE EUROPEAN UNION AND ITS CITIZENS

We will now examine several aspects of the relationship between the European Union and its citizens. In this section, the following subjects will be addressed:

1. European democracy: the feeling of being European and the perception of European unification.

2. The European identity: identification with the European flag, attachment to the European Union, what the Treaty of Rome evokes for Europeans.

3. Being a member of the European Union today: support for European Union membership and how citizens perceive the benefits of membership; the European Union's image.

4. The European institutions: awareness of the European institutions and the importance of their role, the extent to which citizens trust their institutions.

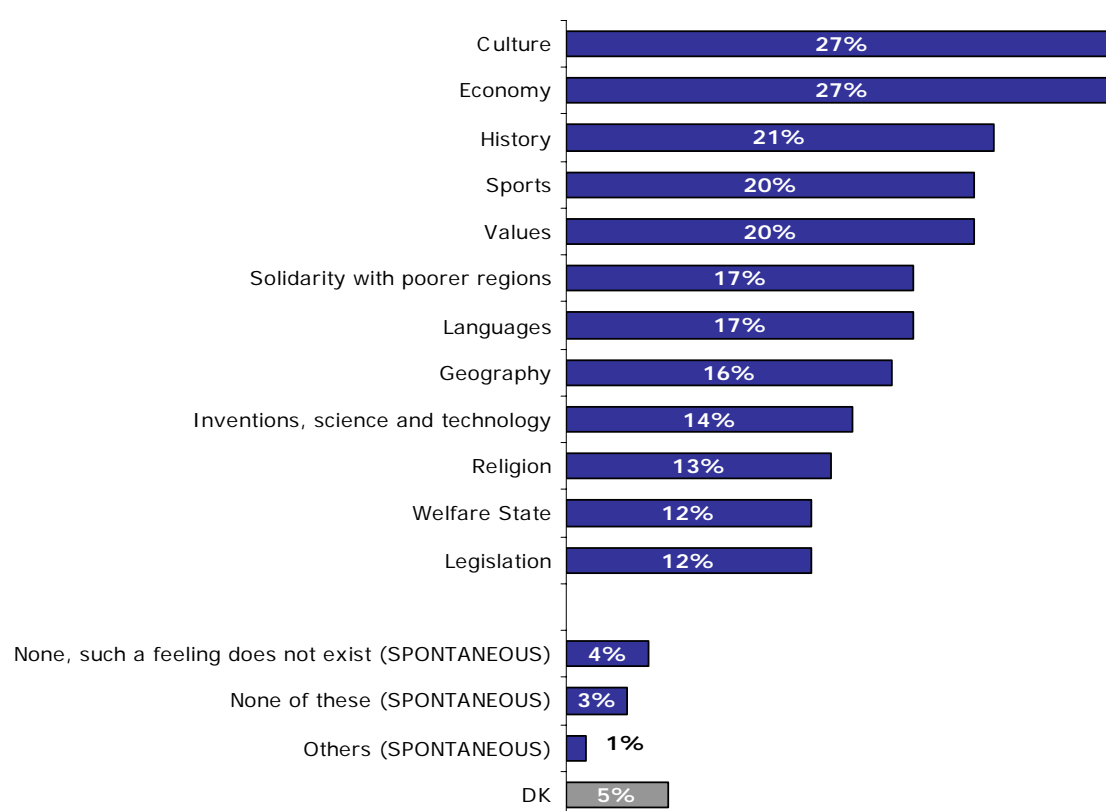
5. Information on European issues: the perceived knowledge of compatriots about European political affairs, personal knowledge of European political affairs, knowledge about how the European Union works and sources of information about the European Union.

1. European democracy

1.1 The feeling of being European

- The economy and culture are the issues that most create a feeling of community -

QA40 In your opinion, among the following issues, which are those that most create a feeling of community among European Union citizens? - %EU27



When interviewees were asked to choose the issues that most create a feeling of community among European Union citizens from a list of proposals they mentioned first of all the economy and culture (in equal first place with 27%), followed by history (21%), sports and values (20% in both cases), solidarity with poorer regions and languages (17% each), then geography (16%). Inventions, science and technology obtained a score of 14%, followed by religion (13%), legislation and the welfare state (both with 12%).¹⁷

¹⁷ QA40 In your opinion, among the following issues, which are those that most create a feeling of community among European Union citizens? (ROTATE – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

**QA40 In your opinion, among the following issues, which are those that most create a feeling of community among European Union citizens?
(ROTATE – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)**

	EU27	EU15	NMS12
Culture	27%	27%	25%
Economy	27%	26%	32%
History	21%	21%	23%
Values	20%	20%	17%
Sports	20%	21%	16%
Solidarity with poorer regions	17%	17%	17%
Languages	17%	17%	19%
Geography	16%	16%	16%
Inventions, science and technology	14%	14%	12%
Religion	13%	12%	17%
Legislation	12%	11%	13%
Welfare State	12%	11%	15%

The economy was frequently mentioned by respondents in the new Member States: 45% of Lithuanians, 40% of Hungarians, 39% of Estonians, 37% of Slovenians and 35% of Bulgarians ranked this issue in first place. The same reply was also given by 40% of those polled in the Netherlands and 37% of Belgians. On the other hand, only 17% of interviewees in Luxembourg, 18% in Portugal and 19% in the United Kingdom mentioned it. Culture was frequently mentioned by respondents in the Czech Republic (35%) but far less often by Bulgarians (15%).

History was mentioned by 38% of respondents in Slovakia and 32% in Luxembourg, sports by a third of those polled in Ireland and the United Kingdom (30% and 28% respectively), values by three out of ten respondents in Denmark and Malta (31% and 30% respectively) but by only 9% of Latvians. On the other hand, a third of Latvians chose geography as the element that most created a feeling of community among European citizens (34%), a view mirrored by Dutch (33%) and Greek (29%) respondents.

It is worth noting that religion was most frequently mentioned by respondents living in countries with an Orthodox culture: 28% of Romanians and 25% of Cypriots, compared with only 4% of those polled in Spain and 6% in Finland. The welfare state was mentioned by 26% of Spaniards, 25% of Hungarians, 22% of Romanians and 21% of Estonians but by only 1% of respondents in France and 2% in Portugal.

Finally, one out of ten Austrian and British respondents (10% and 9% respectively) spontaneously declared that such a feeling of community does not exist among Europeans, compared with an average of 4%.

In the candidate countries, it is interesting to note that respondents in Turkey mentioned first of all religion (41%), then history (26%) and the economy (25%). The economy was the most common reply in Croatia (35%), followed by sport (23%) and religion (21%). Respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia consider that the economy is the issue that most creates a feeling of community among European citizens (47%), with languages coming a distant second (24%).

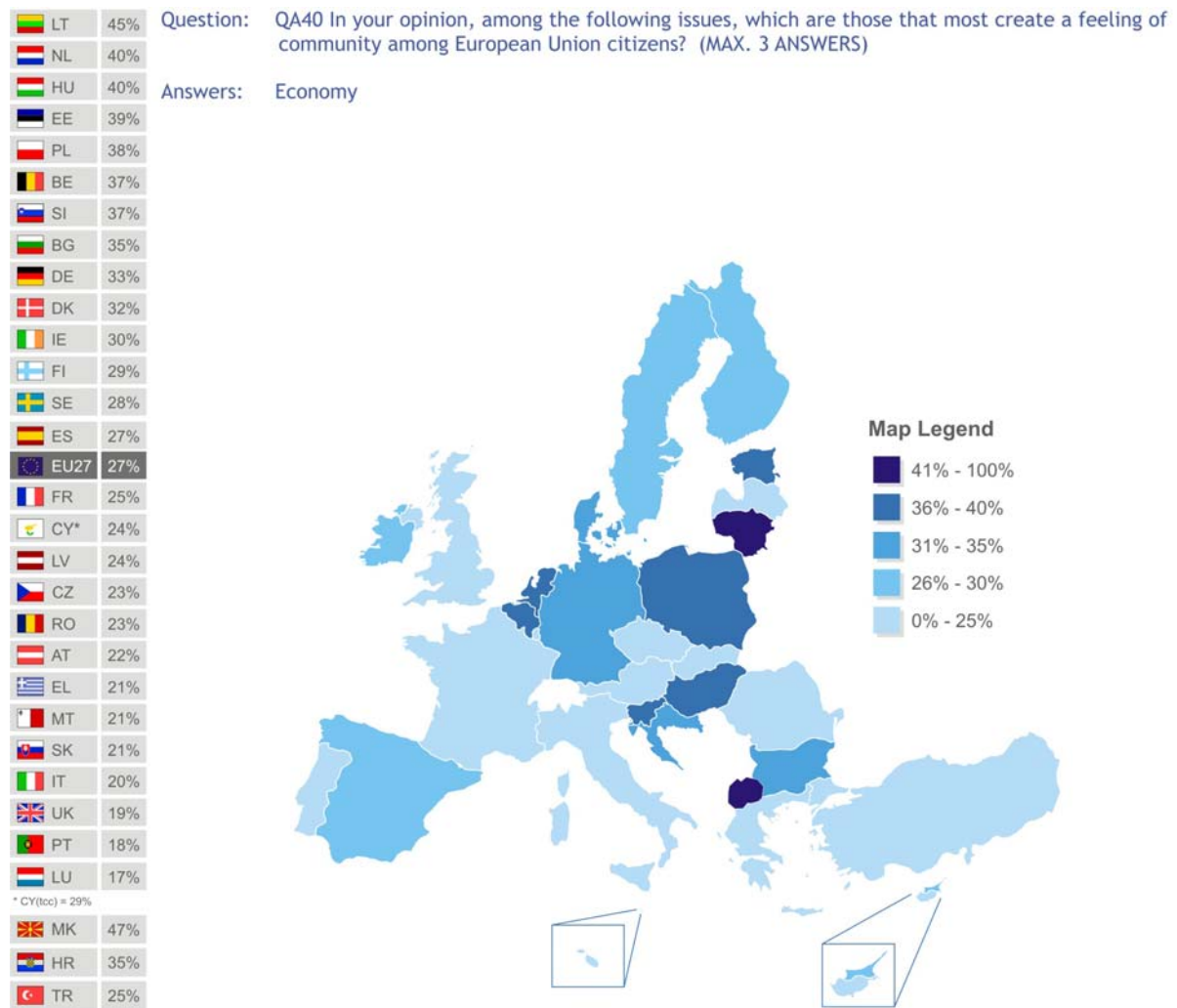
QA40 In your opinion, among the following issues, which are those that most create a feeling of community among European Union citizens?
(ROTATE – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

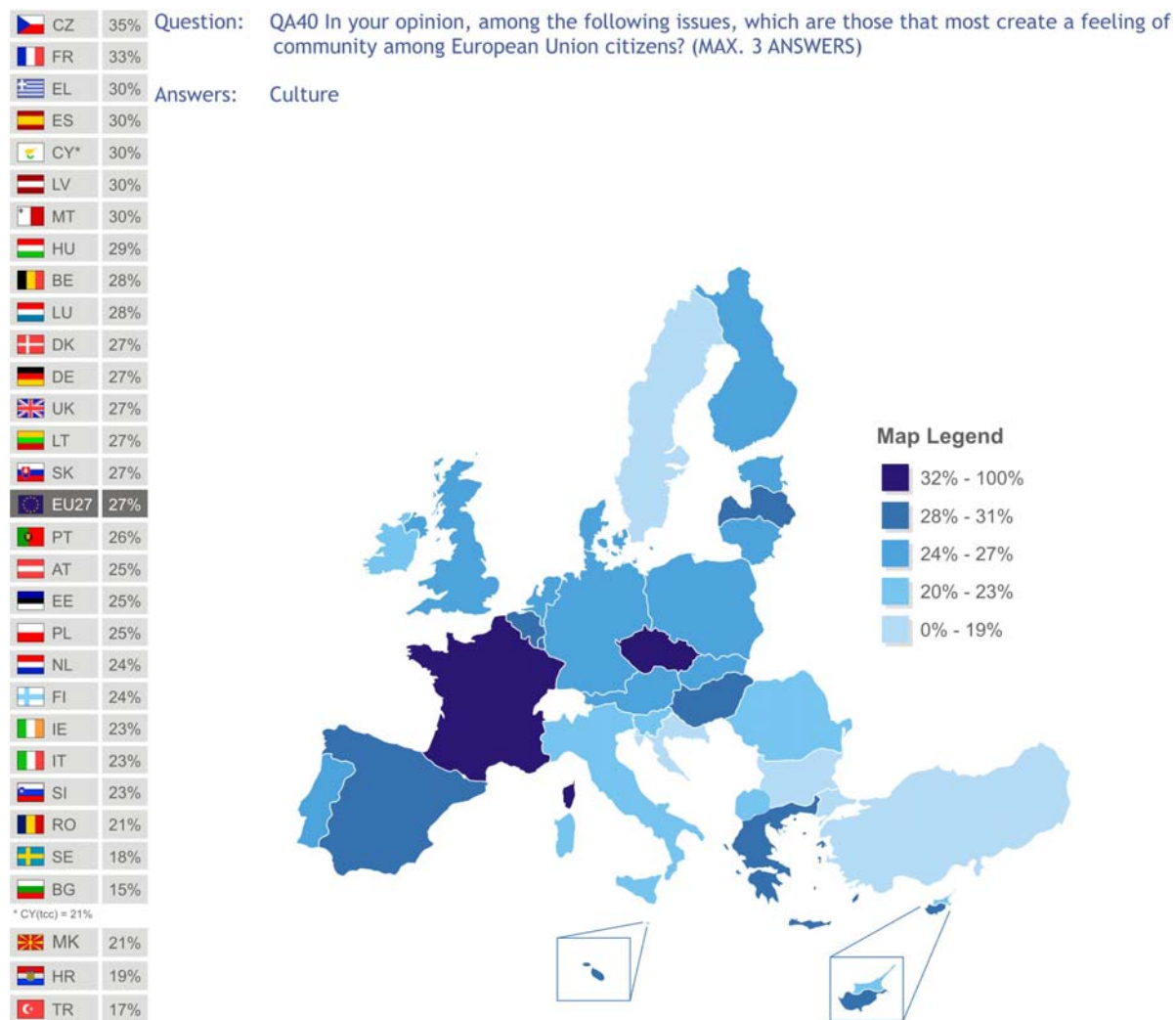
	Economy	Culture	History	Values	Sports	Languages	Solidarity with poorer regions	Geography	Inventions, science and technology	Religion	Legislation	Welfare State
EU27	27%	27%	21%	20%	20%	17%	17%	16%	14%	13%	12%	12%
BE	37%	28%	20%	22%	18%	18%	17%	16%	17%	14%	18%	12%
BG	35%	15%	22%	27%	9%	15%	14%	27%	11%	13%	23%	9%
CZ	23%	35%	26%	25%	21%	20%	17%	14%	18%	14%	9%	9%
DK	32%	27%	29%	31%	20%	14%	24%	18%	24%	8%	17%	18%
DE	33%	27%	17%	19%	24%	19%	21%	11%	18%	12%	14%	13%
EE	39%	25%	17%	16%	20%	21%	12%	16%	15%	9%	17%	21%
EL	21%	30%	21%	23%	20%	10%	16%	29%	16%	19%	10%	8%
ES	27%	30%	15%	17%	12%	9%	15%	15%	7%	4%	13%	26%
FR	25%	33%	29%	23%	22%	24%	20%	20%	18%	12%	9%	1%
IE	30%	23%	25%	23%	30%	24%	19%	18%	9%	14%	11%	8%
IT	20%	23%	21%	23%	17%	14%	13%	12%	14%	19%	9%	8%
CY	24%	30%	21%	27%	18%	11%	13%	19%	10%	25%	11%	9%
LV	24%	30%	17%	9%	20%	21%	11%	34%	10%	9%	14%	19%
LT	45%	27%	15%	15%	17%	21%	12%	15%	18%	16%	14%	19%
LU	17%	28%	32%	17%	14%	26%	16%	21%	11%	17%	6%	7%
HU	40%	29%	19%	15%	19%	20%	17%	9%	12%	13%	15%	25%
MT	21%	30%	30%	30%	16%	19%	20%	20%	9%	26%	7%	5%
NL	40%	24%	23%	19%	20%	10%	18%	33%	16%	11%	18%	11%
AT	22%	25%	25%	22%	24%	21%	15%	18%	12%	19%	9%	11%
PL	38%	25%	18%	11%	17%	17%	20%	13%	12%	12%	9%	11%
PT	18%	26%	25%	23%	14%	14%	19%	27%	5%	12%	6%	2%
RO	23%	21%	30%	19%	11%	20%	13%	20%	10%	28%	15%	22%
SI	37%	23%	19%	19%	21%	12%	11%	17%	12%	11%	15%	9%
SK	21%	27%	38%	24%	18%	31%	20%	19%	10%	25%	15%	11%
FI	29%	24%	20%	23%	16%	16%	16%	21%	10%	6%	16%	19%
SE	28%	18%	24%	28%	18%	13%	21%	23%	15%	8%	19%	11%
UK	19%	27%	17%	16%	28%	18%	11%	11%	11%	11%	6%	12%
CY (tcc)	29%	21%	19%	16%	12%	15%	5%	14%	10%	49%	7%	12%
HR	35%	19%	19%	13%	23%	17%	16%	20%	16%	21%	16%	11%
TR	25%	17%	26%	13%	12%	20%	7%	12%	13%	41%	7%	6%
MK	47%	21%	17%	16%	16%	24%	17%	14%	13%	17%	18%	10%

highest percentage per item

lowest percentage per item

xx highest percentage per country



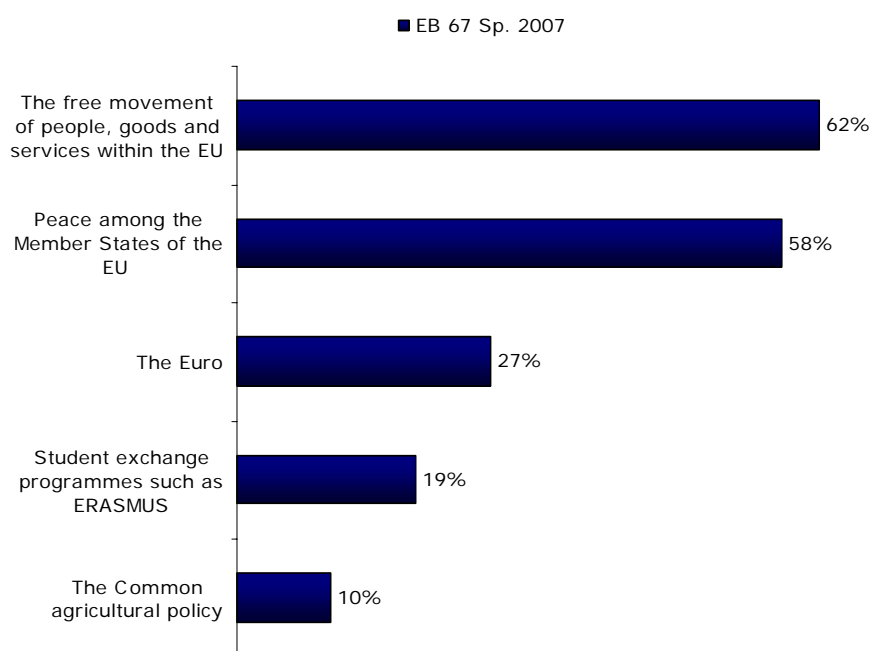


1.2 The perception of European unification

- The free movement of people, goods and services within the European Union and peace are the most positive results of European unification -

Six out of ten Europeans consider that the free movement of people, goods and services within the European Union, on the one hand, and peace between the Member States, on the other hand, are the two most positive results of European unification, with scores of 62% and 58% respectively.¹⁸

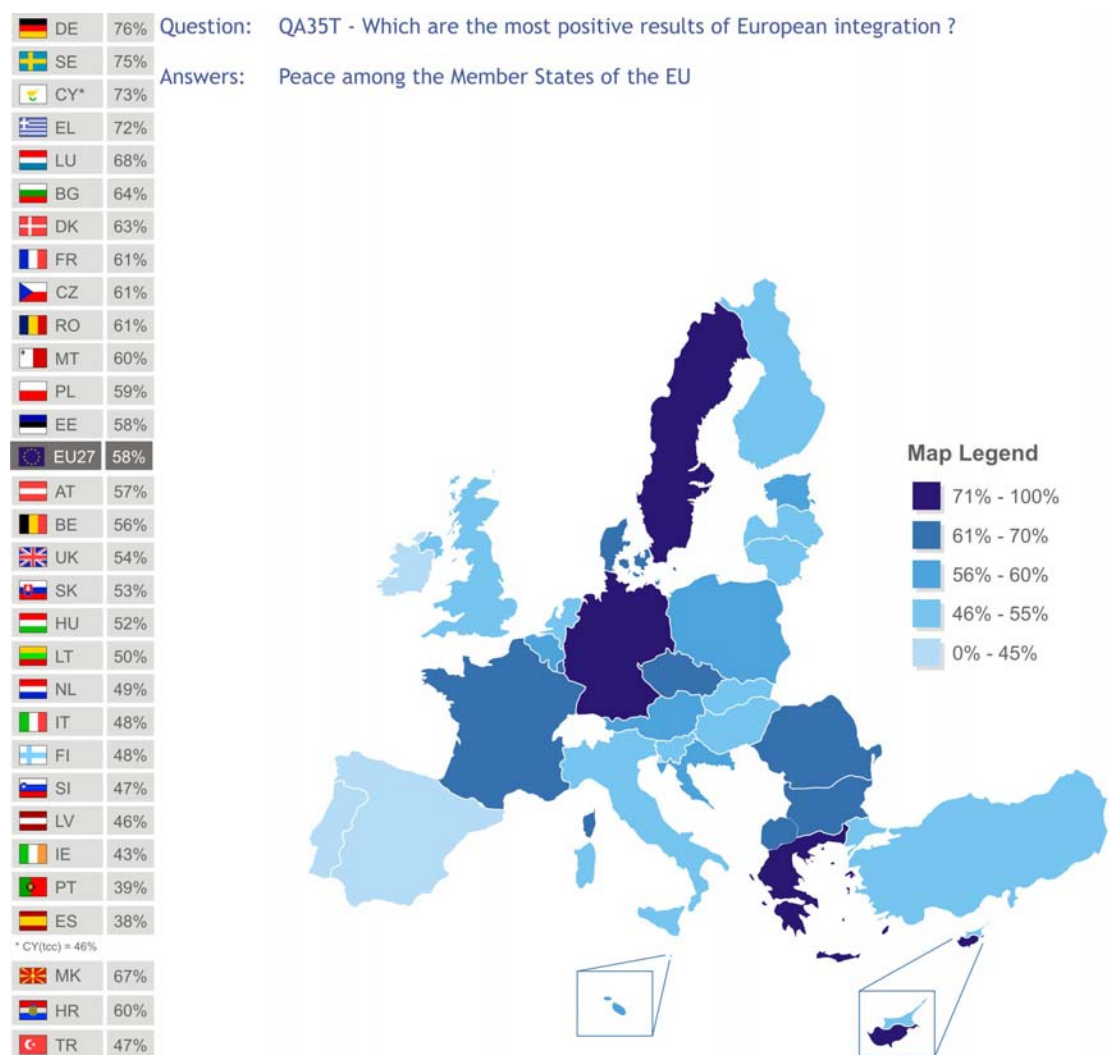
**QA35 Which of the following do you think is the most positive result of European integration?
(Firstly and secondly) - % EU**





















Among the 27 Member States and the candidate countries, 18 placed the free movement of people, goods and services at the top of their list, while peace came first in nine countries (Belgium, Germany, France, Greece, Cyprus, Luxembourg, Malta, Sweden and the United Kingdom). This reply was mentioned by two-thirds of respondents aged 55 and over (62% versus 54% of respondents aged between 15 and 24).

¹⁸ QA35a Which of the following do you think is the most positive result of European integration?
QA35b And the second most positive result?

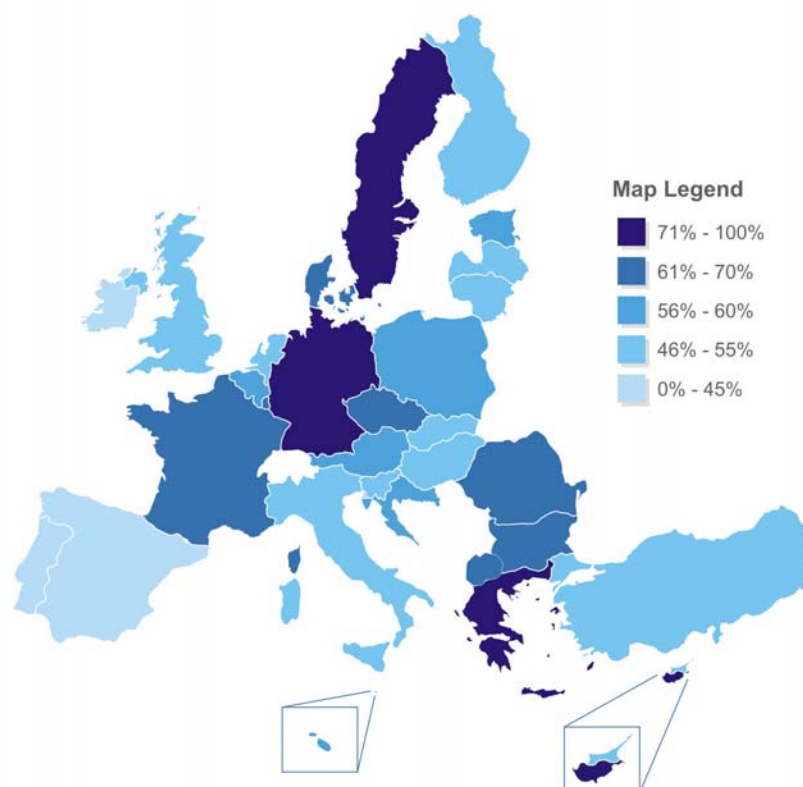
The euro was also mentioned by 27% of people interviewed (32% in the euro zone countries) and by approximately half of respondents in Belgium, Ireland, Luxembourg, Slovenia – which recently adopted the single currency – and Finland.



	DE	76%
	SE	75%
	CY*	73%
	EL	72%
	LU	68%
	BG	64%
	DK	63%
	FR	61%
	CZ	61%
	RO	61%
	MT	60%
	PL	59%
	EE	58%
	EU27	58%
	AT	57%
	BE	56%
	UK	54%
	SK	53%
	HU	52%
	LT	50%
	NL	49%
	IT	48%
	FI	48%
	SI	47%
	LV	46%
	IE	43%
	PT	39%
	ES	38%
* CY(tcc) = 46%		
	MK	67%
	HR	60%
	TR	47%

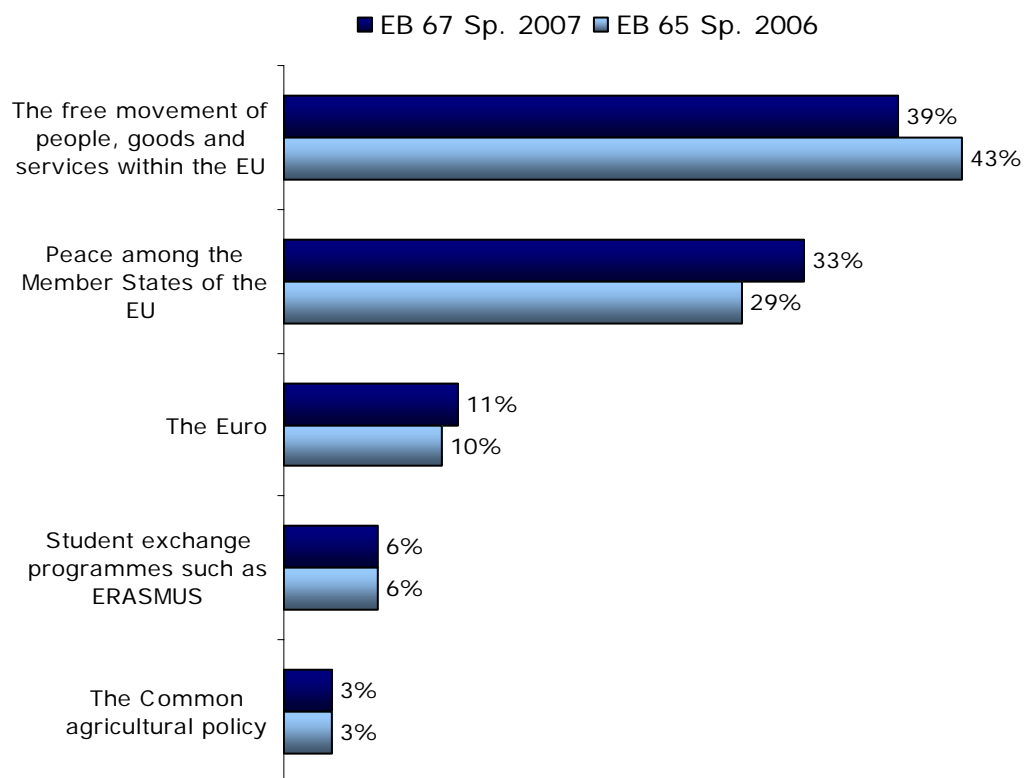
Question: QA35T - Which are the most positive results of European integration ?

Answers: Peace among the Member States of the EU



Compared with spring 2006, the free movement of people, goods and services within the European Union has gained four percentage points as the first reply given, while peace has decreased by the same amount. The numbers choosing other proposals used in the question remain more or less unchanged.

**QA35 Which of the following do you think is the most positive result of European integration?
(First answer) - % EU**

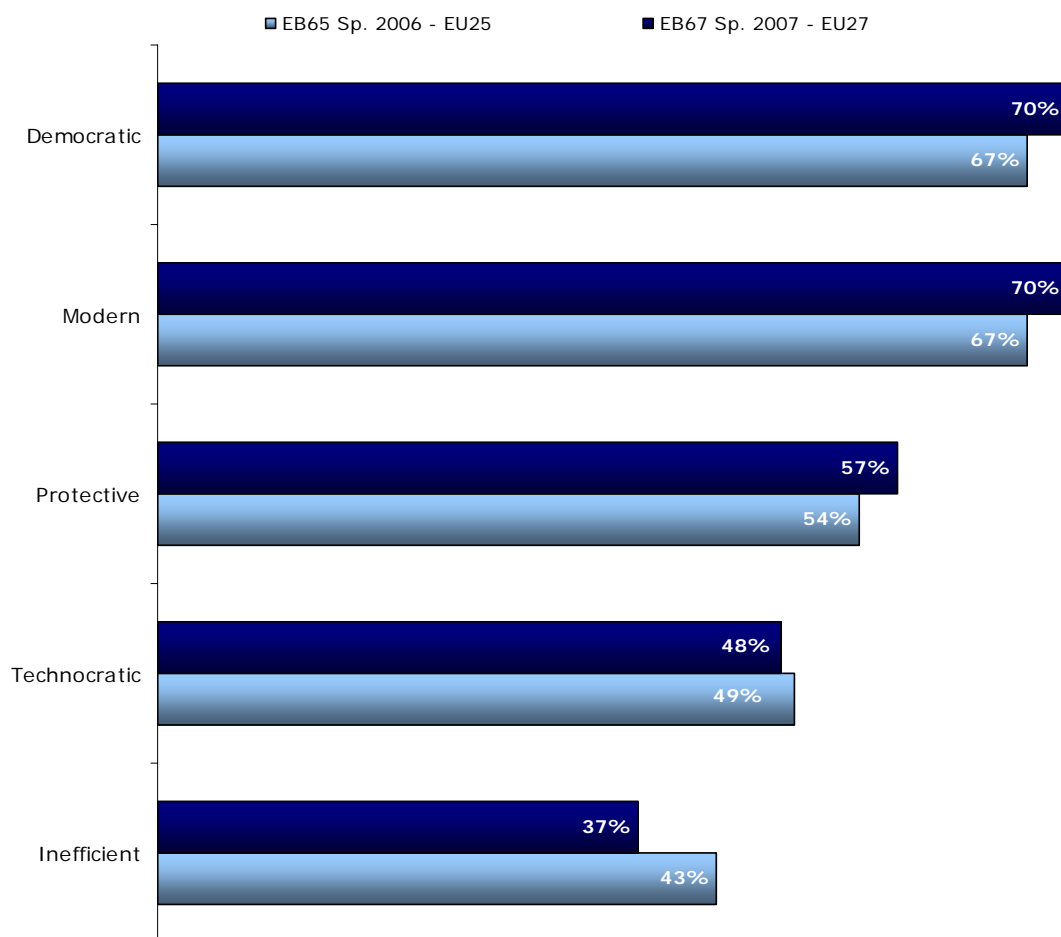


1.3 The words used to describe the European Union
















"Modern" and "democratic" are, according to respondents, the most appropriate adjectives to describe the European Union (70% in both cases). More than half believe that the European Union is also "protective" (57%). Finally, 48% described it as "technocratic" and more than a third chose the word "inefficient" (37%).¹⁹ At a time when the perception of the European Union is becoming increasingly positive, it is logical to note that the detailed image of the European Union is better than a year ago: there has been a strong increase in the number of people who consider that the words "modern", "democratic" and "protective" suitably describe the European Union in comparison to spring 2006: + 3 percentage points, + 3 percentage points and + 5 percentage points respectively. It is also noteworthy that the proportion of respondents who consider that the word "inefficient" is an apt description of the EU has fallen by six percentage points. In this context, the decline in the number of "technocratic" references, although marginal (-1 percentage point), is noteworthy.

¹⁹ QA8 Please tell for each of the following words if it describes very well, fairly well, fairly badly or very badly the idea you might have of the European Union. 1. Modern ; 2. Democratic ; 3. Protective ; 4. Inefficient ; 5. Technocratic

QA8 Please tell for each of the following words if it describes very well, fairly well, fairly badly or very badly the idea you might have of the European Union.
- Total "Describes well" % EU



"Modern" and "democratic" are considered appropriate adjectives to describe the European Union by a large majority of Spaniards (81% and 80% respectively), Romanians (81% and 82%) and Poles (82% and 80%). On the other hand, only half of Swedes (54%) share that view. Respondents in Austria and France are divided in their appreciation of the European Union's "protective" side: 45% and 41% of them respectively consider that this adjective describes the European Union badly. Two-thirds of those polled in the Netherlands (64%), 61% in Sweden, 60% in Denmark and more than half of Finnish and British respondents consider the European Union to be "inefficient".

Modern		
EU averages		EU27 70%, EU15 68%, NMS12 78%
The highest national results		PL (82%) RO/SK/ES (81%)
The lowest national results		DK (51%) SE (54%)
Democratic		
EU averages		EU27 70%, EU15 68%, NMS12 78%
The highest national results		RO (82%) PL/ES (80%)
The lowest national results		FI (50%) SE/UK (54%)
Protective		
EU averages		EU27 57%, EU15 55%, NMS12 62%
The highest national results		NL (67%) EE/BE (66%)
The lowest national results		AT (44%) FR (48%)
Inefficient		
EU averages		EU27 37%, EU15 41%, NMS12 21%
The highest national results		NL (64%) SE (61%)
The lowest national results		BG (13%) RO (16%)
Technocratic		
EU averages		EU27 48%, EU15 52%, NMS12 34%
The highest national results		EL (77%) BE (71%)
The lowest national results		BG (25%) HU (30%)





The words “modern”, “democratic” and “protective” tend to be used more often by the youngest respondents and those who studied the longest. Eight out of ten respondents aged between 15 and 24 (80%) consider that the European Union is “modern” compared with two-thirds of those in the 55 and over age group (64%).

Likewise, three-quarters of people who studied up to the age of 20 or more see the European Union as “democratic”: 74% versus 63% of those who left school before the age of 16.

Moreover, managers are more likely to use the adjectives “inefficient” and “technocratic” to describe the European Union: 45% (versus 37% of manual workers and unemployed people and 41% of other white-collar workers) and 61% (versus 47% of manual workers and 42% of unemployed people) respectively.

Finally, half of the male respondents (53%) declared that the adjective “technocratic” was an apt description of the European Union versus 44% of women. Despite these differences, a majority of respondents in all the categories agree that the European Union is modern and democratic.

QA8 - Please tell for each of the following words if it describes very well, fairly well, fairly badly or very badly the idea you might have of the European Union. - Total "Describes well"

	Modern	Democratic	Protective	Inefficient	Technocratic
EU27	70%	70%	57%	37%	48%
 Gender					
Male	71%	71%	59%	39%	53%
Female	69%	69%	55%	35%	44%
 Age					
15-24	80%	75%	64%	30%	44%
25-39	72%	74%	60%	38%	50%
40-54	69%	71%	57%	40%	52%
55 +	64%	66%	52%	38%	46%
 Education (end of)					
15-	64%	63%	49%	34%	37%
16-19	70%	72%	58%	38%	49%
20+	70%	74%	61%	42%	60%
Still studying	81%	78%	66%	32%	48%
 Respondents occupation scale					
Self-employed	70%	73%	59%	39%	55%
Managers	70%	74%	61%	45%	61%
Other white collars	72%	76%	63%	41%	53%
Manual workers	71%	70%	57%	37%	47%
House persons	69%	70%	55%	30%	39%
Unemployed	69%	66%	54%	37%	42%
Retired	63%	63%	51%	37%	45%

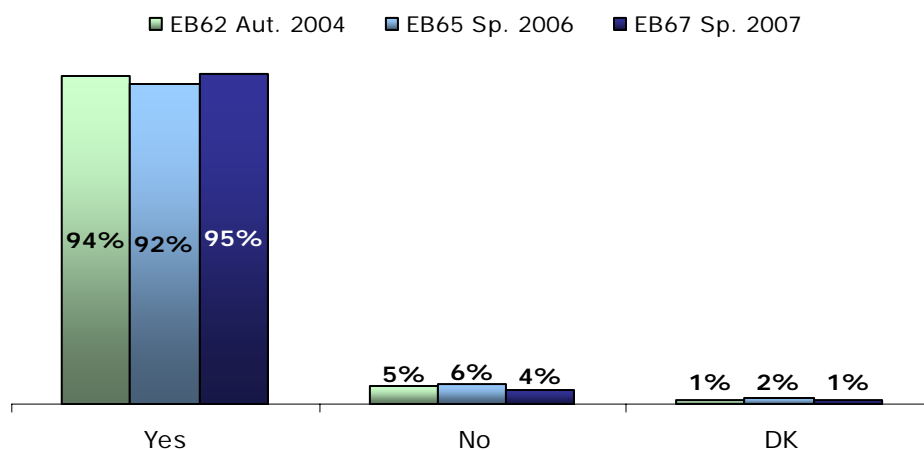
2. The European identity

2.1 Public opinion and the European flag

- Almost all Europeans are familiar with the European flag and believe that it stands for something good -

The European flag, an important symbol of the Union, is known to almost all Europeans (95%)²⁰. This score is three percentage points higher than that recorded in spring 2006. Moreover, 85% of people interviewed consider that it is a good symbol for Europe and 78% believe it stands for something good.²¹ These results show a strong increase: + 5 percentage points and + 7 percentage points respectively. Although supported by a large majority, these opinions are less emphatically held in the United Kingdom and Austria.

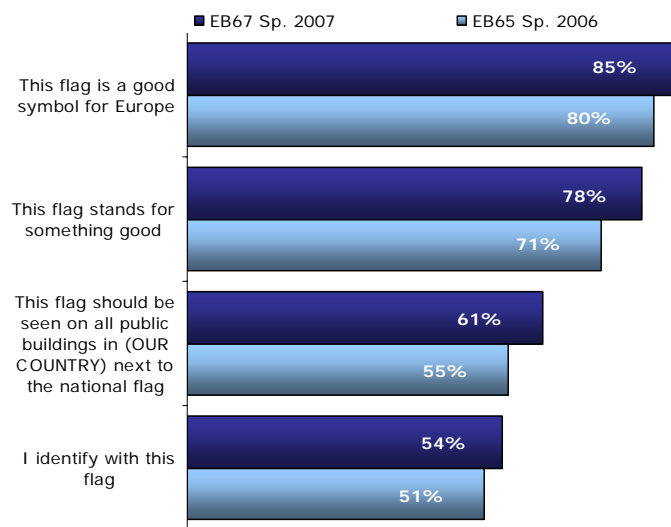
**QA42 Have you ever seen this symbol?
(SHOW EUROPEAN FLAG) -% EU**



²⁰ QA42 Have you ever seen this symbol?

²¹ QA43 This symbol is the European flag. I have a list of statements concerning it. I would like to have your opinion on each of these. For each of them, could you please tell me if you tend to agree or tend to disagree?
1. This flag is a good symbol for Europe; 2. This flag stands for something good; 3. I identify with this flag; 4. This flag should be seen on all public buildings in (OUR COUNTRY) next to the national flag

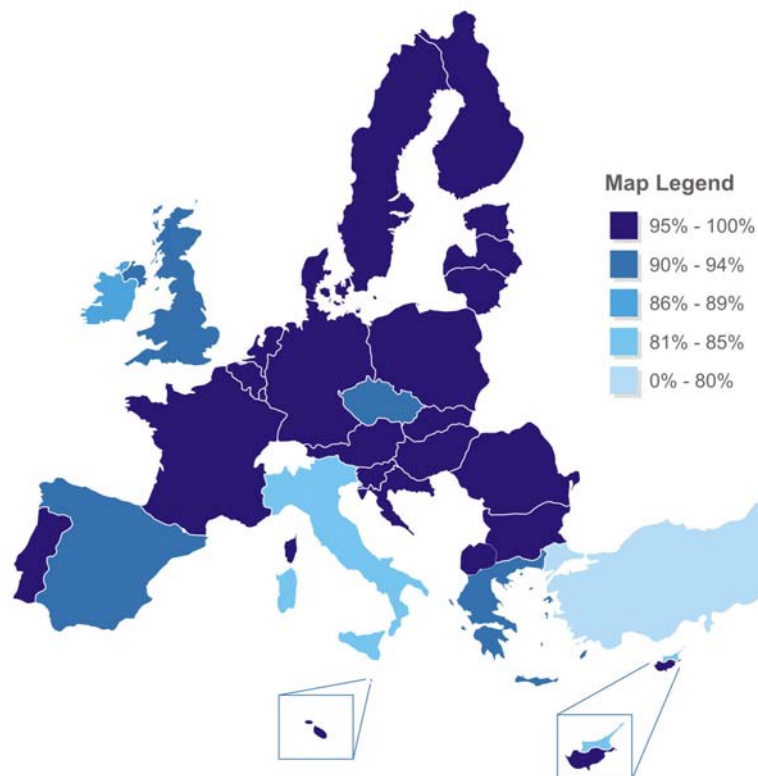
QA43 This symbol is the European flag. I have a list of statements concerning it. I would like to have your opinion on each of these. For each of them, could you please tell me if you tend to agree or tend to disagree?
"Tend to agree" - % EU



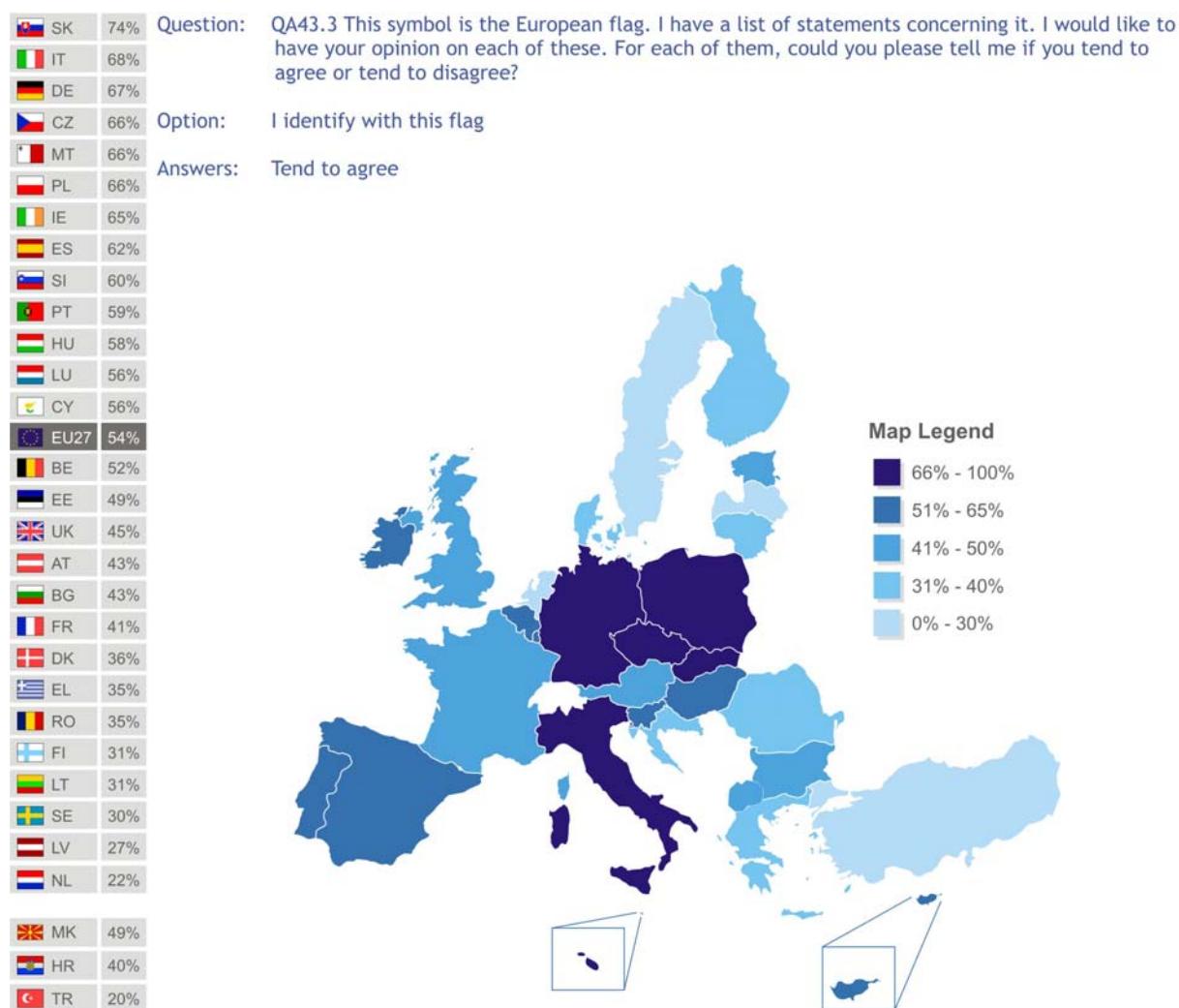
	DK	99%
	DE	99%
	LU	99%
	SE	99%
	MT	99%
	BE	98%
	FI	98%
	CY*	98%
	HU	98%
	LV	98%
	SI	98%
	FR	97%
	PL	97%
	NL	96%
	EE	96%
	LT	96%
	SK	96%
	RO	96%
	AT	95%
	PT	95%
	BG	95%
	EU27	95%
	CZ	94%
	EL	93%
	ES	93%
	UK	92%
	IE	89%
	IT	85%
* CY(tcc) = 85%		
	HR	96%
	MK	95%
	TR	75%

Question: QA42 Have you ever seen this symbol? (SHOW EUROPEAN FLAG)

Answers: Yes



Half of European citizens identify with the European flag (54%, i.e. an increase of three percentage points), including three-quarters of respondents in Slovakia (74%) and two-thirds of interviewees in Italy (68%), Germany (67%), the Czech Republic, Malta and Poland (66% each).



On the other hand, less than a third of those polled in the Netherlands (22%), Latvia (27%), Sweden (30%), Finland and Lithuania (31% in both cases) declared that they identify with the European flag.

Six out of ten people interviewed believe that the European flag should be flown on all public buildings in their country alongside the national flag (61%), i.e. six percentage points higher than in spring 2006.

Although 90% of Cypriots and 81% in Slovenians are in favour of this idea, respondents in the Northern European Member States are far less enthusiastic: only 20% of respondents in Denmark, 25% in Finland and 29% in Sweden agree with this idea.

The European flag is identified by more than nine out of ten respondents in Croatia and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (96% and 95% respectively) and by three-quarters of Turkish respondents (75%).

In the candidate countries, the majority of respondents consider that the European flag is a good symbol for Europe and that it stands for something good, although in Turkey, once again, many respondents do not feel particularly concerned by these two questions (just over a quarter).

While a minority of respondents in Croatia (40%) and Turkey (20%) identify with the European flag, respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia differ in that almost half of them (49%) identify with the European flag, confirming that they are the most enthusiastic of the three candidate countries with regard to this European symbol.

While 44% of those polled in Croatia and 31% in Turkey believe that the European flag should be flown on all public buildings in their country alongside the national flag, two out of three interviewees in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia share this opinion (66%).

Quite logically, Europeans who are convinced that their country's membership of the EU is a good thing or that their country has benefited from membership are far more likely to identify with the European flag. Similarly those who believe that the European Union projects a positive image and those who say they are confident about its future also more often identify with the flag.

% EU – I identify with this flag

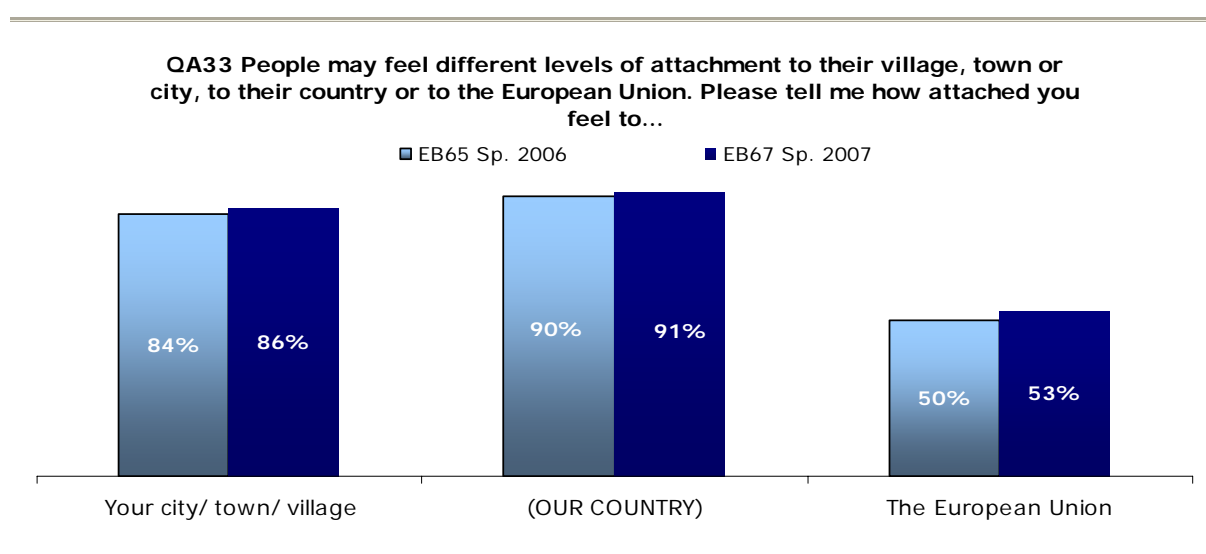
	yes	no	DK
EU27	54%	38%	8%
EU membership			
Good thing	67%	26%	7%
Neither good nor bad	43%	46%	11%
Bad thing	27%	67%	6%
Benefited from EU membership			
Benefited	66%	28%	6%
Not benefited	38%	55%	7%
Image of the EU			
Positive	71%	23%	6%
Neutral	42%	47%	11%
Negative	23%	71%	6%
Trust in the EU²²			
Tend to trust	69%	25%	6%
Tend not to trust	32%	60%	8%

²² Q16.7 : I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it. The European Union.

2.2 Attachment to the European Union

- More Europeans feel attached to the European Union -

Although the indicators in favour of the European Union are improving, for Europeans the EU still comes a long way behind their country. The level of attachment that Europeans feel towards their village (86%) and their country (91%) has increased very slightly (+ 2 percentage points and + 1 percentage point respectively)²³ but is still far higher than the attachment they feel towards the European Union (53%), even if the latter has increased by three percentage points since spring 2006.

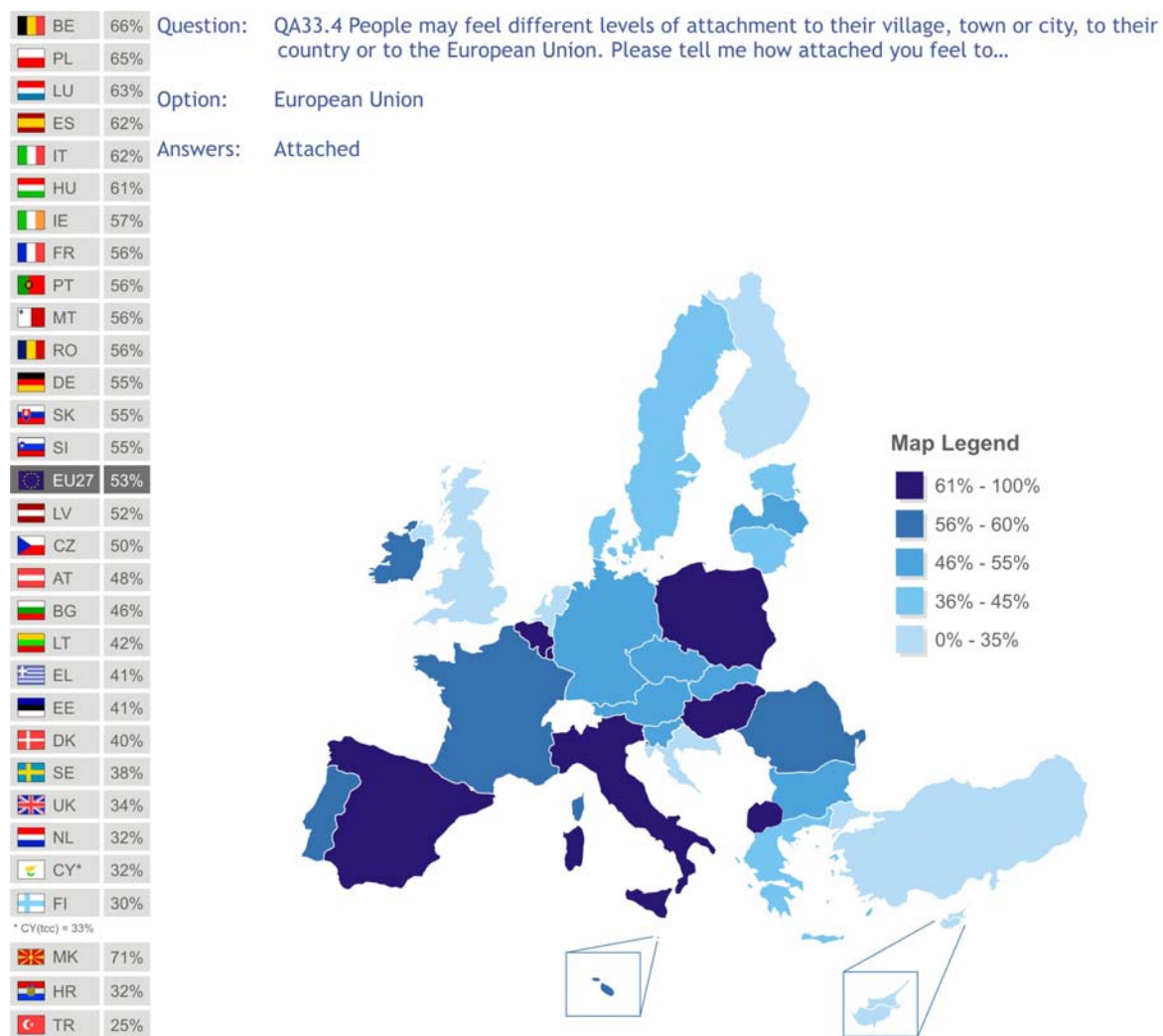


Two-thirds of Belgians (66%) and Poles (65%) feel attached to the European Union compared with a third of interviewees in Finland (30%), Cyprus and the Netherlands (32% in both cases) and the United Kingdom (34%).

A third of Croatians and a quarter of Turks share this opinion (32% and 25% respectively). Once again, respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia are particularly pro-European: with 71% of respondents declaring that they feel close to the European Union, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia is the country with the highest level of attachment to the European Union.

²³ QA33 People may feel different levels of attachment to their village, town or city, to their country or to the European Union. Please tell me how attached you feel to...

1. Your city\ town\ village; 2. (OUR COUNTRY) ; 4. European Union



Men and those who studied the longest are more attached to the European Union than women and those who left school the earliest: 55% of men and 61% of those who studied up to the age of 20 or more consider themselves attached to the European Union, compared with 51% of women and 43% of those who left school before the age of 16.

QA33.4 People may feel different levels of attachment to their village, town or city, to their country or to the European Union. Please tell me how attached you feel to...
The European Union

		Total "Attached"
EU27		53%
	Gender	
	Male	55%
	Female	51%
	Education (end of)	
	15-	43%
	16-19	53%
	20+	61%
	Still studying	57%

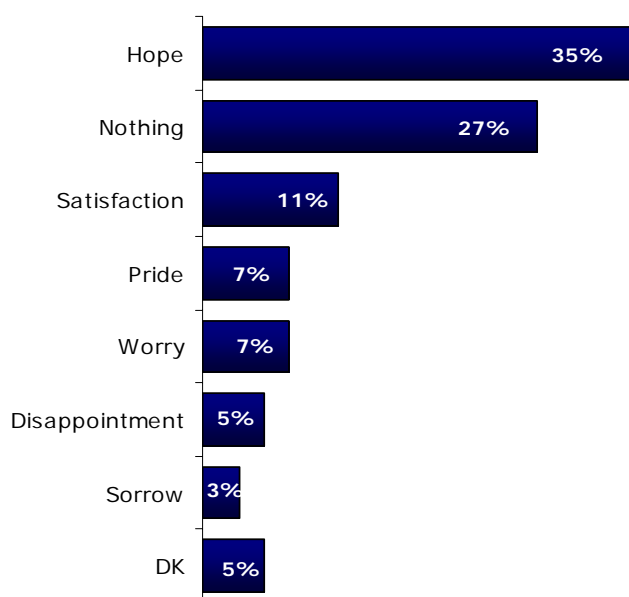
Respondents born in a European Union country other than the country where they currently live are more likely to feel attached to the European Union (65% versus a European average of 53%). This observation also holds true in the case of respondents whose parents were born in a European Union country other than the one where they currently live: the same proportion of respondents in this category (65%) feels attached to the European Union.

2.3 50 years of the Treaty of Rome

- ***“Hope” is the first word that the anniversary of the Treaty of Rome evokes for Europeans –***

“Hope” is the first word that comes to mind for Europeans when the anniversary of the Treaty of Rome - the 50th anniversary of which was celebrated in 2007 - is mentioned. A third of them (35%) chose this reply from among a list of six proposals put to them, including half of Cypriots and Romanians (51%).²⁴ Although a quarter of people interviewed (27%) declared that “nothing” comes to mind when they think of that anniversary, the next most popular reply was “satisfaction” (11%), followed by “pride”, on an equal footing with “worry” (7%), then “disappointment” (5%) and “sorrow” (3%).
















QA36 We are celebrating this year the 50th anniversary of the Rome Treaty, which marks the origin of the creation of the European Union as it stands today. When you think of this anniversary, which words come to your mind first? -%EU








²⁴ QA36a We are celebrating this year the 50th anniversary of the Rome Treaty, which marks the origin of the creation of the European Union as it stands today. When you think of this anniversary, which words come to your mind first?

“Satisfaction” was mentioned by 24% of respondents in Malta, 22% in Belgium and 21% in Luxembourg. In nine Member States a majority of respondents declared that “nothing” came to mind when the anniversary of the Treaty of Rome was evoked: 55% in Latvia, 43% in Sweden, Denmark and Lithuania, 40% in the United Kingdom, 37% in Finland and the Netherlands, 36% in Poland, 35% in Estonia and 33% in the Czech Republic.





A quarter of respondents in Croatia and Turkey gave the same reply (24%), while only 14% of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia declared that the anniversary of the Treaty of Rome evoked “nothing” for them. The word “hope” was mentioned by a third of Croatians (34%), but by more than one in two interviewees in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (52%). On the other hand, 18% of Croatians chose the word “worry” compared with 9% of Turkish respondents and only 5% of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

<u>Hope</u>		
EU averages		EU27 35%, EU15 34%, NMS12 34%
The highest national results		Cyprus (51%)
		Romania (51%)
The lowest national results		Netherlands (21%)
		Austria (22%)
<u>Nothing</u>		
EU averages		EU27 27%, EU15 26%, NMS12 26%
The highest national results		Latvia (55%)
		Sweden (43%)
The lowest national results		Italy (10%)
		Romania (12%)
<u>Satisfaction</u>		
EU averages		EU27 11%, EU15 11%, NMS12 11%
The highest national results		Malta (24%)
		Belgium (22%)
The lowest national results		Latvia (3%)
		Greece (5%)



Pride

EU averages	 EU27 7%, EU15 7%, NMS12 7%
The highest national results	 Italy (12%)  Malta (11%)  Romania (11%)
The lowest national results	 Latvia (2%)







Worry

EU averages	 EU27 7%, EU15 8%, NMS12 8%
The highest national results	 Greece (16%)  France (14%)
The lowest national results	 Ireland (2%)

Disappointment

EU averages	 EU27 5%, EU15 6%, NMS12 6%
The highest national results	 Austria (10%)  Hungary (10%)
The lowest national results	 Lithuania (1%)

Sorrow

EU averages	 EU27 3%, EU15 3%, NMS12 3%
The highest national results	 Italy (8%)  Austria (7%)
The lowest national results	 Bulgaria (0%)  The Netherlands (0%)  Sweden (0%)

2.4 The meaning of the European Union

- The freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the EU is seen as the main accomplishment of the European Union -

For half of Europeans, the European Union represents first and foremost the “freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the European Union” (52%).²⁵ Nearly three quarters of respondents in the Nordic countries, Slovakia, Estonia and Cyprus chose that reply when asked what the European Union meant to them personally. The “euro” came second (39%) and the single currency was even mentioned by almost one in two respondents in the euro zone (48%)

²⁵ QA12 What does the European Union mean to you personally?

QA12 What does the European Union mean to you personally?

	Freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the EU	Euro	Peace	Cultural diversity	Stronger say in the world	Democracy	Bureaucracy	Economic prosperity	Waste of money	Not enough control at external frontiers	More crime	Unemployment	Loss of our cultural identity	Social protection
EU27	52%	39%	33%	27%	26%	22%	21%	20%	20%	18%	17%	14%	12%	10%
BE	55%	66%	41%	34%	35%	27%	21%	28%	21%	22%	23%	19%	9%	17%
BG	58%	14%	37%	20%	15%	33%	5%	32%	6%	7%	6%	4%	7%	20%
CZ	63%	34%	27%	16%	19%	23%	27%	24%	19%	12%	25%	14%	11%	6%
DK	70%	33%	55%	39%	39%	34%	42%	37%	16%	32%	22%	6%	15%	16%
DE	56%	53%	48%	36%	32%	27%	39%	16%	37%	20%	32%	24%	9%	8%
EE	72%	23%	31%	32%	29%	25%	24%	19%	14%	9%	11%	5%	11%	20%
EL	61%	50%	55%	24%	32%	30%	7%	16%	16%	19%	17%	27%	17%	19%
ES	35%	36%	14%	25%	21%	18%	8%	22%	9%	13%	5%	4%	4%	7%
FR	59%	50%	49%	42%	31%	20%	19%	13%	30%	30%	12%	21%	16%	9%
IE	50%	52%	27%	17%	24%	15%	12%	37%	7%	9%	16%	7%	15%	9%
IT	44%	41%	23%	17%	21%	21%	4%	17%	8%	15%	14%	9%	8%	10%
CY	70%	25%	34%	39%	25%	38%	14%	20%	18%	18%	43%	33%	19%	30%
LV	64%	14%	22%	20%	14%	12%	18%	14%	14%	5%	7%	9%	7%	9%
LT	66%	23%	23%	27%	18%	19%	8%	33%	9%	4%	8%	3%	9%	16%
LU	68%	54%	57%	38%	37%	28%	23%	30%	25%	33%	36%	27%	12%	24%
HU	50%	29%	28%	28%	17%	18%	15%	16%	12%	17%	16%	25%	5%	10%
MT	56%	33%	34%	23%	30%	29%	10%	27%	11%	5%	3%	8%	16%	16%
NL	60%	59%	38%	33%	49%	25%	42%	38%	16%	21%	18%	7%	15%	13%
AT	47%	54%	35%	26%	28%	23%	36%	19%	41%	29%	46%	32%	17%	14%
PL	66%	24%	28%	22%	32%	26%	14%	24%	7%	5%	8%	10%	6%	12%
PT	46%	45%	20%	21%	20%	15%	4%	14%	10%	15%	13%	22%	7%	6%
RO	57%	27%	42%	19%	12%	42%	7%	44%	7%	5%	5%	7%	7%	22%
SI	48%	54%	37%	27%	25%	27%	18%	30%	17%	9%	23%	14%	12%	8%
SK	73%	39%	33%	23%	21%	27%	11%	40%	11%	11%	27%	11%	11%	12%
FI	71%	63%	25%	30%	16%	10%	43%	15%	34%	14%	21%	6%	11%	5%
SE	72%	31%	53%	29%	41%	21%	47%	19%	37%	26%	24%	8%	11%	8%
UK	34%	18%	19%	22%	19%	11%	26%	14%	26%	23%	13%	11%	27%	9%
CY(tcc)	18%	14%	34%	21%	16%	32%	7%	38%	5%	5%	8%	13%	17%	34%
HR	43%	24%	27%	21%	20%	19%	8%	23%	11%	10%	22%	12%	26%	13%
TR	28%	10%	27%	17%	13%	14%	3%	31%	5%	5%	7%	17%	17%	22%
MK	67%	14%	46%	9%	18%	27%	2%	58%	2%	3%	5%	7%	5%	22%
		xx	highest percentage per country							highest percentage per item				
		xx	lowest percentage per country							lowest percentage per item				

Finally, a third of people polled mentioned "peace" (33%), including more than half of respondents in Luxembourg (57%), Greece and Denmark (55% for both countries) and Sweden (53%). "Cultural diversity" was mentioned by 27% of Europeans, "a stronger say in the world" by an almost identical proportion (26%), democracy by 22%, "bureaucracy" by 21%, "economic prosperity" and a "waste of money" by 20%. The number of Bulgarians and Romanians who mentioned "economic prosperity" and "democracy" was far higher than the European average, while more than 40% of Northern European respondents (47% in Sweden, 43% in Finland and 42% in Denmark) chose "bureaucracy", i.e. twice the EU average.

The other proposals for this question obtained less than 20% of replies.

The "freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the European Union" is also what the European Union represents above all for Croatians (43%), followed by "peace" (27%) and the "loss of cultural identity" (26%). Respondents in Turkey put "economic prosperity" (31%) first, ahead of the "freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the EU" (28%) and "peace" (27%). More than two-thirds of interviewees in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia placed the free movement of people first (67%), ahead of economic prosperity (58%) and peace (46%).

Fairly logically, the youngest respondents were the most likely to mention the "freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the European Union" (59% of the 15-24 age group versus 43% of the 55 and over age group), "cultural diversity" (31% versus 21%) and the "euro" (44% versus 35%).

Four out of ten managers (42% versus 25% of manual workers and 34% of other white-collar workers) consider that "cultural diversity" reflects the meaning of the European Union and 28% of them (compared with 18% of manual workers and 23% of other white-collar workers) think the same as regards "economic prosperity". Finally, a third of managers consider the European Union to be "bureaucratic" (34% versus 19% of manual workers and 22% of other white-collar workers). Finally, it is noteworthy that unemployed people are more likely to associate the EU with unemployment (20% versus an EU average of 14%).

The results recorded are more or less unchanged from those obtained in spring 2006. "Economic prosperity" has gained two percentage points as has the "freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the EU". "Unemployment" has lost four percentage points while "democracy" and "waste of money" have both lost two percentage points.

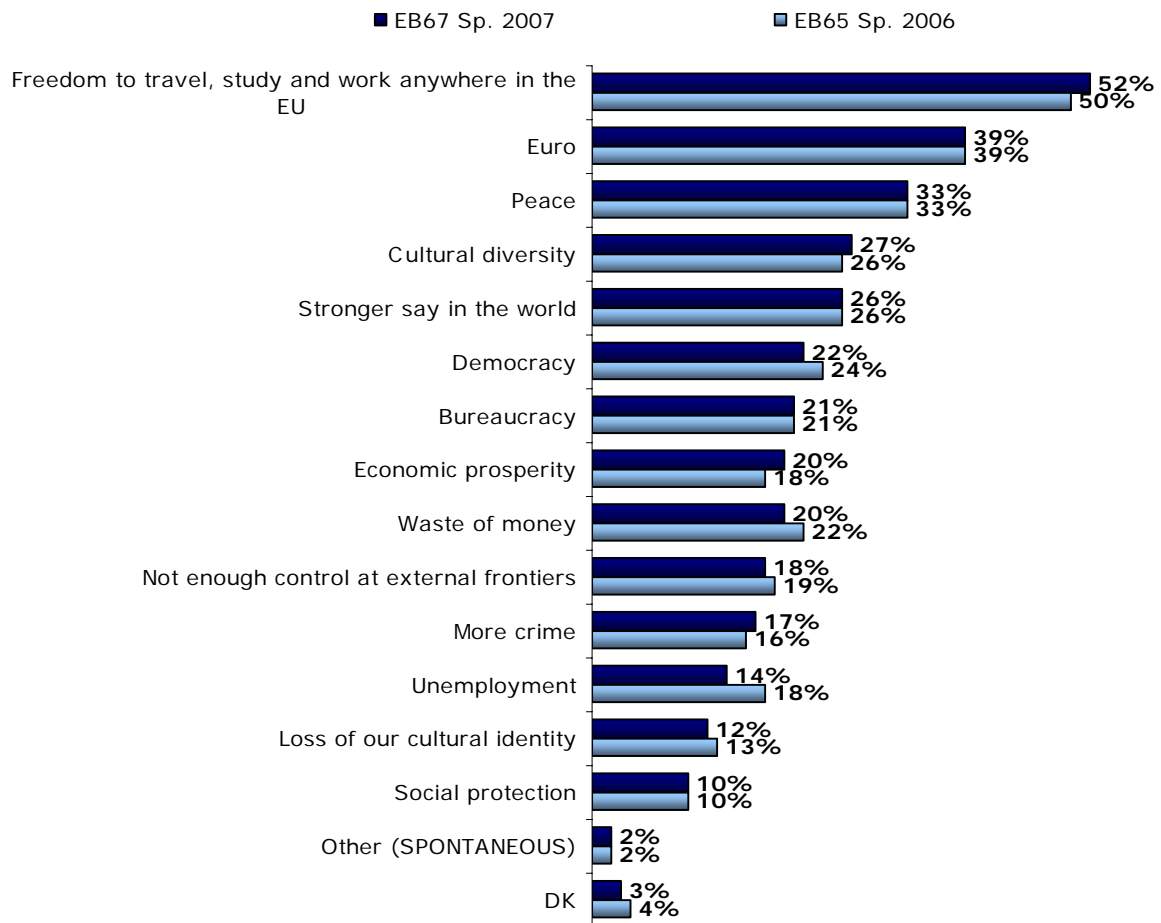
QA12 What does the European Union mean to you personally?

1



	Freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the EU	Euro	Peace	Cultural diversity	Stronger say in the world	Democracy	Bureaucracy	Economic prosperity	Waste of money	Not enough control at external frontiers	More crime	Unemployment	Loss of our cultural identity	Social protection
EU27	52%	39%	33%	27%	26%	22%	21%	20%	20%	18%	17%	14%	12%	10%
Age														
15-24	59%	44%	32%	31%	27%	24%	10%	23%	13%	12%	10%	13%	8%	14%
25-39	57%	42%	30%	30%	28%	24%	20%	22%	16%	15%	13%	13%	10%	10%
40-54	53%	39%	35%	30%	27%	23%	25%	20%	22%	19%	18%	15%	13%	10%
55 +	43%	35%	36%	21%	23%	20%	23%	18%	24%	21%	21%	15%	13%	10%
Respondent occupation scale														
Self- employed	56%	43%	35%	31%	32%	25%	24%	24%	21%	18%	15%	11%	12%	11%
Managers	66%	44%	41%	42%	37%	31%	34%	28%	20%	17%	12%	9%	12%	9%
Other white collars	57%	47%	30%	34%	30%	23%	22%	23%	17%	17%	16%	12%	11%	11%
Manual workers	52%	37%	30%	25%	24%	21%	19%	18%	20%	20%	17%	17%	12%	10%
House persons	41%	42%	29%	20%	18%	17%	12%	16%	16%	16%	17%	16%	9%	9%
Unemployed	49%	34%	31%	25%	20%	19%	16%	16%	24%	17%	21%	20%	13%	10%
Retired	42%	33%	36%	20%	22%	20%	22%	17%	25%	21%	21%	15%	14%	10%
Students	62%	45%	34%	32%	29%	26%	12%	26%	12%	9%	8%	10%	8%	14%

QA12 What does the European Union mean to you personally?
 -% EU

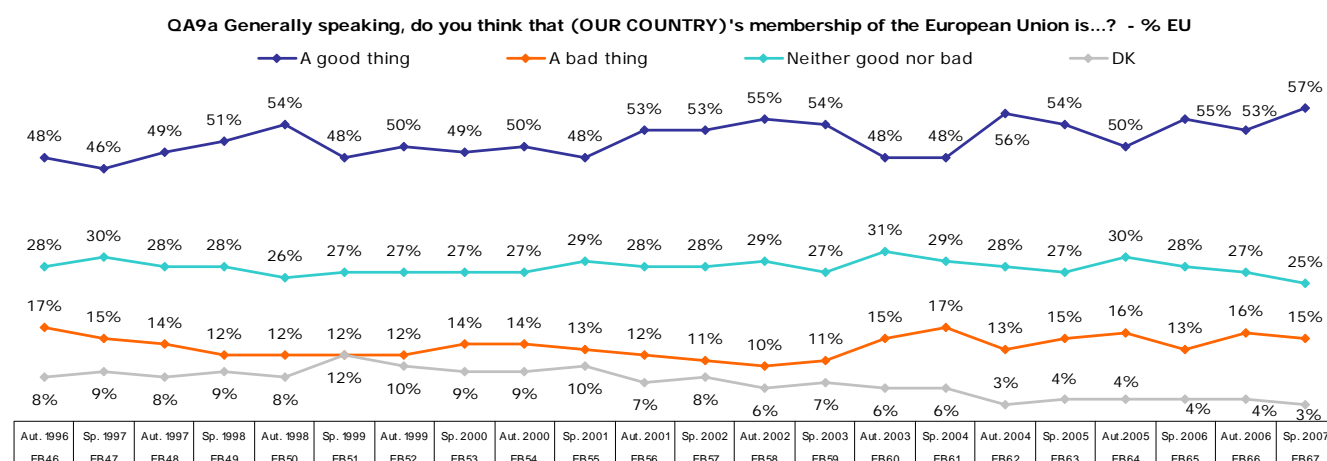


3 Being a member of the European Union today

3.1 Membership of the European Union

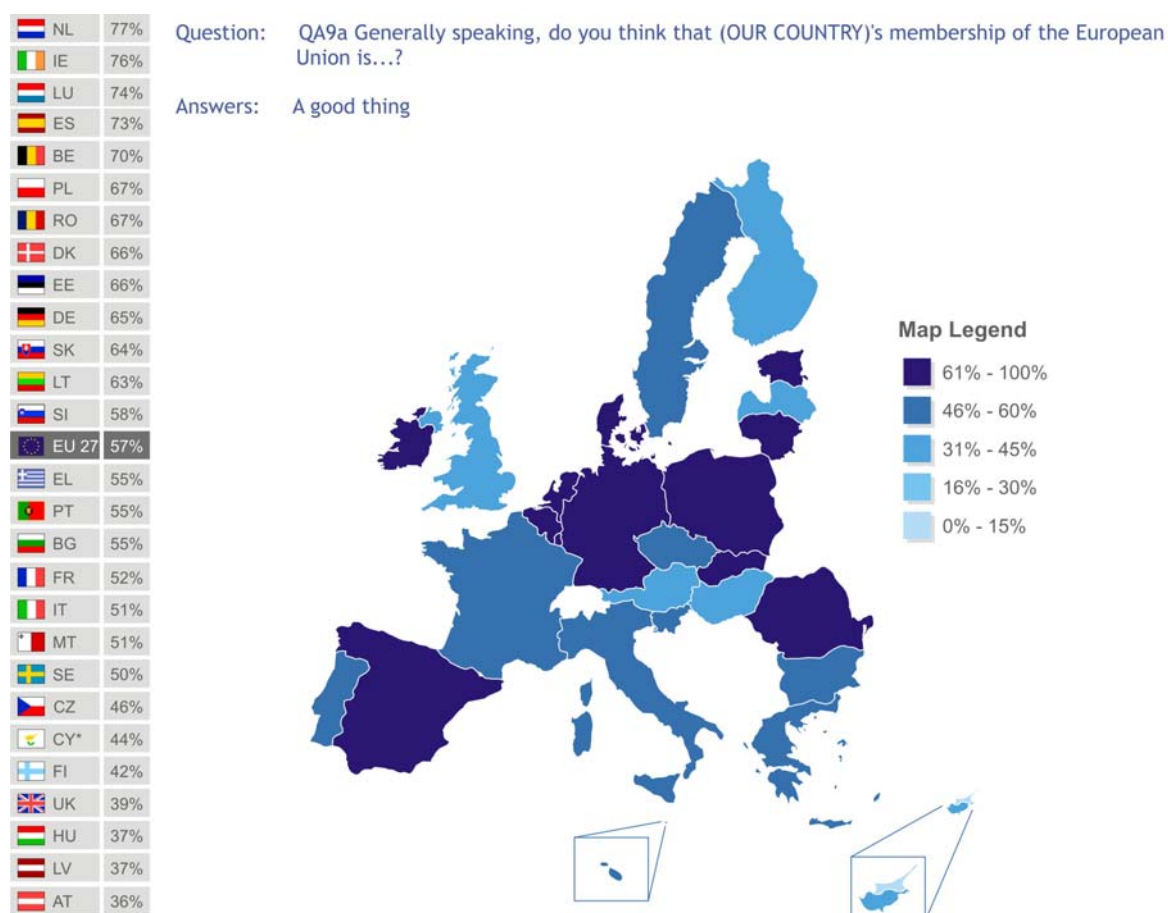
- Support for European Union membership is at its highest level for more than a decade -

Almost six out of ten Europeans consider that their country's membership of the European Union is a good thing (57%), i.e. an increase of four percentage points since autumn 2006.²⁶ This indicator is now at its highest level since 1994.



Respondents in the Netherlands (77%), Ireland (76%) and Luxembourg (74%) are the most enthusiastic. In addition, this feeling of enthusiasm, which is very perceptible in the founding countries, is also important among respondents in the new Member States, being shared by two-thirds of Poles and Romanians (67%) as well as Estonians (66%). On the other hand, almost a third of respondents in the United Kingdom (30%), a quarter of respondents in Austria (25%), Sweden and Finland (24%) and two out of ten French respondents (21%) have a negative opinion of their country's membership of the European Union.

²⁶ QA9a Generally speaking do you think that (OUR COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union is... ?







Although Turkish respondents are convinced of the benefits that their country would gain from joining the European Union (52%), Croatians seem more undecided: 29% of them see membership as a good thing, while an almost similar proportion see it as a bad thing (28%) and 40% think that it would be neither good nor bad. The position of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia is far more clear-cut: 75% consider that membership would be a good thing, which is in line with their enthusiasm with regard to the European Union, as observed previously for a large number of questions.

A socio-demographic analysis reveals that men (61% versus 54% of women), the youngest interviewees (67% of the 15 to 24 age group versus 51% of the oldest age group) and those who studied up to the age of 20 or over (70% versus only 43% of those who left school at the age of 15 or earlier) are more likely to believe that their country's membership of the European Union is a good thing. These are all categories which generally tend have a more positive attitude than others towards the European Union.

Moreover, almost three-quarters of interviewees with a good knowledge of the EU consider that their country's membership of the European Union is a good thing (72%), versus barely half of those who are less familiar with the European Union (49%). Likewise, it is not surprising to note the strong correlation between the European Union's image and the perception of the benefits of membership: eight out of ten Europeans who have a positive image of the European Union are convinced of the benefits of EU membership compared with 11% of those for whom the EU projects a negative image.

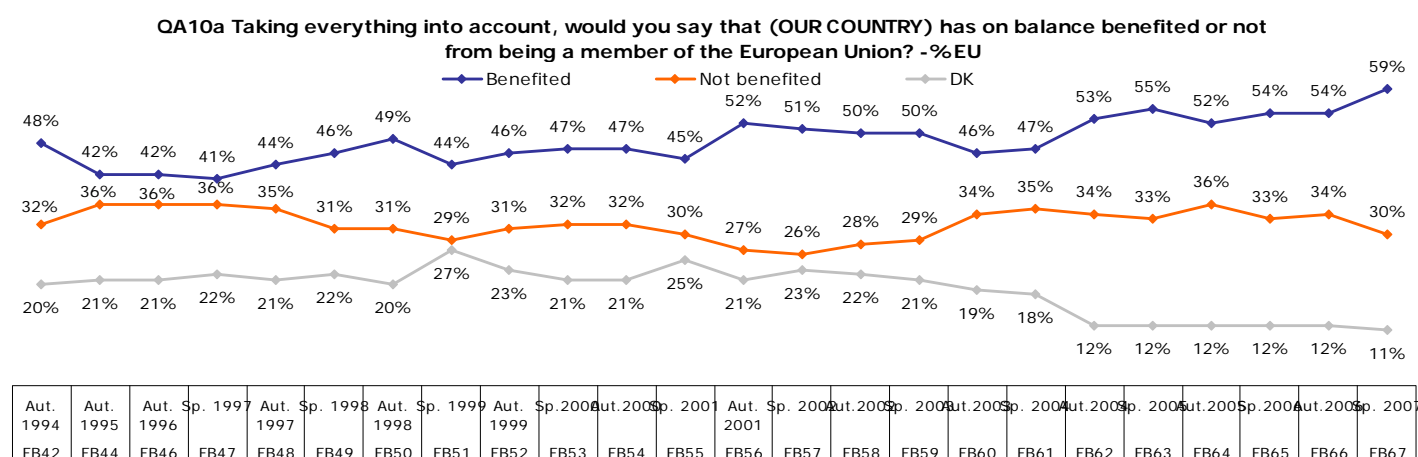
QA9a Generally speaking do you think that (OUR COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union is... ?

	A good thing	A bad thing	Neither good nor bad	DK
EU27	57%	15%	25%	3%
 Gender				
Male	61%	15%	22%	2%
Female	54%	14%	28%	4%
 Age				
15-24	67%	9%	22%	2%
25-39	60%	13%	25%	2%
40-54	57%	15%	26%	2%
55 +	51%	18%	26%	5%
 Education (end of)				
15-	43%	22%	30%	5%
16-19	55%	15%	28%	2%
20+	70%	10%	19%	1%
Still studying	73%	8%	17%	2%
 Respondent occupation scale				
Self-employed	63%	12%	23%	2%
Managers	70%	10%	19%	1%
Other white collars	61%	12%	26%	1%
Manual workers	54%	17%	27%	2%
House persons	48%	15%	31%	6%
Unemployed	50%	18%	29%	3%
Retired	50%	18%	27%	5%
Students	73%	8%	17%	2%
Image of the EU				
Positive	85%	4%	10%	1%
Neutral	35%	12%	48%	5%
Negative	11%	59%	27%	3%
Objective knowledge of the EU				
Bad	49%	17%	29%	5%
Average	62%	13%	24%	1%
Good	72%	10%	18%	0%

3.2 The benefits of European Union membership

- The number of respondents who consider that their country has benefited from membership of the European Union has increased significantly -






The majority of Europeans are convinced that their country's membership of the European Union is a good thing and in the same way a majority also believe that EU membership has benefited their country (59%).²⁷ This figure has increased noticeably since autumn 2006: + 5 percentage points; but above all it is now at the highest level since 1991.



²⁷ QA10a Taking everything into account, would you say that (OUR COUNTRY) has on balance benefited or not from being a member of the European Union?

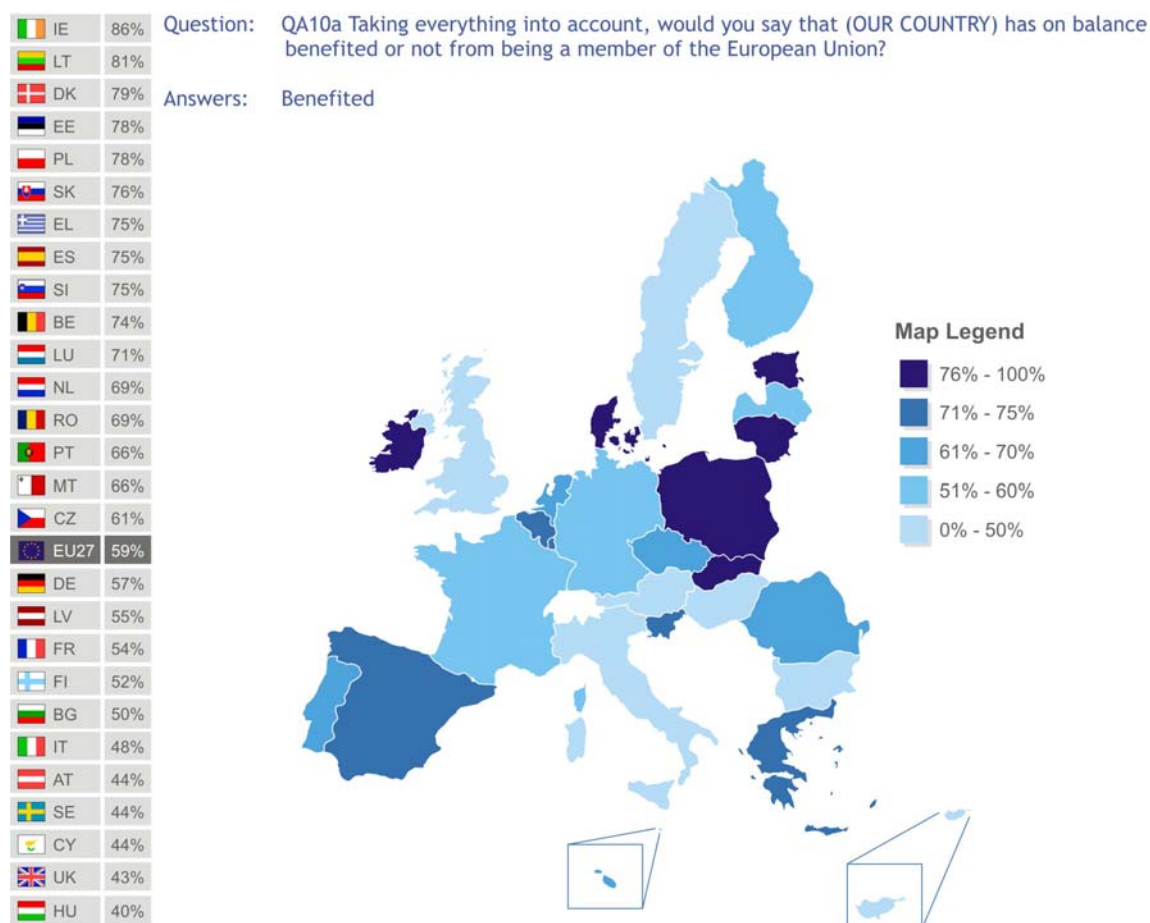
Men, managers, the youngest respondents and those who studied the longest are the most convinced that their country's membership of the EU is a good thing and, logically, that their country has benefited from being part of the European Union.

QA10a Taking everything into account, would you say that (OUR COUNTRY) has on balance benefited or not from being a member of the European Union?

	Benefited	Not benefited	NSP
 EU27	54%	34%	12%
 Gender			
Male	62%	29%	9%
Female	56%	31%	13%
 Age			
15-24	69%	20%	11%
25-39	63%	27%	10%
40-54	59%	32%	9%
55 +	51%	36%	13%
 Education (end of)			
15-	44%	40%	16%
16-19	57%	33%	10%
20+	72%	22%	6%
Still studying	74%	16%	10%
 Respondent occupation scale			
Self-employed	64%	25%	11%
Managers	71%	23%	6%
Other white collars	64%	28%	8%
Manual workers	56%	34%	10%
House persons	50%	34%	16%
Unemployed	56%	32%	12%
Retired	50%	36%	14%
Students	74%	16%	10%

There is a very strong correlation between the perception of the benefits of EU membership and the image respondents have of the European Union. Respondents for whom the EU conveys a positive image are far more likely to consider that their country has benefited from membership of the European Union: 84% versus 14% of people interviewed for whom the EU projects a negative image.

The strongest support for the view that membership has benefited their country is to be found among respondents in Ireland (86%), Lithuania (81%), Denmark (79%), Estonia, Poland (78%), Slovakia (76%) as well as in Spain, Greece and Slovenia (75%). On the other hand, more than half of Hungarians (52%), 46% of respondents in Cyprus, 44% in the United Kingdom and 43% in Austria and Sweden take the opposite view: in those countries, less than half of respondents consider that their country has benefited from its membership of the European Union.



A small majority of Croatians consider that their country would not benefit from joining the European Union (48% versus 43% who take the opposite view). In Turkey, respondents are more optimistic and 62% of them are convinced of the benefits that membership of the European Union would bring to their country. There is overwhelming support among respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia: 84% believe that membership would benefit their country. Only 11% take the opposite view.

3.3 The reasons why citizens consider that their country has benefited from its membership of the European Union

- Two-thirds of Europeans consider that their country's voice counts in the European Union -

If the vast majority of Europeans are convinced of the benefits of their country's membership of the EU, it is perhaps because two-thirds of them consider that their country's voice counts in the European Union (66%).²⁸ A majority of respondents also believe that in the future their country will become more influential in the EU (52%), they feel safer because their country is a member of the EU (52%) and they feel that their country is more economically stable for the same reason (51%).

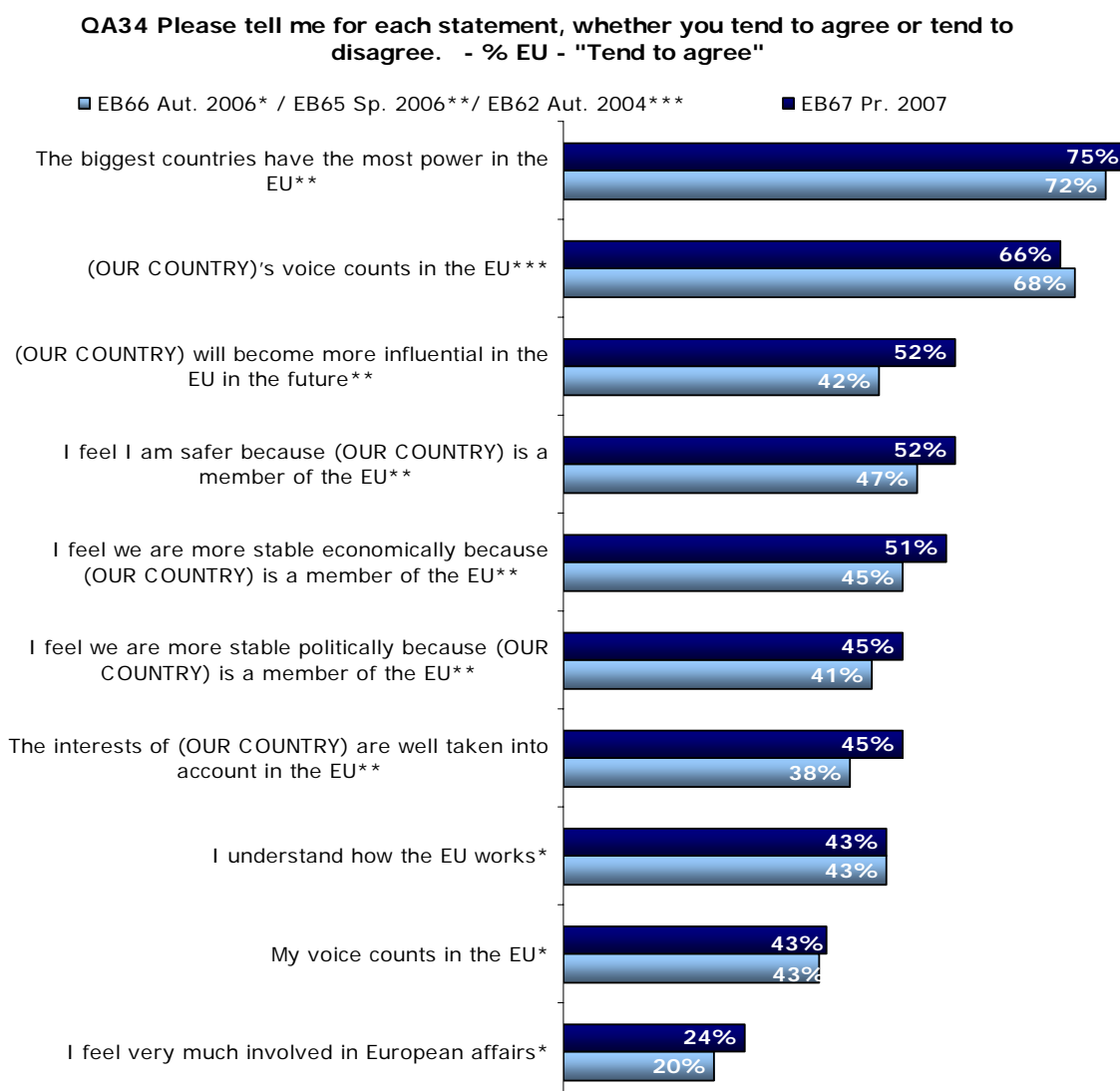
More than four out of ten respondents feel that their country is more stable politically because of its membership of the EU (45%), that their country's interests are properly taken into account (45%) and declare they understand how the EU works (43%).

The safety and economic and political stability felt by a large proportion of interviewees very clearly contributes to their feeling that membership of the EU is beneficial for their country.

On the other hand, only a third of people interviewed declared that they agreed with the statement that "my voice counts in the EU" (35%) and only a quarter agreed with the phrase "I feel very much involved in European affairs" (24%). Finally, three-quarters of Europeans (75%) consider that the biggest countries have the most power in the EU, including almost all Finnish respondents (94%) but fewer than six out of ten interviewees in Luxembourg (59%).

²⁸ QA34 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

1. I feel I am safer because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU; 2. I feel we are more stable economically because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU; 3. I feel we are more stable politically because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU; 4. My voice counts in the European Union; 5. The biggest countries have the most power in the EU; 6. (OUR COUNTRY)'s voice counts in the EU; 7. (OUR COUNTRY) will become more influential in the EU in the future; 8. The interests of (OUR COUNTRY) are well taken into account in the EU; 10. (OUR COUNTRY) is more influential in the EU now than it was ten years ago; 11. I feel very much involved in European affairs



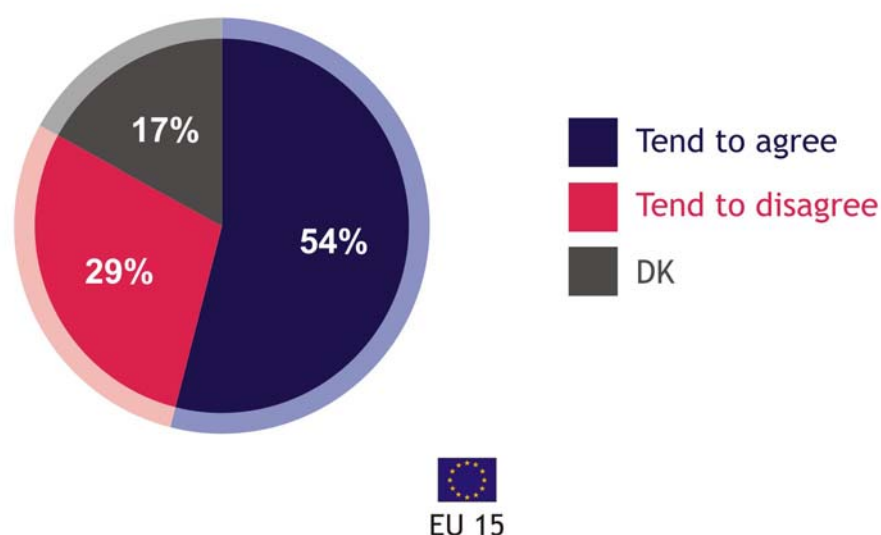
This question, in which the interviewees were asked to give their opinion on a certain number of statements dealing with the European Union in general, their knowledge of the subject, their country's place within the European Union and the political consequences of membership is regularly asked in the Eurobarometer. However, certain items were included previously in autumn 2006 (EB66), while others were only included in spring 2006 (EB65) or even in spring 2004 (EB62). This graph shows changes in European opinion in relation to the last time each of the statements was put to Europeans.

The scores for practically all the aspects tested have increased since the previous wave. There has been a significant increase in support for the views that "My country will become more influential in the European Union" (+ 10 percentage points) and "My country's interests are well taken into account" (+ 7 percentage points).

More than two-thirds of Estonians feel not only safer but also that their country is more stable economically and politically as a result of its membership of the European Union, compared with just over a third of Swedes. Respondents in Bulgaria and Romania, the last two countries to join the EU, are logically less likely than the average to declare that they understand how the European Union works. While approximately eight out of ten respondents in five of the founding States of the Union consider that their country's voice counts in the EU, only half of Italians agree with that statement (53%). Likewise, less than half of Dutch respondents consider that their country will become more influential in the EU in the future, compared with three-quarters of Spaniards (75%) and 70% of Poles who take the opposite view.

Question: QA34a.10. Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

Option: (OUR COUNTRY) is more influential in the EU now than it was ten years ago



Finally, more than half of respondents in the old EU15 countries consider that their country has more influence in the EU today than ten years ago (54%). It is interesting to note that after the successive enlargements of 2004 and 2007, a majority of respondents in the old EU15 countries think that their country has more influence today than ten years ago. In the two countries which voted "no" in the referenda on the European constitutional treaty, France and the Netherlands, only a third of people interviewed agree with this view (32% and 35% respectively). On the other hand, 79% of Spaniards and 68% in Greeks consider that their country's influence has increased over the last decade.

Although the majority of respondents in the candidate countries think that their country would be more stable economically and politically as a member of the European Union, that view is expressed more forcefully in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia. At the same time, while 49% of Croatians and 47% of Turks would feel safer if they were members of the EU, the corresponding proportion is as high as 87% among respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia. Furthermore, while the majority of respondents in Turkey (45%) and Croatia (60%) do not agree that the interests of their country would be properly taken into account in the EU, only a third (35%) of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia share this view. On the other hand the majority of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia feel that their country's interests would be defended within the European Union (54%). In the same way, while a majority of interviewees in Turkey and Croatia do not think that their voice would count, the majority of interviewees in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia feel that their voice would count in the European Union. Finally, almost seven out of ten of those polled in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (69%) and half of Turkish respondents consider that their country will become more influential in the EU in the future (52%) while a similar proportion of r in Croatia takes the opposite view (53%).

An analysis of the socio-demographic variables reveals quite logically that the respondents who are very knowledgeable about the European Union are those who have the best understanding of how the EU works (60% versus 30% of those whose knowledge is limited). In the same way, they feel more involved in European affairs (33% versus 17%)

QA34a Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

	The biggest countries have the most power in the EU	(OUR COUNTRY)'s voice counts in the EU	(OUR COUNTRY) will become more influential in the EU in the future	I feel I am safer because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU	I feel we are more stable economically because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU	I feel we are more stable politically because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU	The interests of (OUR COUNTRY) are well taken into account in the EU	I understand how the EU works	My voice counts in the EU	I feel very much involved in European affairs
EU27	75%	66%	52%	52%	51%	45%	45%	43%	35%	24%
EU15	73%	69%	50%	50%	50%	45%	47%	41%	35%	25%
NMS12	82%	55%	60%	60%	55%	46%	40%	46%	31%	20%

BE	72%	75%	38%	54%	63%	48%	56%	51%	53%	29%
BG	81%	35%	55%	51%	43%	43%	31%	28%	23%	37%
CZ	88%	42%	46%	55%	52%	44%	34%	41%	18%	17%
DK	86%	82%	30%	61%	66%	42%	49%	55%	52%	27%
DE	66%	86%	54%	57%	52%	57%	54%	50%	41%	29%
EE	79%	66%	59%	70%	71%	66%	50%	56%	28%	20%
EL	87%	42%	60%	70%	57%	62%	38%	48%	30%	21%
ES	85%	69%	75%	59%	66%	61%	56%	37%	40%	31%
FR	66%	82%	39%	39%	39%	30%	43%	40%	46%	21%
IE	74%	66%	52%	56%	74%	55%	57%	33%	30%	21%
IT	68%	53%	55%	52%	47%	41%	45%	33%	25%	34%
CY	88%	48%	55%	72%	43%	61%	42%	51%	42%	6%
LV	87%	41%	49%	48%	33%	42%	27%	49%	18%	10%
LT	83%	52%	62%	62%	68%	59%	46%	45%	26%	10%
LU	59%	80%	37%	57%	64%	58%	63%	60%	53%	29%
HU	85%	56%	38%	52%	34%	35%	38%	37%	32%	12%
MT	75%	66%	57%	62%	56%	54%	57%	46%	48%	24%
NL	85%	78%	19%	44%	63%	37%	38%	48%	53%	24%
AT	83%	44%	35%	41%	46%	36%	31%	47%	28%	23%
PL	82%	68%	70%	63%	63%	49%	45%	59%	38%	22%
PT	85%	55%	58%	56%	45%	48%	44%	41%	32%	24%
RO	78%	45%	63%	62%	54%	40%	37%	39%	27%	17%
SI	85%	67%	61%	65%	69%	60%	49%	64%	39%	27%
SK	80%	48%	51%	61%	65%	53%	35%	37%	25%	16%
FI	94%	71%	38%	49%	54%	47%	29%	41%	30%	11%
SE	85%	86%	36%	38%	37%	32%	63%	46%	36%	16%
UK	69%	55%	45%	40%	42%	37%	39%	35%	22%	14%

HR	79%	-	39%	49%	53%	56%	31%	48%	36%	-
TR	65%	-	52%	47%	58%	48%	37%	39%	38%	-
MK	91%	-	69%	87%	90%	84%	54%	61%	58%	-

xx highest percentage per country
xx lowest percentage per country

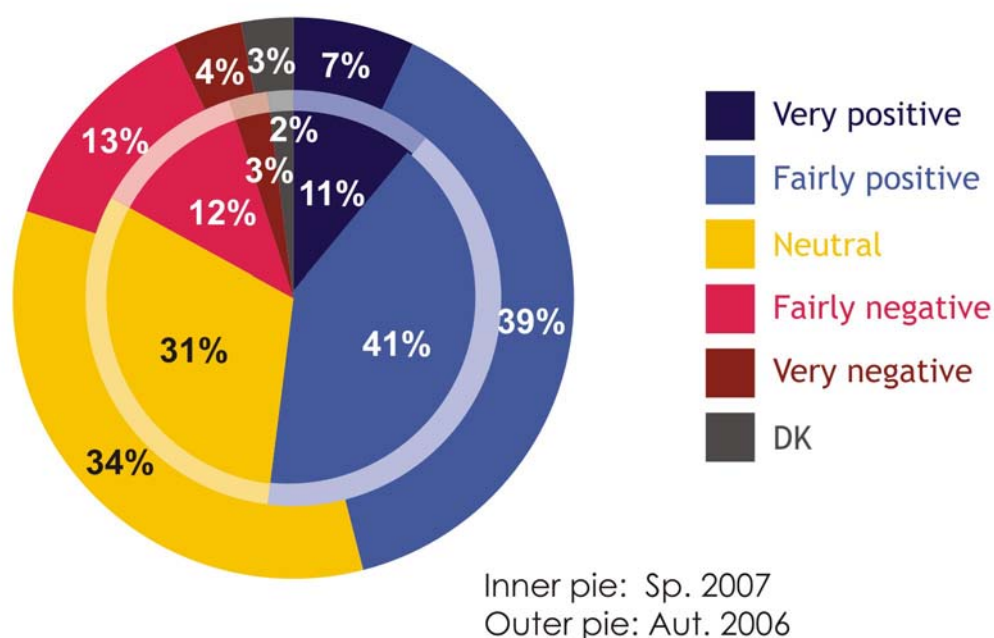
highest percentage per item
lowest percentage per item

3.4 The European Union's image

- An absolute majority of Europeans now have a positive view of the European Union's image -

In the same way that a majority of Europeans are convinced of the benefits of their country's membership of the EU, a majority of them also believe that the European Union conjures up a positive image.²⁹ More than half of them share this opinion (52%), i.e. six percentage points more than in autumn 2006, thereby confirming that the image of the EU has improved considerably.

Question: QA11 In general, does the European Union conjure up for you a very positive, fairly positive, neutral, fairly negative or very negative image?

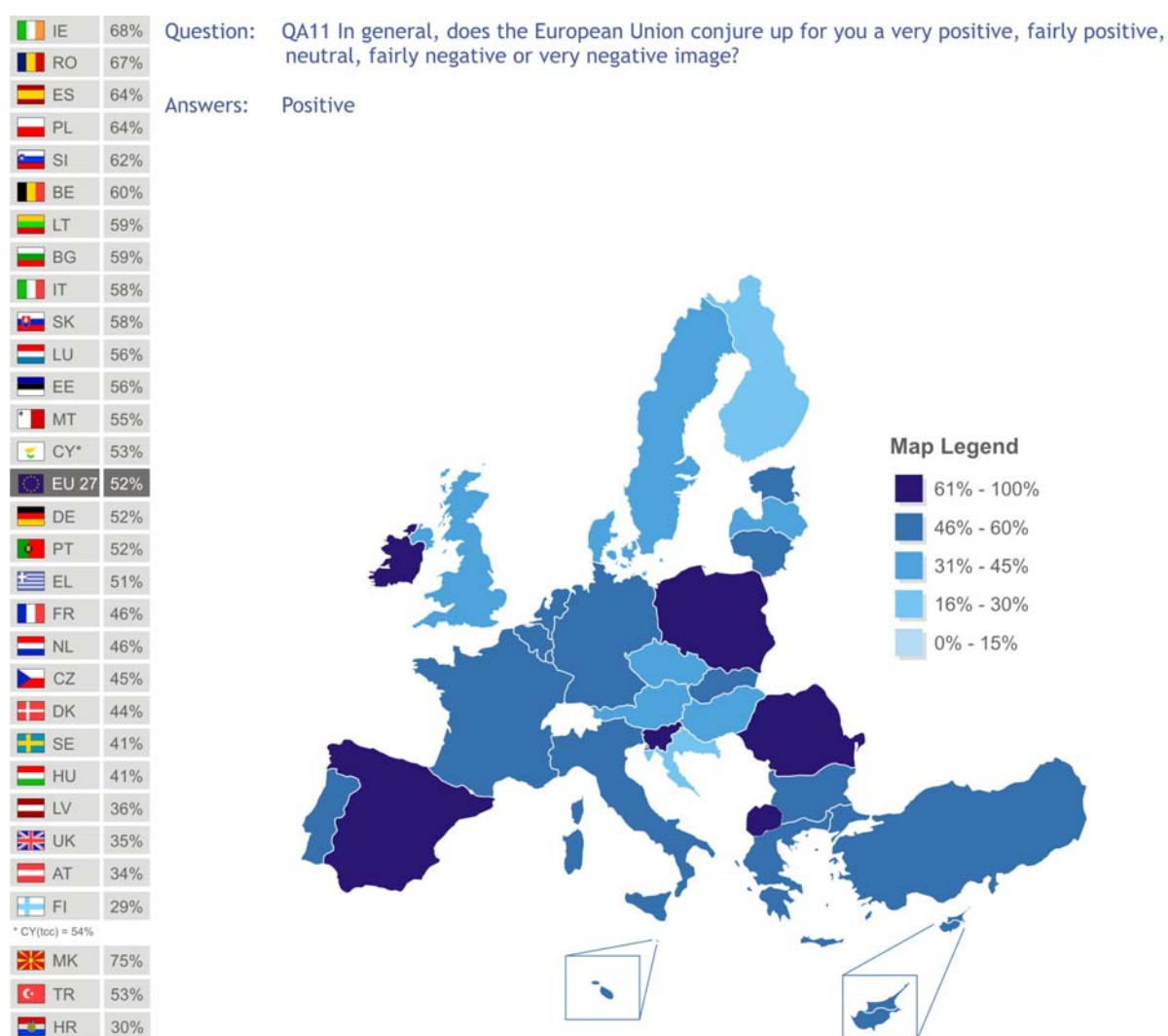


A third of people interviewed declared that their perception of the EU was neutral (31%) and only 15% said that the EU had a negative image.

Two-thirds of respondents in Ireland (68%), Romania (67%), Spain and Poland (64% in both cases) consider that the European Union's image is positive, versus less than one in three of those polled in Finland (29%). It is noteworthy that the majority of respondents in Finland (48%), Latvia (47%) and Austria (36%) see the EU's image as neutral.

²⁹ QA11 In general, does the European Union conjure up for you a very positive, fairly positive, neutral, fairly negative or very negative image?

Although respondents in Turkey are more likely than citizens in the EU27 countries to perceive the European Union negatively (27%), a majority of them (53%) consider its image to be positive. Croatians are divided: 30% declared that the EU conjures up a positive image, while the same proportion takes the opposite view and 38% view the EU's image as neutral. Once again, respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia are by far the most enthusiastic among the candidate countries: for three-quarters of them the European Union projects a positive image.



Logically, the European Union's image is closely linked to the results obtained for the main indicators which measure support for and trust in the European Union - 73% of people interviewed who declared that they trust the EU also have a positive perception of it, compared with 22% of those who do not trust it. In the same way, three-quarters of respondents who consider that their country has benefited from membership of the European Union also perceive the EU in a positive way (75% versus 18% of those who express the opposite view).

% EU – The EU's image

Positive Negative

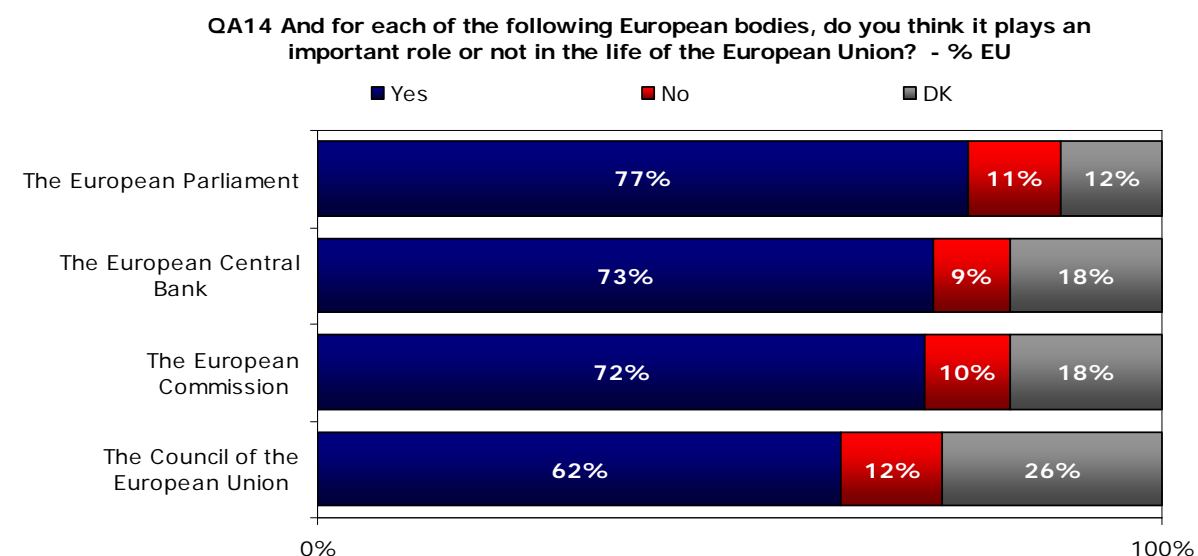
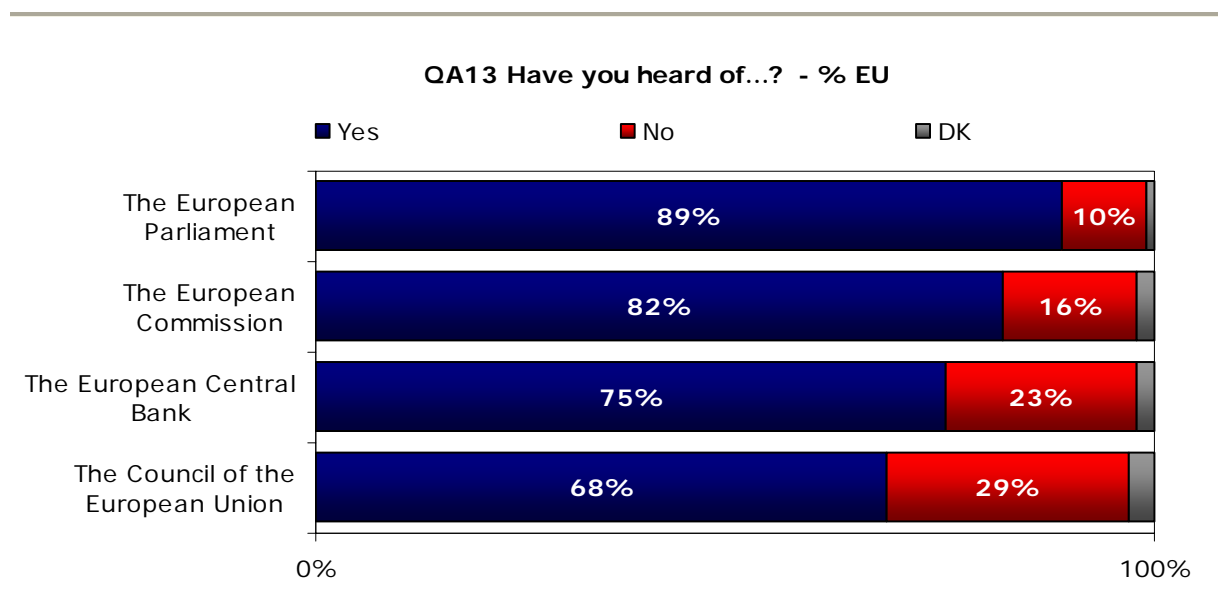
EU27	52%	15%
EU membership		
Good thing	77%	3%
Neutral	22%	16%
Bad thing	14%	60%
EU benefits		
Has benefited	75%	3%
Has not benefited	18%	39%
Trust in the EU		
Tend to trust	73%	3%
Tend not to trust	22%	37%

4. The European institutions

4.1 Awareness of the European institutions and perceptions regarding their importance

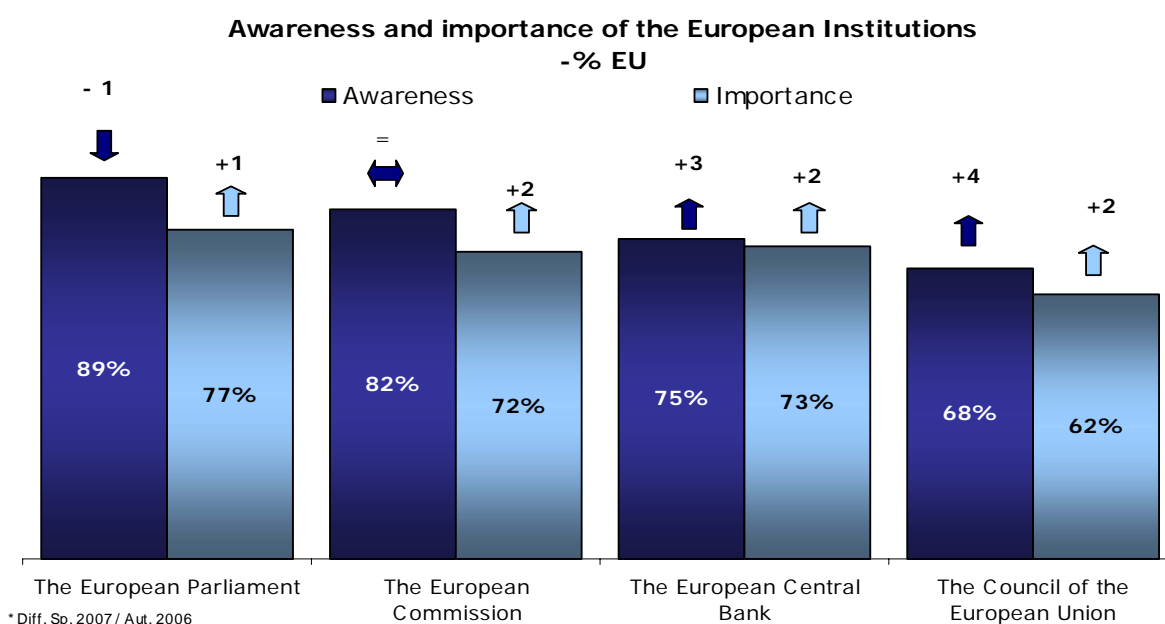
- An enhanced awareness of the European institutions and a more positive perception of the importance of their role-

The increasingly positive perception of the European Union results naturally from an enhanced awareness of the European Union, a more positive perception of its importance and greater trust in the various European institutions.



The European Parliament remains the institution which Europeans are the most familiar with: 89% of people interviewed have already heard of it.³⁰ Respondents also consider it to be the institution which plays the most important role (77%).³¹ The Parliament is followed by the European Commission: 82% of the people interviewed have heard of it and 72% consider that its role is important.

Although the European Central Bank is less well known, its role is nevertheless perceived as being important: 75% of respondents have heard of it and 73% think that it plays an important role. Approximately two out of three respondents (68%) have already heard of the Council of the European Union and six out of ten consider its role to be important.



Apart from two exceptions, knowledge of the institutions has increased since autumn 2006: + 4 percentage points for the Council and + 3 percentage points for the ECB. The level of awareness of the European Commission is unchanged while that of the European Parliament has slipped very slightly (- 1 percentage point). The number of Europeans who consider that the institutions play an important role has also increased for each institution.

³⁰ QA13 Have you heard of ... ? 1. The European Parliament; 2. The European Commission; 3. The Council of the European Union; 4. The European Central Bank

³¹ QA14 And for each of the following European bodies, do you think it plays an important role or not in the life of the European Union? 1. The European Parliament; 2. The European Commission; 3. The Council of the European Union; 4. The European Central Bank

	The European Parliament		The European Commission		The European Central Bank		The Council of the European Union	
	Awareness	Importance	Awareness	Importance	Awareness	Importance	Awareness	Importance
EU27	89%	77%	82%	72%	75%	73%	68%	62%
BE	93%	83%	90%	82%	72%	80%	70%	69%
BG	89%	78%	79%	71%	72%	65%	68%	59%
CZ	90%	81%	78%	73%	75%	81%	75%	71%
DK	98%	81%	94%	79%	87%	79%	65%	50%
DE	93%	79%	82%	70%	87%	83%	72%	60%
EE	90%	79%	86%	75%	71%	72%	80%	70%
EL	90%	90%	85%	88%	79%	85%	83%	88%
ES	88%	79%	83%	77%	81%	77%	77%	74%
FR	91%	76%	86%	70%	72%	68%	66%	52%
IE	92%	78%	85%	72%	86%	76%	70%	62%
IT	83%	75%	72%	71%	69%	72%	66%	67%
CY	88%	86%	87%	84%	78%	83%	85%	85%
LV	85%	78%	81%	74%	68%	71%	73%	69%
LT	82%	76%	76%	72%	68%	70%	68%	66%
LU	96%	86%	93%	81%	88%	80%	82%	71%
HU	90%	86%	84%	80%	63%	75%	73%	74%
MT	92%	88%	86%	85%	74%	80%	81%	82%
NL	96%	85%	84%	76%	88%	84%	72%	66%
AT	92%	75%	86%	71%	86%	78%	70%	57%
PL	89%	85%	88%	83%	70%	74%	75%	73%
PT	92%	83%	91%	82%	87%	79%	84%	77%
RO	88%	77%	80%	70%	72%	63%	75%	66%
SI	96%	92%	90%	85%	89%	88%	84%	80%
SK	96%	89%	84%	77%	77%	78%	82%	76%
FI	98%	83%	97%	79%	96%	84%	78%	61%
SE	96%	85%	86%	72%	89%	80%	50%	43%
UK	81%	62%	74%	54%	54%	50%	43%	38%
CY(tcc)	77%	65%	70%	61%	65%	60%	69%	59%
HR	88%	76%	81%	73%	77%	76%	86%	75%
TR	67%	52%	59%	47%	56%	46%	61%	46%
MK	79%	79%	74%	74%	70%	71%	78%	76%
XX	highest percentage per country					highest percentage per item		
XX	lowest percentage per country					lowest percentage per item		

In Croatia the level of awareness of the European institutions is in line with the EU27 average. However, the proportion of Croatians who have heard of the Council of Europe is far higher than the average (86% versus the EU average of 68%). On the other hand, respondents in Turkey are less familiar with the European institutions than European Union citizens. Despite their “pro-European” position, respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia are slightly less familiar with the European institutions than respondents in Croatia.

Respondents in Slovenia, Greece and Malta are particularly convinced of the importance of the role of each of the European institutions. On the other hand, respondents in Britain are still the most likely to take the opposite view: 20% of them consider that the roles of the Parliament and the Council of the European Union are not important, while 18% and 17% share this view when it comes to the Central Bank and the Commission respectively.

The relatively high proportion of “DK” replies to these questions is noteworthy, in particular for the Council of the European Union which is the least well known institution (26%, including half of Swedes and four out of ten British respondents and a third of French respondents).

Respondents in the candidate countries are also convinced of the importance of the role of the various European institutions, although it is worth noting that four out of ten of those polled in Turkey felt unable to express an opinion on the four institutions.

Older European respondents (in particular those aged between 40 and 54) are the most familiar with the institutions and are the most likely to consider that they play an important role. There is also a fairly perceptible difference between men and women on these awareness questions.



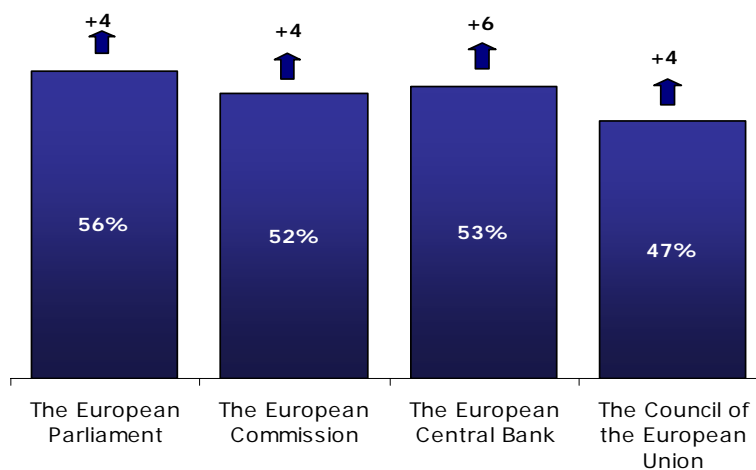
	The European Parliament		The European Commission		The European Central Bank		The council of the European Union	
	Awareness	Importance	Awareness	Importance	Awareness	Importance	Awareness	Importance
EU27	89%	77%	82%	72%	75%	73%	68%	62%
Gender								
Male	91%	79%	86%	75%	81%	78%	73%	64%
Female	86%	76%	77%	69%	68%	68%	63%	59%
Age								
15-24	83%	79%	76%	72%	66%	69%	65%	66%
25-39	91%	82%	85%	75%	78%	76%	71%	65%
40-54	93%	81%	87%	76%	80%	77%	72%	65%
55 +	87%	71%	77%	65%	72%	68%	64%	55%

Moreover, Europeans who are convinced that their country's membership of the European Union is a good thing, as well as those who consider that their country has benefited from its membership of the European Union, are more likely to trust the European institutions.

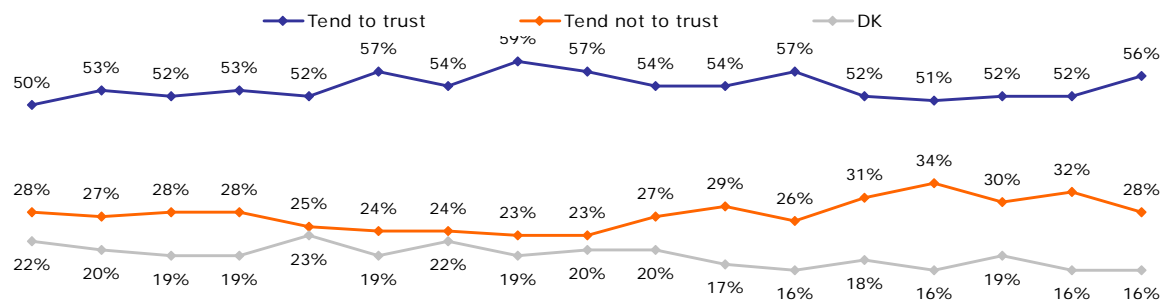
EU % – Trust in the European institutions				
	Parliament	Commission	ECB	Council
EU27	56%	52%	53%	47%
EU membership				
Good thing	73%	67%	68%	61%
Neither good nor bad	42%	38%	38%	49%
Bad thing	23%	21%	26%	25%
EU benefits				
Has benefited	72%	67%	67%	61%
Has not benefited	32%	29%	34%	25%

4.2 Trust in the European institutions

QA15 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? "Tend to trust" % EU Evolution Sp. 2007 - Sp. 2006

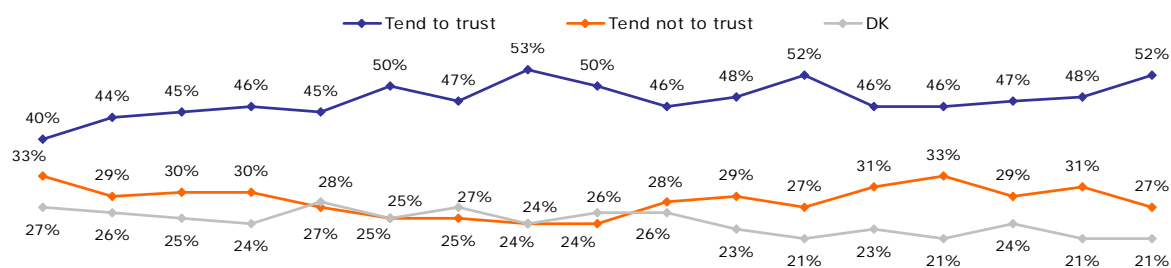


QA15.1 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?
-The European Parliament- % EU



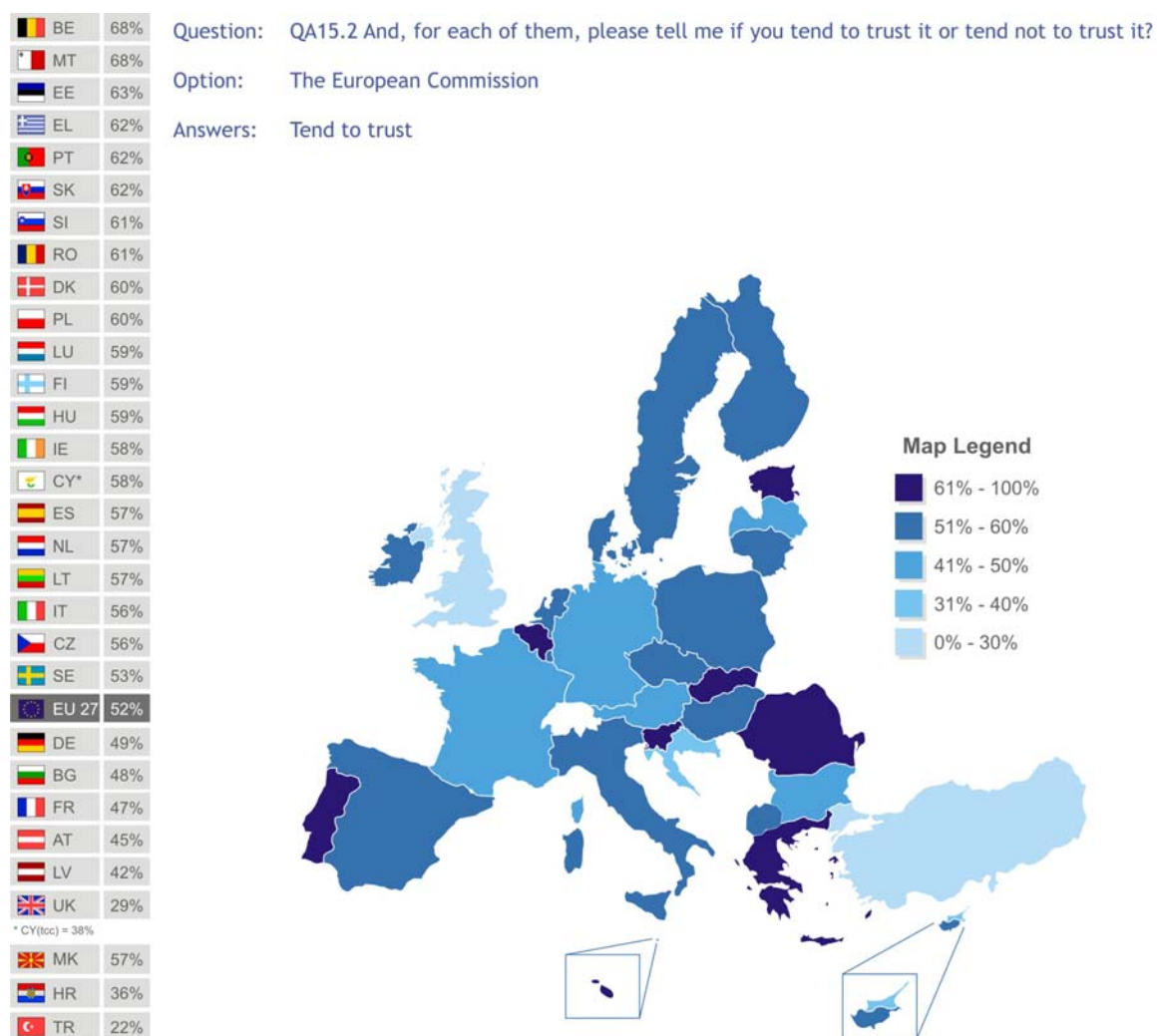
Sp. 1999	Aut. 1999	Sp. 2000	Aut. 2000	Sp. 2001	Aut. 2001	Sp. 2002	Aut. 2002	Sp. 2003	Aut. 2003	Sp. 2004	Aut. 2004	Sp. 2005	Aut. 2005	Sp. 2006	Aut. 2006	Sp. 2007
EB51	EB52	EB53	EB54	EB55	EB56	EB57	EB58	EB59	EB60	EB61	EB62	EB63	EB64	EB65	EB66	EB67

QA15.2 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?
- The European Commission - % EU



Sp. 1999	Aut. 1999	Sp. 2000	Aut. 2000	Sp. 2001	Aut. 2001	Sp. 2002	Aut. 2002	Sp. 2003	Aut. 2003	Sp. 2004	Aut. 2004	Sp. 2005	Aut. 2005	Sp. 2006	Aut. 2006	Sp. 2007
EB51	EB52	EB53	EB54	EB55	EB56	EB57	EB58	EB59	EB60	EB61	EB62	EB63	EB64	EB65	EB66	EB67

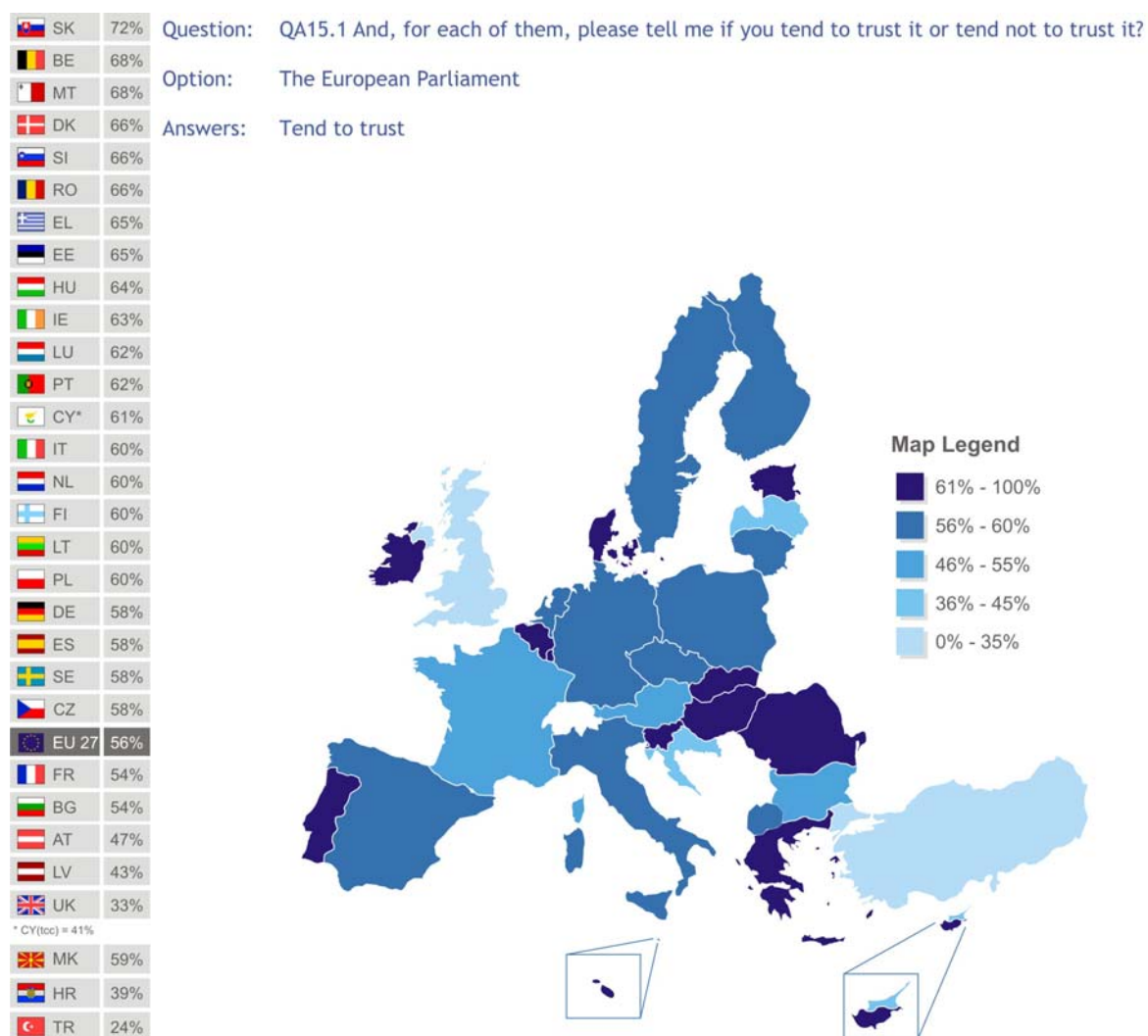
More than half of Europeans trust the EU institutions: 56% in the case of the European Parliament, 53% for the European Central Bank, 52% for the Commission and finally 47% for the Council of the European Union, which is less well known to respondents (27% 'DK' replies versus 16% for the same question on the Parliament).³² For each of the European institutions, trust levels are higher than in spring 2006: +4 points for the three political institutions and + 6 points for the ECB.



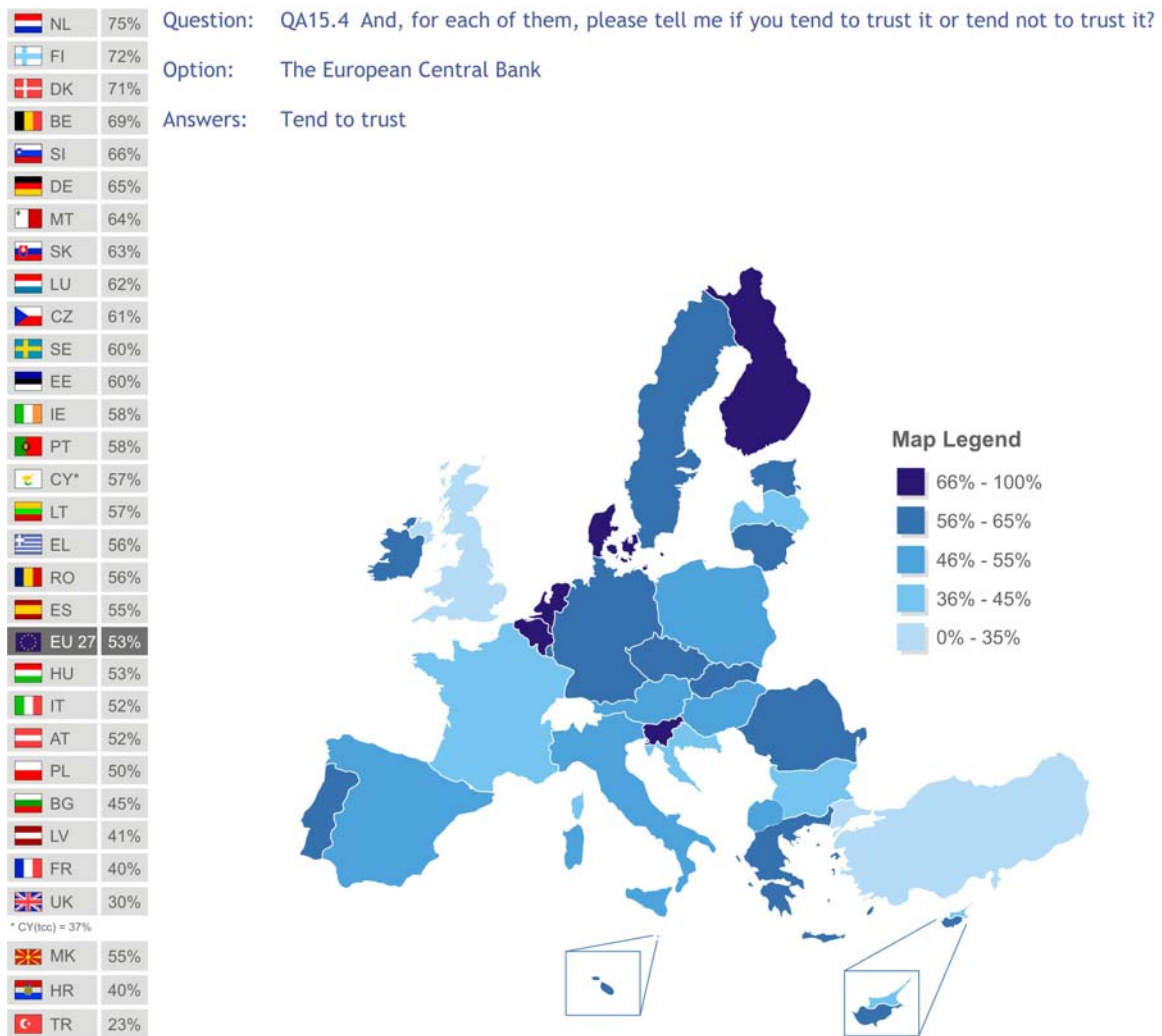
Respondents in Belgium, Slovakia and Malta have the most trust in the European institutions while the United Kingdom remains the only Member State in which the majority of people polled do not trust the European institutions.

³² QA15 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? 1. The European Parliament; 2. The European Commission; 3. The Council of the European Union ; 4. The European Central Bank

Finally, in the two countries which joined the European Union on 1st January 2007, namely Romania (26%) and Bulgaria (35%), a relatively high percentage of respondents felt unable to express an opinion on these questions.

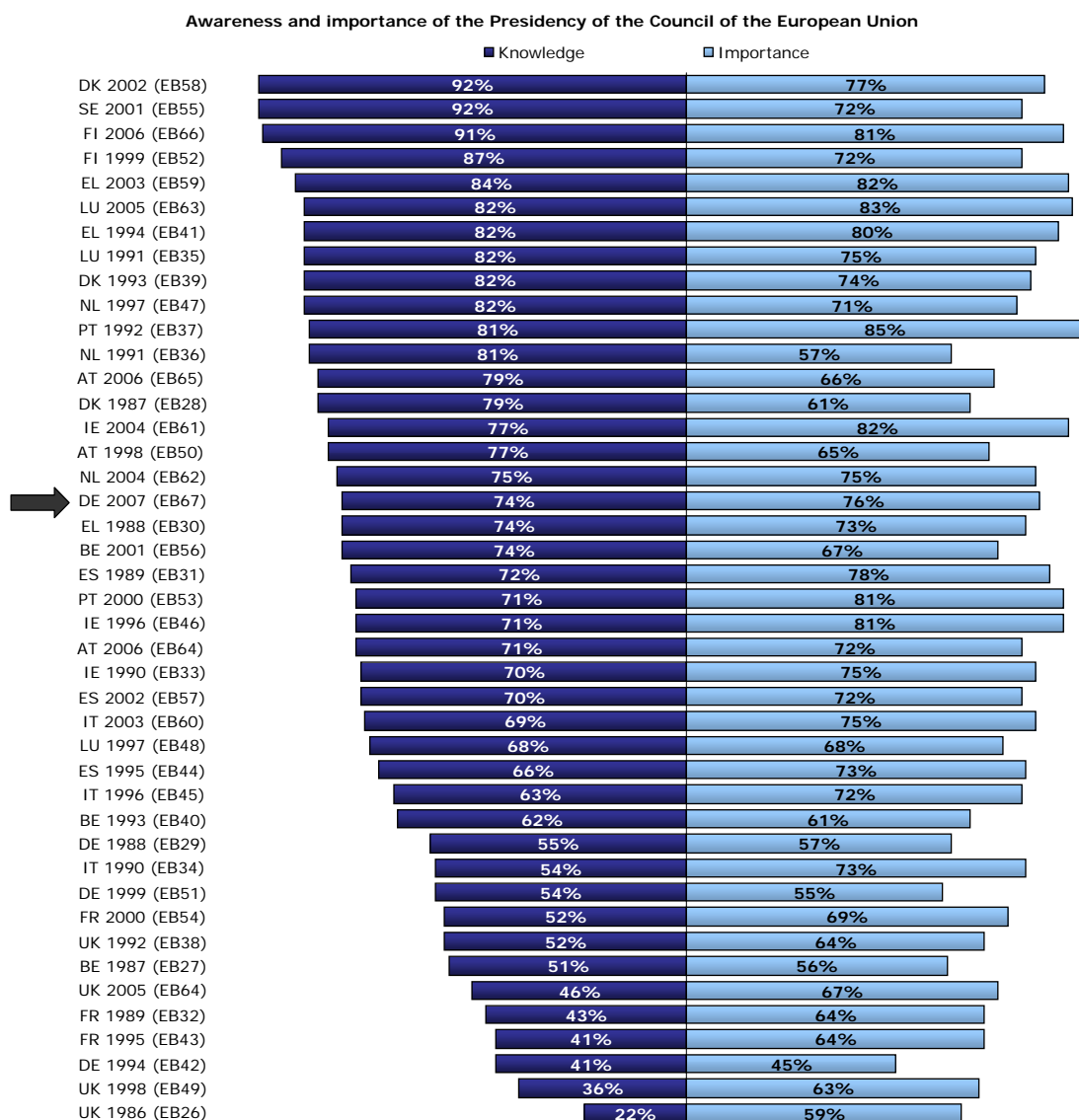


While the majority of those polled in Croatia and Turkey mistrust the European institutions, the level of trust recorded in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia is higher than the EU27 average. However four out of ten Croatians trust the European Parliament, the Commission, the Council of the European Union and the Central Bank. Once again, numerous Turkish respondents felt unable to express an opinion on these questions (40% on average).



4.3 The presidency of the Council of the European Union

Three quarters of interviewees in Germany have read or heard something about their country's presidency of the Council of the European Union (1st half 2007) and consider that this is an important responsibility.³³



German men (81%) are far better informed than women (68%) and, as is often the case, the same is true as regards the oldest age group (83% of those aged 55 and over) compared with the youngest age group (53% among those aged between 15 and 24).

³³ QA44a In the European Union, each Member State, in turn, becomes the President of the Council of the European Union for six months. Right now, it's the turn of Germany. Have you recently read in the newspapers or heard on the radio or television anything about Germany's presidency?

QA44b Whether you have heard about it or not, do you think it is important or not that Germany is President of the Council of the European Union at this time? Would you say it is...?

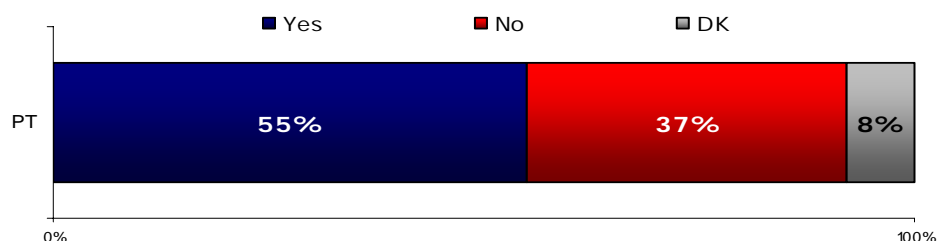
QA44a Have you recently read in the newspapers or heard on the radio or television anything about Germany's presidency?
– Yes - % Germans



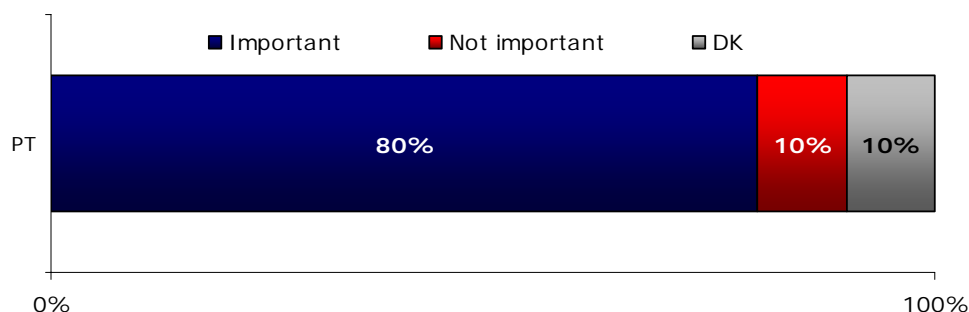
DE	74%
Gender	
Male	81%
Female	68%
Age	
15-24	53%
25-39	68%
40-54	77%
55 +	83%

Fewer respondents in Portugal (55%) have read or heard something about their country's presidency of the European Union (with effect from July 2007, i.e. a few months after the survey was conducted) but 80% of them consider this event to be an important responsibility .³⁴

QA44c Have you recently read in the newspapers or heard on the radio or television anything about Portugal's presidency?- % Portuguese





QA44d Whether you have heard about it or not, do you think it is important or not that Portugal will be President of the Council of the European Union from the 1st of July 2007? Would you say it is...? -% Portuguese



³⁴ QA44c In the European Union, each Member State, in turn, becomes the President of the Council of the European Union for six months. From July the 1st 2007 it will be the turn of Portugal. Have you recently read in the newspapers or heard on the radio or television anything about Portugal's presidency?
QA44d Whether you have heard about it or not, do you think it is important or not that Portugal will be President of the Council of the European Union from the 1st of July 2007? Would you say it is...?

Two-thirds of Portuguese men are aware of their country's presidency (66%) compared with barely half of Portuguese women (49%). Likewise, eight out of ten people who studied up to the age of 20 and over (82%) were aware that Portugal would take over the presidency of the Council of the European Union in July 2007, compared with less than half of those who left school before the age of 16 (47%). Finally, those on the left of the political spectrum (66%) are far better informed about this question than those on the right (49%).

QA44c Have you recently read in the newspapers or heard on the radio or television anything about Portugal's presidency?
- Yes - % Portuguese

PT	55%
Gender	
Male	66%
Female	46%
Age	
15-24	53%
25-39	65%
40-54	59%
55 +	46%

5 Information on European issues

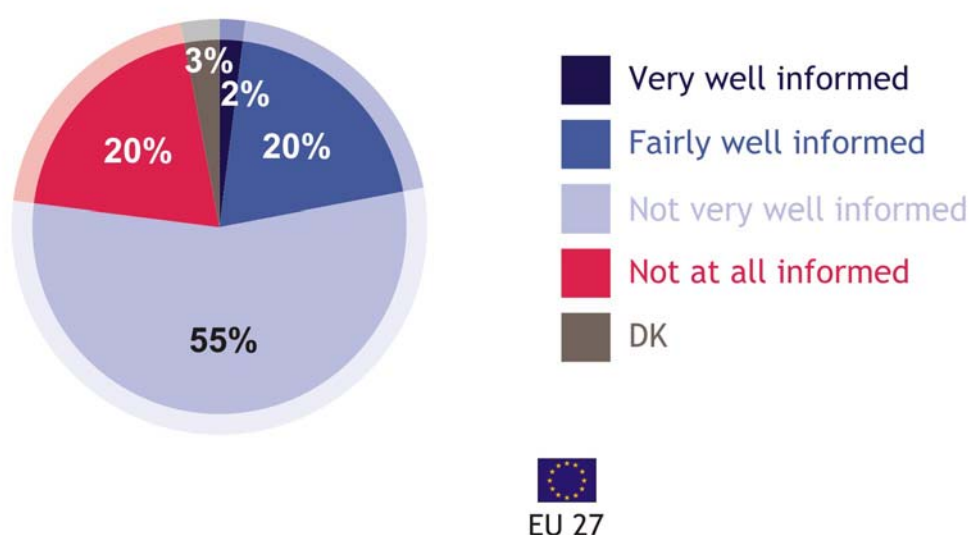
5.1 The perception of knowledge about European political affairs

- Europeans feel that their compatriots do not have enough information about European political affairs -

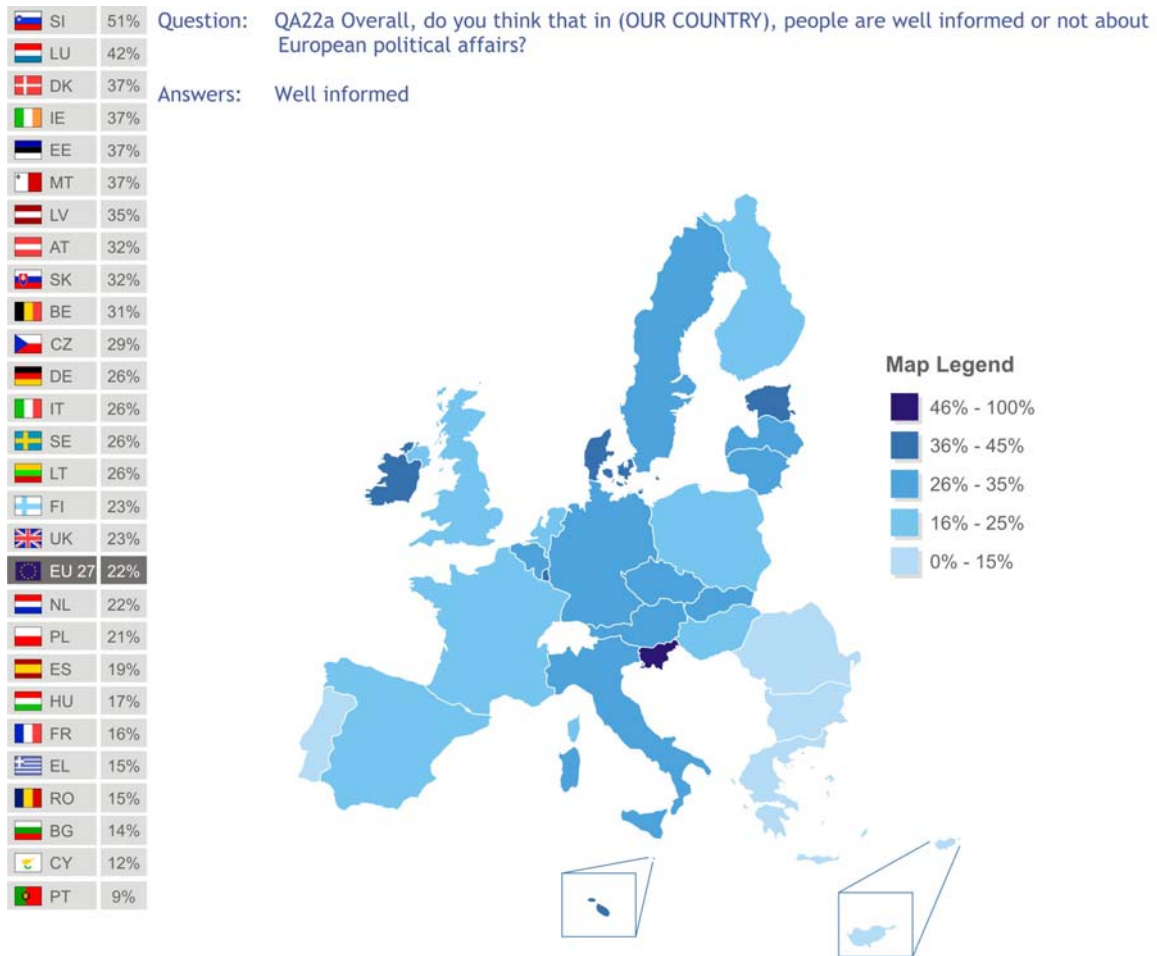
Less than a quarter of Europeans consider that their compatriots are “very well” or “fairly well” informed about European political affairs (22%).³⁵

Slovenia is the only country where this opinion is shared by the majority of people interviewed (51% consider that their compatriots are well informed). This opinion is shared by 42% of interviewees in Luxembourg, 37% in Denmark, Estonia, Ireland and Malta, 35% of Latvians and 32% of Austrians and Slovaks. On the other hand, support for this opinion is far lower in Portugal (9%), Cyprus (12%), Bulgaria (14%) and Romania (15%).

Question: QA22a Overall, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not about European political affairs?

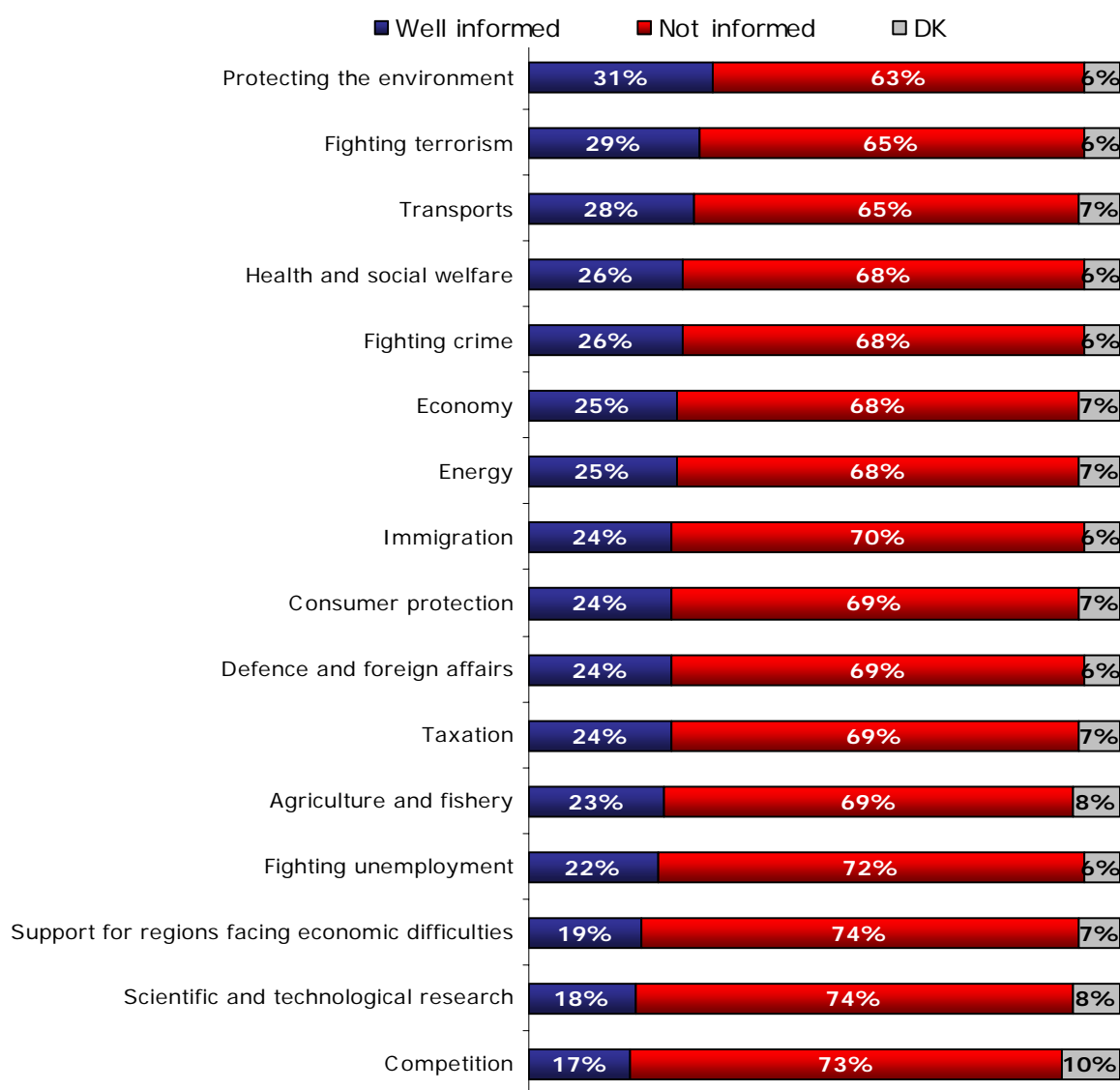


³⁵ QA22a Overall, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not about European political affairs?



When asked about the level of awareness of their compatriots concerning measures taken at European level in 16 different areas, respondents once again referred to a lack of information.

QA23a. Do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics? - % EU



Europeans are the most familiar with measures taken at European level with regard to protecting the environment, combating terrorism and transport: 31%, 29% and 28% respectively of respondents consider that their compatriots are well informed about these issues.³⁶

³⁶ QA23a More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics? 1. Fighting crime; 2. Taxation; 3. Fighting unemployment; 4. Fighting terrorism 5. Defence and foreign affairs; 6. Immigration; 7. Protecting the environment; 8. Health and social welfare; 9. Agriculture and fisheries; 10. Consumer protection

In the three areas where people are seen as being the best informed, there are significant differences between countries. More than half of those polled in Slovenia consider that their compatriots are aware of the measures taken at European level with regard to protecting the environment (54%). This view is shared by 49% of respondents in Sweden, 46% in Luxembourg, 44% in Malta and Slovakia and 43% in Germany. On the other hand, in Southern European Union countries only 9% of interviewees in Portugal, 22% in Greece and 23% in Spain and Cyprus share this view. Finally, only 19% of Romanians and Bulgarians consider that their compatriots are well informed about European environmental protection measures. Relatively high rates of 'DK' replies were also recorded in these countries: 15% in Bulgaria and 10% in Romania.

A quarter of Europeans consider that their compatriots are well informed about the fight against crime, on the one hand, and health and social welfare, on the other hand (26% in both cases). The same share also believe their compatriots are well informed about energy and the economy (25% each), taxation, defence and foreign affairs, immigration, consumer protection (24% for each of the subjects tested), agriculture and fisheries (23%) and fighting unemployment (22%).

Competition, scientific and technological research and support for regions facing economic difficulties were the three replies that obtained the lowest scores: 17%, 18% and 19% respectively of Europeans consider that their compatriots are well informed about measures adopted at European level in these three areas.

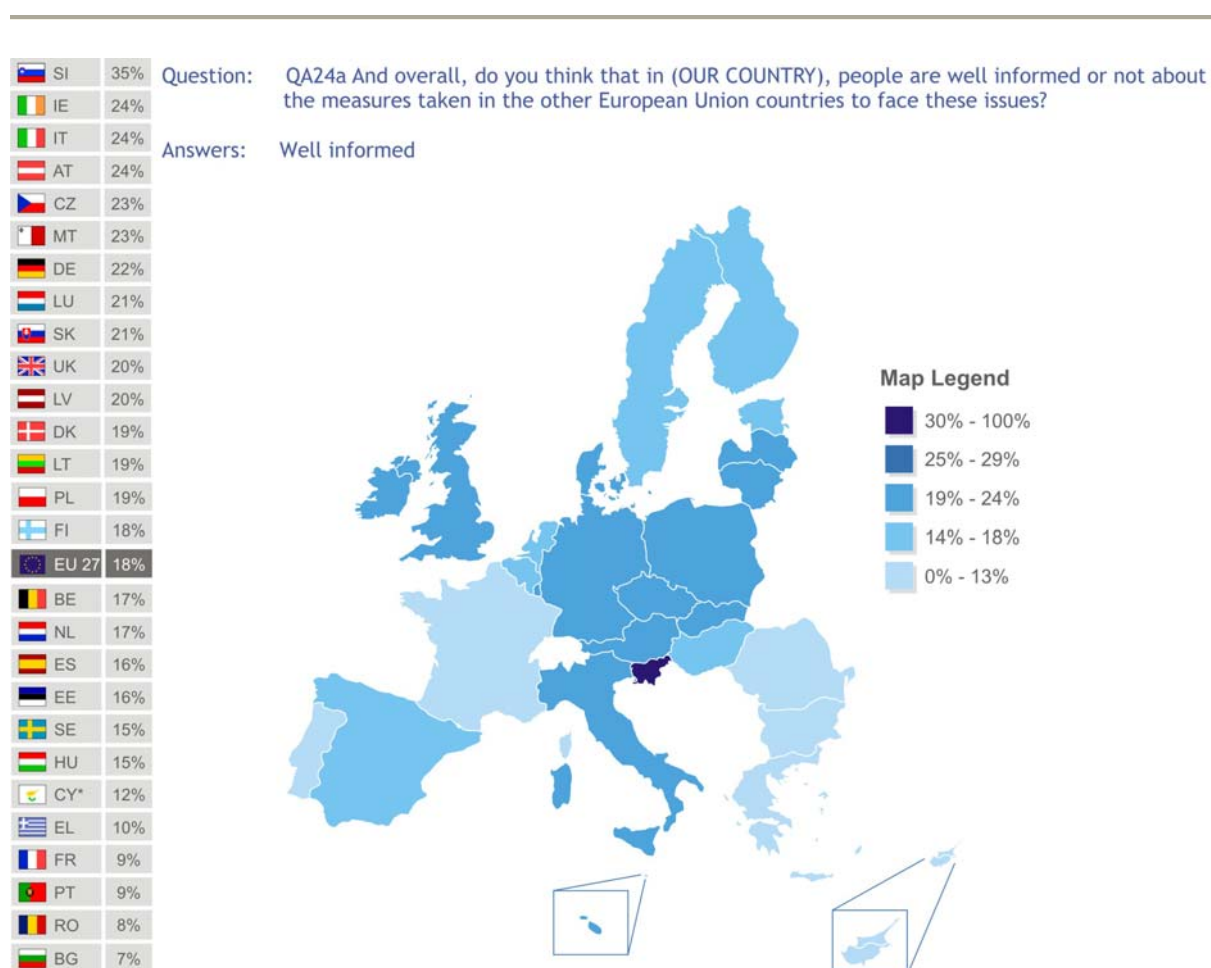
A more in-depth analysis by country highlights important differences between the Member States. Respondents in Slovenia, Luxembourg, Malta and the Netherlands are the most likely to consider that their compatriots are well informed about the measures taken by the European Union. For example, in Slovenia, 54% of those polled share this opinion with regard to economic measures (versus an EU average of 25%), 49% with regard to consumer protection (versus 24%), 48% regarding energy (versus 25%) and 44% when it comes to the fight against unemployment (versus 22%).

The view that there is a lack of information is particularly strong in four Member States: first of all, in Portugal where the vast majority of interviewees consider that the population is not as well informed as Europeans overall, but also in Greece, Romania and Bulgaria.

; 11. Scientific and technological research; 12. Support for regions facing economic difficulties; 13. Energy; 14. Competition; 15. Transport; 16. Economy

When asked about the level of awareness among their compatriots regarding measures taken in other Member States to tackle the 16 issues reviewed, interviewees once again highlighted their view that there is a significant information deficit. Less than one in five respondents declared that people are “very well” or “fairly well” informed at national level about such measures (18%).³⁷

This feeling was most prevalent in Slovenia (35%), followed by Austria, Ireland and Italy (24% in all three cases). At the other end of the scale, the lowest figures were recorded in Romania and Bulgaria (8% and 7% respectively), just below France and Portugal (9% in both cases).



³⁷ QA24a And overall, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not about the measures taken in the other European Union countries to face these issues?

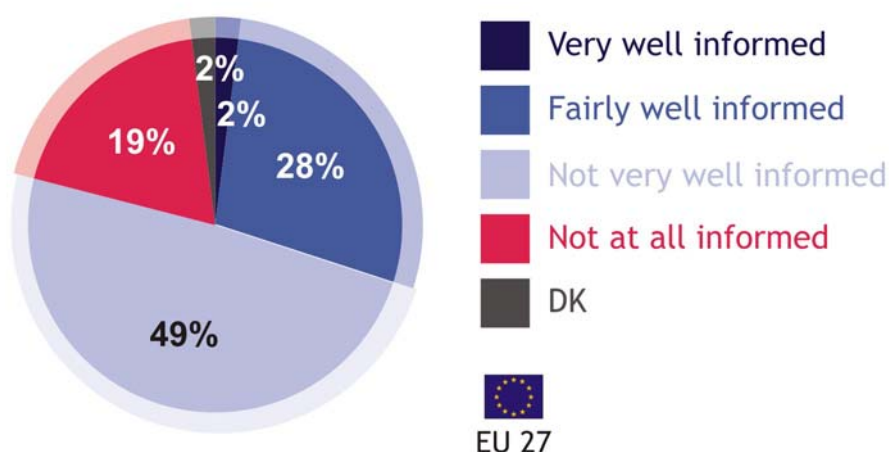
5.2 Personal knowledge of European political affairs

- A third of Europeans consider that they are well informed about European political affairs -





























Barely a third of Europeans consider that they are “very well” or “fairly well” informed (28%) about European political affairs. That figure is however slightly higher than the corresponding figure obtained when respondents were asked about the level of knowledge of their compatriots about European political affairs (22%). Interviewees feel therefore that they are personally better informed than the respondents in their country on average.³⁸

A majority of respondents in only two countries consider that they are well informed: Slovenia (52%) and Luxembourg (50%). Otherwise, the proportion of respondents who consider that they are well informed is high in Germany (44%), Denmark (41%) and Belgium (39%), but low in Bulgaria (14%) and France (18%).

Question: QA22b Overall, do you think that you are well informed or not about European political affairs?

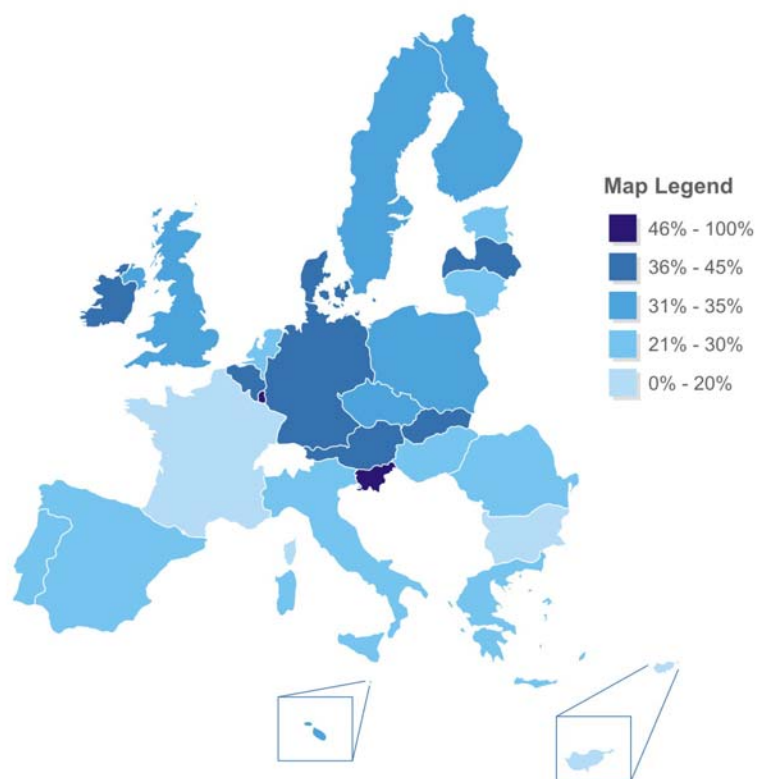


³⁸ QA22b Overall, do you think that you are well informed or not about European political affairs?

	SI	52%
	LU	50%
	DE	44%
	DK	41%
	BE	39%
	IE	39%
	AT	39%
	SK	37%
	LV	36%
	SE	35%
	MT	35%
	UK	34%
	PL	34%
	FI	33%
	CZ	31%
	EU 27	30%
	IT	29%
	NL	29%
	EE	26%
	RO	26%
	ES	23%
	HU	23%
	LT	22%
	EL	21%
	PT	21%
	CY	20%
	FR	18%
	BG	14%

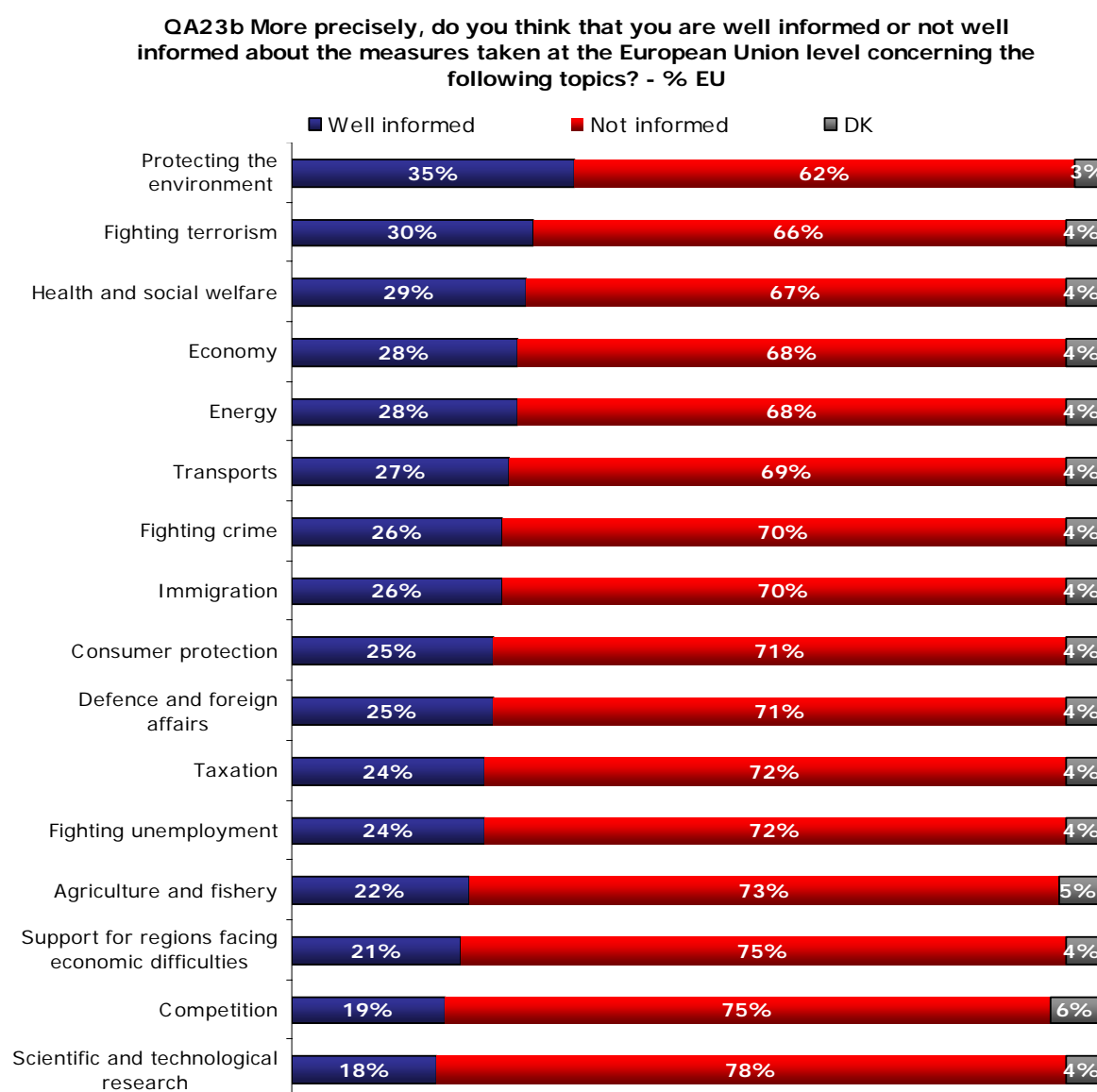
Question: QA22b Overall, do you think that you are well informed or not about European political affairs?

Answers: Well informed



When asked to assess their level of personal knowledge for each domain tested, few respondents considered that they were well informed about the details of various European policies.

Fairly logically, the measures taken at European level with regard to protecting the environment, fighting terrorism, health and social welfare (previously identified as the most familiar issues to Europeans) are those which respondents consider themselves best informed about: 35%, 30% and 29% respectively.³⁹



³⁹ QA23b More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics? 1. Fighting crime; 2. Taxation ; 3. Fighting unemployment; 4. Fighting terrorism; 5. Defence and foreign affairs; 6. Immigration; 7. Protecting the environment; 8. Health and social welfare; 9. Agriculture and fishery; 10. Consumer protection; 11. Scientific and technological research; 12. Support for regions facing economic difficulties; 13. Energy; 14. Competition; 15. Transport; 16. Economy

An analysis by country reveals that respondents in Slovenia, Luxembourg, Germany and Belgium are the most likely to consider that they are well informed about decisions taken by the European Union in these three areas.

More than half of Slovenians declared that they were well informed about European measures with regard to protecting the environment (54%) and health and social welfare (51%); 43% of them also said they considered themselves to be well informed about measures to combat terrorism.

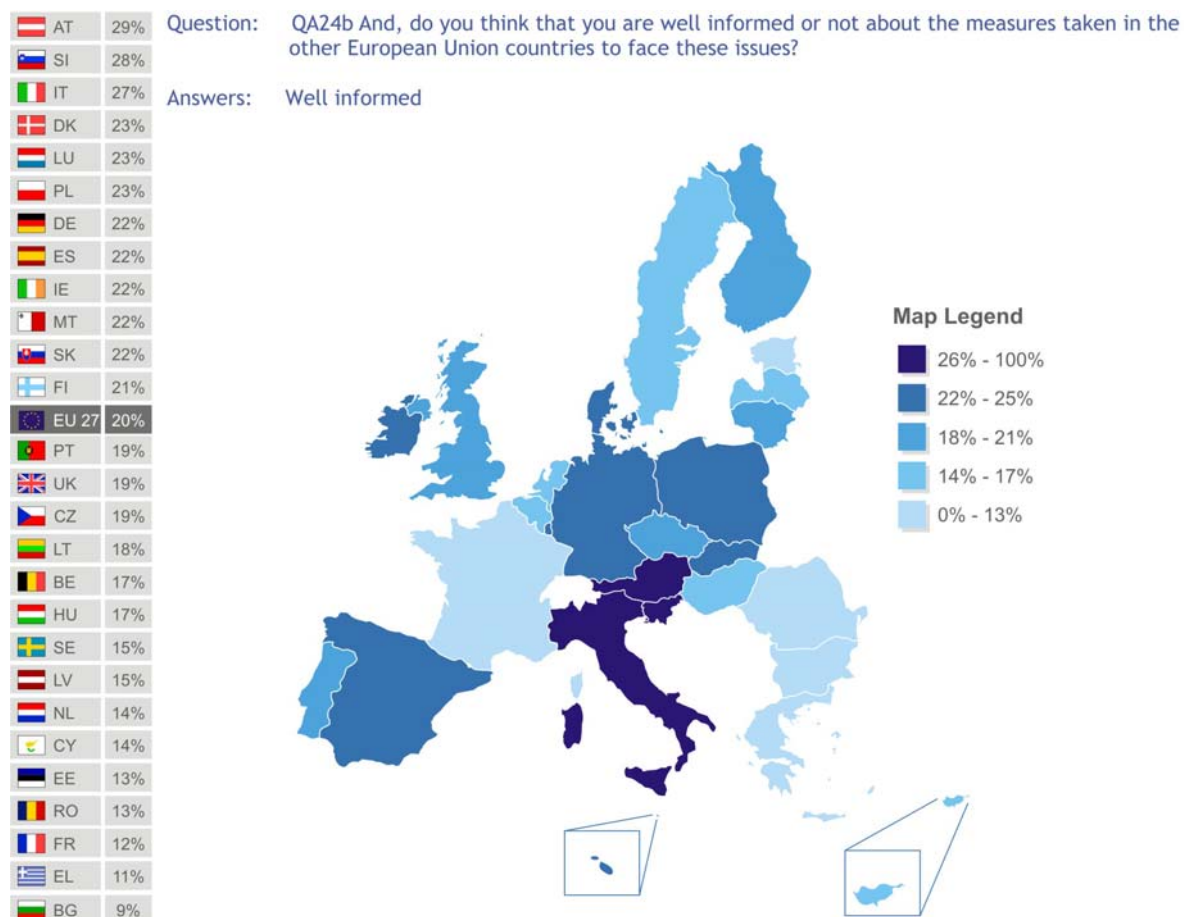
Almost six out of ten interviewees in Luxembourg declared that they were well informed about European environmental protection measures (56%). In addition, 47% of them consider that they are well informed when it comes to health and social welfare and 40% with regard to the fight against terrorism. Approximately four out of ten Germans and Belgians declared that they were well informed about measures taken by the European Union to protect the environment and measures in the area of health and social welfare.

In Malta and Spain, two countries which are entry points into the EU for large numbers of immigrants, a third of respondents (35% and 34% respectively) declared that they were well informed about European measures concerning immigration (versus an average of 26%). Respondents in Denmark (38% versus an average of 22%), France, the Netherlands and Sweden (32% each) consider that they are well informed about the measures taken at European Union level with regard to agriculture and fisheries.

As was the case for the previous question, Romanians and Bulgarians are the least likely to consider that they are well informed about measures taken at European level. In the area of defence and foreign policy, only 15% of Romanians and 13% of Bulgarians consider themselves to be well informed (versus an average of 25%); for the economy the corresponding percentages were 13% and 11% respectively (versus 28%).

Scientific and technological research, competition and support for regions facing economic difficulties were the three dimensions that obtained the lowest scores for this question: 18%, 19% and 21% respectively of Europeans consider that they are well informed about the measures taken at European level in these three areas.

Only 20% of Europeans consider that they are well informed about the measures taken in other Member States to tackle these 16 issues (20%).⁴⁰ This view is the most prevalent in Austria (29%) and Slovenia (28%). On the other hand, few interviewees in Bulgaria (9%), Greece (11%) and France (12%) feel well informed in this regard.



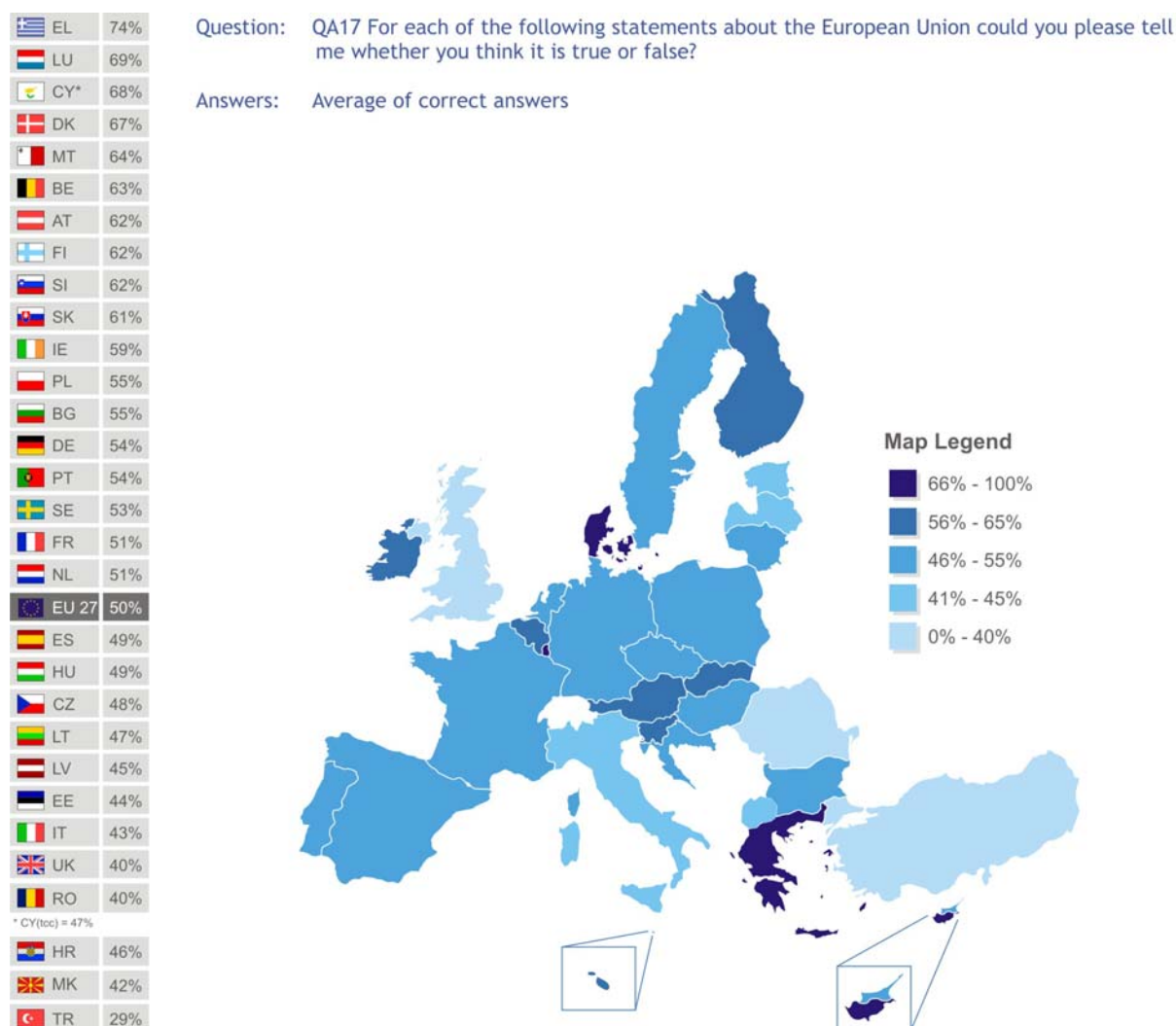
⁴⁰ QA24b And, do you think that you are well informed or not about the measures taken in the other European Union countries to face these issues?

5.3 Objective knowledge of the European Union

- Knowledge of the European Union is improving -

When asked, via a series of “quiz” type questions, about their knowledge of the European Union, 57% of Europeans gave the correct answer to the question about the exact number of Member States. The proportion of correct answers was 49% for the principle of the “revolving” presidency of the Council of the European Union and 45% for the method of electing MEPs. All in all, the average of correct answers at European level was 50%.

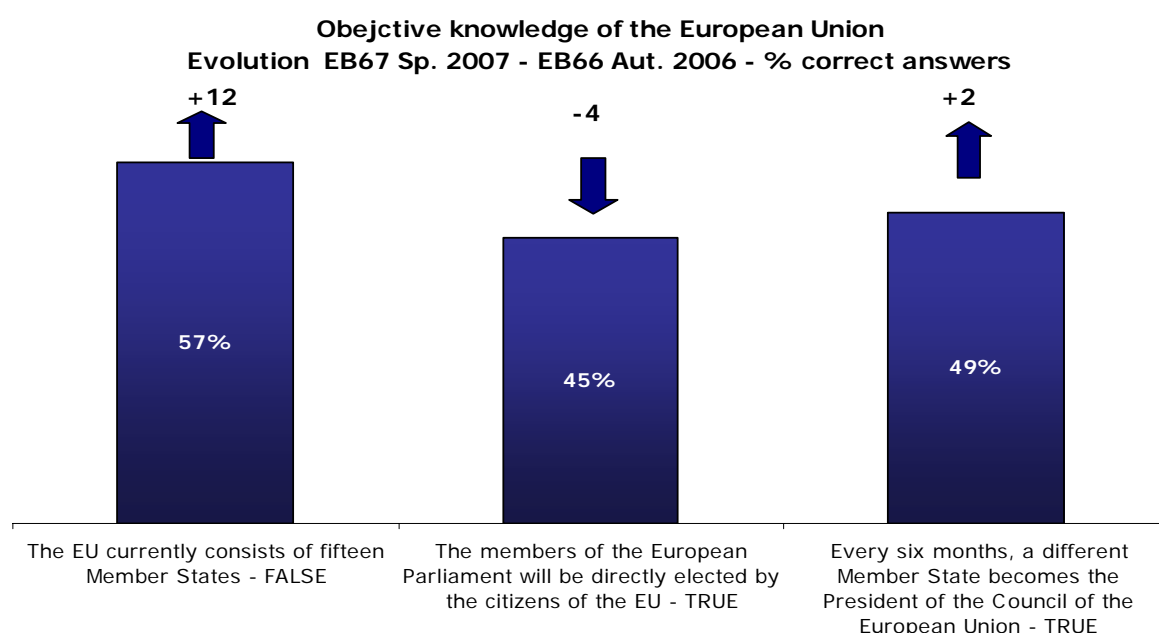
In other words, 80% of Europeans gave **at least** one right answer to the three quiz questions. More than one in five Europeans (21%) was even capable of answering all three questions correctly.



Respondents in Greece, Luxembourg, Cyprus and Denmark are the Europeans who are the best informed about how the European Union works. On average they were able to reply correctly to more than two-thirds of the various questions they were asked.⁴¹

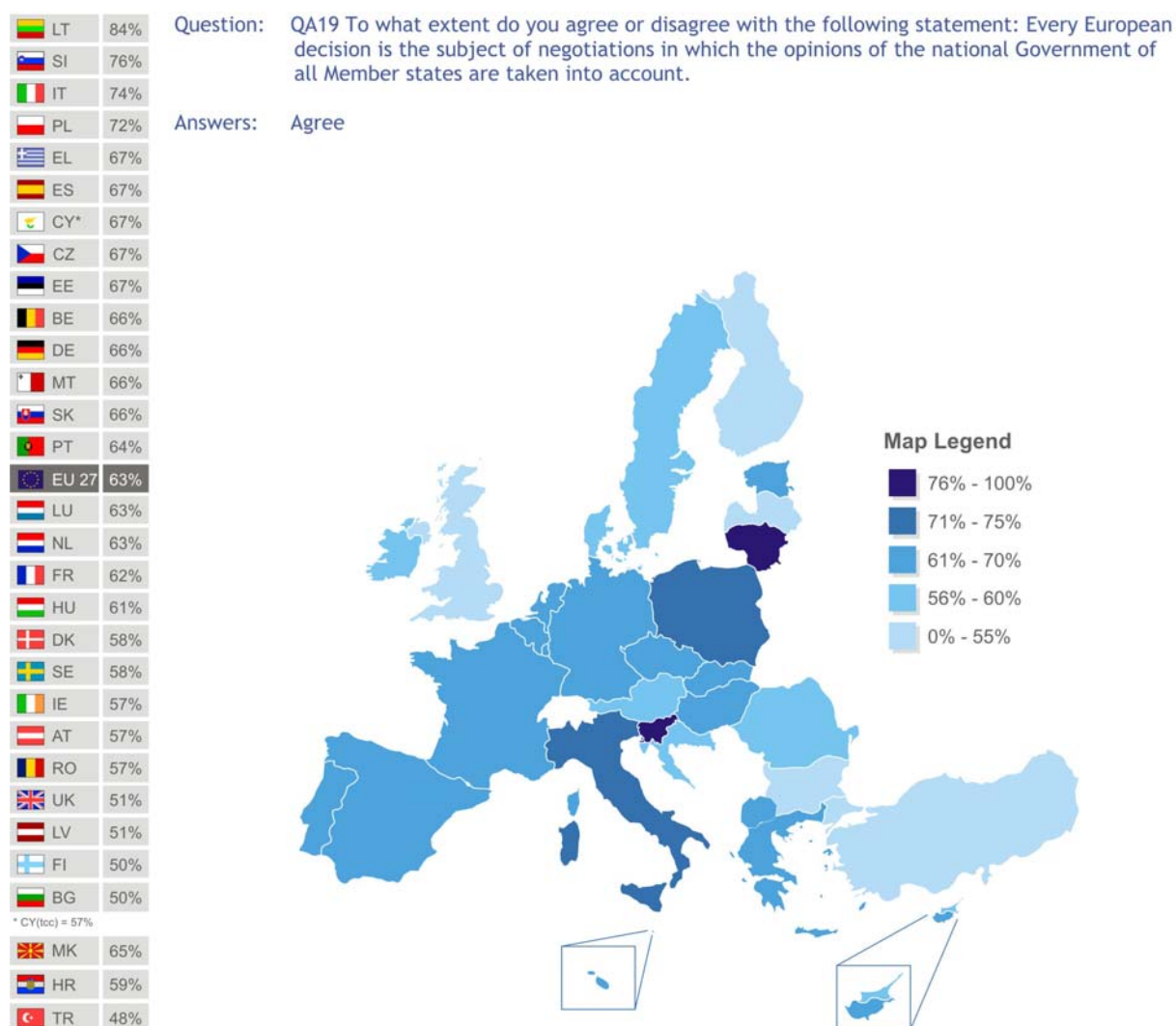
Overall, almost six out of ten Europeans (57%) know that the European Union does not consist of 15 Member States, less than half of them know that MEPs are directly elected by EU citizens (45%, although the answer was given by a minority in nine countries) and the same proportion are aware that a different Member States takes over the presidency of the Council of the European Union every six months (49%). It is worth noting however that more than two out of ten Europeans were unable to answer these questions on how the European Union works (22%).

The proportion of people interviewed who are aware that the European Union is composed of more than 15 Member States has considerably increased since autumn 2006: from 45% to 57% (+ 12 percentage points). It is also noteworthy that the number of Europeans who are aware that a different Member State takes over the presidency of the Council of the European Union every six months has increased by two percentage points. On the other hand, the percentage of respondents who are aware of the fact that MEPs are directly elected by citizens has declined slightly (- 4 percentage points).



⁴¹ QA17 For each of the following statements about the European Union could you please tell me whether you think it is true or false? 1. The EU currently consists of fifteen Member States; 2. The members of the European Parliament are directly elected by the citizens of the EU; 3. The members of the European Parliament will be directly elected by the citizens of the EU; 4. Every six months a different Member State becomes the President of the Council of the European Union

The scores of respondents in Croatia are in line with the European average (46% correct answers); Croatians are however divided on the method of electing MEPs: a third (34%) is aware that MEPs are elected by EU citizens, while a similar proportion (35%) declared that they thought that statement was false. The number of “DK” replies was very high in Turkey (approximately 50%) where three out of ten people however gave the right answer to the question asked. A majority of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia gave the right answer to the three objective knowledge questions, but more than a third of them felt unable to answer the questions.



As regards the European Union decision-making process, two-thirds of Europeans believe that every European decision is the subject of negotiations in which the opinions of the national governments of all the Member States are taken into account (63%).⁴² More than eight out of ten Lithuanians (84%), three-quarters of Slovenians (76%) and Italians (74%) agree with this statement while only half of those polled in Finland (50%), Latvia and the United Kingdom (51% each) share that opinion.

⁴² QA19 To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement?: Every European decision is the subject of negotiations in which the opinions of the national Government of all Member states are taken into account.

5.4 Sources of information about the European Union

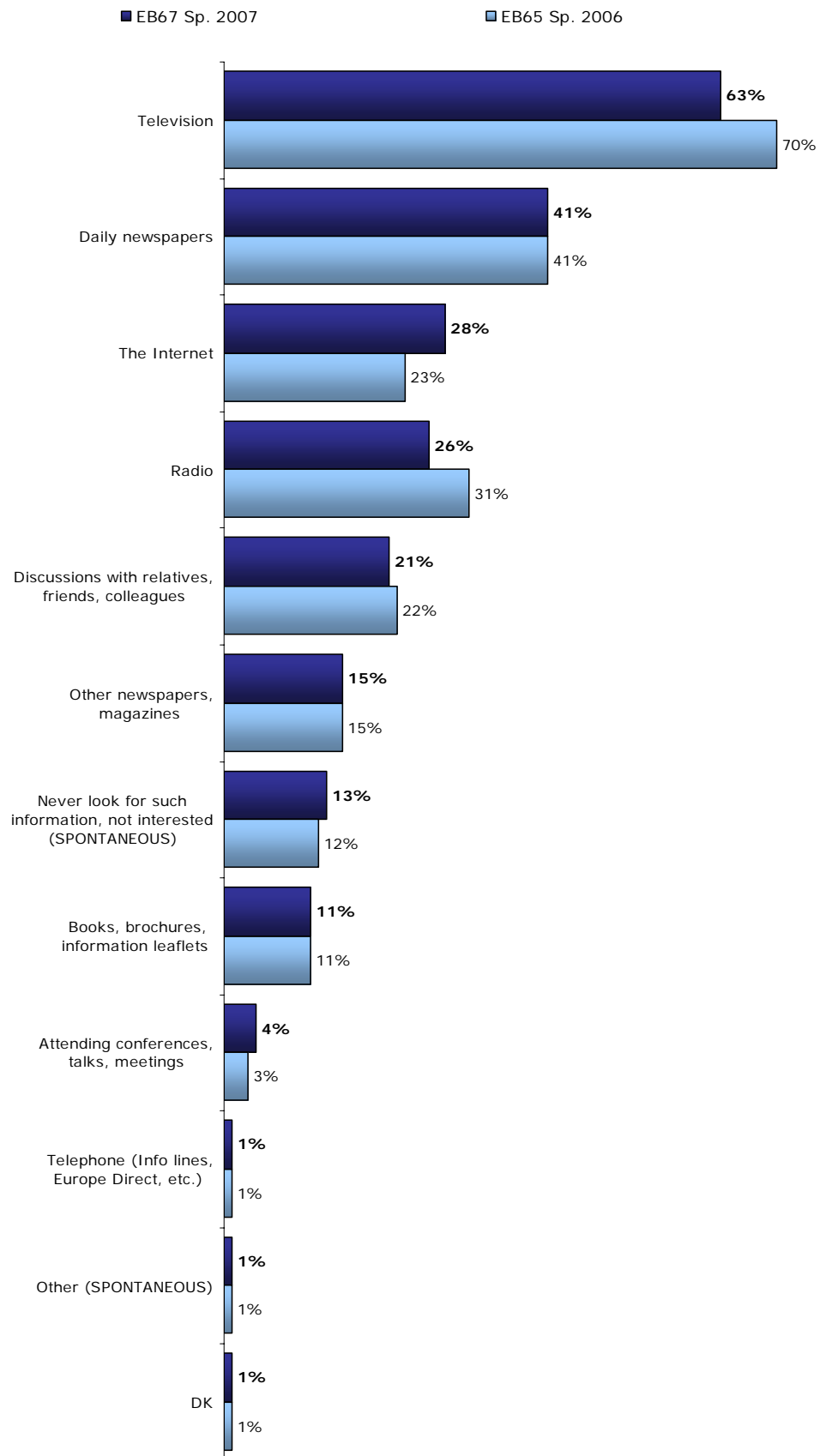
- Television is the main medium used by Europeans when looking for information about the European Union -

When they want to find information on the European Union, six out of ten Europeans (63%) watch television, which therefore remains people's main source of information.⁴³ Four out of ten read daily newspapers to look for information (41%) and just over a quarter search the Internet (28%). The radio comes in fourth place (26%), followed by discussions with relatives, friends and colleagues (21%), reading magazines (15%) and finally books and information leaflets (11%). As the aim of the question was not to ascertain which medium is their preferred source of information, but to ascertain **all the sources of information used by Europeans when they are looking for information about the European Union**, interviewees were able to give several replies. That is why the total exceeds 100%.

However, in comparison to spring 2006, the television has slipped quite significantly (- 7 percentage points) as has the radio (- 5 percentage points). The Internet seems to have benefited from the reduced use of these two media, and has increased by 5 percentage points.

⁴³ QA25 When you are looking for information about the European Union, its policies, its institutions, which of the following sources do you use? Which else?

QA25 When you are looking for information about the European Union, its policies, its institutions, which of the following sources do you use? - % EU



Respondents in Germany (79%), Denmark (78%) and Luxembourg (75%) are the most likely to favour the television compared with less than half of those polled in Ireland (48%) and the United Kingdom (42%).
























A large number of Germans (62%) also read daily newspapers when they want to find information about the European Union. This is also the case for more than half of Belgians (54%) and Northern Europeans (52% of respondents in Denmark, 56% in Finland and 65% in Sweden).

Scandinavians also rely considerably on discussions with relatives, friends and colleagues (42% of Danes and 34% of Swedes). Discussions are also a popular source of information for a third of those polled in Austria (38%) and Luxembourg (35%).

Finally, half of the respondents in the Netherlands (53%), Denmark (47%), Estonia (47%), Finland (45%) and Sweden (43%) use the Internet to find information on the European Union, while only 12% of Greeks and 14% of Italians use this source of information.

It is worth noting that three out of ten respondents in the United Kingdom (29%), a quarter of the Irish (26%) and two out of ten Austrians and Bulgarians (20% and 21% respectively) declared that they never look for information on the European Union.

QA25 When you are looking for information about the European Union, its policies, its institutions, which of the following sources do you use? Which else?

	 EU27 (63%)	Highest result	 DE (79%)	 DK (78%)
		Lowest result	 UK (42%)	 IE (48%)
	 EU27 (41%)	Highest result	 SE (65%)	 DE (62%)
		Lowest result	 EL, RO (25%)	
	 EU27 (28%)	Highest result	 NL (53%)	 DK (47%)
		Lowest result	 EL (12%)	 IT (14%)
	 EU27 (21%)	Highest result	 DK (42%)	 AT (38%)
		Lowest result	 ES (10%)	 IE (48%)

III. THE EUROPEAN UNION TODAY

This section deals with the following subjects:

1. The European Union's current role: the perception of the European Union's role in various domains, the actions to which the European Union should give priority and support for existing European policies.

2. The European Union in the world: the perception of globalisation, the perception of environmental issues and support for various European policies.

1. The European Union's current role

1.1 The perception of the best decision-making level in several areas

Protecting the environment, defence, foreign policy and – above all – fighting terrorism are widely mentioned as areas where the EU can play a decisive role

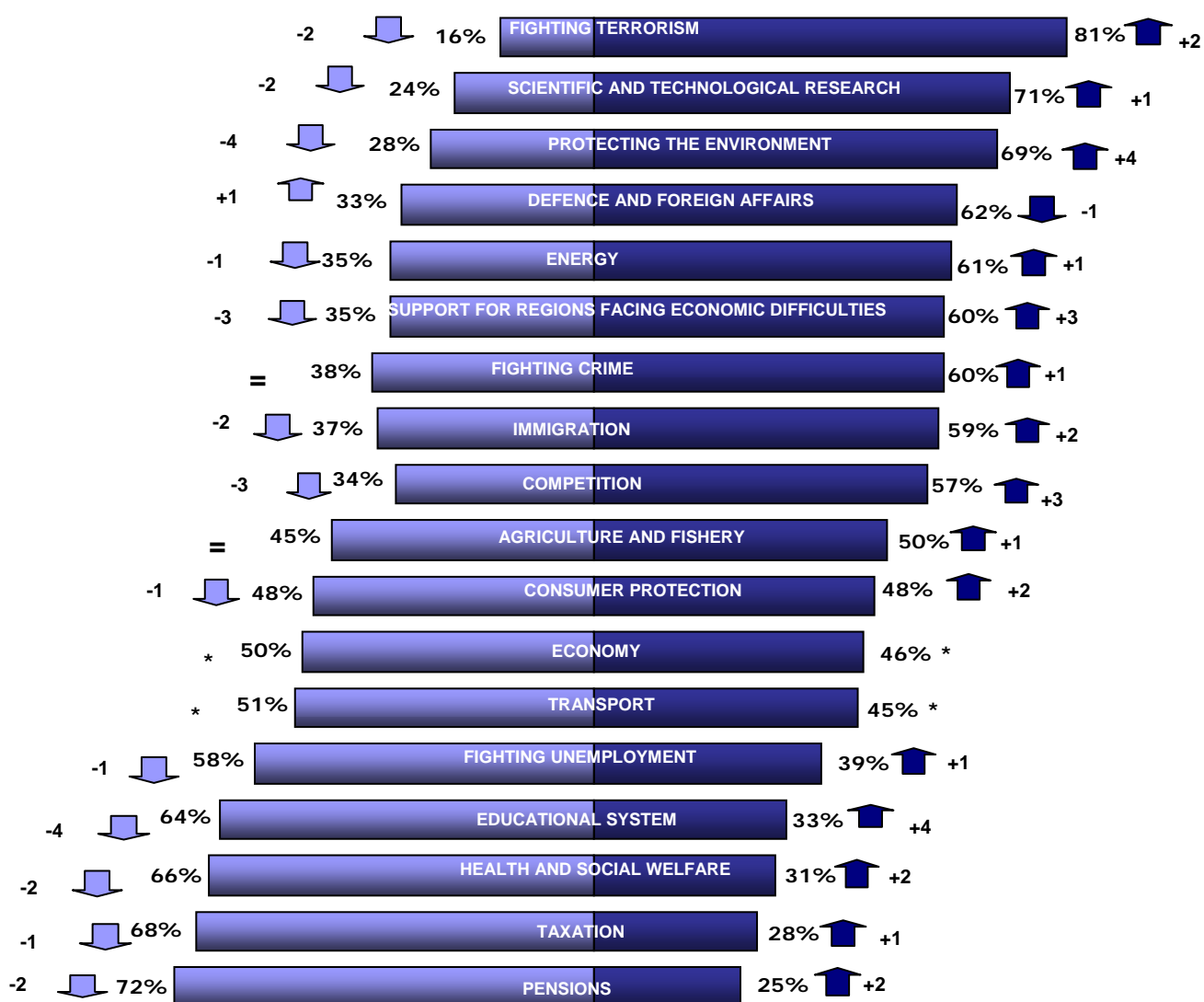
When asked to state whether it would be more effective for decisions to be taken at European or national level in 18 different areas, Europeans are divided⁴⁴. More than half of them consider that decisions should be taken jointly at European level in the following ten areas: fighting terrorism (81%), scientific and technological research (71%), protecting the environment (69%), defence and foreign affairs (62%), energy (61%), fighting crime and support for regions facing economic difficulties (60% in both cases), immigration (59%), competition (57%) and finally agriculture and fisheries (50%). On the other hand, according to people interviewed, decision-making should be left to national governments in seven areas: pensions (72%), taxation (68%), health and social welfare (66%), the educational system (64%), fighting unemployment (58%), transport (51%) and the economy (50%). Europeans are split over consumer protection: 48% consider that decisions in this area should be taken jointly within the European Union while the same proportion considers that it would be preferable to leave decisions to the national government in each Member State.

There is slightly more support than in autumn 2006 for joint decision-making at European level in 15 policy areas; the only exception is defence and foreign affairs (-1 percentage point). There has been a significant increase in support for joint decision-making in the areas of education (+ 4 percentage points), protecting the environment (+ 4 percentage points), support for regions facing economic difficulties (+ 3 percentage points) and competition (+ 3 percentage points).

⁴⁴ QA20a For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) government, or made jointly within the European Union?

QA20a. For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union? -% EU27


















■ (NATIONALITY) Government
■ Jointly within the EU



In general, an analysis of the results by country reveals a divide between Northern Europeans and Southern Europeans on this question: the former are more likely to consider that numerous policy areas are better managed if decisions are taken at national government level. More than eight out of ten respondents in Sweden, Finland and Denmark would prefer pensions, taxation, health and social welfare, combating unemployment, the economy and education to be subject to national decision-making. On the other hand, in several countries in Southern Europe (Cyprus, Greece and Portugal) the majority of interviewees frequently prefer decisions to be taken at the European level in such areas.

Over and above this geographical difference, the length of time a country has been a member of the European Union is also a dividing factor on this question: in 13 of the policy areas on which the interviewees were asked for their views, respondents in the new Member States are more likely to want decisions to be taken jointly within the European Union. Agriculture and fisheries, energy and competition are the only areas where the EU15 countries are more likely to want decisions to be taken at the European level.

QA20a. For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union? - Answer "Jointly within the EU"

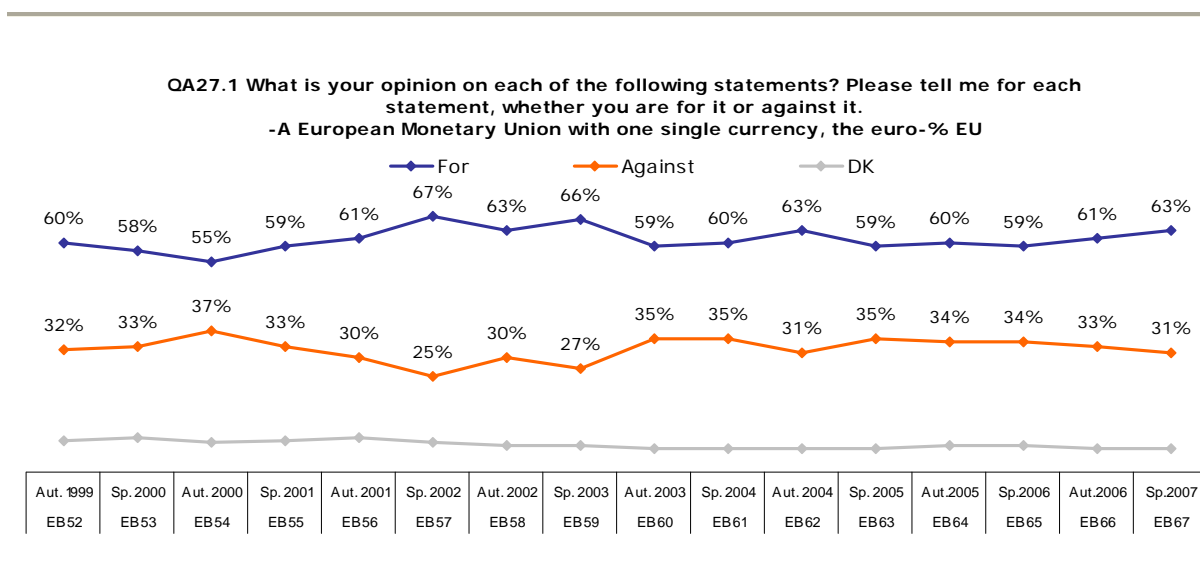
	EU27	EU15	NMS12	Difference	Highest score		Lowest score	
				EU15- NMS12 (% points)	1st	2nd	1st	2nd
Fighting terrorism	81%	79%	85%	-6	 SE / SK: 92%	 LV: 91%	 ES: 68%	 IT / AK / UK: 71%
Scientific and technological research	71%	70%	74%	-4	 CY: 90%	 MT / LU / EL: 85%	 AT / FI: 60%	 UK: 62%
Protecting the environment	69%	71%	64%	-7	 DE: 85%	 NL: 82%	 AT: 50%	 FI: 53%
Defence and foreign affairs	62%	61%	67%	-6	 SK / MT: 81%	 LU: 78%	 FI: 19%	 UK: 40%
Energy	61%	62%	59%	+3	 CY: 82%	 EL: 75%	 AT: 39%	 FI: 40%
Fighting crime	60%	58%	67%	-9	 CZ: 78%	 DE: 77%	 UK: 37%	 IE: 43%
Support for regions facing economic difficulties	60%	57%	68%	-11	 MT: 84%	 LU: 81%	 FR: 44%	 IT: 47%
Immigration	59%	58%	66%	-8	 MT: 79%	 BE: 70%	 FI: 29%	 AT: 35%
Competition	57%	57%	56%	+1	 BE: 70%	 CY: 69%	 UK: 44%	 AT: 46%
Agriculture and fishery	50%	51%	46%	+5	 CY: 70%	 DK: 67%	 FI: 16%	 RO: 34%
Consumer protection	48%	48%	48%	0	 CY: 66%	 DE / BE: 67%	 FI: 32%	 AT: 33%
Economy	46%	45%	50%	-5	 CY: 65%	 LT / BE: 62%	 FI: 22%	 DK / UK: 25%
Transports	45%	44%	50%	-6	 SE: 68%	 HU / BE: 64%	 FI: 24%	 UK: 26%
Fighting unemployment	39%	38%	44%	-6	 CY: 57%	 PT: 55%	 FI: 23%	 DK: 27%
The educational system	33%	33%	33%	0	 SI: 51%	 CY: 50%	 FI: 15%	 SE: 17%
Health and social welfare	31%	29%	38%	-9	 CY: 68%	 PT / LT: 47%	 FI: 7%	 DK / SE: 14%
Taxation	28%	27%	33%	-6	 CY: 45%	 PT / PL / LT: 39%	 DK: 9%	 SE: 10%
Pensions	25%	23%	35%	-12	 CY: 55%	 PL: 45%	 SE: 4%	 FI: 5%

The younger the respondents, the longer they studied and the closer they are to the left of the political spectrum, the more likely they are to prefer decisions to be taken at European level, except in three areas: fighting crime, taxation and pensions.

1.2 Support for European policies

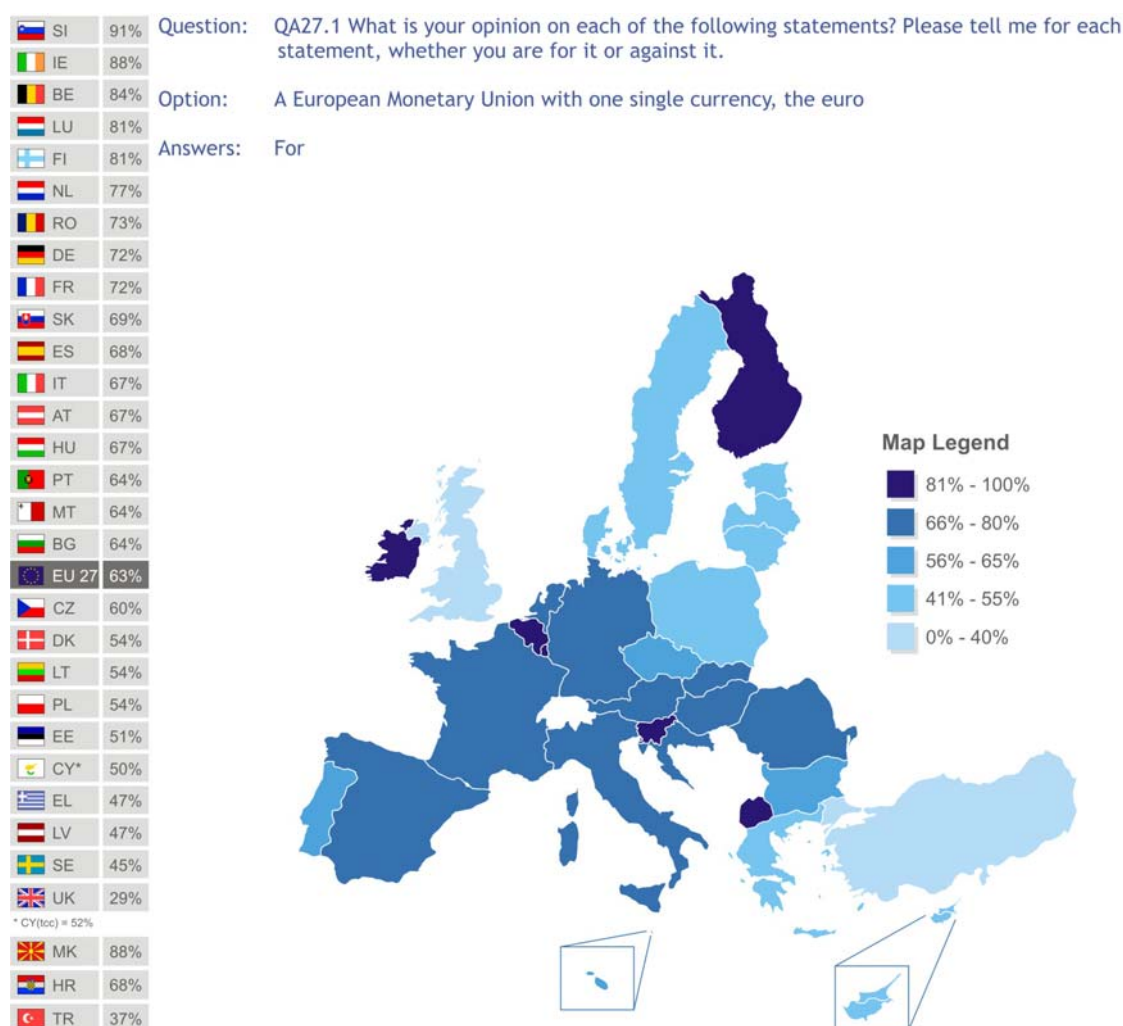
A strong increase in support for European policies

1.2.1 The single currency



Europeans not only want more decisions to be taken at European level, they are also more supportive of various European common policies than a few months ago⁴⁵. Five years after the introduction of the euro, almost two-thirds of Europeans are in favour of European monetary union with a single currency (63%). This result shows an increase of two percentage points in comparison to autumn 2006. On average, support for the single currency continues to be more solid in the 13 euro zone countries: 74%, i.e. 11 percentage points above the average. There are however important variations between Member States and support ranges from 47% in Greece to 91% in Slovenia; the latter's enthusiasm can no doubt be explained by the fact that the country recently joined the euro zone (a few months before this survey was conducted).

⁴⁵ QA27.1 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. A European Monetary Union with one single currency, the euro



Support for the single currency remains low in the United Kingdom (29%) and supporters are still in a minority in two other countries: Sweden (45%) and Latvia (47%), that is to say three countries that have kept their national currency. In Cyprus and Malta, two countries which joined the Economic and Monetary Union on 1st January 2008, the euro is supported by 50% and 64% respectively of respondents.

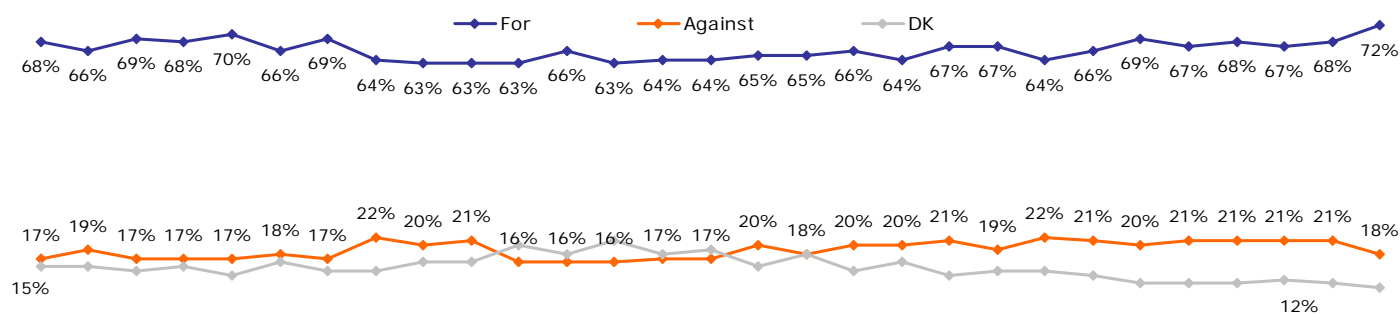
Although a majority of Croatians are in favour of the euro (68%), this is not the case in Turkey where only 37% of respondents support the single currency. The number of "DK" replies to this question is high in Turkey amounting to two out of ten people interviewed. Once again, respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia have a far-more clear-cut position: 88% of them support European monetary union and the single currency.

Once again, there are fairly noticeable differences according to the socio-demographic profile of respondents. Men (67% are in favour of European monetary union with the euro as the single currency versus 59% of women), respondents who studied up to the age of 20 or over (74% versus 49% of those who left school before the age of 16) and managers (73% versus 62% of manual workers) are the most likely to be in favour of European monetary union. This result is consistent with the survey as a whole which often reveals these categories to be the most pro-European.

1.2.2 Common foreign policy

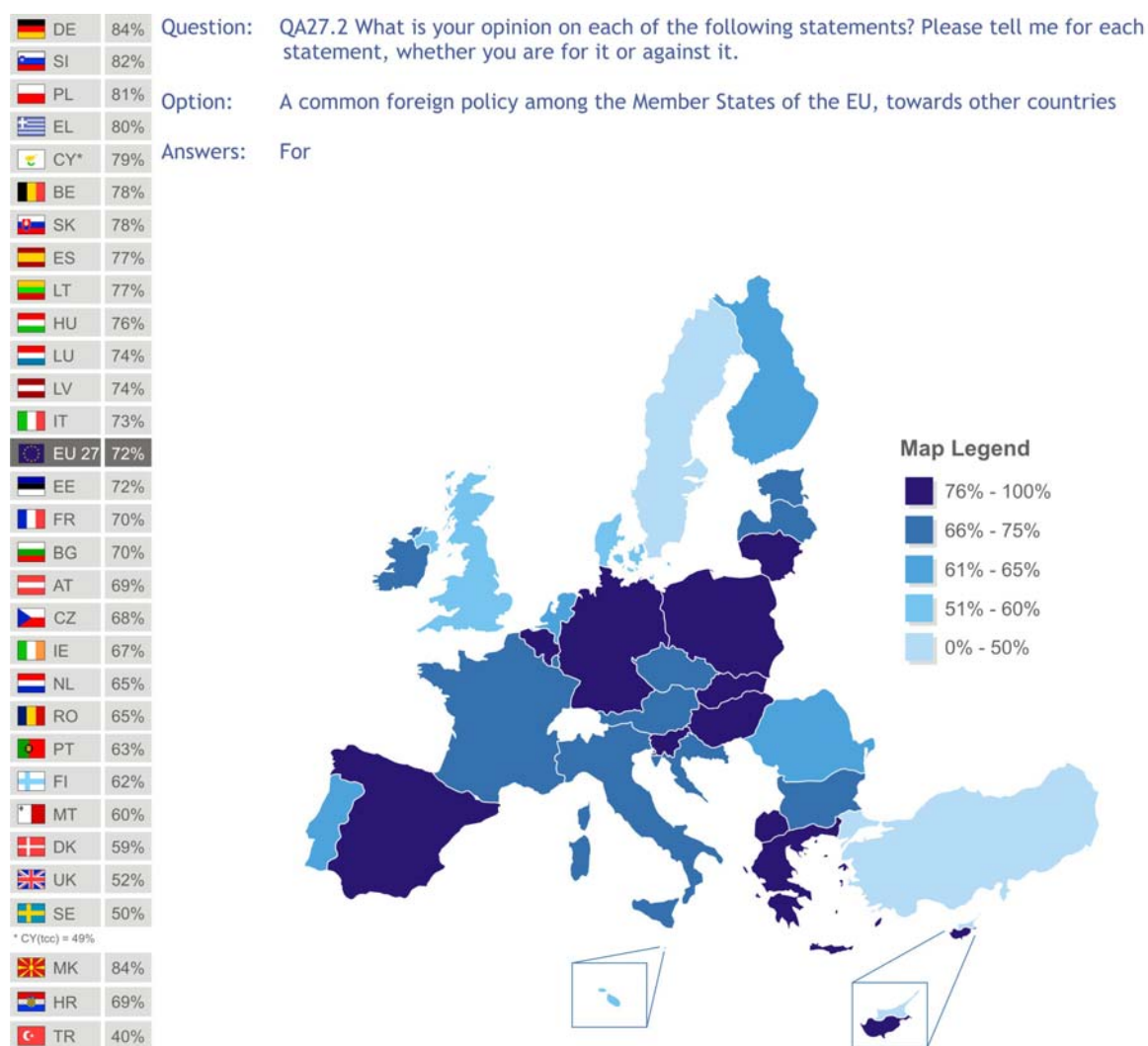
QA27.2 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

-A common foreign policy among the Member States of the EU, towards other countries - % EU



Support among European Union citizens for a common foreign policy has increased considerably since autumn 2006⁴⁶: almost three-quarters of Europeans now support this idea (72%), i.e. four percentage points more than in autumn 2006. A majority of respondents support this in all Member States. Support for a common foreign policy is more marked in the new Member States: there is a difference of four percentage points between the averages for the old EU15 countries and the new Member States (71% and 75% respectively).

⁴⁶ QA27.2 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. A common foreign policy among the Member States of the EU, towards other countries

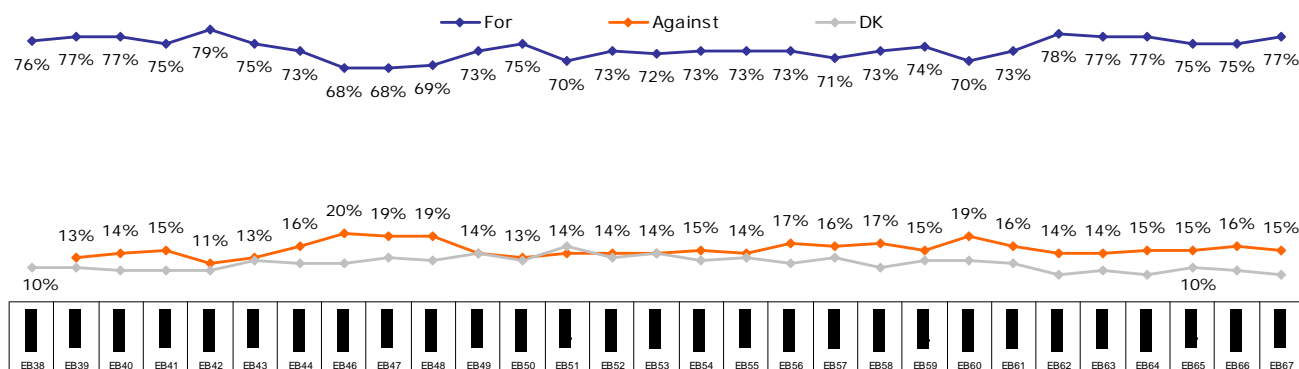


The level of support also varies considerably from one country to another. Support for a common foreign policy is the strongest in Germany and Slovenia (84% and 82% respectively), while interviewees in Finland (62%), Malta (60%), the United Kingdom (52%) and Sweden (50%) are the most hesitant about it.

In the candidate countries, support for this policy ranges from 84% in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia to 40% in Turkey; Croatia occupies the middle ground, with more than two-thirds of Croatians supporting the idea (69%). Once again, Turkish respondents are relatively undecided on this question, with two out of ten people interviewed opting for the "DK" reply.

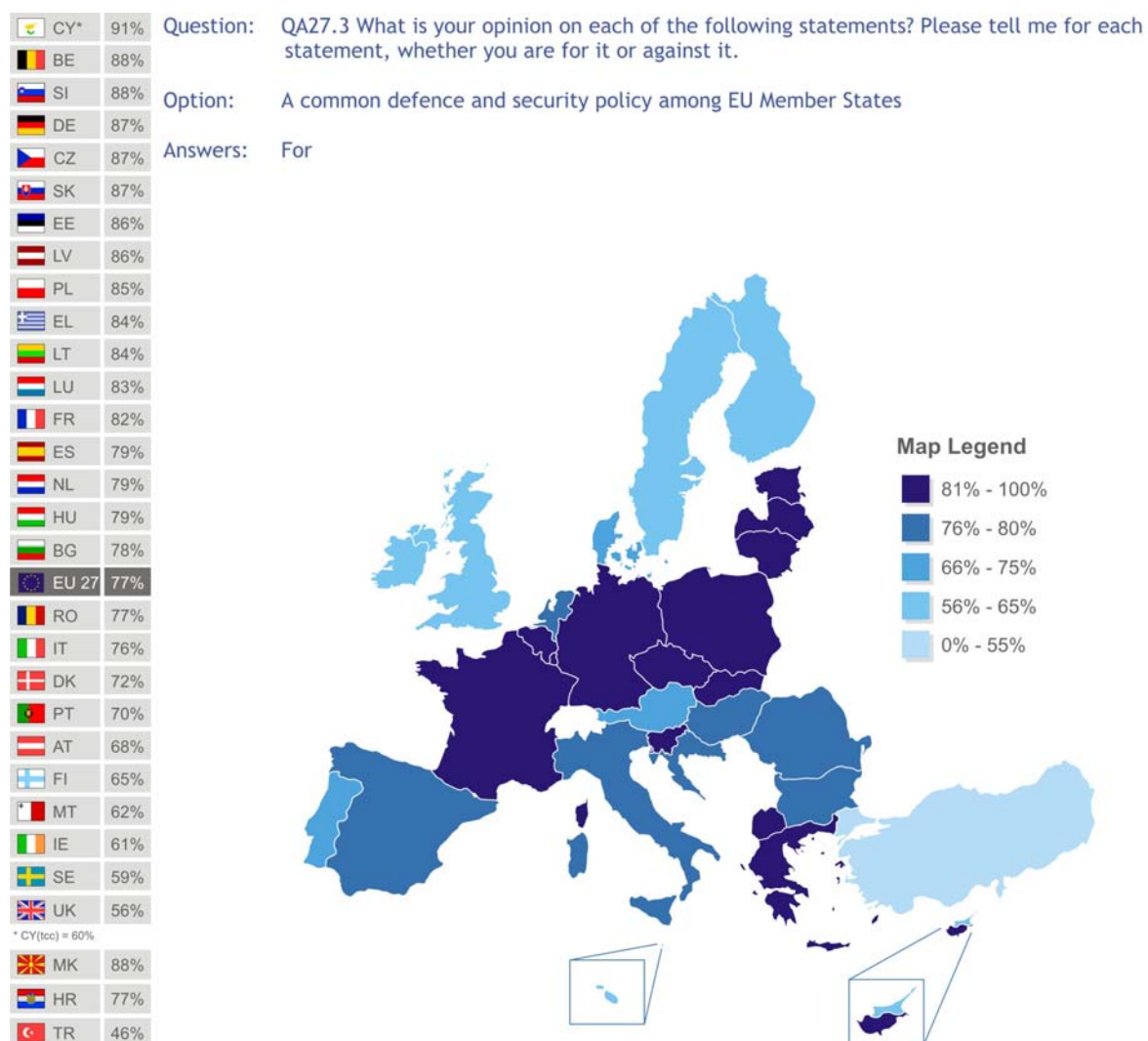
1.2.3 A common security and defence policy

Support for a common defence and security policy among EU Member States - % EU



Support for a common security and defence policy has also increased (+ 2 percentage points)⁴⁷. Almost eight out of ten Europeans are in favour of such a policy. This support is more marked in the 12 new Member States: there is a difference of seven points between the old EU15 average and that of the new Member States (76% and 83% respectively).

⁴⁷ QA27.3 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. A common defence and security policy among EU Member States



An analysis of the results by country reveals similar variations to those observed regarding a common foreign policy. The most enthusiastic Member States are Cyprus (91%), Slovenia and Belgium (88% in both cases), the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Germany (87% each), whereas support is the lowest in the United Kingdom (56%), Sweden (59%), Ireland (61%) and Malta (62%).

Three-quarters of Croatians are in favour of a common European security and defence policy (77%) while only 46% of respondents in Turkey share that opinion. Moreover, in Turkey, the "DK" rate is as high as 25%. Once again, a very large proportion of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia are in favour of this idea: 88% of them are in favour of a common security and defence policy between the Member States.

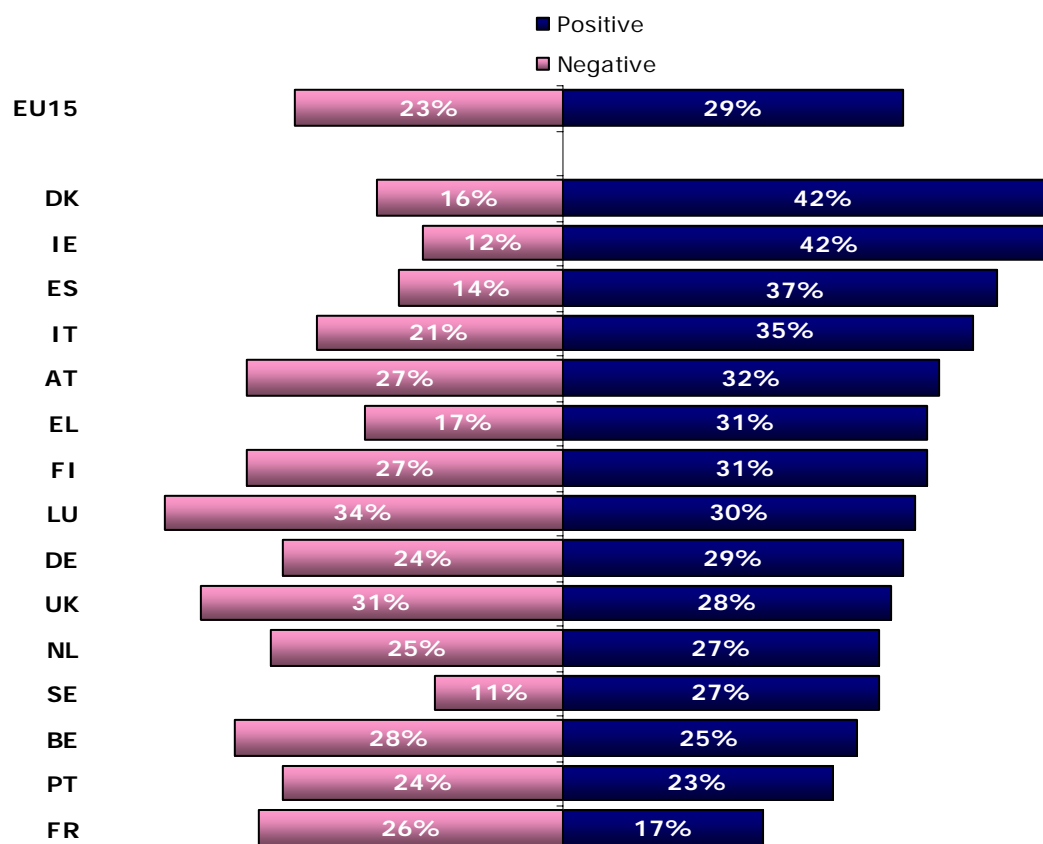
1.2.4 Perception of the May 2004 enlargement

In the old EU15 countries, three out of ten respondents (29%) consider that the May 2004 enlargement with the accession of ten new members was positive, versus 23% who consider that it had, on the contrary, negative consequences⁴⁸. In the EU15 countries, respondents in Denmark and Ireland are the most enthusiastic since more than four out of ten of them believe the enlargement was positive (42% in both cases). More than a third of Spaniards (37%) and Italians (35%) are of the same opinion. On the other hand, a third of those polled in Luxembourg (34%) view the May 2004 enlargement negatively.

All in all, the majority of Europeans in the old EU15 countries do not have a clear-cut position on this question: 33% of them consider that the 2004 enlargement was “neither positive nor negative”. That opinion was voiced by half of the respondents in Sweden and Greece (50% in both cases), and by 44% of respondents in France. It is also noteworthy that a large number of people polled do not have an opinion on this question: this is the case for 15% of EU15 respondents as a whole, with a proportion as high as a quarter of respondents in Portugal, Spain and Ireland (exactly 25% for the three countries).

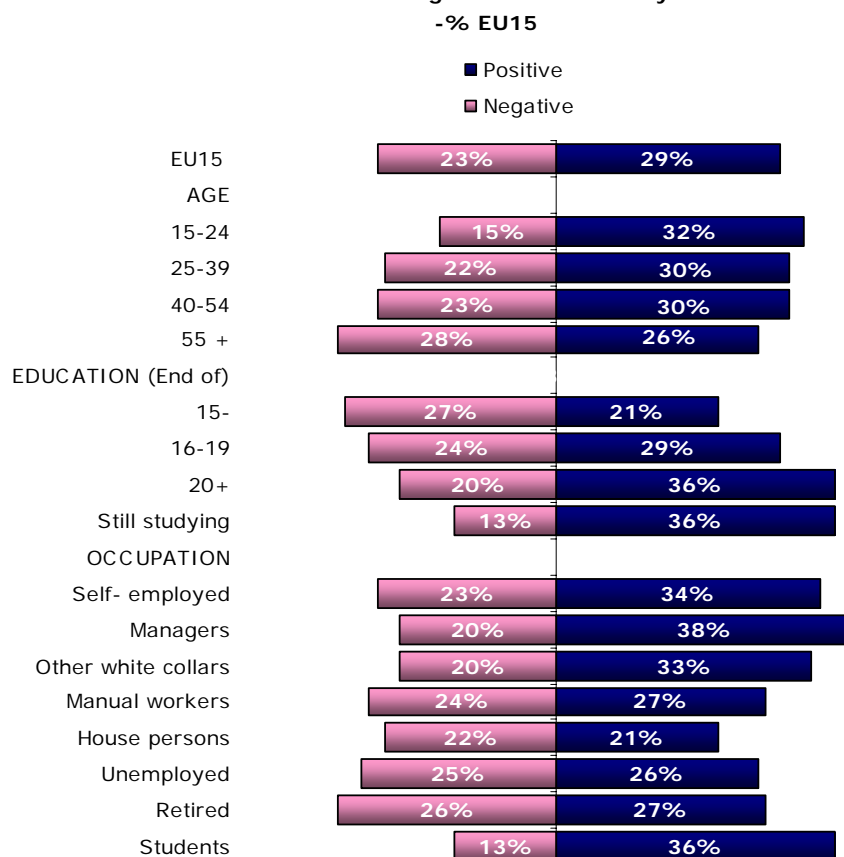
⁴⁸ QA26a 10 new Member States joined the European Union in May 2004. Regarding the impact of this enlargement on the European Union, which of the following comes closest to your view?

QA26a 10 new Member States joined the European Union in May 2004.
Regarding the impact of this enlargement on the European Union,
which of the following comes closest to your view?
- % EU15



The youngest and best educated respondents are the most likely to view the 2004 enlargement in a positive way. In the same way, managers are more enthusiastic than manual workers and other white-collar workers about the accession of ten new Member States in May 2004.

**QA26a 10 new Member States joined the European Union in May 2004.
Regarding the impact of this enlargement on the European Union,
which of the following comes closest to your view?**



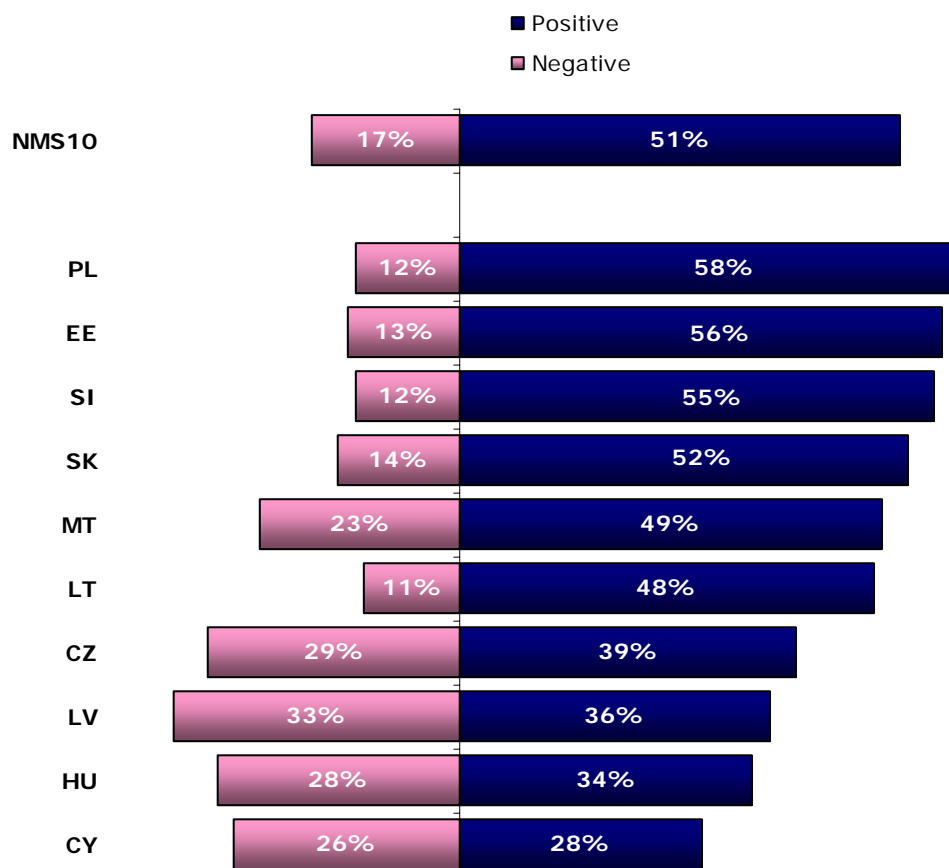
Overall, respondents in the ten countries which joined the European Union in May 2004 are positive since half of the interviewees in the ten Member States in question consider that the enlargement has had a positive impact on their country (51%)⁴⁹. Respondents in Poland (58%) are the most enthusiastic, while those in Cyprus (28%), Hungary (34%) and Latvia (36%) have the most reservations.

A quarter of respondents consider that the impact of enlargement was neither positive nor negative (including 43% of Cypriots, 33% of Hungarians and Lithuanians) and 17% that it was negative, including a third of Latvians (33%) and almost one in three Hungarians (28%).

⁴⁹ QA26b Our country joined the European Union in 2004. Regarding the impact of this accession to the European Union on (OUR COUNTRY), which of the following comes closest to your view?

QA26b Our country joined the European Union in 2004. Regarding the impact of this accession to the European Union on (OUR COUNTRY), which of the following comes closest to your view?

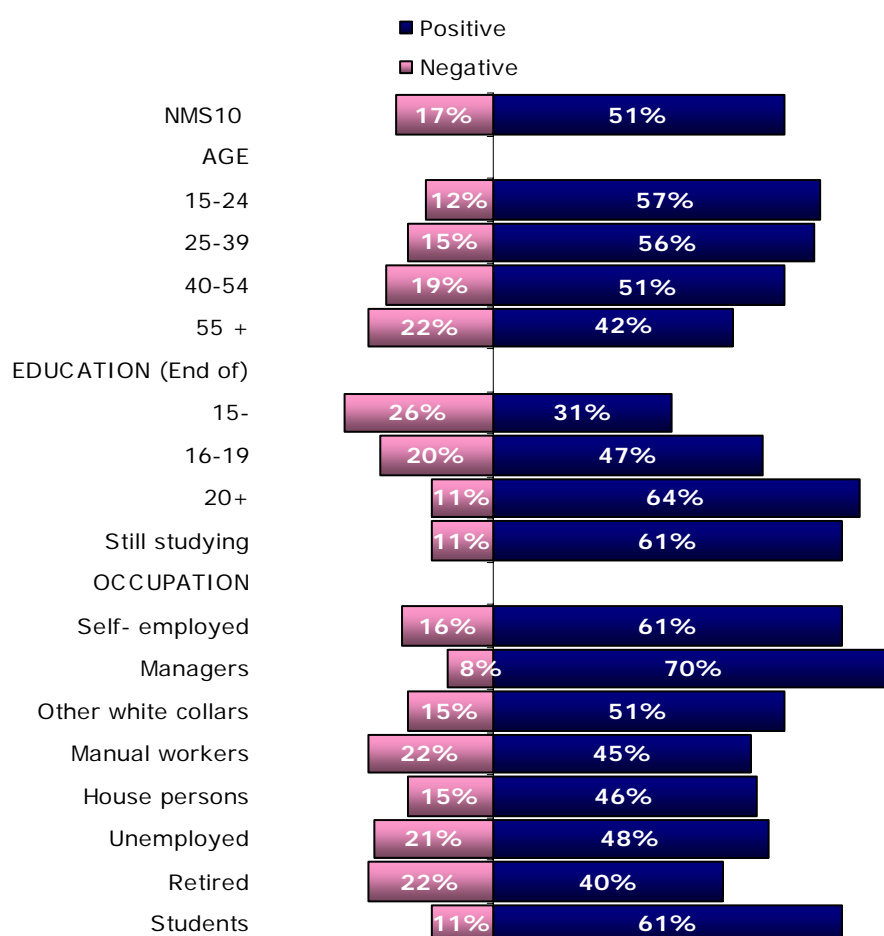
-% NMS10



The socio-demographic differences are even more marked in the 12 new Member States: 57% of respondents aged between 15 and 24 (versus 42% of the 55 and over age group), 64% of those who studied up to the age of 20 or more (versus 31% of those who left school before the age of 16) and 70% of managers (versus 45% of manual workers and 51% of other white-collar workers) view the enlargement as positive.

QA26b Our country joined the European Union in 2004. Regarding the impact of this accession to the European Union on (OUR COUNTRY), which of the following comes closest to your view?

- % NMS10

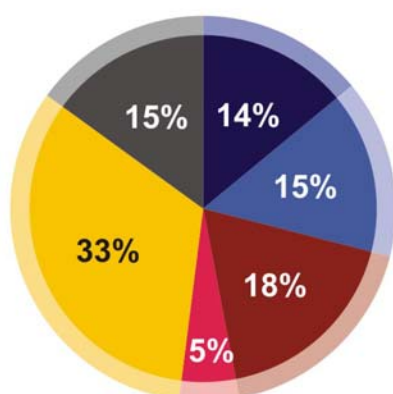


All in all, the enlargement is perceived, fairly logically, far more positively in the new Member States than in the old EU15 countries, but it is important to point out that also in the latter countries positive opinions clearly outweigh negative opinions.

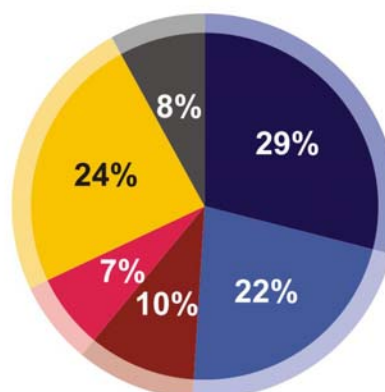
In general, it is interesting to note that a significant minority of interviewees – both in the EU15 countries and in the new Member States – have been pleasantly surprised by the consequences of enlargement. Thus, 15% of respondents in the old EU15 countries who were apprehensive about the 2004 enlargement have been positively surprised by the outcome. This proportion is as high as 24% in Austria, which in general is fairly reserved about enlargement, and 19% in Denmark and Italy. On the other hand, the proportion of respondents who declared that they have been unpleasantly surprised by the impact of enlargement is more marginal: this concerns 5% of respondents in the EU15 countries, with the highest scores being recorded in Portugal (9%) and the United Kingdom (7%).

This phenomenon is even more marked within the new Member States: more than one in five citizens (22%) consider that enlargement has been positive for their country, contrary to their expectations. This view is shared by more than a quarter of Slovaks (28%) and Estonians (27%). On the other hand, 7% of respondents in the countries which joined the European Union in 2004 consider that the enlargement in question has had negative effects which they were not expecting; 17% of inhabitants were disappointed in Cyprus, Latvia and Hungary.

Question: QA26a 10 new Member States joined the European Union in May 2004. Regarding the impact of this enlargement on the European Union, which of the following comes closest to your view?
(ASK ONLY IN EU15)



Question: QA26b Our country joined the European Union in 2004. Regarding the impact of this accession to the European Union on (OUR COUNTRY), which of the following comes closest to your view?
(ASK ONLY IN NMS10)



- It has been as positive as I thought
- It has been positive and I did not expect this to be the case
- It has been as negative as I thought
- It has been negative and I did not expect this to be the case
- It has been neither positive nor negative
- DK

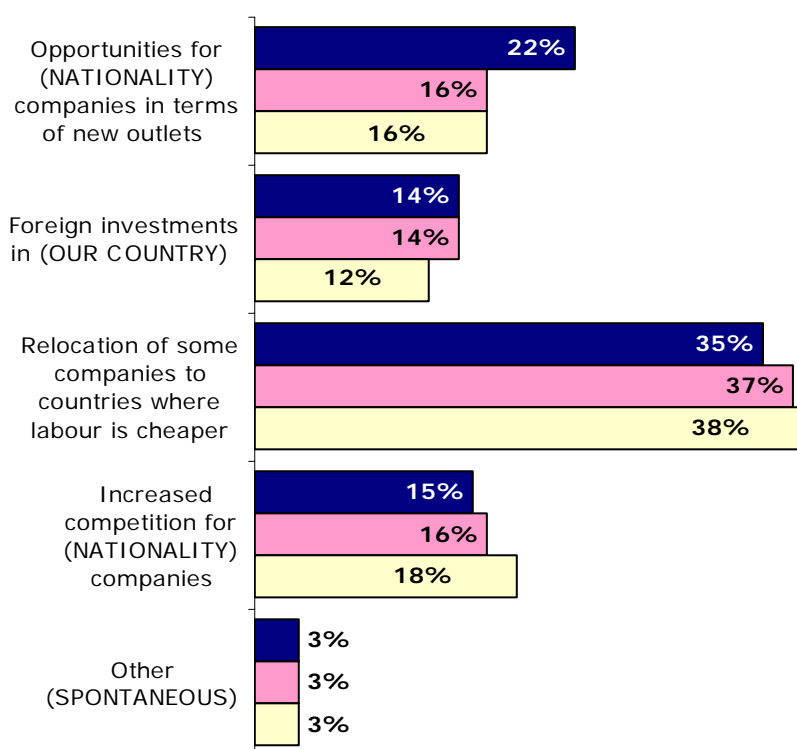
2 The European Union in the world

2.1 The perception of globalisation

The idea that the EU enables European citizens to benefit more from the positive effects of globalisation is gaining ground among Europeans

QA29a There are multiple consequences of the globalisation of trade. When you hear the word "globalisation", what comes first to mind?

■ EB 67 Sp. 2007 ■ EB 64 Aut.2005 ■ EB 63 Sp.2005



"The relocation of some companies to countries where labour is cheaper" is the first thing that comes to mind for the majority of Europeans (35%) when they hear the word "globalisation" which therefore has, above all, a somewhat negative connotation⁵⁰. This is the case of more than half of those polled in France (57%) but only 15% of Latvians, 13% of Estonians and 11% of Lithuanians.

⁵⁰ QA29a There are multiple consequences of the globalisation of trade. When you hear the word "globalisation", what comes first to mind?

"Opportunities for companies in terms of new outlets" was ranked in second place by interviewees: 22%, including half of Danes (47%), four out of ten Swedes (41%) and a third of the Dutch (34%). Finally, 15% of respondents mentioned "increased competition for companies" and 14% cited "foreign investments in their country", an opinion voiced more frequently by Bulgarians (21%) and Romanians (25%).

Europeans are however far more likely than several months ago to associate globalisation with opportunities for companies: + 6 percentage points in comparison to autumn 2006. The issue of relocation has lost two percentage points, competition between companies has dropped by one percentage point and foreign investment has increased by one percentage point.

QA29a There are multiple consequences of the globalisation of trade. When you hear the word "globalisation", what comes first to mind?

	Relocation of some companies to countries where labour is cheaper	Opportunities for (NATIONALITY) companies in terms of new outlets	Increased competition for (NATIONALITY) companies	Foreign investments in (OUR COUNTRY)	Other (SPONT.)	DK
EU27	35%	22%	15%	14%	3%	11%
BE	44%	22%	14%	14%	2%	4%
BG	20%	17%	13%	21%	1%	28%
CZ	31%	21%	21%	19%	2%	6%
DK	28%	47%	14%	7%	2%	2%
DE	46%	30%	12%	7%	1%	4%
EE	13%	28%	22%	16%	2%	19%
EL	50%	15%	18%	17%	0%	0%
ES	28%	18%	14%	16%	6%	18%
FR	57%	16%	13%	7%	1%	6%
IE	33%	16%	13%	18%	2%	18%
IT	26%	24%	17%	18%	4%	11%
CY	19%	13%	25%	27%	5%	11%
LV	15%	19%	28%	18%	2%	18%
LT	11%	28%	16%	17%	3%	25%
LU	45%	17%	19%	9%	1%	9%
HU	29%	17%	16%	27%	1%	10%
MT	18%	22%	26%	18%	1%	15%
NL	31%	34%	14%	8%	6%	7%
AT	46%	15%	13%	19%	3%	4%
PL	20%	21%	19%	20%	2%	18%
PT	38%	10%	19%	16%	1%	16%
RO	11%	18%	16%	25%	3%	27%
SI	35%	22%	18%	16%	1%	8%
SK	31%	20%	16%	21%	1%	11%
FI	46%	21%	17%	6%	6%	4%
SE	34%	41%	12%	6%	3%	4%
UK	34%	22%	14%	13%	2%	15%
HR	28%	10%	22%	26%	2%	12%
TR	11%	15%	11%	23%	1%	39%
MK	17%	20%	12%	28%	1%	22%

Foreign investment was also mentioned by 28% of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (who placed this aspect in first place), 26% in Croatia and 23% in Turkey. The latter put new outlets for companies in second place. Croats, in line with the EU27 average, think first of all of the relocation of some companies to countries where labour is cheaper (28%) when they hear the word “globalisation”.

Half of Europeans (50%) and the majority of people interviewed in the candidate countries (an extremely close majority in Croatia but far more marked in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia) consider that the European Union enables European citizens to benefit more from the positive effects of globalisation⁵¹. French respondents are the least likely to share this opinion (35%).

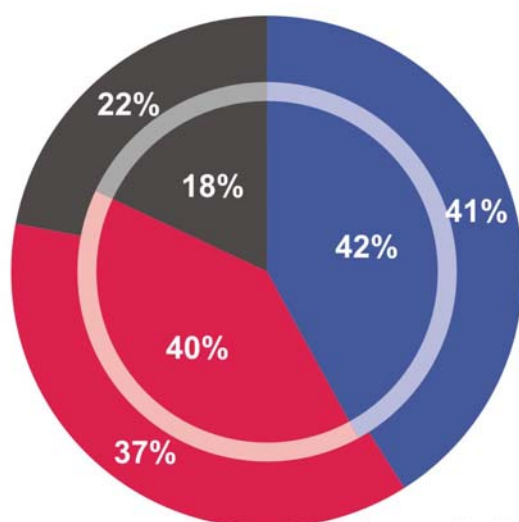
This question was proposed to half of the sample, while the other half of respondents were asked for their views in response to a differently worded question, namely the perceived efforts of the European Union to protect citizens from the negative effects of globalisation⁵². This time 42% of respondents agreed with the protective role played by the European Union, including only a third of respondents in France and Croatia (32% and 31% respectively).

The idea that the EU enables European citizens to benefit more from the positive effects of globalisation is gaining ground among Europeans since this reply has gained one percentage point since autumn 2006. However, the proportion of respondents who do not agree with the statement that the European Union helps to protect citizens from the negative effects of globalisation has also increased slightly (+ 3 percentage points).

51 QA30b To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement? The European Union enables European citizens to better benefit from the positive effects of globalisation.

52 QA30a To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement? The European Union helps to protect us from the negative effects of globalisation.

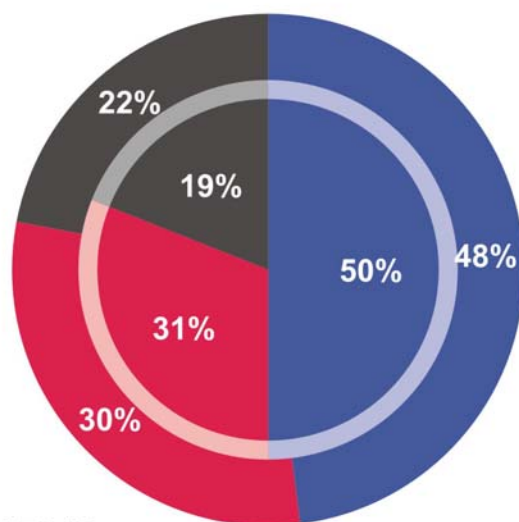
Question: QA30a To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: The European Union helps to protect us from the negative effects of globalisation.



Inner pie: Sp. 2007 / EB 67
Outer pie: Aut. 2006 / EB66



Question: QA30b To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: The European Union enables European citizens to better benefit from the positive effects of globalisation.

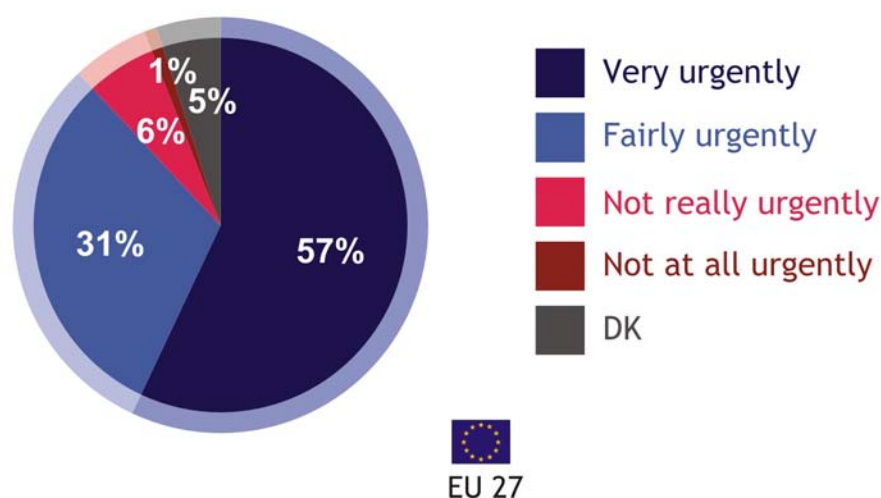


2.2 The perception of environmental issues

- A clear message from Europeans about the urgent need to combat global warming -

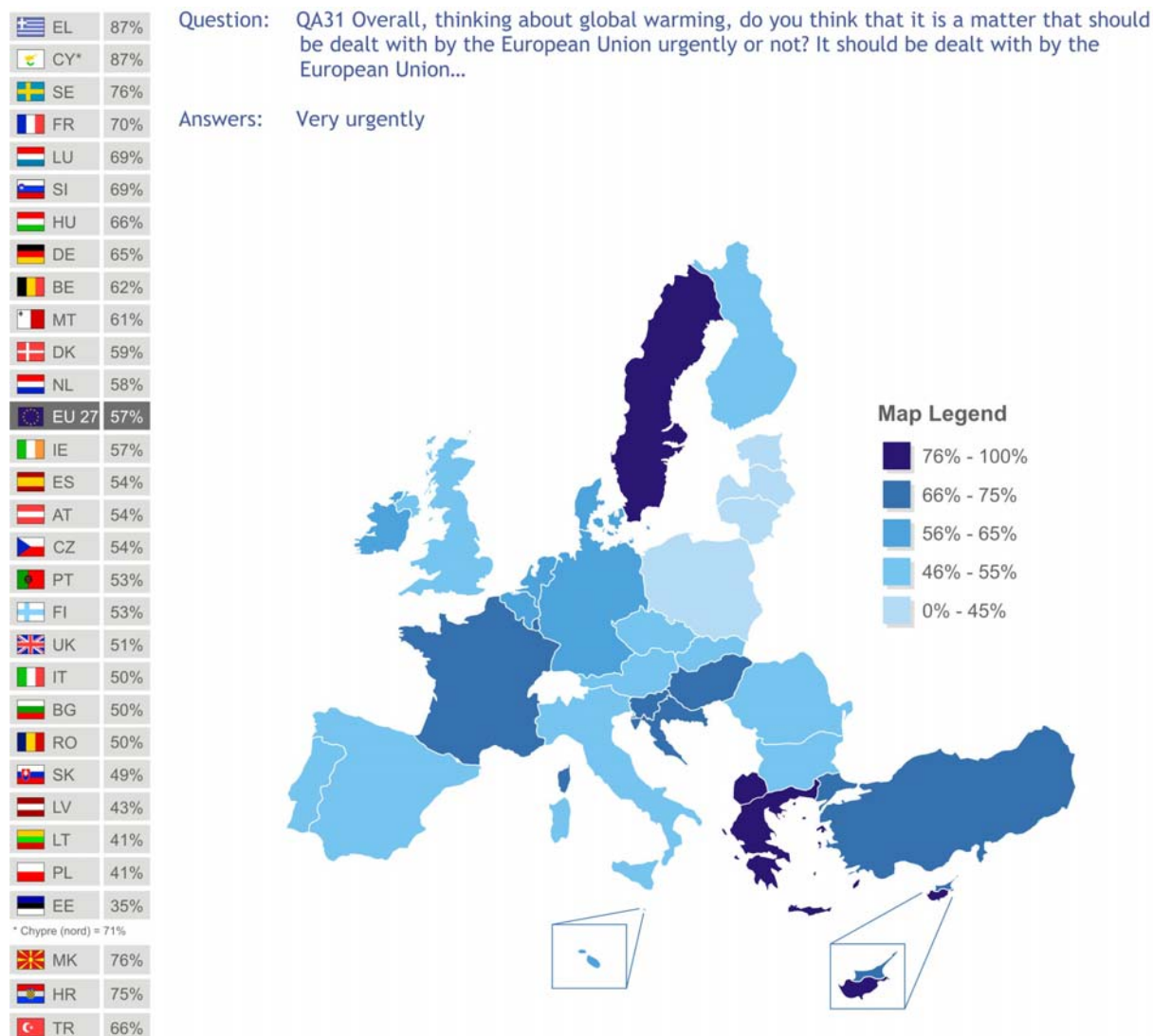
Europeans are very concerned about the environment. The majority of them consider that the European Union is well placed to tackle this issue and that it should take action. Almost nine out of ten Europeans consider that global warming is an issue that should be dealt with by the European Union as a matter of urgency (88%)⁵³. A clear majority of respondents in all countries believe that this problem is urgent. Consequently, the variations are analysed more in terms of intensity.

Question: QA31 Overall, thinking about global warming, do you think that it is a matter that should be dealt with by the European Union urgently or not? It should be dealt with by the European Union...



The conviction that the European Union should take urgent action to tackle this issue is expressed the most forcefully by Greeks and Cypriots (87 %), Swedes (76 %) and Croatians (75 %). Public opinion is more moderate in Estonia, where just over a third of respondents (35 %) consider that global warming is an area where action needs to be taken as quickly as possible. In general, EU15 respondents (60% replied "very urgently") are more likely than those in the 12 new Member States (49%) to see this as an issue requiring urgent action.

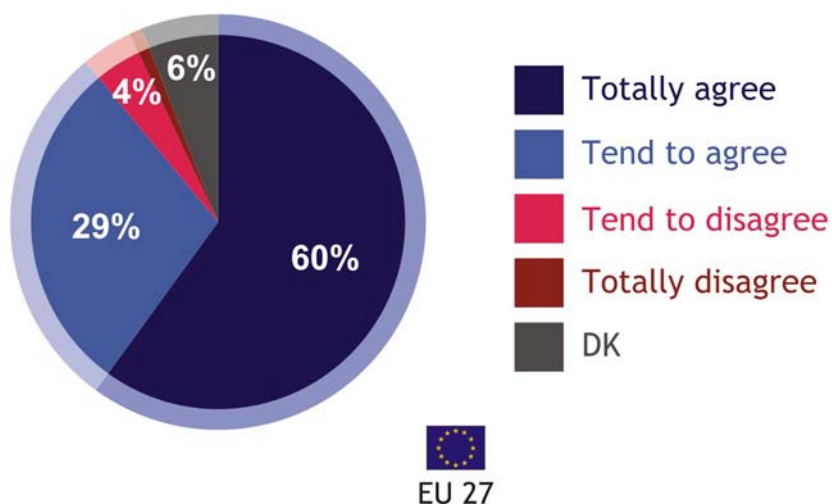
⁵³ QA31 Overall, thinking about global warming, do you think that it is a matter that should be dealt with by the European Union urgently or not? It should be dealt with by the European Union...



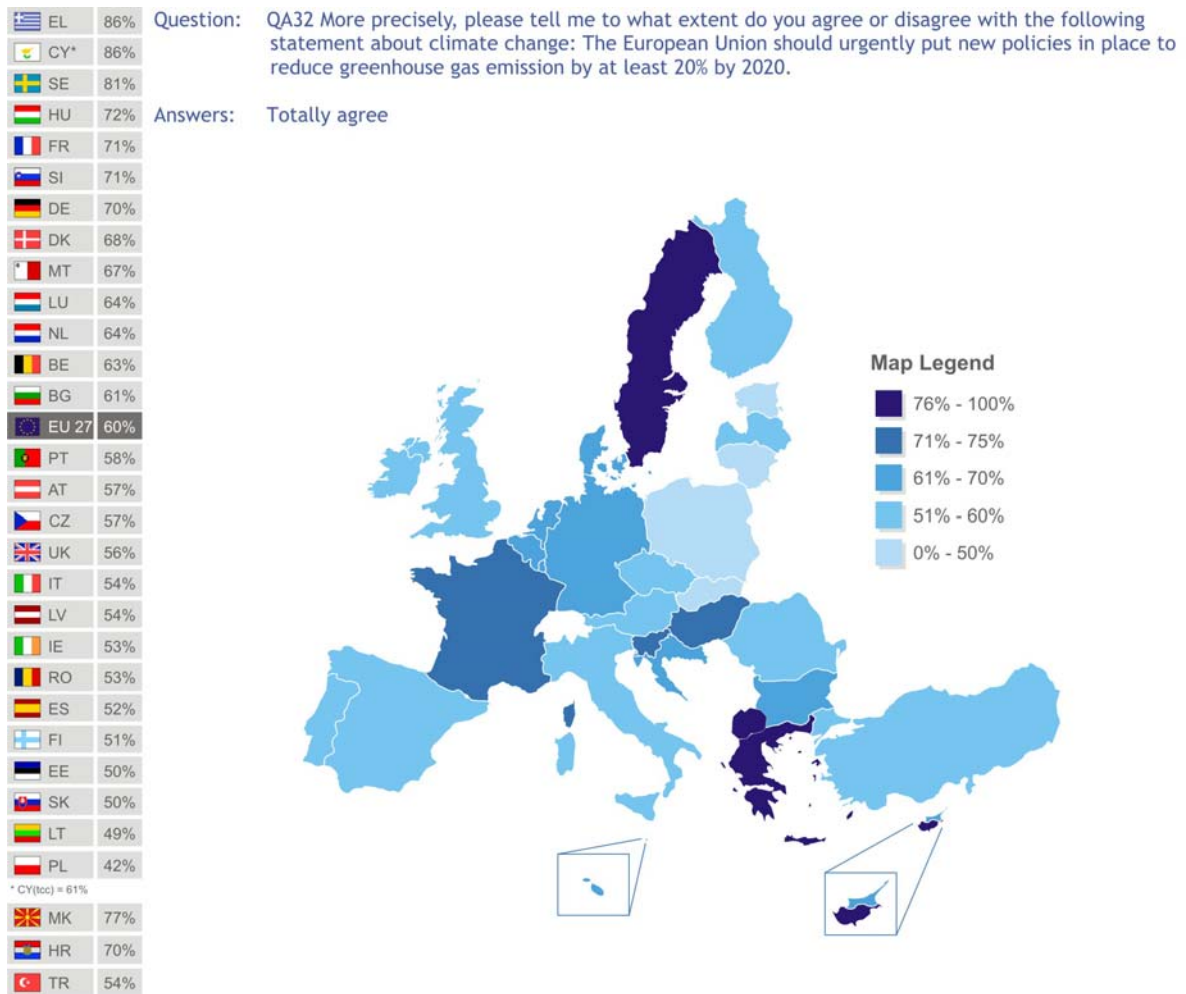
Europeans are very concerned by global warming and a very large majority of them (89%) are in favour of the European Union taking urgent action to put in place new policies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by at least 20% by 2020⁵⁴.

⁵⁴ QA32 More precisely, please tell me to what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement about climate change: The European Union should urgently put new policies in place to reduce greenhouse gas emission by at least 20% by 2020.

Question: QA32 More precisely, please tell me to what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement about climate change: The European Union should urgently put new policies in place to reduce greenhouse gas emission by at least 20% by 2020.



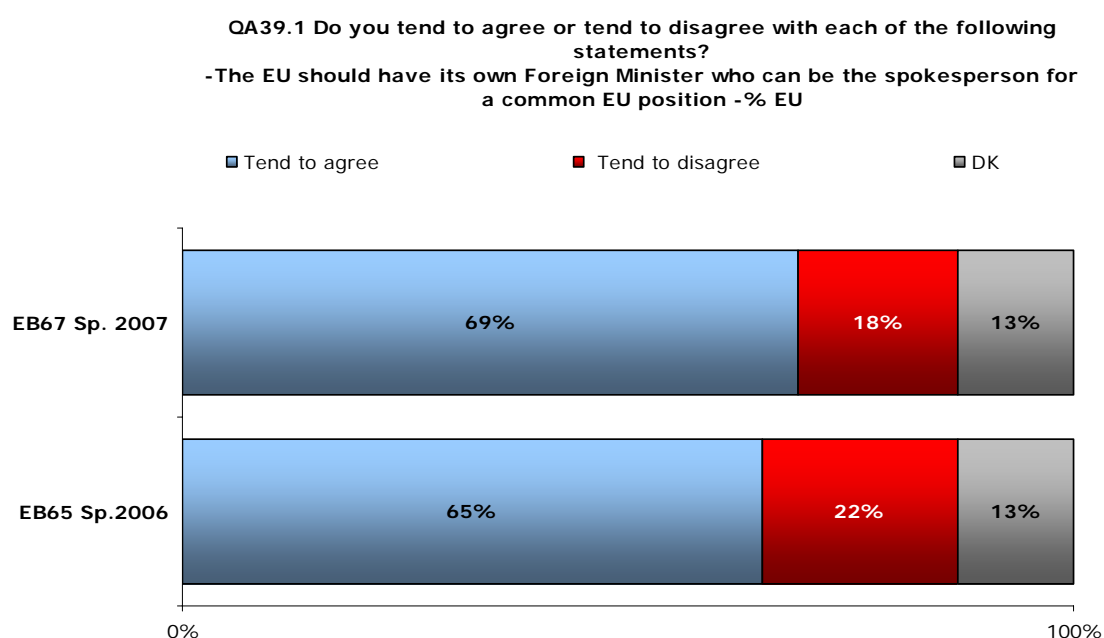
Once again, there is a consensus on the need for action in all the countries participating in the survey. Therefore, differences are found only in terms of the intensity of the convictions expressed: respondents in Greece and Cyprus are the most convinced about the urgent need to put in place European policies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions (86% totally agree that the European Union should do so), while this opinion is less forcefully expressed in Poland (42% totally agree).



2.3 Support for a Foreign Minister, spokesperson for a common EU position

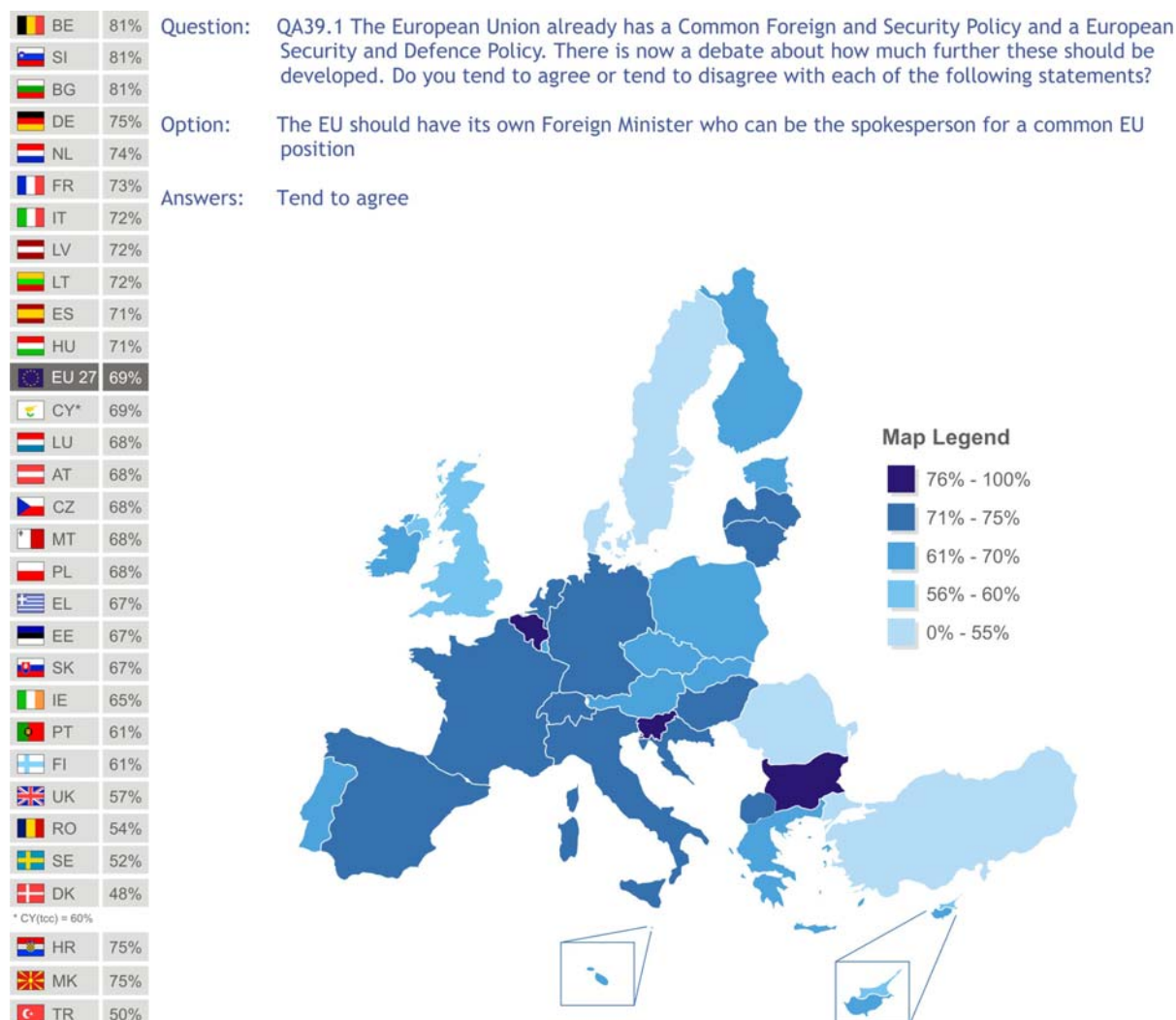
Support for the idea of the European Union having its own Foreign Minister has increased considerably

Europeans want to see more decisions taken jointly within the European Union in numerous areas – in particular on economic and social issues. They are also in favour of a common EU foreign policy vis-à-vis other countries. A large majority also supports the idea of a European Union Foreign Minister who would be the spokesperson for a common European Union position. Two-thirds of Europeans (69%) are in favour of this idea, i.e. four percentage points higher than the level of support recorded in spring 2006⁵⁵.



Support for this idea is the strongest in Belgium and Slovenia (81% in both cases) while respondents in Denmark are the most hesitant, being almost equally divided between “tend to agree” (48%) and “tend not to agree” (47%). A small majority of those polled in Sweden and the United Kingdom support this idea: 52% and 57% respectively. This is also the case for the last two countries to have joined the European Union, Romania (54%) and Bulgaria (59%). There are nonetheless high levels of “DK” replies worth noting in both countries (29% in Bulgaria and 34% in Romania).

⁵⁵ QA39.1 The European Union already has a Common Foreign and Security Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? The EU should have its own Foreign Minister who can be the spokesperson for a common EU position

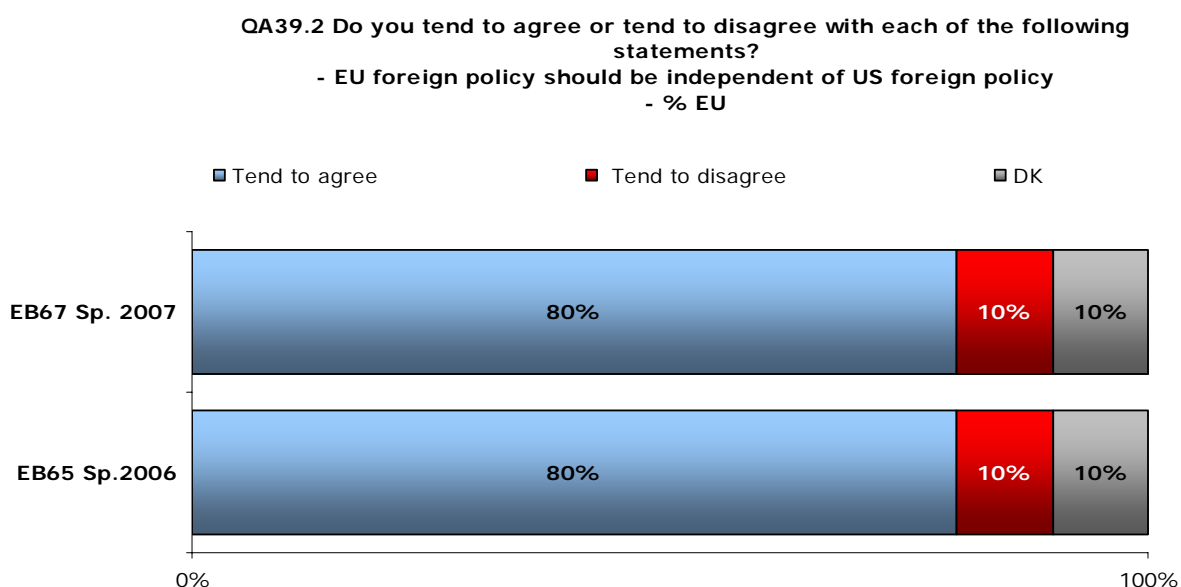


Finally, three-quarters of Croatians and respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia are in favour of the European Union having its own Foreign Minister who would be the spokesperson for a common EU position (75%). Respondents in Turkey are less enthusiastic with 50% of them tending to agree with this idea, a result which can be explained in part by the high number of “DK” replies (38%).

2.4 Support for an EU foreign policy independent of American foreign policy

- Continuing strong support among Europeans for a foreign policy independent of American foreign policy -

Eight out of ten Europeans (80%) approve of the idea that the European Union's foreign policy should be independent of American foreign policy (80%). This score is the same as that recorded in spring 2006⁵⁶.



Greeks (94%), Cypriots (92%) and Germans (90%) are the staunchest supporters of this idea which is supported moreover by all the countries concerned. Although support is the lowest in Italy, the idea is nevertheless supported by 68% of Italians.

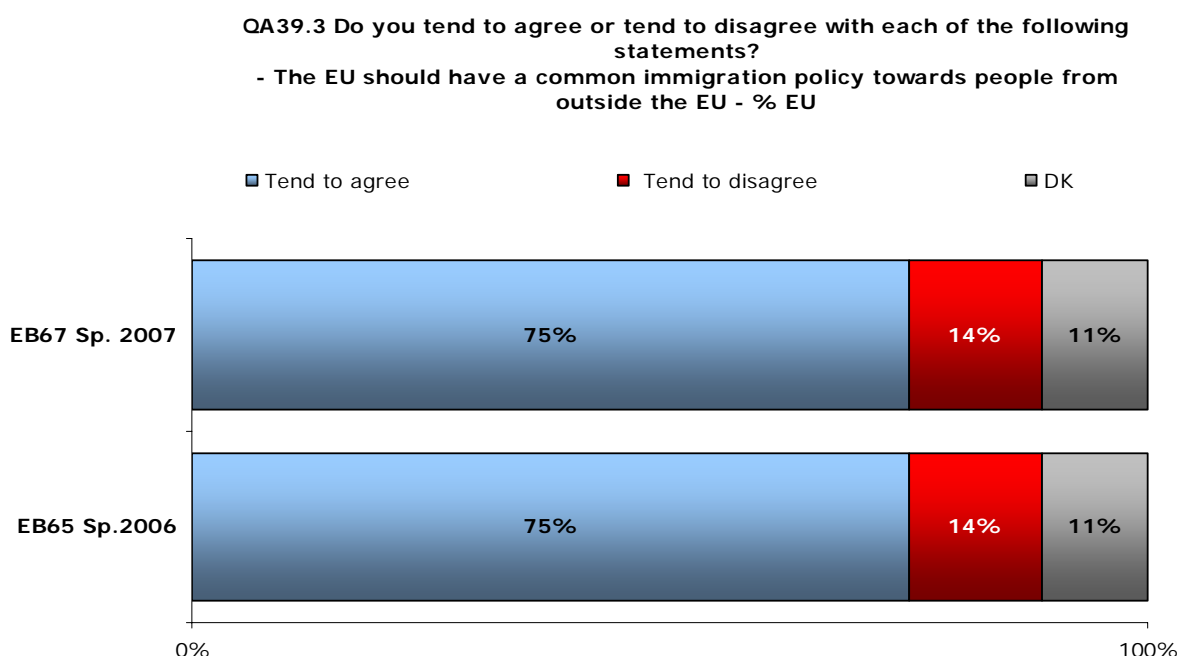
In the candidate countries, there is strong support for this idea in Croatia (85%) and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (79%). Half of those polled in Turkey (49%) support the idea of a European foreign policy independent of American foreign policy.

⁵⁶ QA39.2 The European Union already has a Common Foreign and Security Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? EU foreign policy should be independent of United States foreign policy

2.5 Support for a common immigration policy vis-à-vis non-EU member countries

Support for a common immigration policy is strong, but stable

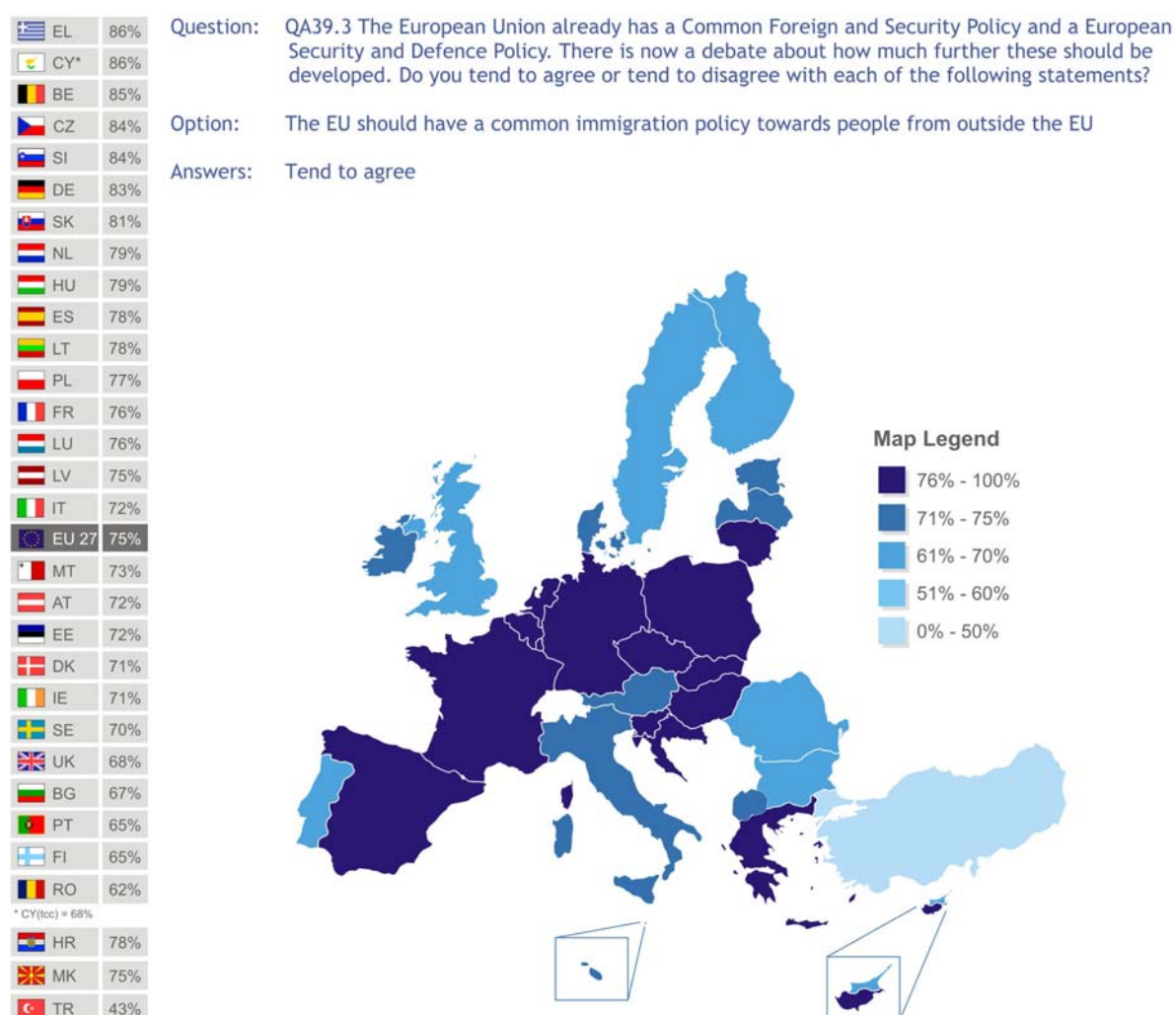
The idea of a common immigration policy is supported by 75% of Europeans, which is identical to the figure recorded in spring 2006. Support for a common immigration policy is the strongest in Greece and Cyprus (86% each), Belgium (85%), the Czech Republic and Slovenia (84% in both cases)⁵⁷. On the other hand, respondents in Romania (62%), Finland and Portugal (65%) and Bulgaria (67%) are slightly less enthusiastic. In Northern Europe, there is a relative degree of opposition to this idea: a quarter of Danes and Swedes (25% in both cases) and almost a third of Finnish respondents (31%) are against the idea.



Three-quarters of respondents in Croatia (78%) and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (75%) want the European Union Member States to have a common immigration policy vis-à-vis citizens of non-EU countries, compared with only 43% of respondents in Turkey, which differs fairly strongly from the rest of the countries participating in this survey on this question. Once again, this difference reflects more the significant proportion of "DK" replies (40%) than opposition to the proposal.

⁵⁷ QA39.3 The European Union already has a Common Foreign and Security Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? The EU should have a common immigration policy towards people from outside the EU

There is a consensus among the different categories of Europeans on this question: the vast majority of respondents are in favour of a common immigration policy at European level. Although there are some real differences, they are not very significant. Men (78% versus 73% of women) and people who studied beyond the age of 19 (82% versus 70% of those who have not studied beyond the age of 15) are far more likely to be in favour of a common immigration policy within the different Member States. On the other hand, it is interesting to note that there are practically no differences according to the political leanings of people interviewed, despite the fact that the subject is fairly divisive from a political point of view: 77% of those on the left of the political spectrum and 78% of those on the right are in favour of a common European immigration policy towards citizens of non-EU countries.



IV. THE FUTURE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

This part of the report deals with how Europeans perceive the future of the European Union. We will analyse the following points in particular:

1. The future role of the European Union: confidence in the future, the perceived and desired role of the European Union in 50 years time.

2. The future challenges: the European Union's priorities, support for a two-speed Europe, support for further enlargement, a European constitution and common educational measures.

1. The future role of the European Union





1.1 Confidence in the European Union's future

- Seven out of ten Europeans are optimistic about the European Union's future -

Seven of ten Europeans are confident about the European Union's future (69%), while a quarter of respondents are pessimistic (24%)⁵⁸.

Responses vary considerably according to the socio-professional characteristics of respondents. Three-quarters of people interviewed aged between 15 and 24 (77%) are confident about the European Union's future (compared with 63% of the 55 and over age group). An identical proportion of respondents who studied up to the age of 20 or over (78%) are also optimistic (versus 55% of those who left school before the age of 16). Finally, almost eight out of ten managers (79%) are confident compared with 67% of manual workers and 74% of other white-collar workers.

QA37 Would you say that you are very optimistic, fairly optimistic, fairly pessimistic or very pessimistic about the future of the European Union ...?

	Optimistic	Pessimistic	DK
EU average	69%	24%	7%
 Age			
15-24	77%	16%	7%
25-39	72%	22%	6%
40-54	68%	26%	6%
55 +	63%	28%	9%
 Education (end of)			
15-	55%	33%	12%
16-19	68%	25%	7%
20+	78%	18%	4%
Still studying	81%	13%	6%
 Trust in the EU			
Tend to agree	86%	10%	4%
Tend to disagree	43%	49%	8%
 Respondent occupation scale			
Self-employed	73%	22%	5%
Managers	79%	17%	4%
Other white collars	74%	20%	6%
Manual workers	67%	27%	6%
House persons	62%	26%	12%
Unemployed	61%	32%	7%
Retired	61%	29%	10%
Students	81%	13%	6%

⁵⁸ QA37 Would you say that you are very optimistic, fairly optimistic, fairly pessimistic or very pessimistic about the future of the European Union ...?

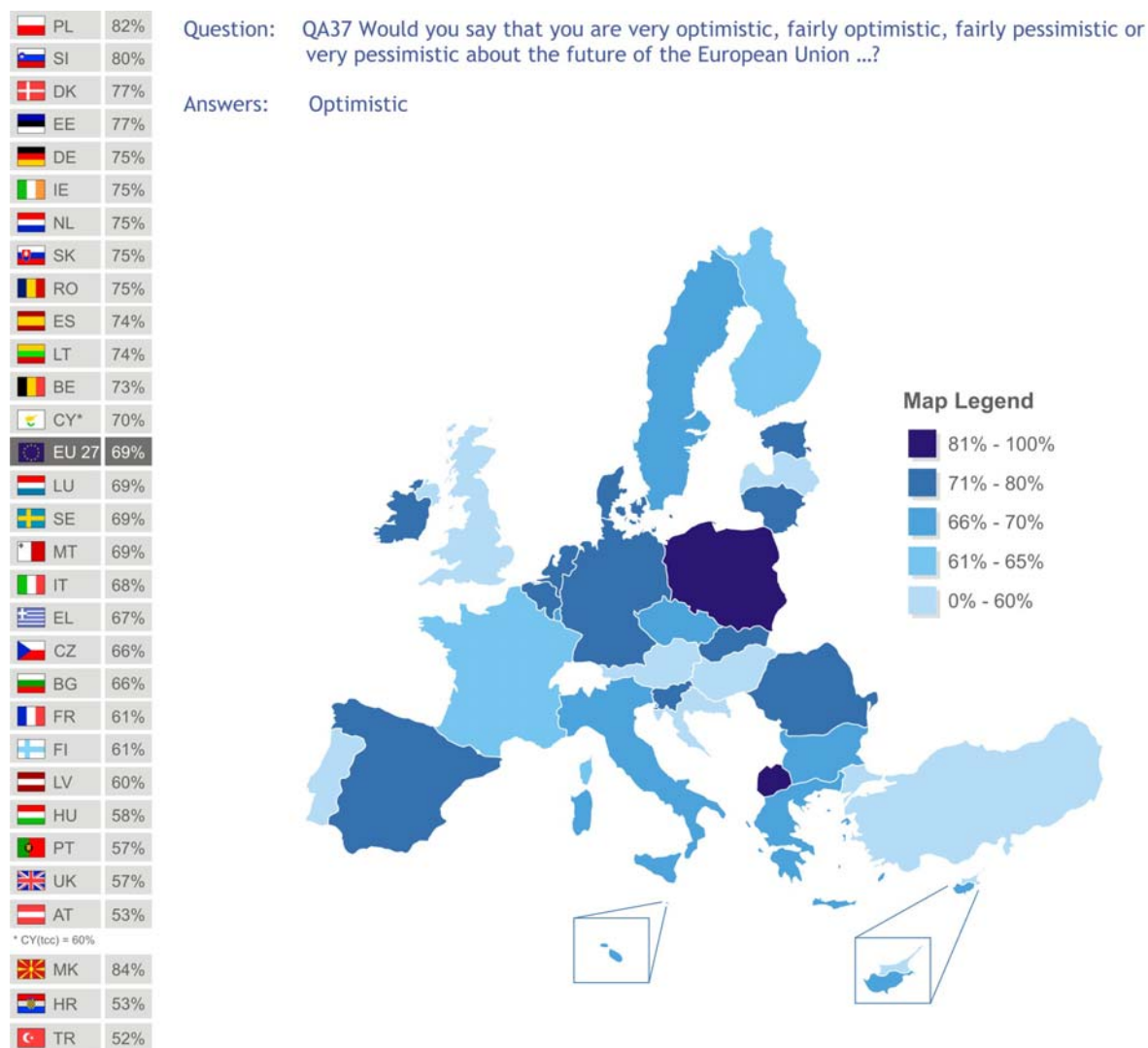
Respondents who “tend to trust” the European Union are also the most optimistic about its future (86% of optimism in this category compared with less than half of those who declared that they “tend not to trust” the Union, 43%). In the same way, 89% of Europeans for whom the European Union projects a good image are optimistic about its future, compared with a quarter of those who consider that the European Union projects a negative image (25%).

Three of the Member States that joined the European Union in 2004 are the most optimistic countries regarding the future of the EU: Poland (82%), Slovenia (80%) and Estonia (77%). Moreover, optimism is significantly higher in the new Member States (74%) than in the EU15 countries. Three-quarters of interviewees in Ireland, Germany and the Netherlands (75% each) share this confidence in the future of the European Union. Respondents in Austria (53%), the United Kingdom and Portugal (57% each) are the least optimistic.

QA37 Would you say that you are very optimistic, fairly optimistic, fairly pessimistic or very pessimistic about the future of the European Union ...?

	Optimistic	Pessimistic	DK
EU27	69%	24%	7%
EU15	68%	25%	7%
NMS12	74%	18%	8%

Respondents in the new Member States seem to be more optimistic than those in the EU15 countries: almost three out of four of them are optimistic (74% versus 18% of pessimists), while the corresponding proportion among EU15 respondents is 68% (versus 25% who are sceptical about the future of the European Union).

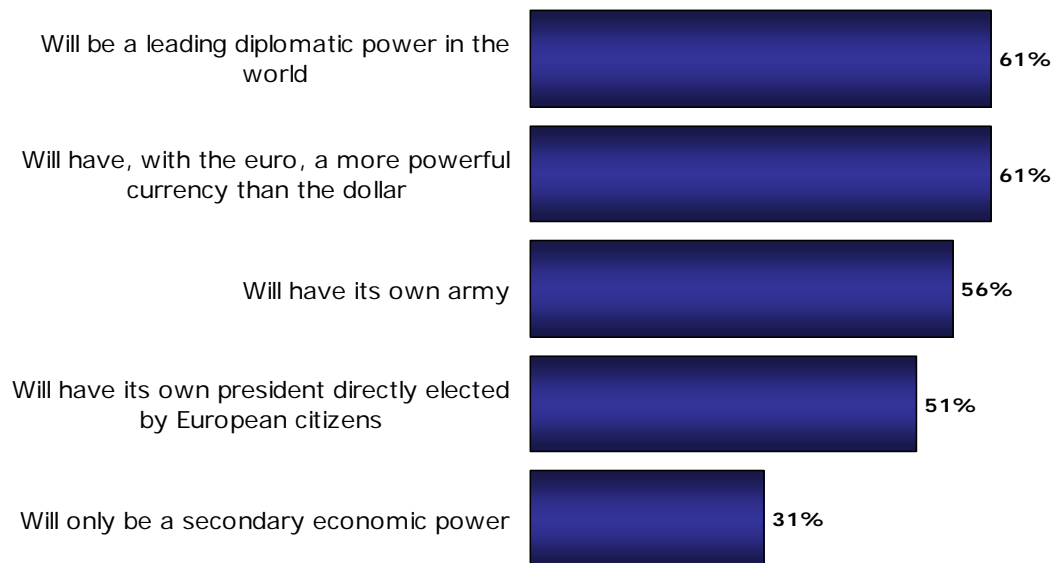


A majority of the respondents in the candidate countries are optimistic, but the levels of optimism vary considerably: while respondents in Turkey (52%) and Croatia (53%) are moderately optimistic, respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia are resolutely confident: 84% of them are optimistic about the future of the European Union.

1.2 The European Union in 50 years time

- The majority of Europeans imagine that in 50 years time the European Union will be a leading diplomatic power in the world, will have its own army and a president directly elected by the citizens -






QA38 For each of the following, please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union...? - % EU



1.2.1 A president directly elected by the citizens?

Half of Europeans believe that, in 50 years time, the European Union will have its own president directly elected by the citizens (51%)⁵⁹. A majority of citizens support this idea in all Member States, except for five: Sweden (42%), Denmark (40%), Estonia (39%), Finland (38%) and the Netherlands (34%).

In 50 years time, the European Union

<u>will have its own president directly elected by European citizens</u>		
EU average		EU27 (Yes, probably) = 51%, EU15 = 53%, NMS12 = 46%
The highest national results		Greece (71%)
		Cyprus (63%)
The lowest national results		Finland (38%)
		The Netherlands (34%)

1.2.2 A leading diplomatic power in the world?






The majority of people interviewed also believe that, in 50 years time, the European Union will be a leading diplomatic power (61%)⁶⁰. Germans (72%) and Greeks (71%) are the most convinced of this, while Slovenians (42%) and Latvians (40%) are more sceptical even if, in Latvia, respondents are split down the middle on this question (40% "yes" replies and 40% "no" replies).

A majority of respondents agree with the idea of the European Union becoming a leading diplomatic power, except in Slovenia (42% versus 45% who take the opposite view) and Finland (44% versus 47%).

⁵⁹ QA38.1 Please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union will have its own president directly elected by European citizens?

⁶⁰ QA38.4 Please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union will be a leading diplomatic power in the world?

In 50 years time, the European Union ...

<u>will be a leading diplomatic power in the world</u>		
EU average		EU27 (Yes, probably) = 61%, EU15 = 63%, NMS12 = 55%
The highest national results		Germany (72%)
		Greece (71%)
The lowest national results		Slovenia (42%)
		Latvia (40%)

1.2.3 A European army?

More than half of Europeans are convinced that the European Union will have its own army in 50 years time (56%)⁶¹. A majority of respondents share this opinion in each of the 27 Member States, notably in Cyprus (73%) and Greece (66%). On the other hand, there is less support for this idea in Northern Europe: 34% of interviewees in Denmark, 37% in Finland and 38% in Sweden even expressed the opposite view versus 26% for the EU as a whole.

A large number of those polled in Ireland (34%), Romania (39%), Bulgaria and Malta (42% in both cases) felt unable however to express an opinion on this question, compared with a European Union average of 18%.

In 50 years time, the European Union ...

<u>will have its own army</u>		
EU average		EU27 (Yes, probably) = 56%, EU15 = 57%, NMS12 = 56%
The highest national results		Cyprus (73%)
		Greece (66%)
The lowest national results		Bulgaria (46%)
		Malta (42%)

⁶¹ QA38.5 Please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union will have its own army?

1.2.4 A secondary economic power?

A majority of interviewees in six Member States agree with the idea that, in 50 years time, the European Union will only be a secondary economic power⁶²: 56% of respondents in Cyprus, 45% in the United Kingdom and Slovenia, 42% in Latvia, 39% in Ireland and 32% in Bulgaria. It is to be noted however that in two of these States, Ireland and Bulgaria, the rate of "DK" replies was particularly high (31% and 40% respectively). Respondents in the Netherlands, Germany and Sweden are the most confident about the economic future of the European Union, as more than two-thirds of them reject this view (69%, 68% and 64% respectively).

A majority of respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (49%), Croatia (46%) and Turkey (38%) believe that, in 50 years time, the European Union will only be a secondary economic power. However, more than four out of ten Turkish respondents (43%) felt unable to express an opinion on this question.

In 50 years time, the European Union ...

<u>will be only a secondary economic power</u>		
EU average		EU27 (No, probably not) = 49%, UE15 = 50%, NMS12 = 45%
The highest national results		The Netherlands (69%)
		Germany (68%)
The lowest national results		Cyprus (19%)
		Malta (27%)

1.2.5 The euro more powerful than the dollar?

While a majority of Europeans believe that, in 50 years time, the European Union will be a major economic power, they are even more likely to see the euro as more powerful than the American currency: six out of ten Europeans think that, in 50 years time, the euro will be a more powerful currency than the dollar (61%)⁶³. The result is practically the same in the euro zone (62%).



⁶² QA38.2 Please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union will only be a secondary economic power?

⁶³ QA38.3 Please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union will have, with the euro, a more powerful currency than the dollar?

A majority of respondents share this opinion in each of the Member States. The idea is supported by three-quarters of Dutch respondents (72%), but only half of respondents in the United Kingdom (49%) and Latvia (52%) agree with this statement. The score recorded in Slovenia, which only recently switched to the euro, must be analysed with care: six out of ten interviewees in Slovenia (60%) expect their currency to be more powerful than the American dollar in 50 years time, but at the same time there is an important minority of more pessimistic respondents: 28% believe that the dollar will remain more powerful (compared with a European average of 22%).






Predictions about the future of the EU in certain areas:
NMS12/EU15 comparison

Note: The results show the 'probably' rate. Ranked according to the difference between NMS12 and EU15

	NMS12 	EU15 	NMS12-EU15 difference (points %)
Will be a leading diplomatic power in the world	55%	63%	-8
Will have its own president directly elected by European citizens	46%	53%	-7
Will only be a secondary economic power	27%	32%	-5
Will have its own army	56%	57%	-1

There are some differences between the new Member States and the old EU15 countries in their perceptions of the European Union in 50 years time. It is important however to emphasise that although respondents in the NMS are less likely to consider that the European Union will be a leading diplomatic power (-8 percentage points) or that it will have its own president elected by citizens (-7), this chiefly reflects a higher number of "DK" replies than in the EU 15 countries.

In 50 years time, the European Union ...

<u>will have, with the euro, a more powerful currency than the dollar</u>		
EU average		EU27 (Yes, probably) = 61%, EU15 = 60%, NMS12 = 63%
The highest national results	 	The Netherlands (72%) Poland (69%)
The lowest national results	 	United Kingdom (49%) Latvia (50%)

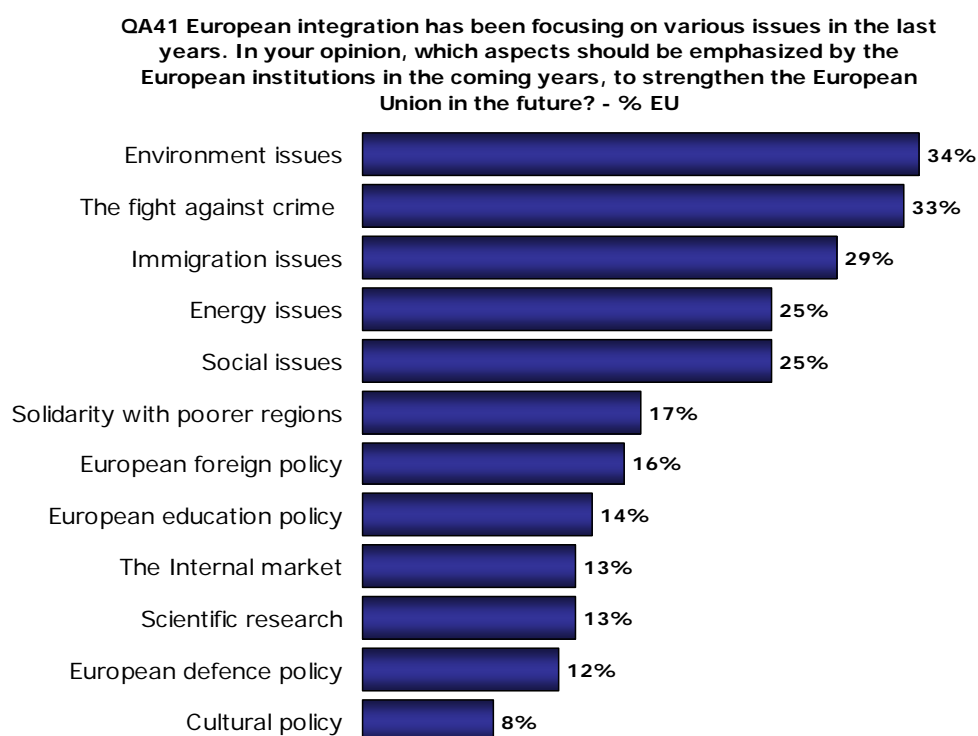
2. The future challenges

2.1 The European Union's priorities

- Europeans consider that the environment and fighting crime should be the European Union's priorities -


































When asked to choose from a list of 12 issues which the European institutions should give priority to in the coming years in order to strengthen the EU, a third of Europeans mentioned first of all the environment (34%)⁶⁴. An almost identical proportion of respondents mentioned combating crime (33%), while three out of ten mentioned immigration issues (29%) and a quarter mentioned social issues and energy issues (25% in both cases).

These five issues were followed in the ranking by solidarity with poorer regions (17%), European foreign policy (16%), European education policy (14%), scientific research and the internal market (13% each) and European defence policy (12%). The other policy areas were mentioned by less than 10% of people interviewed.






⁶⁴ QA41 European integration has been focusing on various issues in the last years. In your opinion, which aspects should be emphasized by the European institutions in the coming years, to strengthen the European Union in the future?

QA41 European integration has been focusing on various issues in the last years. In your opinion, which aspects should be emphasized by the European institutions in the coming years, to strengthen the European Union in the future?

	EU27 	1 st	2 nd	3 rd
Environment issues	34%	 SE (75%)	 DK (59%)	 FI (52%)
Fight against crime	33%	 AT (43%)	 LT, NL (42%)	
Immigration issues	29%	 ES (43%)	 UK (42%)	 MT (38%)
Energy issues	25%	 HU (45%)	 SE (41%)	 FI (39%)
Social issues	25%	 LV (44%)	 LT (40%)	 SI (39%)
Solidarity with poorer regions	17%	 PT (32%)	 RO, PL (27%)	
European foreign policy	16%	 CY (31%)	 SK (30%)	 NL (24%)
European education policy	14%	 NL (23%)	 LU (22%)	CY, SK, DE, SI (21%)
The Internal market	13%	 SK (26%)	 HU, LU (24%)	
Scientific research	13%	 FR (24%)	 DK (20%)	 BE (17%)
European defence policy	12%	 EE (23%)	 CY (22%)	 RO (20%)
Cultural policy	8%	 IE (19%)	 IT (14%)	 SI (12%)

Europeans on the left of the political spectrum were more likely to mention environmental issues (40% versus 31% of those on the right), social issues (29% versus 23%) and solidarity with poorer regions (19% versus 15%). On the other hand, those on the right of the political spectrum mentioned more frequently the fight against crime (34% versus 27% of those on the left) and immigration issues (30% versus 26%).

QA41 European integration has been focusing on various issues in the last years. In your opinion, which aspects should be emphasized by the European institutions in the coming years, to strengthen the European Union in the future? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	Environment issues	The fight against crime	Immigration issues	Energy issues
EU Average	34%	33%	29%	25%
 Left-Right scale				
(1-4) Left	40%	27%	26%	27%
(5-6) Centre	35%	35%	32%	27%
(7-10) Right	31%	34%	30%	25%
	Social issues	Solidarity with poorer regions	European foreign policy	European education policy
EU Average	25%	17%	16%	14%
 Left-Right scale				
(1-4) Left	29%	19%	17%	15%
(5-6) Centre	24%	16%	16%	14%
(7-10) Right	23%	15%	19%	14%
	The Internal market	Scientific research	European defence policy	Cultural policy
EU Average	13%	13%	12%	8%
 Left-Right scale				
(1-4) Left	14%	13%	11%	9%
(5-6) Centre	13%	13%	11%	7%
(7-10) Right	16%	16%	15%	7%

Respondents in Northern European countries are particularly concerned about environmental issues. Three-quarters of Swedes (75%), 59% of Danes and half of Finnish respondents (52%) selected the environment as the issue which the European institutions should prioritise over the coming years to strengthen the EU. This was also the view of almost half of interviewees in Germany (49%) and Luxembourg (47%). On the other hand, this issue does not seem to figure as high in the priorities of respondents in Lithuania (13%), Poland and Portugal (20%).

The fight against crime obtained a score of 43% in Austria, 42% in Lithuania and the Netherlands, 41% in the Czech Republic and 40% in Belgium and Sweden, but only 18% in Luxembourg. Four out of ten respondents in Spain and the United Kingdom (43% and 42% respectively) and 38% of Maltese respondents consider that immigration is a priority area on which the European institutions should focus in the coming years to strengthen the EU. This issue appears less important for interviewees in Slovenia (12%), Romania (13%), Poland (14%) and Portugal (15%).

Respondents in the Baltic States are more likely to consider social issues as a priority area which the European institutions should focus on in the coming years: 44% of Latvians, 40% of Lithuanians and 36% of Estonians. Four out of ten Austrians and Slovenians (39% in both cases) and 36% of Portuguese respondents share this opinion, compared with only 14% of Italians. Finally, as in the case for the environment, energy issues were mentioned by 41% of respondents in Sweden, 39% in Finland and 36% in Germany but also by 45% of Hungarians. On the other hand, in the south-west of Europe, only 9% of Spanish and Portuguese respondents believe that energy issues should be given priority.

Solidarity with the poorer regions was mentioned more frequently as a priority in Southern European Member States: 32% in Portugal, 27% in Romania and 26% in Greece and Cyprus.

Finally, a quarter of French respondents want the European institutions to place an emphasis on scientific research and two out of ten Irish respondents (19%) want priority to be given to cultural policies, i.e. 11 points above the average in both cases.

QA41 European integration has been focusing on various issues in the last years. In your opinion, which aspects should be emphasized by the European institutions in the coming years, to strengthen the European Union in the future? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	Environment issues	The fight against crime	Immigration issues	Energy issues	Social issues	Solidarity with poorer regions	European foreign policy	European education policy	The Internal market	Scientific research	European defence policy	Cultural policy
EU27	34%	33%	29%	25%	25%	17%	16%	14%	13%	13%	12%	8%
BE	36%	40%	34%	27%	32%	16%	18%	11%	12%	17%	9%	6%
BG	23%	31%	16%	30%	34%	21%	23%	11%	20%	8%	11%	8%
CZ	40%	41%	17%	24%	31%	20%	16%	16%	15%	15%	15%	5%
DK	59%	30%	30%	30%	21%	17%	17%	11%	22%	20%	10%	9%
DE	45%	37%	30%	36%	28%	11%	22%	21%	11%	15%	10%	4%
EE	28%	35%	17%	23%	36%	12%	19%	14%	11%	11%	23%	7%
EL	35%	25%	22%	21%	36%	26%	22%	17%	19%	11%	16%	7%
ES	28%	33%	43%	9%	23%	17%	8%	12%	7%	11%	4%	8%
FR	38%	28%	30%	26%	29%	21%	15%	15%	14%	24%	15%	7%
IE	28%	32%	35%	29%	20%	14%	13%	16%	18%	6%	9%	19%
IT	21%	29%	33%	26%	14%	11%	18%	9%	13%	12%	12%	14%
CY	32%	33%	19%	22%	32%	26%	31%	21%	12%	13%	22%	10%
LV	25%	32%	17%	25%	44%	16%	11%	16%	23%	10%	15%	6%
LT	13%	42%	21%	27%	40%	11%	22%	14%	20%	13%	12%	6%
LU	47%	18%	32%	23%	22%	14%	21%	22%	24%	12%	13%	4%
HU	40%	22%	18%	45%	17%	17%	13%	15%	24%	9%	18%	10%
MT	31%	27%	38%	33%	18%	14%	11%	14%	14%	5%	12%	11%
NL	46%	42%	21%	24%	14%	19%	24%	23%	15%	13%	14%	7%
AT	46%	43%	23%	28%	39%	16%	11%	15%	9%	9%	11%	10%
PL	19%	36%	14%	22%	28%	27%	19%	10%	21%	11%	12%	6%
PT	20%	30%	15%	9%	36%	32%	4%	13%	15%	5%	6%	9%
RO	28%	22%	13%	14%	24%	27%	21%	20%	21%	9%	20%	8%
SI	36%	28%	12%	18%	39%	22%	15%	21%	19%	12%	12%	12%
SK	32%	28%	18%	25%	27%	22%	30%	21%	26%	11%	18%	8%
FI	52%	31%	19%	39%	27%	20%	16%	8%	17%	12%	11%	5%
SE	75%	40%	22%	41%	24%	21%	14%	7%	10%	15%	5%	3%
UK	32%	35%	42%	24%	21%	10%	9%	9%	6%	9%	10%	8%
CY (tcc)	17%	15%	14%	23%	10%	16%	28%	19%	21%	9%	16%	25%
HR	25%	43%	7%	15%	33%	39%	14%	11%	30%	12%	9%	6%
TR	11%	22%	12%	16%	11%	18%	15%	15%	16%	10%	10%	18%
MK	14%	33%	12%	19%	25%	34%	30%	13%	30%	9%	16%	6%
		xx	highest percentage per country						highest percentage per item			
		xx	lowest percentage per country						lowest percentage per item			

In the candidate countries, the fight against crime was the issue mentioned most frequently by respondents in Croatia (43%) and Turkey (22%). It was ranked second in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (33%), where respondents chose solidarity with the poorer regions as the top priority for action by the European institutions (34%); this issue was mentioned by 39% of those polled in Croatia and 18% in Turkey (in second place in both cases). As often, the proportion of "DK" replies was fairly high in Turkey (25%).

2.2 A two-speed Europe

- A small majority of Europeans are in favour a "two-speed Europe" -

Almost half of people interviewed agree with the idea of a "two-speed Europe", in which European integration would be quicker in one group of countries than in the others: 48% of Europeans support this idea, reflecting a strong increase since autumn 2006: + 8 percentage points⁶⁵.

Moreover, 47% consider that the countries which are ready to intensify the development of a common European policy in certain important areas should do so without having to wait for the other countries⁶⁶. However, this idea is rejected by an important percentage of respondents (37%). By way of comparison, when this question was put to the 12 Member States in autumn 1994 the results were diametrically opposed: 37% of people polled in the Member States at that time were in favour of a common European policy being developed by only some countries, compared with 45% of respondents who took the opposite view.

⁶⁵ QA27.6 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. The speed of building Europe being faster in one group of countries than in the other countries

⁶⁶ QA21 As regards the idea of a "TWO SPEED EUROPE", which of the following comes closest to your personal preference?

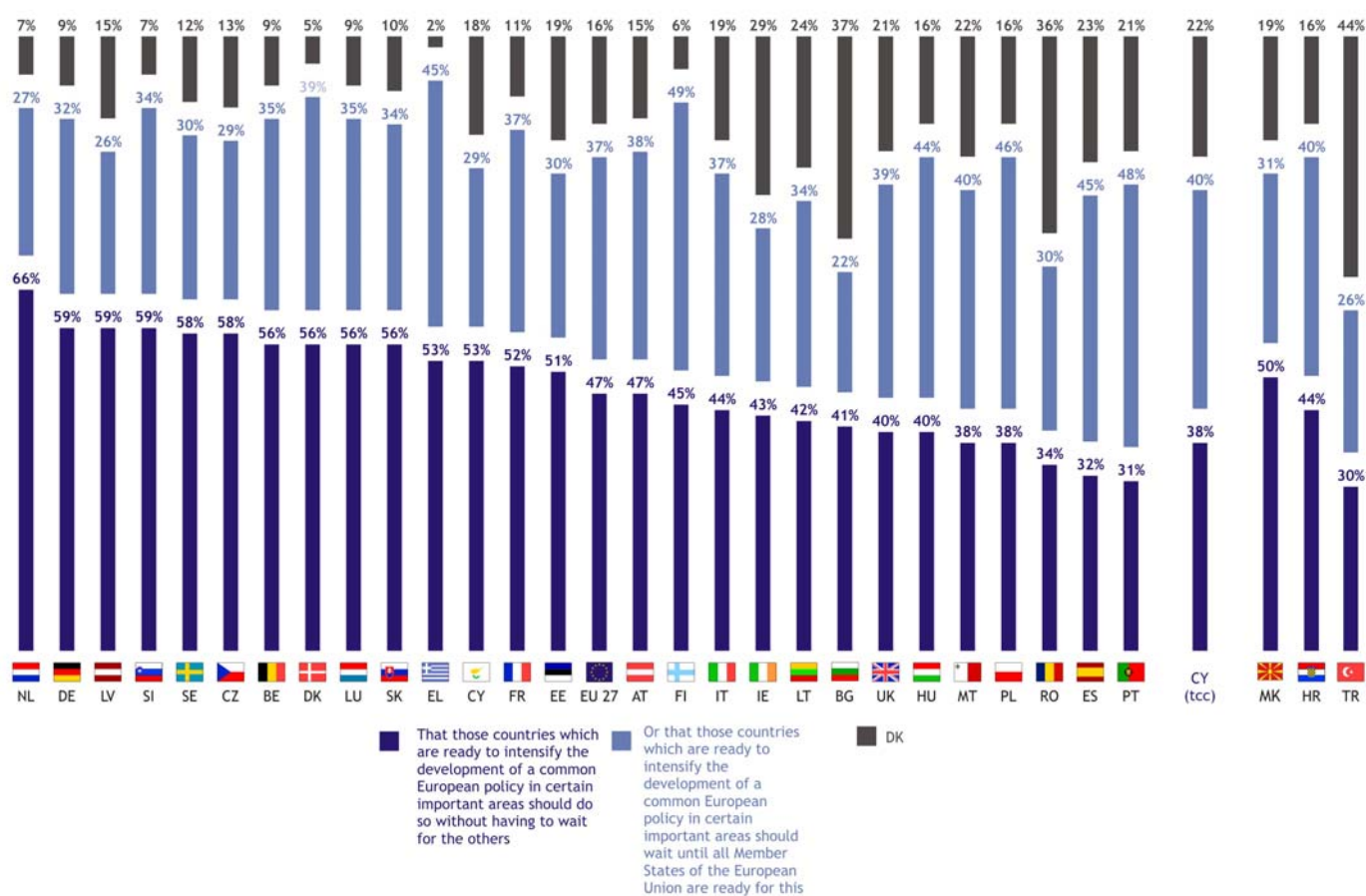
Question: QA21 As regards the idea of a "TWO SPEED EUROPE", which of the following comes closest to your personal preference?



The Dutch, two-thirds of whom (66%) support this idea, are the most in favour of further progress being made towards developing a common European policy, even if it only involves certain countries. After the Netherlands, support for this idea is the strongest in Germany, Latvia and Slovenia (59% each), Sweden and the Czech Republic (58% in both cases). On the other hand, almost half of interviewees in Finland (49%) and Portugal (48%) as well as more than four out of ten respondents in Poland, Spain and Greece (45% each), Hungary (44%) and Malta (40%) are opposed to the idea of a two-speed Europe.



In the two countries which joined the European Union in 2007, more than a third of people interviewed (36% in Romania and 37% in Bulgaria) felt unable to express an opinion on this subject.

Question: QA21 As regards the idea of a "TWO SPEED EUROPE", which of the following comes closest to your personal preference?



Europeans who studied the longest are the most likely to be in favour of a two-speed Europe: 57% of people who studied up to the age of 20 support this idea compared with just over a third of those who left school before the age of 16. In the same way, six out of ten managers are in favour of the idea: 62% versus 46% of manual workers and 54% of other white-collar workers.

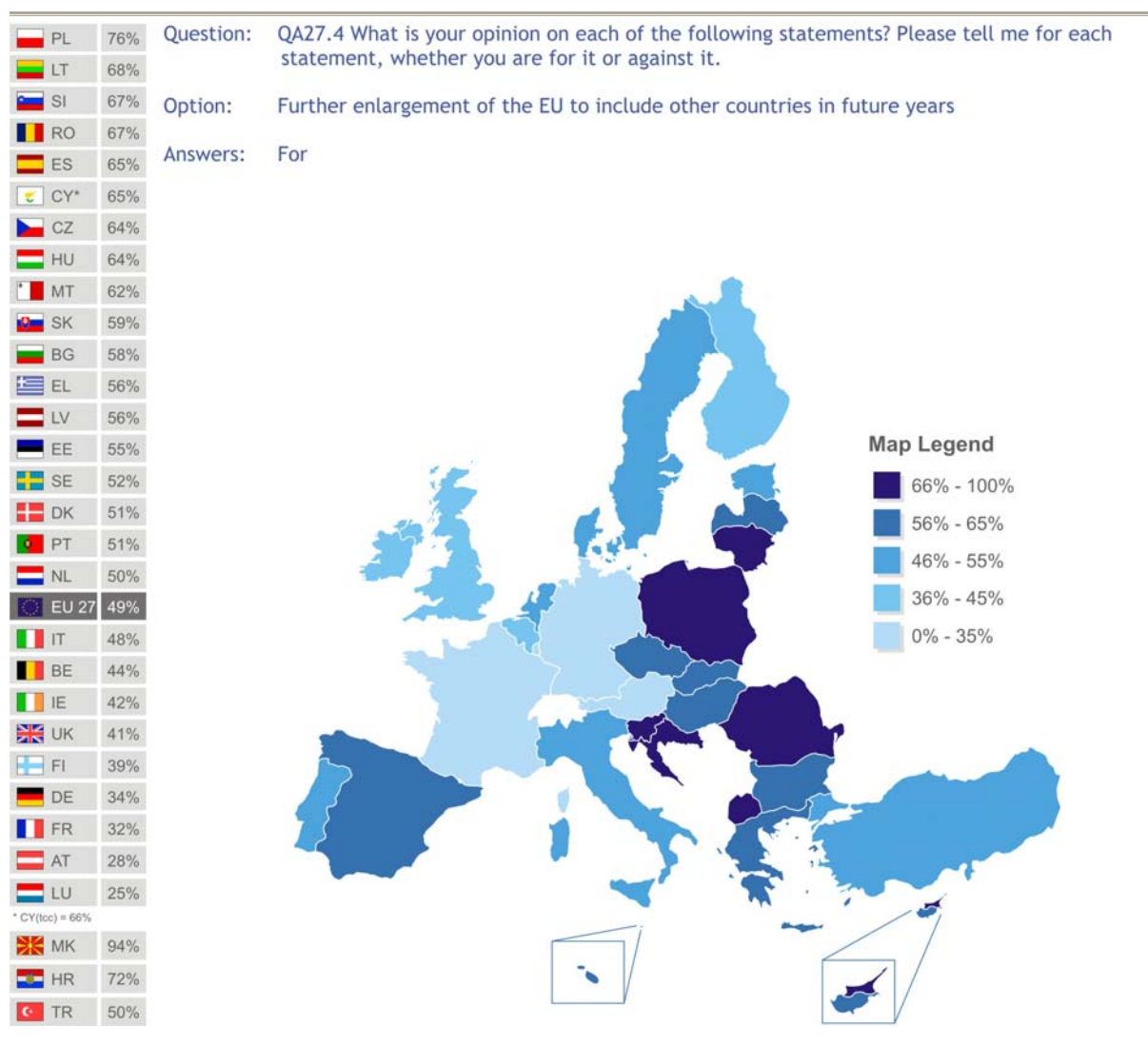
QA21 As regards the idea of a "TWO SPEED EUROPE", which of the following comes closest to your personal preference?

	That those countries which are ready to intensify the development of a common European policy in certain important areas should do so without having to wait for the others	Or that those countries which are ready to intensify the development of a common European policy in certain important areas should wait until all Member States of the EU are ready for this
EU average	47%	37%
 Education (end of)		
15-	36%	38%
16-19	49%	37%
20+	57%	34%
Still studying	42%	43%
 Respondent occupation scale		
Self-employed	53%	34%
Managers	62%	30%
Other white collars	54%	35%
Manual workers	46%	41%
House persons	40%	35%
Unemployed	42%	41%
Retired	42%	36%
Students	42%	43%

2.3 Support for further enlargement

- Support for further enlargement is slightly stronger -




Almost one in every two Europeans is in favour of further enlargement of the European Union to include other countries in the years to come (49%), compared with four out of ten who are against the idea (39%)⁶⁷. Support for enlargement has gained three percentage points since autumn 2006.



Three-quarters of Poles (76%), more than two-thirds of Lithuanians (68%), Romanians and Slovenians (67% in both cases), Cypriots and Spaniards (65% each) as well as Hungarians and Czechs (64% in both cases) are in favour of further enlargement. On the other hand, only a minority of respondents support the idea in Luxembourg (25%), Austria (28%) and France (32%).

⁶⁷ QA27 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

QA27.4 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. (% for)

	EU27 	NMS12 	EU15 
Further enlargement of the EU to include other countries in future years	49%	68%	43%






Support for further enlargement is far stronger in the 12 Member States that joined the European Union in 2004 (68%) than in the old EU15 countries (43%), i.e. 25 percentage points higher. It is also worth noting that while support for further enlargement is as high in Spain as in the 12 new Member States, a high number of Spanish respondents felt unable to answer this question (20%, i.e. eight percentage points more than the EU15 and EU27 averages, 12% in both cases).

Half of the respondents in Turkey (50%), two-thirds in Croatia (72%) but above all practically all respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (94%) declared that they are in favour of further enlargement of the European Union to include other countries in future years. The moderate support of respondents in Turkey can be explained by the high level of "DK" replies in that country (24%).

On the question of further enlargement in the near future, the respondent's age is a particularly distinguishing criterion. Young Europeans are particularly enthusiastic and almost six out of ten of them are in favour of the EU being enlarged to include other countries in future years, compared with only 39% of interviewees in the oldest age group. Better educated interviewees are also more likely to support further enlargement than those who left school before the age of 16 (54% of those who ended their studies at the age of 20 or above compared with 38% of those who did not study beyond the age of 15). A majority of respondents on the left of the political spectrum are in favour of further enlargement (52% versus 38% who are against the idea), while those on the right of the political spectrum are split down the middle on this question (46% are in favour of the idea, versus 46% who are against further enlargement in future years).

The question of the respondent's trust in the European Union also has a strong influence on attitudes to enlargement: a strong majority of those who trust the European Union support the idea of further enlargement (61% versus 30%), while on the contrary only a minority of interviewees who do not trust the European Union support further enlargement (32% versus 58%).

QA27.4 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.
Further enlargement of the EU to include other countries in future years

			For	Against	DK
	EU27		49%	39%	12%
	Gender				
	Male		50%	40%	10%
	Female		48%	38%	14%
	Age				
	15-24		60%	29%	11%
	25-39		55%	34%	11%
	40-54		49%	41%	10%
	55 +		39%	46%	15%
	Education (end of)				
	15-		38%	44%	18%
	16-19		49%	40%	11%
	20+		54%	38%	8%
	Still studying		63%	27%	10%
	Left-Right scale				
	(1-4) Left		52%	38%	10%
	(5-6) Centre		48%	42%	10%
	(7-10) Right		46%	46%	8%
	Trust in the EU				
	Tend to trust		61%	30%	9%
	Tend not to trust		32%	58%	10%

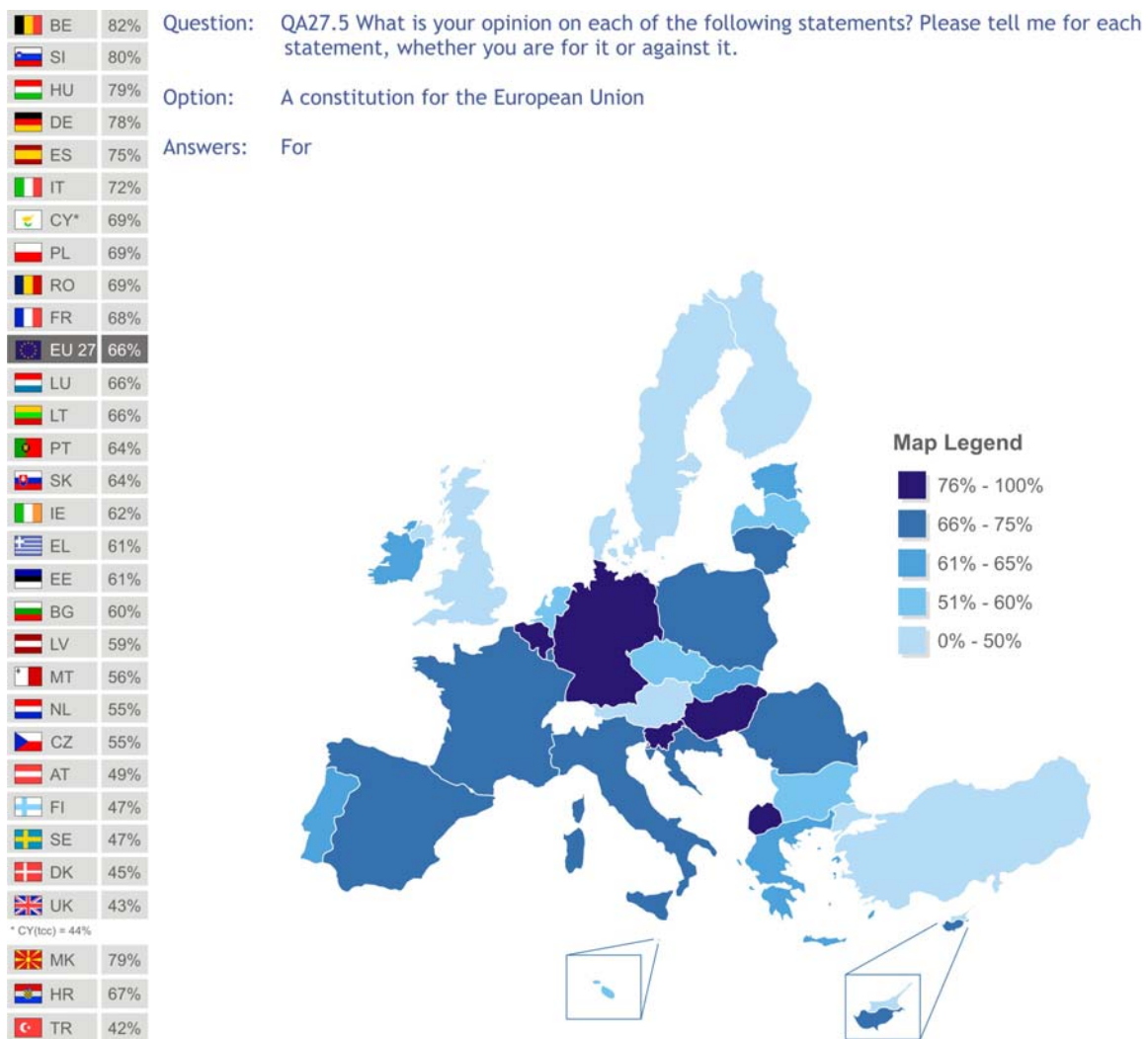
2.4 Support for a European constitution

- Public opinion remains open to the idea of a constitution for the European Union -

Two-thirds of Europeans (66%), that is to say a slightly higher proportion than previously (+ 3 percentage points), are in favour of the idea of a constitution for the European Union⁶⁸. Support for this idea is strongest in Belgium (82%), Slovenia (80%), Hungary (79%) and Germany (78%). At the other end of the scale, the idea is supported by only a minority in four countries: the United Kingdom (43%), Denmark (45%), Finland and Sweden (47% in both cases) and Austria (49%).

It should be borne in mind that this survey was carried out before the European Council of June 2007 and the agreement reached between Heads of State to put in place a "simplified treaty".

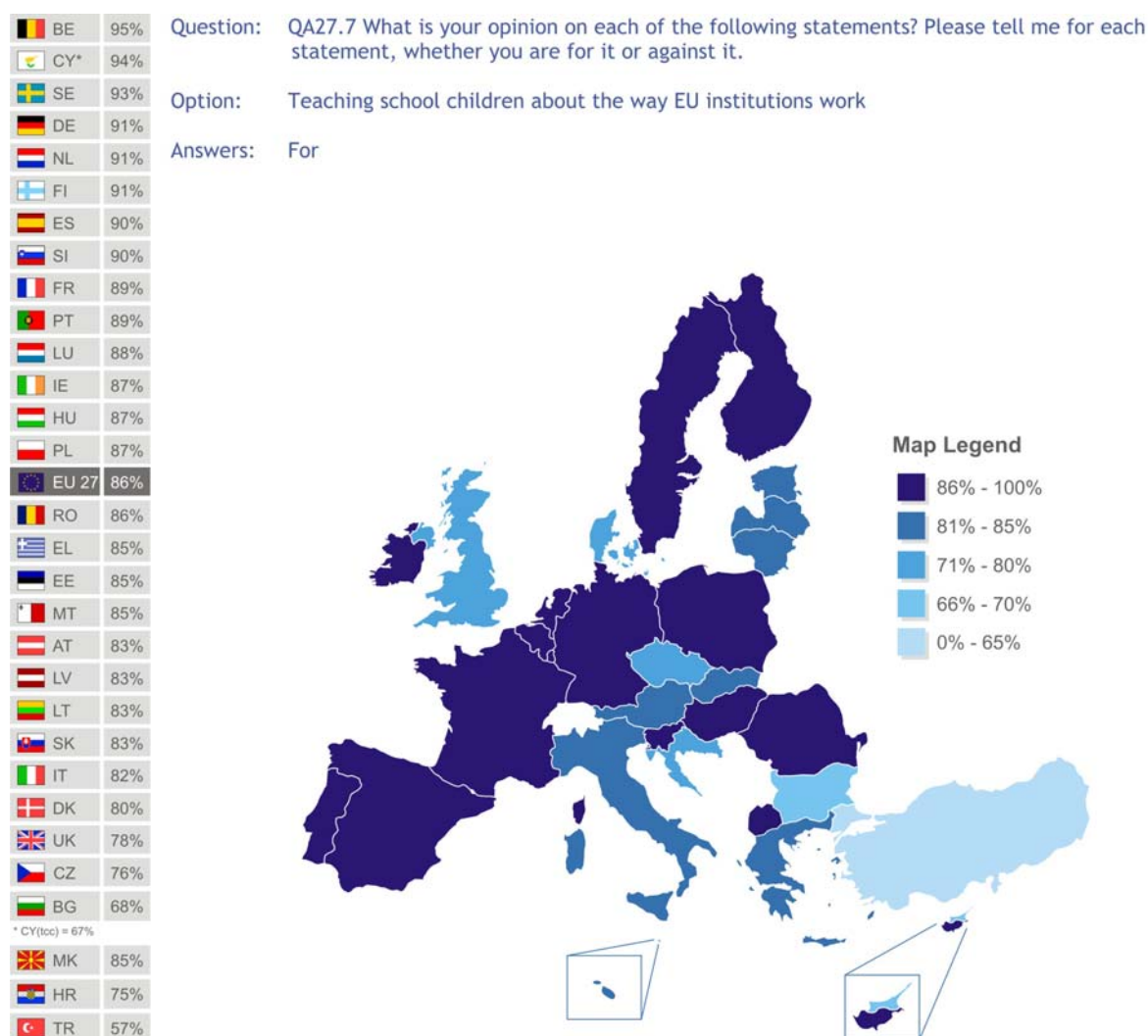
⁶⁸ QA27.5 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. A constitution for the European Union.



2.5 Support for common educational measures

- Europeans are in favour of the introduction of common educational measures -

2.5.1 Teaching school children about the way European Union institutions work

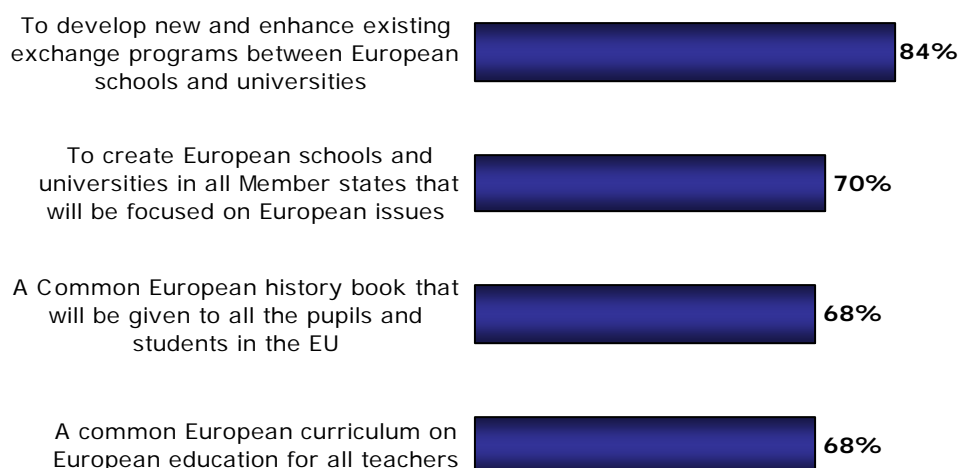


A very large majority of Europeans support the idea of teaching children in school about the way European Union institutions work (86%)⁶⁹. The most enthusiastic support for this idea is to be found in Belgium (95%), Cyprus (94%) and Sweden (93%). The level of support for teaching school children about the way European Union institutions work is unchanged in comparison to autumn 2006.

⁶⁹ QA27.7 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. Teaching school children about the way EU institutions work.

QA45 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure? -

Efficient - % EU



2.5.2 A common European history book

Two-thirds of Europeans are in favour of giving all pupils and students in the European Union a common European history book (68%)⁷⁰. This idea is particularly popular in Malta (86%) and Spain (81%). Respondents in Bulgaria, Latvia (55%), and in Denmark and the United Kingdom (56% in both cases) have more reservations.

The majority of interviewees in Croatia and Turkey are in favour of this idea, but support is not as strong as in the European Union Member States: 57% and 51% respectively.

Support for this idea is stronger among respondents in the EU15 countries (69%) than in the new Member States (63%). This difference is due mainly to a higher percentage of "DK" replies in the new member States (13% versus 8% in the EU15).

⁷⁰ QA45.1 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?
-A Common European history book that will be given to all the pupils and students in the EU.

2.5.3 A common European curriculum for all teachers

The same percentage of Europeans is in favour of the introduction of a common European curriculum for all teachers (68%)⁷¹.

This question however highlights significant differences between the Member States. Respondents in Greece (83%) and Cyprus (81%) are the strongest supporters of this idea. However, it arouses strong opposition in Northern Europe, where four out of ten Swedes (39%), almost one in two Danes (49%) and even a majority of Finnish respondents (57%) are against the idea. The idea of putting in place a common European curriculum for all teachers is also rejected by a third of respondents in the Czech Republic (36%), Estonia (37%), the Netherlands (37%) and the United Kingdom (33%) as well as by almost half of Latvians (45%).

Support for this idea among Croatians is above the average for the European Union Member States (72%), while only half of Turkish respondents support it (52%).

2.5.4 The creation of European schools

Seven out of ten Europeans are in favour of the creation of European schools in all Member States (70%)⁷². This idea is particularly popular in Slovenia (88%), as well as in Spain and Italy (80% in both cases). On the other hand, Northern Europeans are far less enthusiastic since only a small majority of them are in favour of the idea: 51% in Denmark and Finland and 52% in Sweden. The position is the same among respondents in the United Kingdom (50%), the Netherlands (56%) and Latvia (59%).

More than seven out of ten Croatians (73%) and half of Turkish respondents (53%) are in favour of the creation of European schools in all Member States. Respondents in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia are enthusiastic about the idea (85%).

⁷¹ QA45.2 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?- A common European curriculum on European education for all teachers.

⁷² QA45.3 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?- To create European schools and universities in all Member states that will be focused on European issues.

2.5.5 Developing and enhancing existing exchange programmes between European schools and universities

Finally, a very large majority of Europeans support the idea of developing and enhancing existing exchange programmes between European schools and universities (84%)⁷³. Support for this idea is the strongest among respondents in Luxembourg (93%), Cyprus (92%) and Latvia (90%). However, it arouses less enthusiasm among those polled in Bulgaria (71%), the United Kingdom (73%) and Austria (75%).

There is unanimous support for these proposals among all categories of interviewees, with self-employed people being the most enthusiastic.

⁷³QA45.4 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?- To develop new and enhance existing exchange programs between European schools and universities.

QA45 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?-

	To develop new and enhance existing exchange programs between European schools and universities	To create European schools and universities in all Member states that will be focused on European issues	A Common European history book that will be given to all the pupils and students in the EU	A common European curriculum on European education for all teachers
% Efficient				
EU average	84%	70%	68%	68%
EU15	84%	68%	69%	69%
NMS12	83%	75%	63%	67%
Age				
15-24	85%	69%	67%	70%
25-39	87%	70%	70%	69%
40-54	85%	70%	68%	69%
55 +	80%	69%	67%	66%
Education (end of)				
15-	76%	69%	68%	68%
16-19	85%	72%	69%	70%
20+	91%	68%	68%	68%
Still studying	85%	71%	67%	70%
Respondent occupation scale				
Self-employed	86%	73%	70%	71%
Managers	90%	65%	65%	67%
Other white collars	89%	72%	71%	70%
Manual workers	85%	68%	68%	69%
House persons	82%	74%	69%	71%
Unemployed	82%	69%	67%	69%
Retired	78%	69%	67%	66%
Students	85%	71%	67%	70%



CONCLUSION

This standard Eurobarometer was carried out in spring 2007, that is to say just after the accession of Bulgaria and Romania to the European Union. The main lessons that can be learnt from this survey are as follows:

- ◆ The traditional indicators of the standard Eurobarometer now stand at levels which have not be seen for several years. The main indicators of support for the European Union have increased significantly. Support for membership of the European Union now stands at 57%, i.e. four percentage points higher and recognition of the benefits of membership has increased similarly (+ 5 percentage points) and now stands at 59%. The majority of Europeans are attached to the European Union (53%, + 3 percentage points). The European Union projects a positive image for more than half of the EU27 respondents (52%, i.e. up by six percentage points). Trust in the European Union has increased significantly and now stands at 57% (+ 12 percentage points). Finally, levels of confidence in the European institutions have also increased: 52% of respondents in the European Union trust the European Commission (+4), 56% trust the European Parliament (+ 4), 53% trust the European Central Bank (+ 6) and, finally, 47% trust the Council of the European Union (+ 5).
- ◆ The social and economic climate in the European Union has also improved considerably since spring 2006. Europeans are optimistic about their country's economic prospects and this increased confidence (+ 8 percentage points) is logically mirrored in their confidence about the national employment situation (+ 9 percentage points). Europeans are also optimistic about the outlook for the European economy. It is very likely that the improvement in these economic indicators has contributed to the increase in support for the European Union and its institutions.
- ◆ Unemployment (34%) and crime (24%) remain however the two main issues of concern for Europeans at national level. In addition, the environment and the quality of life are the only two areas where a majority of Europeans consider that the situation is better in the country where they live than in the European Union as a whole.

- ◆ The freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the EU is seen by European citizens as the most positive result of the European Union (52%), followed by the euro (39%) and peace (33%). Moreover, the economy (27%) and culture (27% also) are the two aspects which most create a feeling of community among European citizens.
- ◆ On the occasion of the 50th anniversary of the European Union, seven out of ten Europeans are confident about the future of the EU (69%). Europeans are also more positive than last year about the way democracy works in the European Union: 52% of them consider that their country will be more influential within the European Union (+ 10 percentage points) and 45% consider that their country's interests are properly taken into account in the EU (+ 7 percentage points).
- ◆ Looking to the future, Europeans expect the European Union to be stronger in 50 years time: half of respondents believe that, in 50 years time, the European Union will be a leading diplomatic power in the world (61%), that it will have its own army (56%) and a president directly elected by the citizens (51 %). On the question of the possibility of the European Union being only a secondary economic power, optimists outnumber pessimists (49% versus 31%).
- ◆ Support for existing European policies has increased: + 2 percentage points for a common security and defence policy and the single currency and + 4 percentage points for a common foreign policy. Moreover, 69% of Europeans support the idea of an EU Foreign Minister to act as the spokesperson for a common EU position (+ 4 percentage points), 75% are in favour of a common immigration policy and 80% want a European foreign policy independent of American foreign policy.
- ◆ Over and above their support for existing policies, Europeans want to see more decisions taken jointly at European Union level in a large number of sectors: the economy, social matters, but also the environment, which is an issue which they are particularly sensitive about. A large majority of respondents want the European Union to take urgent action to tackle the problem of global warming.

- ◆ Protecting the environment, the fight against crime and immigration are the three issues which Europeans believe should be given priority. Two-thirds of respondents also support the idea of a European constitution (66%, + 3 percentage points).
- ◆ The results obtained for new questions asked in this Eurobarometer show that respondents in the European Union are very much in favour of the implementation of common educational measures: a very large majority of Europeans support the idea of a common European history book (68%), a common European curriculum for all teachers (68%), the creation of European schools (70%) and developing and enhancing existing exchange programmes between schools and universities (84%).
- ◆ There is a general feeling of optimism among Europeans about the future of the European Union: almost seven out of ten Europeans (69%) are positive about its future, including 11% who are even very optimistic. This optimism is shared by a majority of respondents in all socio-demographic categories, but it is more prevalent among the youngest Europeans and those who stayed the longest in full-time education. There is a difference between the EU15 countries (68%) and the NMS (74%), with the latter being slightly more optimistic in this regard.
- ◆ The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, included for the first time in the standard Eurobarometer, stands out from the other candidate countries in that respondents there are particularly positive and enthusiastic towards the European Union and its institutions.

ANNEXES

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

EUROBAROMETER "Standard" 67.2

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Between the 10th of April and the 15th of May 2007, TNS Opinion & Social, a consortium created between Taylor Nelson Sofres and EOS Gallup Europe, carried out wave 67.2 of the EUROBAROMETER, on request of the EUROPEAN COMMISSION, Directorate General Communication, "Public Opinion and Media Monitoring".

The STANDARD EUROBAROMETER 67.2 is part of wave 67.2 and covers the population of the respective nationalities of the European Union Member States, resident in each of the Member States and aged 15 years and over. The STANDARD EUROBAROMETER 67.2 has also been conducted in the two candidate countries (Croatia and Turkey) and in the Turkish Cypriot Community and also in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (between 23/06/2007 and 04/07/2007). In these countries, the survey covers the national population of citizens and the population of citizens of all the European Union Member States that are residents in these countries and have a sufficient command of the national languages to answer the questionnaire. The basic sample design applied in all states is a multi-stage, random (probability) one. In each country, a number of sampling points was drawn with probability proportional to population size (for a total coverage of the country) and to population density.

In order to do so, the sampling points were drawn systematically from each of the "administrative regional units", after stratification by individual unit and type of area. They thus represent the whole territory of the countries surveyed according to the EUROSTAT NUTS II (or equivalent) and according to the distribution of the resident population of the respective nationalities in terms of metropolitan, urban and rural areas. In each of the selected sampling points, a starting address was drawn, at random. Further addresses (every Nth address) were selected by standard "random route" procedures, from the initial address. In each household, the respondent was drawn, at random (following the "closest birthday rule"). All interviews were conducted face-to-face in people's homes and in the appropriate national language. As far as the data capture is concerned, CAPI (*Computer Assisted Personal Interview*) was used in those countries where this technique was available.

ABBREVIATIONS	COUNTRIES	INSTITUTES	N° INTERVIEWS	FIELDWORK DATES		POPULATION 15+
BE	Belgium	TNS Dimarso	1.011	11/04/2007	07/05/2007	8.650.994
BG	Bulgaria	TNS BBSS	1.039	13/04/2007	26/04/2007	6.671.699
CZ	Czech Rep.	TNS Aisa	1.043	13/04/2007	04/05/2007	8.571.710
DK	Denmark	TNS Gallup DK	1.002	10/04/2007	14/05/2007	4.411.580
DE	Germany	TNS Infratest	1.513	10/04/2007	09/05/2007	64.361.608
EE	Estonia	TNS Emor	1.005	16/04/2007	14/05/2007	887.094
EL	Greece	TNS ICAP	1.000	10/04/2007	08/05/2007	8.693.566
ES	Spain	TNS Demoscopia	1.000	10/04/2007	10/05/2007	37.024.972
FR	France	TNS Sofres	1.013	10/04/2007	08/05/2007	44.010.619
IE	Ireland	TNS MRBI	1.000	10/04/2007	10/05/2007	3.089.775
IT	Italy	TNS Abacus	1.010	10/04/2007	08/05/2007	48.892.559
CY	Rep. of Cyprus	Synovate	502	11/04/2007	07/05/2007	596.752
CY(tcc)	Turkish Cypriot Community	KADEM	500	10/04/2007	06/05/2007	157.101
LV	Latvia	TNS Latvia	1.013	13/04/2007	15/05/2007	1.418.596
LT	Lithuania	TNS Gallup Lithuania	1.018	10/04/2007	05/05/2007	2.803.661
LU	Luxembourg	TNS ILReS	511	10/04/2007	07/05/2007	374.097
HU	Hungary	TNS Hungary	1.006	12/04/2007	10/05/2007	8.503.379
MT	Malta	MISCO	500	10/04/2007	30/04/2007	321.114
NL	Netherlands	TNS NIPO	1.009	10/04/2007	10/05/2007	13.030.000
AT	Austria	Österreichisches Gallup-Institut	1.011	10/04/2007	01/05/2007	6.848.736
PL	Poland	TNS OBOP	1.000	10/04/2007	02/05/2007	31.967.880
PT	Portugal	TNS EUROTESTE	1.011	14/04/2007	07/05/2007	8.080.915
RO	Romania	TNS CSOP	1.019	10/04/2007	08/05/2007	18.173.179
SI	Slovenia	RM PLUS	1.013	10/04/2007	09/05/2007	1.720.137
SK	Slovakia	TNS AISA SK	1.106	13/04/2007	01/05/2007	4.316.438
FI	Finland	TNS Gallup Oy	1.038	16/04/2007	09/05/2007	4.348.676
SE	Sweden	TNS GALLUP	1.005	10/04/2007	10/05/2007	7.486.976
UK	United Kingdom	TNS UK	1.319	10/04/2007	07/05/2007	47.685.578
HR	Croatia	Puls	1.000	10/04/2007	07/05/2007	3.722.800
TR	Turkey	TNS Piar	1.005	10/04/2007	10/05/2007	47.583.830
MK	Former Yugoslav Rep. of Macedonia	Brima	1.009	23/06/2007	04/07/2007	1.596.267
TOTAL			30.231	10/04/2007	15/05/2007	446.002.288

For each country a comparison between the sample and the universe was carried out. The Universe description was derived from Eurostat population data or from national statistics offices. For all countries surveyed, a national weighting procedure, using marginal and intercellular weighting, was carried out based on this Universe description. In all countries, gender, age, region and size of locality were introduced in the iteration procedure. For international weighting (i.e. EU averages), TNS Opinion & Social applies the official population figures as provided by EUROSTAT or national statistic offices. The total population figures for input in this post-weighting procedure are listed above.

Readers are reminded that survey results are estimations, the accuracy of which, everything being equal, rests upon the sample size and upon the observed percentage. With samples of about 1,000 interviews, the real percentages vary within the following confidence limits:

Observed percentages	10% or 90%	20% or 80%	30% or 70%	40% or 60%	50%
Confidence limits	± 1.9 points	± 2.5 points	± 2.7 points	± 3.0 points	± 3.1 points

QUESTIONNAIRE

ASK QA in EU27 + TR + HR + CY(tcc) + FYROM

QA1 When you get together with friends, would you say you discuss political matters frequently, occasionally, or never?

Frequently	1
Occasionally	2
Never	3
DK	4

EB66.1 QA1

QA2 When you hold a strong opinion, do you ever find yourself persuading your friends, relatives or fellow workers to share your views? Does this happen...?

(READ OUT)

Often	1
From time to time	2
Rarely	3
Never	4
DK	5

EB66.1 QA2

QA3 On the whole, are you very satisfied, fairly satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all satisfied with the life you lead?

(READ OUT)

Very satisfied	1
Fairly satisfied	2
Not very satisfied	3
Not at all satisfied	4
DK	5

EB66.1 QA3

POSER LES QA en UE27 + TR + HR + CY(tcc) + FYROM

QA1 Quand vous êtes entre amis, diriez-vous qu'il vous arrive souvent, de temps en temps ou jamais de discuter politique ?

Souvent	1
De temps en temps	2
Jamais	3
NSP	4

EB66.1 QA1

QA2 Quand vous avez une opinion à laquelle vous tenez beaucoup, vous arrive-t-il de convaincre vos amis, vos collègues, vos relations d'adopter cette opinion ? Cela vous arrive-t-il ... ?

(LIRE)

Souvent	1
De temps en temps	2
Rarement	3
Jamais	4
NSP	5

EB66.1 QA2

QA3 D'une façon générale, êtes-vous très satisfait(e), plutôt satisfait(e), plutôt pas satisfait(e) ou pas du tout satisfait(e) de la vie que vous menez ?

(LIRE)

Très satisfait(e)	1
Plutôt satisfait(e)	2
Plutôt pas satisfait(e)	3
Pas du tout satisfait(e)	4
NSP	5

EB66.1 QA3

QA4: DO NOT ASK ITEMS 2 AND 5 in CY(tcc) – ASK ITEMS 3 and 6 ONLY in CY(tcc)

QA4 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

	(READ OUT)	Better	Worse	Same	DK
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1	Your life in general	1	2	3	4
2	The economic situation in (OUR COUNTRY)	1	2	3	4
3	The economic situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community	1	2	3	4
4	The financial situation of your household	1	2	3	4
5	The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY)	1	2	3	4
6	The employment situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community	1	2	3	4
7	Your personal job situation	1	2	3	4
8	The economic situation in the EU (N)	1	2	3	4

EB66.3 QA12 TREND MODIFIED

QA5 If you compare your present situation with five years ago, would you say it has improved, stayed about the same, or got worse?

Improved	1
Stayed about the same	2
Got worse	3
DK	4

EB66.3 QA13

QA4 : NE PAS POSER ITEMS 2 ET 5 en CY(tcc) – POSER ITEMS 3 ET 6 UNIQUEMENT EN CY(tcc)

QA4 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois seront-ils meilleurs, moins bons ou sans changement, en ce qui concerne ... ?

	(LIRE)	Meilleurs	Moins bons	Sans changement	NSP
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1	Votre vie en général	1	2	3	4
2	La situation économique en (NOTRE PAYS)	1	2	3	4
3	La situation économique dans la Communauté turque chypriote	1	2	3	4
4	La situation financière de votre ménage	1	2	3	4
5	La situation de l'emploi en (NOTRE PAYS)	1	2	3	4
6	La situation de l'emploi dans la Communauté turque chypriote	1	2	3	4
7	Votre situation professionnelle	1	2	3	4
8	La situation économique dans l'Union européenne (N)	1	2	3	4

EB66.3 QA12 TREND MODIFIED

QA5 Si vous comparez votre situation actuelle à celle d'il y a cinq ans, pensez-vous qu'elle s'est améliorée, qu'elle est restée à peu près la même ou qu'elle s'est dégradée ?

S'est améliorée	1
Restée la même	2
S'est dégradée	3
NSP	4

EB66.3 QA13

QA6	In the course of the next five years, do you expect your personal situation to improve, to stay about the same or to get worse?
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Improve	1
Stay about the same	2
Get worse	3
DK	4

EB66.3 QA14

DO NOT ASK QA7a TO QA7c in CY(tcc) - CY(tcc) GO TO QA7d

QA7a	For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
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(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Much better	Somewhat better	Somewhat less good	Definitely less good	Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	DK
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1	The situation of the (NATIONALITY) economy	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY)	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	The cost of living in (OUR COUNTRY) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	Energy prices in (OUR COUNTRY) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

QA6	Au cours des cinq années à venir, vous attendez-vous à ce que votre situation personnelle s'améliore, reste à peu près la même ou se dégrade ?
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S'améliore	1
Reste la même	2
Se dégrade	3
NSP	4

EB66.3 QA14

NE PAS POSER QA7a A QA7c en CY(cc) - CY(tcc) ALLER EN QA7d

QA7a	Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
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(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Vraiment meilleure	Un peu meilleure	Un peu moins bonne	Vraiment moins bonne	Identique (SPONTANEOUS)	NSP
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1	La situation de l'économie (NATIONALITE)	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	La situation de l'emploi en (NOTRE PAYS)	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	Le coût de la vie en (NOTRE PAYS) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	Les prix de l'énergie en (NOTRE PAYS) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

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QA7b	And for these following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
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(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE – ONE ANSWER PER LINE)
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	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Much better	Somewhat better	Somewhat less good	Definitely less good	Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	DK
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1	The healthcare system in (OUR COUNTRY) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	The provision of pensions in (OUR COUNTRY) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	The social welfare situation in (OUR COUNTRY)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

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QA7b	Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
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(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE – UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)
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	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Vraiment meilleure	Un peu meilleure	Un peu moins bonne	Vraiment moins bonne	Identique (SPONTANEE)	NSP
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1	Le système de santé en (NOTRE PAYS) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	Le financement des retraites en (NOTRE PAYS) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	La situation de la protection sociale en (NOTRE PAYS)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

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QA7c	And for these domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
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(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE – ONE ANSWER PER LINE)
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	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Much better	Somewhat better	Somewhat less good	Definitely less good	Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	DK
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1	The educational system in (OUR COUNTRY) (M)	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	The quality of life in (OUR COUNTRY)	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	Public transport in (OUR COUNTRY) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	The situation of the environment in (OUR COUNTRY)	1	2	3	4	5	6
5	The knowledge of foreign languages in (OUR COUNTRY) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

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QA7c	Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
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(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE – UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)
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	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Vraiment meilleure	Un peu meilleure	Un peu moins bonne	Vraiment moins bonne	Identique (SPONTANÉE)	NSP
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1	Le système éducatif en (NOTRE PAYS) (M)	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	La qualité de vie en (NOTRE PAYS)	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	Les transports publics en (NOTRE PAYS) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	La situation de l'environnement en (NOTRE PAYS)	1	2	3	4	5	6
5	La connaissance des langues étrangères en (NOTRE PAYS) (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

ASK QA7d TO QA7f ONLY IN CY(tcc) - OTHERS GO TO QA8

QA7d	For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
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(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Much better	Somewhat better	Somewhat less good	Definitely less good	Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	DK
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1	The situation of our economy	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	The employment situation in our community	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	The cost of living in our community (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	Energy prices in our community (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

POSER QA7d A QA7f UNIQUEMENT en CY(tcc) - LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA8

QA7d	Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
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(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE – UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Vraiment meilleure	Un peu meilleure	Un peu moins bonne	Vraiment moins bonne	Identique (SPONTANEOUS)	NSP
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1	La situation de notre économie	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	La situation de l'emploi dans notre communauté	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	Le coût de la vie dans notre communauté (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	Les prix de l'énergie dans notre communauté (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

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QA7e	And for these following domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
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(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE – ONE ANSWER PER LINE)
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	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Much better	Somewhat better	Somewhat less good	Definitely less good	Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	DK
1	The healthcare system in our community (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	The provision of pensions in our community (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	The social welfare situation in our community	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

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QA7e	Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
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(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE – UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)
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	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Vraiment meilleure	Un peu meilleure	Un peu moins bonne	Vraiment moins bonne	Identique (SPONTANEE)	NSP
1	Le système de santé dans notre communauté (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	Le financement des retraites dans notre communauté (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	La situation de la protection sociale dans notre communauté	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

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QA7f	And for these domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
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(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE – ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Much better	Somewhat better	Somewhat less good	Definitely less good	Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	DK

1	The educational system in our community (M)	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	The quality of life in our community	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	Public transport in our community (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	The situation of the environment in our community	1	2	3	4	5	6
5	The knowledge of foreign languages in our community (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

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QA7f	Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
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(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE – UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Vraiment meilleure	Un peu meilleure	Un peu moins bonne	Vraiment moins bonne	Identique (SPONTANEOUS)	NSP

1	Le système éducatif dans notre communauté (M)	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	La qualité de vie dans notre communauté	1	2	3	4	5	6
3	Les transports publics dans notre communauté (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6
4	La situation de l'environnement dans notre communauté	1	2	3	4	5	6
5	La connaissance des langues étrangères dans notre communauté (N)	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB65.2 QC2 TREND MODIFIED

ASK ALL

QA8 Please tell for each of the following words if it describes very well, fairly well, fairly badly or very badly the idea you might have of the European Union.

(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE – ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

	(READ OUT)	Describes very well	Describes fairly well	Describes fairly badly	Describes very badly	DK
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1	Modern	1	2	3	4	5
2	Democratic	1	2	3	4	5
3	Protective	1	2	3	4	5
4	Inefficient	1	2	3	4	5
5	Technocratic	1	2	3	4	5

EB65.1 QA9

DO NOT ASK QA9a and QA10a in TR, HR, FYROM and CY(tcc) – FYROM, TR and HR GO TO QA9b – CY(tcc) GO TO QA9c

QA9a Generally speaking, do you think that (OUR COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union is....?

(READ OUT)

A good thing	1
A bad thing	2
Neither good nor bad	3
DK	4

EB66.1 QA7a (FILTER MODIFIED)

QA10a Taking everything into account, would you say that (OUR COUNTRY) has on balance benefited or not from being a member of the European Union?

Benefited	1
Not benefited	2
DK	3

EB66.1 QA8a (FILTER MODIFIED)

A TOUS

QA8 Pour chacun des mots suivants, dites-moi s'il décrit très bien, plutôt bien, plutôt mal ou très mal l'idée que vous pouvez vous faire de l'Union européenne.

(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE – UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

	(LIRE)	Décrit très bien	Décrit plutôt bien	Décrit plutôt mal	Décrit très mal	NSP
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1	Moderne	1	2	3	4	5
2	Démocratique	1	2	3	4	5
3	Protectrice	1	2	3	4	5
4	Inefficace	1	2	3	4	5
5	Technocratique	1	2	3	4	5

EB65.1 QA9

NE PAS POSER QA9a et QA10a en TR, HR, CY(tcc) et ARYM - TR, HR et ARYM ALLER EN QA9b - CY(tcc) ALLER EN QA9c

QA9a D'une façon générale, pensez-vous que le fait pour (NOTRE PAYS) de faire partie de l'Union européenne est ... ?

(LIRE)

Une bonne chose	1
Une mauvaise chose	2
Une chose ni bonne, ni mauvaise	3
NSP	4

EB66.1 QA7a (FILTER MODIFIED)

QA10a Tout bien considéré, estimez-vous que (NOTRE PAYS) a bénéficié ou non de son appartenance à l'Union européenne ?

Bénéficié	1
Pas bénéficié	2
NSP	3

EB66.1 QA8a (FILTER MODIFIED)

ASK QA9b and QA10b ONLY in FYROM, TR and HR – EU27 GO TO QA11 – CY(tcc) GO TO QA9c

QA9b Generally speaking, do you think that (OUR COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union would be...?

(READ OUT)

A good thing	1
A bad thing	2
Neither good nor bad	3
DK	4

EB66.1 QA7b (FILTER MODIFIED)

QA10b Taking everything into account, would you say that (OUR COUNTRY) would benefit or not from being a member of the European Union?

Would benefit	1
Would not benefit	2
DK	3

EB66.1 QA8b (FILTER MODIFIED)

ASK QA9c and QA10c ONLY in CY(tcc) – OTHERS GO TO QA11

QA9c Generally speaking, do you think that for the Turkish Cypriot Community the full application of EU legislation would be...?

(READ OUT)

A good thing	1
A bad thing	2
Neither good nor bad	3
DK	4

EB66.1 QA7b

POSER QA9b et QA10b UNIQUEMENT en TR, HR et ARYM – UE27 ALLER EN QA11 - CY(tcc) ALLER EN QA9c

QA9b D'une façon générale, pensez-vous que le fait pour (NOTRE PAYS) de faire partie de l'Union européenne serait ... ?

(LIRE)

Une bonne chose	1
Une mauvaise chose	2
Une chose ni bonne, ni mauvaise	3
NSP	4

EB66.1 QA7b (FILTER MODIFIED)

QA10b Tout bien considéré, estimez-vous que (NOTRE PAYS) bénéficierait ou non de son appartenance à l'Union européenne ?

Bénéficierait	1
Ne bénéficierait pas	2
NSP	3

EB66.1 QA8b (FILTER MODIFIED)

POSER QA9c et QA10c UNIQUEMENT en CY(tcc) – LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA11

QA9c D'une façon générale, pensez-vous que pour la Communauté turque chypriote, l'application complète de la législation de l'Union européenne serait ... ?

(LIRE)

Une bonne chose	1
Une mauvaise chose	2
Une chose ni bonne, ni mauvaise	3
NSP	4

EB66.1 QA7b

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QA10c	Taking everything into consideration, would you say that the Turkish Cypriot Community would benefit or not from the full application of the EU legislation?
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--

Would benefit	1
Would not benefit	2
DK	3

EB66.1 QA8b

ASK ALL

QA11	In general, does the European Union conjure up for you a very positive, fairly positive, neutral, fairly negative or very negative image?
------	---

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Very positive	1
Fairly positive	2
Neutral	3
Fairly negative	4
Very negative	5
DK	6

EB66.1 QA10

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QA10c	Tout bien considéré, estimez-vous que la Communauté turque chypriote bénéficierait ou non de l'application complète de la législation de l'Union européenne ?
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Bénéficierait	1
Ne bénéficierait pas	2
NSP	3

EB66.1 QA8b

A TOUS

QA11	En général, l'Union européenne évoque-t-elle pour vous une image très positive, assez positive, neutre, assez négative ou très négative ?
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--

Très positive	1
Assez positive	2
Neutre	3
Assez négative	4
Très négative	5
NSP	6

EB66.1 QA10

QA12	What does the European Union mean to you personally?
------	--

(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE - ROTATE TOP TO BOTTOM\ BOTTOM TO TOP)

Peace	1,
Economic prosperity	2,
Democracy	3,
Social protection	4,
Freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the EU	5,
Cultural diversity	6,
Stronger say in the world	7,
Euro	8,
Unemployment	9,
Bureaucracy	10,
Waste of money	11,
Loss of our cultural identity	12,
More crime	13,
Not enough control at external frontiers	14,
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	15,
DK	16,

EB65.2 QA14

QA13	Have you heard of...?
------	-----------------------

	(READ OUT)	Yes	No	DK
--	------------	-----	----	----

1	The European Parliament	1	2	3
2	The European Commission	1	2	3
3	The Council of the European Union	1	2	3
4	The European Central Bank	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA18 TREND MODIFIED

QA12	Que représente l'Union européenne pour vous personnellement ?
------	---

(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES - ROTATION DE HAUT EN BAS\ DE BAS EN HAUT)

La paix	1,
La prospérité économique	2,
La démocratie	3,
La protection sociale	4,
La liberté de voyager, étudier et travailler partout dans l'UE	5,
La diversité culturelle	6,
Une voix plus importante dans le monde	7,
L'euro	8,
Le chômage	9,
La bureaucratie	10,
Un gaspillage d'argent	11,
La perte de notre identité culturelle	12,
Plus de criminalité	13,
Pas assez de contrôles aux frontières extérieures	14,
Autre (SPONTANE)	15,
NSP	16,

EB65.2 QA14

QA13	Avez-vous déjà entendu parler ... ?
------	-------------------------------------

	(LIRE)	Oui	Non	NSP
--	--------	-----	-----	-----

1	Du Parlement européen	1	2	3
2	De la Commission européenne	1	2	3
3	Du Conseil de l'Union européenne	1	2	3
4	De la Banque centrale européenne	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA18 TREND MODIFIED

QA14	And for each of the following European bodies, do you think it plays an important role or not in the life of the European Union?			
------	--	--	--	--

	(READ OUT)	Important	Not important	DK
--	------------	-----------	---------------	----

1	The European Parliament	1	2	3
2	The European Commission	1	2	3
3	The Council of the European Union	1	2	3
4	The European Central Bank	1	2	3

EB65.2 QA24

QA15	And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?			
------	--	--	--	--

	(READ OUT)	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust	DK
--	------------	---------------	-------------------	----

1	The European Parliament	1	2	3
2	The European Commission	1	2	3
3	The Council of the European Union	1	2	3
4	The European Central Bank	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA19 TREND MODIFIED

QA14	Et pour chacune des entités européennes suivantes, pensez-vous qu'elle joue un rôle important ou pas dans la vie de l'Union européenne ?			
------	--	--	--	--

	(LIRE)	Important	Pas important	NSP
--	--------	-----------	---------------	-----

1	Le Parlement européen	1	2	3
2	La Commission européenne	1	2	3
3	Le Conseil de l'Union européenne	1	2	3
4	La Banque centrale européenne	1	2	3

EB65.2 QA24

QA15	Et pour chacune d'entre elles, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle ?			
------	--	--	--	--

	(LIRE)	Plutôt confiance	Plutôt pas confiance	NSP
--	--------	------------------	----------------------	-----

1	Le Parlement européen	1	2	3
2	La Commission européenne	1	2	3
3	Le Conseil de l'Union européenne	1	2	3
4	La Banque centrale européenne	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA19 TREND MODIFIED

QA16: DO NOT ASK ITEMS 5 and 6 in CY(tcc)

QA16 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

	(READ OUT)	Tend to trust	Tend not to trust	DK
--	------------	---------------	-------------------	----

1	The press	1	2	3
2	Radio	1	2	3
3	Television	1	2	3
4	The Internet	1	2	3
5	The (NATIONALITY) Government	1	2	3
6	The (NATIONALITY PARLIAMENT) (USE PROPER NAME FOR LOWER HOUSE)	1	2	3
7	The European Union	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA6 TREND MODIFIED

QA17: DO NOT ASK item 2 in BG and RO - ASK ITEM 3 only in RO and BG

QA17 For each of the following statements about the European Union could you please tell me whether you think it is true or false?

	(READ OUT)	True.	False.	DK
--	------------	-------	--------	----

1	The EU currently consists of fifteen Member States	1	2	3
2	The members of the European Parliament are directly elected by the citizens of the EU	1	2	3
3	The members of the European Parliament will be directly elected by the citizens of the EU	1	2	3
4	Every six months, a different Member State becomes the President of the Council of the European Union (M)	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA20 TREND MODIFIED

QA16 : NE PAS POSER ITEMS 5 et 6 en CY(tcc)

QA16 Je voudrais maintenant vous poser une question à propos de la confiance que vous inspirent certaines institutions. Pour chacune des institutions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle.

	(LIRE)	Plutôt confiance	Plutôt pas confiance	NSP
--	--------	------------------	----------------------	-----

1	La presse écrite	1	2	3
2	La radio	1	2	3
3	La télévision	1	2	3
4	Internet	1	2	3
5	Le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	1	2	3
6	Le (PARLEMENT NATIONALITE) (UTILISER LA DENOMINATION CORRECTE POUR LA CHAMBRE BASSE)	1	2	3
7	L'Union européenne	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA6 TREND MODIFIED

QA17 : NE PAS POSER ITEM 2 en BG et RO – POSER ITEM 3 UNIQUEMENT EN BG et RO

QA17 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes sur l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si elle vous semble vraie ou fausse ?

	(LIRE)	Vrai.	Faux.	NSP
--	--------	-------	-------	-----

1	L'UE est actuellement composée de quinze Etats membres	1	2	3
2	Les députés européens sont directement élus par les citoyens de l'UE	1	2	3
3	Les députés européens seront directement élus par les citoyens de l'UE	1	2	3
4	Tous les 6 mois, un Etat membre différent devient le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne (M)	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA20 TREND MODIFIED

DO NOT ASK QA18a in CY(tcc) – CY(tcc) GO TO QA18b

QA18a What do you think are the two most important issues facing (OUR COUNTRY) at the moment?

(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

Crime	1,
Economic situation	2,
Rising prices\ inflation	3,
Taxation	4,
Unemployment	5,
Terrorism	6,
Defence\ Foreign affairs	7,
Housing	8,
Immigration	9,
Healthcare system	10,
The educational system	11,
Pensions	12,
Protecting the environment	13,
Energy related issues	14,
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	15,
DK	16,

EB66.1 QA23 (FILTER MODIFIED)

NE PAS POSER QA18a en CY(tcc) – CY(tcc) ALLER EN QA18b

QA18a A votre avis, quels sont les deux plus importants problèmes auxquels doit faire face (NOTRE PAYS) actuellement ?

(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - MAX. 2 REPONSES)

L'insécurité	1,
La situation économique	2,
La hausse des prix\ l'inflation	3,
Les impôts	4,
Le chômage	5,
Le terrorisme	6,
La défense\ la politique étrangère	7,
Le logement	8,
L'immigration	9,
Le système de santé	10,
Le système éducatif	11,
Les retraites\ les pensions	12,
La protection de l'environnement	13,
Les questions liées à l'énergie (M)	14,
Autre (SPONTANE)	15,
NSP	16,

EB66.1 QA23 (FILTER MODIFIED)

ASK QA18b ONLY in CY(tcc) – OTHERS GO TO QA19

--

QA18b What do you think are the two most important issues facing our community at the moment?

(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

Crime	1,
Economic situation	2,
Rising prices\ inflation	3,
Taxation	4,
Unemployment	5,
Terrorism	6,
Cyprus issue	7,
Housing	8,
Immigration	9,
Healthcare system	10,
The educational system	11,
Pensions	12,
Protecting the environment	13,
Energy related issues	14,
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	15,
DK	16,

EB66.1 QA23

ASK ALL

--

QA19 To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: Every European decision is the subject of negotiations in which the opinions of the national Government of all Member states are taken into account.

(READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Totally agree	1
Tend to agree	2
Tend to disagree	3
Totally disagree	4
DK	5

NEW

POSER QA18b UNIQUEMENT en CY(tcc) – LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA19

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QA18b A votre avis, quels sont les deux plus importants problèmes auxquels doit faire face notre Communauté actuellement ?

(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - MAX. 2 REPONSES)

L'insécurité	1,
La situation économique	2,
La hausse des prix\ l'inflation	3,
Les impôts	4,
Le chômage	5,
Le terrorisme	6,
La question chypriote	7,
Le logement	8,
L'immigration	9,
Le système de santé	10,
Le système éducatif	11,
Les retraites/ les pensions	12,
La protection de l'environnement	13,
Les questions liées à l'énergie (M)	14,
Autre (SPONTANE)	15,
NSP	16,

EB66.1 QA23

A TOUS

--

QA19 Dans quelle mesure êtes-vous d'accord ou pas d'accord avec l'affirmation suivante : Chaque décision européenne fait l'objet de négociations dans lesquelles l'avis du Gouvernement national de tous les Etats membres est pris en considération.

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Tout à fait d'accord	1
Plutôt d'accord	2
Plutôt pas d'accord	3
Pas du tout d'accord	4
NSP	5

NEW

DO NOT ASK QA20a in CY(tcc) – CY(tcc) GO TO QA20b

QA20a	For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) government, or made jointly within the European Union?
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	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	(NATIONALITY) Government	Jointly within the EU	DK
--	---------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------	----

1	Fighting crime	1	2	3
2	Taxation	1	2	3
3	Fighting unemployment	1	2	3
4	Fighting terrorism	1	2	3
5	Defence and foreign affairs	1	2	3
6	Immigration	1	2	3
7	The educational system (M)	1	2	3
8	Pensions	1	2	3
9	Protecting the environment	1	2	3
10	Health and social welfare	1	2	3
11	Agriculture and fishery	1	2	3
12	Consumer protection	1	2	3
13	Scientific and technological research	1	2	3
14	Support for regions facing economic difficulties	1	2	3
15	Energy	1	2	3
16	Competition	1	2	3
17	Transports (N)	1	2	3
18	Economy (N)	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA24

NE PAS POSER QA20a en CY(tcc) – CY(tcc) ALLER EN QA20b

QA20a	Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
-------	--

	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	En commun dans l'UE	NSP
--	-------------------	-------------------------------	---------------------------	-----

1	La lutte contre l'insécurité	1	2	3
2	Les impôts	1	2	3
3	La lutte contre le chômage	1	2	3
4	La lutte contre le terrorisme	1	2	3
5	La défense et la politique étrangère	1	2	3
6	L'immigration	1	2	3
7	Le système éducatif	1	2	3
8	Les retraites	1	2	3
9	La protection de l'environnement	1	2	3
10	La santé et la sécurité sociale	1	2	3
11	L'agriculture et la pêche	1	2	3
12	La protection des consommateurs	1	2	3
13	La recherche scientifique et technologique	1	2	3
14	Le soutien aux régions qui ont des difficultés économiques (M)	1	2	3
15	L'énergie	1	2	3
16	La concurrence	1	2	3
17	Les transports (N)	1	2	3
18	L'économie (N)	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA24

ASK QA20b ONLY in CY(tcc) – OTHERS GO TO QA21

QA20b	For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
-------	---

	(READ OUT – ROTATE)	National Governments	Jointly within the European Union	DK
--	---------------------	----------------------	-----------------------------------	----

1	Fighting crime	1	2	3
2	Taxation	1	2	3
3	Fighting unemployment	1	2	3
4	Fighting terrorism	1	2	3
5	Defence and foreign affairs	1	2	3
6	Immigration	1	2	3
7	The educational system (M)	1	2	3
8	Pensions	1	2	3
9	Protecting the environment	1	2	3
10	Health and social welfare	1	2	3
11	Agriculture and fishery	1	2	3
12	Consumer protection	1	2	3
13	Scientific and technological research	1	2	3
14	Support for regions facing economic difficulties	1	2	3
15	Energy	1	2	3
16	Competition	1	2	3
17	Transports (N)	1	2	3
18	Economy (N)	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA24 TREND MODIFIED

POSER QA20b UNIQUEMENT en CY(tcc) – LES AUTRES ALLER en QA21

QA20b	Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
-------	--

	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Gouvernements nationaux	En commun dans l'UE	NSP
--	-------------------	-------------------------	---------------------	-----

1	La lutte contre l'insécurité	1	2	3
2	Les impôts	1	2	3
3	La lutte contre le chômage	1	2	3
4	La lutte contre le terrorisme	1	2	3
5	La défense et la politique étrangère	1	2	3
6	L'immigration	1	2	3
7	Le système éducatif	1	2	3
8	Les retraites	1	2	3
9	La protection de l'environnement	1	2	3
10	La santé et la sécurité sociale	1	2	3
11	L'agriculture et la pêche	1	2	3
12	La protection des consommateurs	1	2	3
13	La recherche scientifique et technologique	1	2	3
14	Le soutien aux régions qui ont des difficultés économiques (M)	1	2	3
15	L'énergie	1	2	3
16	La concurrence	1	2	3
17	Les transports (N)	1	2	3
18	L'économie (N)	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA24 TREND MODIFIED

ASK ALL

QA21 As regards the idea of a "TWO SPEED EUROPE", which of the following comes closest to your personal preference?

(SHOW CARD - READ OUT)

That those countries which are ready to intensify the development of a common European policy in certain important areas should do so without having to wait for the others	1
Or that those countries which are ready to intensify the development of a common European policy in certain important areas should wait until all Member States of the European Union are ready for this	2
DK	3

EB42 Q59 TREND MODIFIED

ASK QA22 TO QA24 ONLY IN EU27

ASK QA22a TO QA24a SPLIT A – OTHERS GO TO QA22b

QA22a Overall, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not about European political affairs?

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Very well informed	1
Fairly well informed	2
Not very well informed	3
Not at all informed	4
DK	5

NEW

A TOUS

QA21 En ce qui concerne l'idée d'une "EUROPE A DEUX VITESSES", laquelle des opinions suivantes se rapproche le plus de la vôtre ?

(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE)

Les pays qui sont prêts à intensifier le développement d'une politique européenne commune dans certains domaines importants devraient le faire sans devoir attendre les autres pays	1
Les pays qui sont prêts à intensifier le développement d'une politique européenne commune dans certains domaines importants devraient attendre que tous les Etats membres de l'UE soient prêts à le faire	2
NSP	3

EB42 Q59 TREND MODIFIED

POSER QA22 à 24 UNIQUEMENT EN UE27

POSER QA22a à QA24a AU SPLIT A – LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA22b

QA22a En général, pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés sur les affaires politiques européennes ?

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Très bien informés	1
Plutôt bien informés	2
Pas très bien informés	3
Pas du tout informés	4
NSP	5

NEW

--	--

QA23a More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

--

	(READ OUT – ROTATE)	People are well informed	People are not well informed	DK
--	---------------------	--------------------------	------------------------------	----

1	Fighting crime	1	2	3
2	Taxation	1	2	3
3	Fighting unemployment	1	2	3
4	Fighting terrorism	1	2	3
5	Defence and foreign affairs	1	2	3
6	Immigration	1	2	3
7	Protecting the environment	1	2	3
8	Health and social welfare	1	2	3
9	Agriculture and fishery	1	2	3
10	Consumer protection	1	2	3
11	Scientific and technological research	1	2	3
12	Support for regions facing economic difficulties	1	2	3
13	Energy	1	2	3
14	Competition	1	2	3
15	Transports	1	2	3
16	Economy	1	2	3

NEW

--

QA23a Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

--

	(LIRE – ROTATION)	Les gens sont bien informés	Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	NSP
--	-------------------	-----------------------------	------------------------------------	-----

1	La lutte contre l'insécurité	1	2	3
2	Les impôts	1	2	3
3	La lutte contre le chômage	1	2	3
4	La lutte contre le terrorisme	1	2	3
5	La défense et la politique étrangère	1	2	3
6	L'immigration	1	2	3
7	La protection de l'environnement	1	2	3
8	La santé et la sécurité sociale	1	2	3
9	L'agriculture et la pêche	1	2	3
10	La protection des consommateurs	1	2	3
11	La recherche scientifique et technologique	1	2	3
12	Le soutien aux régions qui ont des difficultés économiques	1	2	3
13	L'énergie	1	2	3
14	La concurrence	1	2	3
15	Les transports	1	2	3
16	L'économie	1	2	3

NEW

--

QA24a	And overall, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not about the measures taken in the other European Union countries to face these issues?
-------	---

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Very well informed	1
Fairly well informed	2
Not very well informed	3
Not at all informed	4
DK	5

NEW

ASK QA22b TO QA24b TO SPLIT B – OTHERS GO TO QA25

--

QA22b	Overall, do you think that you are well informed or not about European political affairs?
-------	---

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Very well informed	1
Fairly well informed	2
Not very well informed	3
Not at all informed	4
DK	5

NEW

--

QA24a	En général, pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures qui sont prises dans les autres Etats membres pour affronter ces questions ?
-------	---

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Très bien informés	1
Plutôt bien informés	2
Pas très bien informés	3
Pas du tout informés	4
NSP	5

NEW

POSER QA22b à QA24b AU SPLIT B – LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA25

--

QA22b	En général, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) sur les affaires politiques européennes ?
-------	--

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Très bien informé(e)	1
Plutôt bien informé(e)	2
Plutôt mal informé(e)	3
Pas du tout informé(e)	4
NSP	5

NEW

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QA23b	More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
-------	--

--

	(READ OUT – ROTATE)	You are well informed	You are not well informed	DK
--	---------------------	-----------------------	---------------------------	----

1	Fighting crime	1	2	3
2	Taxation	1	2	3
3	Fighting unemployment	1	2	3
4	Fighting terrorism	1	2	3
5	Defence and foreign affairs	1	2	3
6	Immigration	1	2	3
7	Protecting the environment	1	2	3
8	Health and social welfare	1	2	3
9	Agriculture and fishery	1	2	3
10	Consumer protection	1	2	3
11	Scientific and technological research	1	2	3
12	Support for regions facing economic difficulties	1	2	3
13	Energy	1	2	3
14	Competition	1	2	3
15	Transports	1	2	3
16	Economy	1	2	3

NEW

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QA23b	Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
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	(LIRE – ROTATION)	Vous êtes bien informé(e)	Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	NSP
--	-------------------	---------------------------	---------------------------------	-----

1	La lutte contre l'insécurité	1	2	3
2	Les impôts	1	2	3
3	La lutte contre le chômage	1	2	3
4	La lutte contre le terrorisme	1	2	3
5	La défense et la politique étrangère	1	2	3
6	L'immigration	1	2	3
7	La protection de l'environnement	1	2	3
8	La santé et la sécurité sociale	1	2	3
9	L'agriculture et la pêche	1	2	3
10	La protection des consommateurs	1	2	3
11	La recherche scientifique et technologique	1	2	3
12	Le soutien aux régions qui ont des difficultés économiques	1	2	3
13	L'énergie	1	2	3
14	La concurrence	1	2	3
15	Les transports	1	2	3
16	L'économie	1	2	3

NEW

QA24b	And, do you think that you are well informed or not about the measures taken in the other European Union countries to face these issues?
-------	--

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Very well informed	1
Fairly well informed	2
Not very well informed	3
Not at all informed	4
DK	5

NEW

ASK ALL

QA25	When you are looking for information about the European Union, its policies, its institutions, which of the following sources do you use? Which else?
------	---

(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

Attending conferences, talks, meetings	1,
Discussions with relatives, friends, colleagues	2,
Daily newspapers	3,
Other newspapers, magazines	4,
Television	5,
Radio	6,
The Internet	7,
Books, brochures, information leaflets	8,
Telephone (Info lines, Europe Direct, etc.)	9,
Never look for such information, not interested (SPONTANEOUS)	10,
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	11,
DK	12,

EB65.2 QA20

QA24b	En général, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures qui sont prises dans les autres Etats membres pour affronter ces problèmes ?
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(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Très bien informé(e)	1
Plutôt bien informé(e)	2
Pas très bien informé (e)	3
Pas du tout informé(e)	4
NSP	5

NEW

A TOUS

QA25	Quand vous désirez obtenir des informations sur l'Union européenne, ses politiques et ses institutions, lesquelles des sources suivantes utilisez-vous ? Et encore ?
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(MONTER CARTE - LIRE - PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)

Assister à des conférences, discussions, meetings	1,
Discussions avec la famille, les amis, les collègues	2,
Journaux quotidiens	3,
Autres journaux, magazines	4,
Télévision	5,
Radio	6,
Internet	7,
Livres, brochures, fiches d'information	8,
Téléphone (Info lines, Europe Direct, etc.)	9,
Ne cherche jamais ce type d'information, pas intéressé(e) (SPONTANE)	10,
Autre (SPONTANE)	11,
NSP	12,

EB65.2 QA20

ASK QA26a ONLY IN EU15 – NMS10 GO TO QA26b – OTHERS GO TO QA27

POSER QA26a UNIQUEMENT EN EU15 – NEM10 ALLER EN QA26b – LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA27

QA26a 10 new Member States joined the European Union in May 2004. Regarding the impact of this enlargement on the European Union, which of the following comes closest to your view?

(SHOW CARD WITH ITEMS AND SHOW CARD WITH NAMES OF THE 10 NMS – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

It has been as positive as I thought	1
It has been positive and I did not expect this to be the case	2
It has been as negative as I thought	3
It has been negative and I did not expect this to be the case	4
It has been neither positive nor negative	5
DK	6

NEW

ASK QA26b ONLY IN NMS10 – OTHERS GO TO QA27

QA26b Our country joined the European Union in 2004. Regarding the impact of this accession to the European Union on (OUR COUNTRY), which of the following comes closest to your view?

(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

It has been as positive as I thought	1
It has been positive and I did not expect this to be the case	2
It has been as negative as I thought	3
It has been negative and I did not expect this to be the case	4
It has been neither positive nor negative	5
DK	6

NEW

QA26a 10 nouveaux Etats membres ont adhéré à l'Union européenne en mai 2004. A propos de l'impact de cet élargissement pour l'Union européenne, laquelle des propositions suivantes se rapproche le plus de votre opinion ?

(MONTRER CARTE AVEC LES ITEMS ET MONTRER CARTE AVEC LES 10 NEM – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Il a été aussi positif que je le pensais	1
Il a été positif et je ne m'attendais pas à ce que cela soit le cas	2
Il a été aussi négatif que je le pensais	3
Il a été négatif et je ne m'attendais pas à ce que ce soit le cas	4
Il n'a été ni positif ni négatif	5
NSP	6

NEW

POSER QA26b UNIQUEMENT EN NEM10 – LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA27

QA26b Notre pays a rejoint l'Union européenne en 2004. A propos de l'impact de cet élargissement pour (NOTRE PAYS), laquelle des propositions suivantes se rapproche le plus de votre opinion ?

(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Il a été aussi positif que je le pensais	1
Il a été positif et je ne m'attendais pas à ce que cela soit le cas	2
Il a été aussi négatif que je le pensais	3
Il a été négatif et je ne m'attendais pas à ce que ce soit le cas	4
Il n'a été ni positif ni négatif	5
NSP	6

NEW

ASK ALL

QA27 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	For	Against	DK
1	A European Monetary Union with one single currency, the euro	1	2	3
2	A common foreign policy among the Member States of the EU, towards other countries	1	2	3
3	A common defence and security policy among EU Member States	1	2	3
4	Further enlargement of the EU to include other countries in future years	1	2	3
5	A constitution for the European Union	1	2	3
6	The speed of building Europe being faster in one group of countries than in the other countries	1	2	3
7	Teaching school children about the way EU institutions work	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA25 (ITEMS 1-6) - EB64.2 QA32 (ITEM 7) - TREND MODIFIED

QA28 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Very positive	Fairly positive	Fairly negative	Very negative	DK
1	Company	1	2	3	4	5
2	Welfare State (N)	1	2	3	4	5
3	Competitiveness	1	2	3	4	5
4	Free trade	1	2	3	4	5
5	Protectionism	1	2	3	4	5
6	Globalisation	1	2	3	4	5
7	Liberalisation (N)	1	2	3	4	5
8	Trade union	1	2	3	4	5
9	Reforms	1	2	3	4	5
10	Public administration	1	2	3	4	5
11	Flexibility (N)	1	2	3	4	5

EB65.2 QA36 TREND MODIFIED

A TOUS

QA27 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes ? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre.

	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Pour	Contre	NSP
1	Une union monétaire européenne avec une seule monnaie, l'euro	1	2	3
2	Une politique étrangère commune aux pays de l'UE vis-à-vis des autres pays	1	2	3
3	Une politique de sécurité et de défense commune des Etats membres de l'UE	1	2	3
4	L'élargissement de l'UE à d'autres pays dans les années à venir	1	2	3
5	Une constitution pour l'Union européenne	1	2	3
6	Une vitesse de la construction européenne plus élevée dans un groupe de pays que dans les autres pays	1	2	3
7	Apprendre aux enfants, à l'école, la façon dont les institutions de l'UE fonctionnent	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA25 (ITEMS 1-6) - EB64.2 QA32 (ITEM 7) - TREND MODIFIED

QA28 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Très positif	Plutôt positif	Plutôt négatif	Très négatif	NSP
1	Entreprise	1	2	3	4	5
2	Etat providence (N)	1	2	3	4	5
3	Compétitivité	1	2	3	4	5
4	Libre-échange	1	2	3	4	5
5	Protectionnisme	1	2	3	4	5
6	Mondialisation	1	2	3	4	5
7	Libéralisation (N)	1	2	3	4	5
8	Syndicat	1	2	3	4	5
9	Réformes	1	2	3	4	5
10	Administration publique	1	2	3	4	5
11	Flexibilité (N)	1	2	3	4	5

EB65.2 QA36 TREND MODIFIED

DO NOT ASK QA29a in CY(tcc) - CY(tcc) GO TO QA29b

QA29a There are multiple consequences of the globalisation of trade. When you hear the word "globalisation", what comes first to mind?

(READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Opportunities for (NATIONALITY) companies in terms of new outlets	1
Foreign investments in (OUR COUNTRY)	2
Relocation of some companies to countries where labour is cheaper	3
Increased competition for (NATIONALITY) companies	4
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	5
DK	6

EB64.2 QA55

ASK QA29a ONLY in CY(tcc) - OTHERS GO TO QA30a

QA29b There are multiple consequences of the globalisation of trade. When you hear the word "globalisation", what comes first to mind?

(READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Opportunities for the companies of our community in terms of new outlets	1
Foreign investments in the Turkish Cypriot Community	2
Relocation of some companies to countries where labour is cheaper	3
Increased competition for companies of our community	4
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	5
DK	6

NE PAS POSER QA29a en CY(tcc) - CY(tcc) ALLER EN QA29b

QA29a Les conséquences de la mondialisation des échanges sont multiples. Lorsque vous entendez le mot "mondialisation", à quoi pensez-vous en premier lieu ? (M)

(LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Aux opportunités en termes de nouveaux débouchés pour les entreprises (NATIONALITE)	1
Aux investissements étrangers dans (NOTRE PAYS)	2
Aux délocalisations de certaines entreprises vers des pays où la main d'œuvre est moins chère	3
A une concurrence accrue pour les entreprises (NATIONALITE)	4
Autre (SPONTANE)	5
NSP	6

EB64.2 QA55

POSER QA29b UNIQUEMENT en CY(tcc) - LES AUTRES ALLER en QA30a

QA29b Les conséquences de la mondialisation des échanges sont multiples. Lorsque vous entendez le mot "mondialisation", à quoi pensez-vous en premier lieu ? (M)

(LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Aux opportunités en termes de nouveaux débouchés pour les entreprises de notre communauté	1
Aux investissements étrangers dans la Communauté turque chypriote	2
Aux délocalisations de certaines entreprises vers des pays où la main d'œuvre est moins chère	3
A une concurrence accrue pour les entreprises de notre communauté	4
Autre (SPONTANE)	5
NSP	6

ASK QA30a TO SPLIT A - OTHERS GO TO QA30b

POSER QA30a AU SPLIT A - LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA30b

QA30a To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: The European Union helps to protect us from the negative effects of globalisation. (M)

QA30a Dans quelle mesure êtes vous d'accord ou pas d'accord avec la proposition suivante : L'Union européenne nous aide à nous protéger des effets négatifs de la mondialisation. (M)

(READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

(LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Totally agree	1
Tend to agree	2
Tend to disagree	3
Totally disagree	4
DK	5

Tout à fait d'accord	1
Plutôt d'accord	2
Plutôt pas d'accord	3
Pas du tout d'accord	4
NSP	5

EB66.1 QA45a

EB66.1 QA45a

ASK QA30b TO SPLIT B - OTHERS GO TO QA31

POSER QA30b AU SPLIT B - LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA31

QA30b To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: The European Union enables European citizens to better benefit from the positive effects of globalisation.

QA30b Dans quelle mesure êtes-vous d'accord ou pas d'accord avec la proposition suivante : L'Union européenne permet aux citoyens européens de mieux bénéficier des effets positifs de la mondialisation.

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Totally agree	1
Tend to agree	2
Tend to disagree	3
Totally disagree	4
DK	5

Tout à fait d'accord	1
Plutôt d'accord	2
Plutôt pas d'accord	3
Pas du tout d'accord	4
NSP	5

EB66.1 QA45b

EB66.1 QA45b

ASK ALL

QA31	Overall, thinking about global warming, do you think that it is a matter that should be dealt with by the European Union urgently or not? It should be dealt with by the European Union...
------	--

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Very urgently	1
Fairly urgently	2
Not really urgently	3
Not at all urgently	4
DK	5

NEW

QA32	More precisely, please tell me to what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement about climate change: The European Union should urgently put new policies in place to reduce greenhouse gas emission by at least 20% by 2020.
------	---

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Totally agree	1
Tend to agree	2
Tend to disagree	3
Totally disagree	4
DK	5

NEW

A TOUS

QA31	D'une manière générale, en pensant au réchauffement de la planète, pensez-vous que c'est une question qui devrait être traitée par l'Union européenne de manière urgente ou pas ? Cela devrait être traité par l'Union européenne ...
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(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

De manière très urgente	1
De manière plutôt urgente	2
De manière pas vraiment urgente	3
De manière pas du tout urgente	4
NSP	5

NEW

QA32	Et plus précisément, pourriez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec l'affirmation suivante sur le changement climatique : l'Union européenne devrait mettre en œuvre de nouvelles politiques de manière urgente pour réduire les émissions de gaz à effet de serre d'au moins 20% d'ici à 2020.
------	---

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Tout à fait d'accord	1
Plutôt d'accord	2
Plutôt pas d'accord	3
Pas du tout d'accord	4
NSP	5

NEW

QA33: DO NOT ASK ITEM 2 in CY(tcc) – ASK ITEM 3 ONLY in CY(tcc)

QA33 : NE PAS POSER ITEM 2 en CY(tcc) – POSER ITEM 3 UNIQUEMENT en CY(tcc)

QA33 People may feel different levels of attachment to their village, town or city, to their country or to the European Union. Please tell me how attached you feel to...

QA33 Les gens peuvent se sentir attachés à des degrés divers à leur ville ou village, à leur pays ou à l'Union européenne. Veuillez me dire dans quelle mesure vous vous sentez attaché(e) à ...

(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

	(READ OUT)	Very attached	Fairly attached	Not very attached	Not at all attached	DK
1	Your city\ town\ village	1	2	3	4	5
2	(OUR COUNTRY)	1	2	3	4	5
3	Our community	1	2	3	4	5
4	European Union	1	2	3	4	5

EB67.1 QA14 (ITEMS 1-4 AND 6) - EB65.2 QA35 (ITEM 5) - TREND MODIFIED

(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

	(LIRE)	Très attaché(e)	Assez attaché(e)	Pas très attaché(e)	Pas du tout attaché(e)	NSP
1	Votre ville\ village	1	2	3	4	5
2	(NOTRE PAYS)	1	2	3	4	5
3	Notre communauté	1	2	3	4	5
4	L'Union européenne	1	2	3	4	5

EB67.1 QA14 (ITEMS 1-4 AND 6) - EB65.2 QA35 (ITEM 5) - TREND MODIFIED

ASK QA34a ONLY IN EU27 – ASK ITEM 10 ONLY in EU15 – OTHERS GO TO QA34b

POSER QA34a UNIQUEMENT EN UE27 - POSER ITEM 10 UNIQUEMENT EN EU15 - LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA34b

QA34a Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

QA34a Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?

	(READ OUT)	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	DK
1	I feel I am safer because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU	1	2	3
2	I feel we are more stable economically because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU	1	2	3
3	I feel we are more stable politically because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU	1	2	3
4	My voice counts in the European Union	1	2	3
5	I understand how the European Union works	1	2	3
6	(OUR COUNTRY)'s voice counts in the EU	1	2	3
7	(OUR COUNTRY) will become more influential in the EU in the future	1	2	3
8	The interests of (OUR COUNTRY) are well taken into account in the EU	1	2	3
9	The biggest countries have the most power in the EU	1	2	3
10	(OUR COUNTRY) is more influential in the EU now than it was ten years ago	1	2	3
11	I feel very much involved in European affairs	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA12 (ITEMS 4, 5 AND 11) - EB65.2 QA15a (ITEMS 1-3 AND 7-9) - EB62.0 (ITEMS 6 AND 10) - (FILTER MODIFIED)

	(LIRE)	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	NSP
1	J'ai le sentiment d'être plus en sécurité parce que (NOTRE PAYS) est membre de l'UE	1	2	3
2	J'ai le sentiment que nous sommes plus stables économiquement parce que (NOTRE PAYS) est membre de l'Union européenne	1	2	3
3	J'ai le sentiment que nous sommes plus stables politiquement parce que (NOTRE PAYS) est membre de l'Union européenne	1	2	3
4	Ma voix compte dans l'Union européenne	1	2	3
5	Je comprends le fonctionnement de l'Union européenne	1	2	3
6	La voix de (NOTRE PAYS) compte dans l'UE	1	2	3
7	(NOTRE PAYS) va avoir plus d'influence dans l'UE	1	2	3
8	Les intérêts de (NOTRE PAYS) sont bien pris en compte dans l'UE	1	2	3
9	Ce sont les plus grands pays qui ont le plus de pouvoir dans l'UE	1	2	3
10	(NOTRE PAYS) a plus d'influence dans l'UE actuellement qu'il y a dix ans	1	2	3
11	Je me sens très impliqué(e) dans les affaires européennes	1	2	3

EB66.1 QA12 (ITEMS 4, 5 AND 11) - EB65.2 QA15a (ITEMS 1-3 AND 7-9) - EB62.0 (ITEMS 6 AND 10) - (FILTER MODIFIED)

ASK QA34b ONLY in TR, HR, FYROM and CY(tcc) – DO NOT ASK ITEMS 2, 4, 8 and 10 in CY(tcc) – ASK ITEM 3, 5, 9 and 11 ONLY in CY(tcc) – OTHERS GO TO QA35a

QA34b Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree?

	(READ OUT)	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	DK
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1	I feel I would be safer if (OUR COUNTRY) would be a member of the EU	1	2	3
2	I feel we would be more stable economically if (OUR COUNTRY) would be a member of the EU	1	2	3
3	I feel we would be more stable economically if the Turkish Cypriot Community had the full application of the EU legislation	1	2	3
4	I feel we would be more stable politically if (OUR COUNTRY) would be a member of the EU	1	2	3
5	I feel we would be more stable politically if the Turkish Cypriot Community had the full application of the EU legislation	1	2	3
6	My voice counts in the European Union	1	2	3
7	I understand how the European Union works	1	2	3
8	The interests of (OUR COUNTRY) are well taken into account in the EU	1	2	3
9	The interests of our community are well taken into account in the EU	1	2	3
10	(OUR COUNTRY) will become more influential in the EU in the future	1	2	3
11	Our community will become more influential in the EU in the future	1	2	3
12	The biggest countries have the most power in the EU	1	2	3

EB65.2 QA15b (FILTER MODIFIED)

POSER QA34b UNIQUEMENT en TR, HR, CY(tcc) et ARYM - NE PAS POSER ITEMS 2, 4, 8 et 10 en CY(tcc) - POSER ITEMS 3, 5, 9 et 11 UNIQUEMENT en CY(tcc) - LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA35a

QA34b Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?

	(LIRE)	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	NSP
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1	J'ai le sentiment que je serais plus en sécurité si (NOTRE PAYS) était membre de l'UE	1	2	3
2	J'ai le sentiment que nous serions plus stables économiquement si (NOTRE PAYS) était membre de l'UE	1	2	3
3	J'ai le sentiment que nous serions plus stables économiquement si on appliquait complètement la législation de l'Union européenne à la Communauté turque chypriote	1	2	3
4	J'ai le sentiment que nous serions plus stables politiquement si (NOTRE PAYS) était membre de l'UE	1	2	3
5	J'ai le sentiment que nous serions plus stables politiquement si on appliquait complètement la législation de l'Union européenne à la Communauté turque chypriote	1	2	3
6	Ma voix compte dans l'Union européenne	1	2	3
7	Je comprends le fonctionnement de l'Union européenne	1	2	3
8	Les intérêts de (NOTRE PAYS) sont bien pris en compte dans l'UE	1	2	3
9	Les intérêts de notre communauté sont bien pris en compte dans l'UE	1	2	3
10	(NOTRE PAYS) va avoir plus d'influence dans l'UE	1	2	3
11	Notre communauté va avoir plus d'influence dans l'UE	1	2	3
12	Ce sont les plus grands pays qui ont le plus de pouvoir dans l'UE	1	2	3

EB65.2 QA15b (FILTER MODIFIED)

ASK ALL

QA35a Which of the following do you think is the most positive result of European integration? (M)

QA35b And the second most positive result?

(SHOW CARD – ONE ANSWER PER COLUMN)

(READ OUT)	QA35a FIRSTLY	QA35b SECONDLY
Peace among the Member States of the EU	1	1
The free movement of people, goods and services within the EU	2	2
The Euro	3	3
Student exchange programmes such as ERASMUS	4	4
The Common agricultural policy	5	5
None (SPONTANEOUS)	6	6
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	7	7
DK	8	8

EB65.1 QA12a&b TREND MODIFIED

QA36a We are celebrating this year the 50th anniversary of the Rome Treaty, which marks the origin of the creation of the European Union as it stands today. When you think of this anniversary, which words come to your mind first?

(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Hope	1
Sorrow	2
Pride	3
Worry	4
Satisfaction	5
Disappointment	6
Nothing	7
DK	8

NEW

A TOUS

QA35a Parmi les suivants, quel est selon vous le résultat le plus positif de l'unification européenne ?

QA35b Et le deuxième résultat le plus positif ?

(MONTRER CARTE – UNE REPONSE PAR COLONNE)

(LIRE)	QA35a EN PREMIER	QA35b EN DEUXIEME
La paix entre les Etats membres de l'UE	1	1
La libre circulation des personnes, des biens et des services au sein de l'UE	2	2
L'Euro	3	3
Les programmes d'échanges pour les étudiants tels que ERASMUS	4	4
La Politique Agricole Commune	5	5
Aucun (SPONTANE)	6	6
Autre (SPONTANE)	7	7
NSP	8	8

EB65.1 QA12a&b TREND MODIFIED

QA36a Cette année, nous célébrons le 50ième anniversaire du Traité de Rome qui est à l'origine de la création de l'Union européenne telle que l'on la connaît aujourd'hui. Quand vous pensez à cet anniversaire, quel mot vous vient en premier à l'esprit ?

(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Espoir	1
Tristesse	2
Fierté	3
Inquiétude	4
Satisfaction	5
Déception	6
Rien	7
NSP	8

NEW

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QA36b	Any others?
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(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

Hope	1,
Sorrow	2,
Pride	3,
Worry	4,
Satisfaction	5,
Disappointment	6,
Nothing	7,
DK	8,

NEW

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QA37	Would you say that you are very optimistic, fairly optimistic, fairly pessimistic or very pessimistic about the future of the European Union ...?
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(ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Very optimistic	1
Fairly optimistic	2
Fairly pessimistic	3
Very pessimistic	4
DK	5

NEW

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QA36b	Et quels autres ?
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(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – MAX. 2 REPONSES)
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Espoir	1,
Tristesse	2,
Fierté	3,
Inquiétude	4,
Satisfaction	5,
Déception	6,
Rien	7,
NSP	8,

NEW

--

QA37	Diriez-vous que vous êtes très optimiste, plutôt optimiste, plutôt pessimiste ou très pessimiste concernant le futur de l'Union européenne ?
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(UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Très optimiste	1
Plutôt optimiste	2
Plutôt pessimiste	3
Très pessimiste	4
NSP	5

NEW

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QA38 For each of the following, please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union...?

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	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Yes, probably	No, probably not	DK
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1	Will have its own president directly elected by European citizens	1	2	3
2	Will only be a secondary economic power	1	2	3
3	Will have, with the euro, a more powerful currency than the dollar	1	2	3
4	Will be a leading diplomatic power in the world	1	2	3
5	Will have its own army	1	2	3

NEW

QA39 The European Union already has a Common Foreign and Security Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements?

	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	DK
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1	The EU should have its own Foreign Minister who can be the spokesperson for a common EU position	1	2	3
2	EU foreign policy should be independent of United States foreign policy	1	2	3
3	The EU should have a common immigration policy towards people from outside the EU	1	2	3

EB65.2 QA32

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QA38 Dites-moi si, selon vous, dans 50 ans, l'Union européenne ... ?

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	(LIRE – ROTATION)	Oui, probablem ent	Non, probablem ent pas	NSP
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1	Aura son propre président, élu directement par les citoyens européens	1	2	3
2	Sera seulement une puissance économique secondaire	1	2	3
3	Aura, avec l'Euro, une monnaie plus puissante que le dollar	1	2	3
4	Sera une puissance diplomatique de premier plan au niveau mondial	1	2	3
5	Aura sa propre armée	1	2	3

NEW

QA39 Il existe déjà une Politique étrangère et de sécurité commune et une Politique européenne de sécurité et de défense dans l'Union européenne. Il y a aujourd'hui un débat pour savoir dans quelle mesure ces politiques devraient être développées. Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec chacune des propositions suivantes ? (M)

	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	NSP
--	-------------------	--------------------	------------------------	-----

1	L'UE devrait avoir son propre Ministre des Affaires étrangères, qui puisse être le porte-parole de la position commune de l'UE	1	2	3
2	La politique étrangère de l'UE devrait être autonome de la politique étrangère américaine	1	2	3
3	Les Etats membres de l'UE devraient avoir une politique d'immigration commune à l'égard des personnes venant de pays non membres de l'UE	1	2	3

EB65.2 QA32

--

QA40	In your opinion, among the following issues, which are those that most create a feeling of community among European Union citizens?
------	---

(READ OUT – ROTATE – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

History	1,
Religion	2,
Values	3,
Geography	4,
Languages	5,
Legislation	6,
Sports	7,
Inventions, science and technology	8,
Economy	9,
Welfare State	10,
Solidarity with poorer regions	11,
Culture	12,
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	13,
None, such a feeling does not exist (SPONTANEOUS)	14,
Others (SPONTANEOUS)	15,
DK	16,

NEW

--

QA40	A votre avis, parmi les domaines suivants, quelles sont ceux qui créent le plus un sentiment de communauté parmi les citoyens de l'Union européenne ?
------	---

(LIRE – ROTATION – MAX. 3 REPONSES)

L'histoire	1,
La religion	2,
Les valeurs	3,
La géographie	4,
Les langues	5,
La législation	6,
Les sports	7,
Les inventions, les sciences et la technologie	8,
L'économie	9,
L'Etat providence	10,
La solidarité avec les régions plus pauvres	11,
La culture	12,
Aucune de celles-ci (SPONTANE)	13,
Rien, un tel sentiment n'existe pas (SPONTANE)	14,
Autres (SPONTANE)	15,
NSP	16,

NEW

QA41	European integration has been focusing on various issues in the last years. In your opinion, which aspects should be emphasized by the European institutions in the coming years, to strengthen the European Union in the future?

(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ROTATE – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

The Internal market	1,
Cultural policy	2,
European foreign policy	3,
European defence policy	4,
Immigration issues	5,
European education policy	6,
Environment issues	7,
Energy issues	8,
Solidarity with poorer regions	9,
Scientific research	10,
Social issues	11,
The fight against crime	12,
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	13,
Others (SPONTANEOUS)	14,
DK	15,

NEW

QA42	Have you ever seen this symbol?
------	---------------------------------

(SHOW EUROPEAN FLAG)

Yes	1
No	2
DK	3

EB65.2 QA7

QA41	L'intégration européenne a mis l'accent sur différentes questions ces dernières années. A votre avis, sur quels aspects les institutions européennes devraient-elles mettre l'accent au cours des prochaines années pour renforcer l'Union européenne à l'avenir?

(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – ROTATION – MAX. 3 REPONSES)

Le marché intérieur	1,
La politique culturelle	2,
La politique étrangère européenne	3,
La politique européenne de défense	4,
Les questions d'immigration	5,
La politique européenne de l'éducation	6,
Les questions environnementales	7,
Les questions énergétiques	8,
La solidarité avec les régions plus pauvres	9,
La recherche scientifique	10,
Les questions sociales	11,
La lutte contre l'insécurité	12,
Aucun de ceux-ci (SPONTANE)	13,
Autres (SPONTANE)	14,
NSP	15,

NEW

QA42	Avez-vous déjà vu ce symbole ?
------	--------------------------------

(MONTRER LE DRAPEAU EUROPEEN)

Oui	1
Non	2
NSP	3

EB65.2 QA7

QA43: DO NOT ASK ITEMS 1, 3 AND 4 IN CY(tcc)

QA43 This symbol is the European flag. I have a list of statements concerning it. I would like to have your opinion on each of these. For each of them, could you please tell me if you tend to agree or tend to disagree?

	(READ OUT)	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	DK
--	------------	---------------	------------------	----

1	This flag is a good symbol for Europe	1	2	3
2	This flag stands for something good	1	2	3
3	I identify with this flag	1	2	3
4	This flag should be seen on all public buildings in (OUR COUNTRY) next to the national flag	1	2	3

EB65.2 QA9

ASK QA44a AND QA44b ONLY in DE

QA44a In the European Union, each Member State, in turn, becomes the President of the Council of the European Union for six months. Right now, it's the turn of Germany. Have you recently read in the newspapers or heard on the radio or television anything about Germany's presidency? (M)

Yes	1
No	2
DK	3

EB66.1 QA21a

QA44b Whether you have heard about it or not, do you think it is important or not that Germany is President of the Council of the European Union at this time? Would you say it is...? (M)

(READ OUT)

Very important	1
Important	2
Not very important	3
Not at all important	4
DK	5

EB66.1 QA21b

QA43 : NE PAS POSER ITEMS 1, 3 ET 4 EN CY(tcc)

QA43 Ce symbole est le drapeau européen. Voici une liste de propositions concernant le drapeau européen. J'aimerais connaître votre opinion sur chacune d'elles. Pour chaque proposition, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord ?

	(LIRE)	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	NSP
--	--------	-----------------	---------------------	-----

1	Ce drapeau est un bon symbole pour l'Europe	1	2	3
2	Ce drapeau représente quelque chose de bien	1	2	3
3	Je m'identifie à ce drapeau	1	2	3
4	Ce drapeau devrait se trouver sur tous les bâtiments publics de (NOTRE PAYS) à côté du drapeau national	1	2	3

EB65.2 QA9

POSER QA44a ET QA44b UNIQUEMENT en DE

QA44a Dans l'Union européenne, chaque Etat membre devient, à son tour, le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne pendant six mois. A l'heure actuelle, c'est le tour de l'Allemagne. Avez-vous récemment lu dans les journaux ou entendu à la radio ou à la télévision quelque chose au sujet de la présidence de l'Allemagne ? (M)

Oui	1
Non	2
NSP	3

EB66.1 QA21a

QA44b Que vous ayez ou non entendu parler de quelque chose à ce sujet, pensez-vous que c'est important ou non que l'Allemagne soit en ce moment le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne ? Diriez-vous que c'est ... ? (M)

(LIRE)

Très important	1
Important	2
Pas très important	3
Pas du tout important	4
NSP	5

EB66.1 QA21b

ASK QA44c AND QA44d ONLY in PT

QA44c In the European Union, each Member State, in turn, becomes the President of the Council of the European Union for six months. From July the 1st 2007 it will be the turn of Portugal. Have you recently read in the newspapers or heard on the radio or television anything about Portugal's presidency? (M)

Yes	1
No	2
DK	3

EB66.1 QA21c

QA44d Whether you have heard about it or not, do you think it is important or not that Portugal will be President of the Council of the European Union from the 1st of July 2007? Would you say it is...? (M)

(READ OUT)

Very important	1
Important	2
Not very important	3
Not at all important	4
DK	5

EB66.1 QA21d

POSER QA44c ET QA44d UNIQUEMENT en PT

QA44c Dans l'Union européenne, chaque Etat membre devient, à son tour, le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne pendant six mois. A partir du 1er juillet 2007 ce sera le tour du Portugal. Avez-vous récemment lu dans les journaux ou entendu à la radio ou à la télévision quelque chose au sujet de la présidence portugaise ? (M)

Oui	1
Non	2
NSP	3

EB66.1 QA21c

QA44d Que vous ayez ou non entendu parler de quelque chose à ce sujet, pensez-vous que c'est important ou non que le Portugal devienne le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne à partir du 1er juillet 2007 ? Diriez-vous que c'est ... ? (M)

(LIRE)

Très important	1
Important	2
Pas très important	3
Pas du tout important	4
NSP	5

EB66.1 QA21d

ASK ALL

QA45 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?

	(READ OUT - ROTATE)	Efficient	Inefficient	DK
--	---------------------	-----------	-------------	----

1	A Common European history book that will be given to all the pupils and students in the EU	1	2	3
2	A common European curriculum on European education for all teachers	1	2	3
3	To create European schools and universities in all Member states that will be focused on European issues	1	2	3
4	To develop new and enhance existing exchange programs between European schools and universities	1	2	3

NEW

A TOUS

QA45 Pour chacune des mesures qui pourraient être prises pour apprendre aux étudiants et aux élèves ce qu'est l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si vous la trouvez efficace ou pas efficace ?

	(LIRE - ROTATION)	Efficace	Pas efficace	NSP
--	-------------------	----------	--------------	-----

1	Un livre commun d'histoire européenne qui serait donné à tous les élèves et étudiants de l'UE	1	2	3
2	Un programme d'études européen commun pour tous les professeurs	1	2	3
3	Créer des écoles européennes dans tous les Etats membres et qui se concentreraient sur les questions européennes	1	2	3
4	Développer et améliorer les programmes d'échanges existants entre les écoles et les universités européennes	1	2	3

NEW

ASK QA46 TO QA48 ONLY IN EU27 - OTHERS GO TO QA49

POSER QA46 A QA48 UNIQUEMENT EN UE27 - LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA49

QA46 Private companies such as airline companies, banks, hotels, telecom providers or car rental companies, collect personal data for commercial purposes. In your opinion, how well does (NATIONALITY) law protect the use of such data?

QA46 Les compagnies privées telles que les compagnies aériennes, les banques, les hôtels, les fournisseurs de télécommunications ou les agences de location de voitures, recueillent des données personnelles sur les individus pour des raisons commerciales. A votre avis, dans quelle mesure l'utilisation de ces données est-elle protégée par la législation (NATIONALITE) ?

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Protects very well	1
Protects fairly well	2
Protects not very well	3
Protects not at all	4
DK	5

NEW

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Très bien protégée	1
Plutôt bien protégée	2
Pas très bien protégée	3
Pas du tout protégée	4
NSP	5

NEW

QA47 Overall, how well informed would you say you are about the rules and requirements for protecting the personal data of citizens in (OUR COUNTRY)?

QA47 En général, dans quelle mesure diriez-vous que vous êtes informé(e) des règles et obligations protégeant les données personnelles des citoyens en (NOTRE PAYS) ?

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Very well informed	1
Fairly well informed	2
Not very well informed	3
Not at all informed	4
DK	5

NEW

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Très bien informé(e)	1
Plutôt bien informé(e)	2
Pas très bien informé(e)	3
Pas du tout informé(e)	4
NSP	5

NEW

QA48	As regards giving law enforcement authorities access to personal data for the purpose of fighting crime and terrorism, which of the following statements comes closest to your view?
------	--

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

It is an unwarranted intrusion into citizens' personal affairs	1
Compared to the benefits, it is only a minor inconvenience	2
It is not an intrusion at all	3
DK	4

NEW

ASK ALL

QA49: DO NOT ASK ITEM 1 in CY(tcc) – ASK ITEM 2 ONLY in CY(tcc)

QA49	How would you judge the current situation in each of the following?
------	---

(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

	(READ OUT)	Very good	Rather good	Rather bad	Very bad	DK
1	The situation of the (NATIONALITY) economy	1	2	3	4	5
2	The situation of our economy	1	2	3	4	5
3	Your financial situation	1	2	3	4	5

EB66.1 QA51 (ITEM 1) - EB65.2 QC1 (ITEM 2) - TREND MODIFIED

QA48	Concernant l'accès des autorités policières et judiciaires aux données personnelles pour combattre le crime et le terrorisme, laquelle des propositions suivantes se rapproche le plus de votre opinion ?
------	---

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

C'est une intrusion injustifiée dans la vie privée des citoyens	1
Comparé aux avantages, c'est un inconvénient mineur	2
Ce n'est pas du tout une intrusion	3
NSP	4

NEW

A TOUS

QA49: NE PAS POSER ITEM 1 en CY(tcc) – POSER ITEM 2 UNIQUEMENT en CY(tcc)

QA49	Comment jugez-vous la situation actuelle de chacun des domaines suivants ?
------	--

(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

	(LIRE)	Très bonne	Plutôt bonne	Plutôt mauvaise	Très mauvaise	NSP
1	La situation de l'économie (NATIONALITE)	1	2	3	4	5
2	La situation de notre économie	1	2	3	4	5
3	Votre situation financière	1	2	3	4	5

EB66.1 QA51 (ITEM 1) - EB65.2 QC1 (ITEM 2) - TREND MODIFIED

ASK QA50a TO QA58 ONLY IN EU27 + HR + TR - OTHERS GO TO DEMOGRAPHICS

ASK QA50a and QA51a TO SPLIT A – OTHERS GO TO QA50b

QA50a What was the official growth rate of the economy (measured in terms of Gross Domestic Product) in (OUR COUNTRY) in 2006? I can tell you that this figure is between -1% and 15%.

(WRITE DOWN – ONE ANSWER ONLY) (IF "DK", PLEASE CODE '99999')

--	--	--	--	--

NEW

QA51a Do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), the growth rate in 2006 was higher, lower or equal to the one in 2005?

Higher	1
Lower	2
Equal	3
DK	4

NEW

ASK QA50b and QA51b TO SPLIT B – OTHERS GO TO QA52

QA50b In 2005, the official growth rate (measured in terms of Gross Domestic product) in (OUR COUNTRY) was [INSERT THE EXACT RATE OF YOUR COUNTRY]%. What was the official growth rate of the economy in (OUR COUNTRY) in 2006? I can tell you that this figure is between -1% and 15%.

(WRITE DOWN – ONE ANSWER ONLY) (IF "DK", PLEASE CODE '99999')

--	--	--	--	--

NEW

POSER QA50a A QA58 UNIQUEMENT EN UE27 + HR + TR - LES AUTRES ALLER AUX DEMOGRAPHIQUES

POSER QA50a et QA51a AU SPLIT A – LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA50b

QA50a Quel était le taux officiel de la croissance économique (mesuré en termes de Produit Intérieur Brut) en (NOTRE PAYS) en 2006 ? Je peux vous dire qu'il se situe entre -1% et 15%.

(NOTER – UNE SEULE REPONSE) (SI "NSP", CODER '99999')

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NEW

QA51a Pensez-vous que, en (NOTRE PAYS), le taux de croissance en 2006 était supérieur, inférieur ou égal à celui de 2005 ?

Supérieur	1
Inférieur	2
Egal	3
NSP	4

NEW

POSER QA50b et QA51b AU SPLIT B – LES AUTRES ALLER EN QA52

QA50b En 2005, le taux officiel de la croissance (mesuré en termes de Produit Intérieur Brut) était de [INSERER LE TAUX EXACT DE VOTRE PAYS]%. Quel était le taux officiel de croissance de l'économie en (NOTRE PAYS) en 2006 ? Je peux vous dire qu'il se situait entre -1% et 15%.

(NOTER – UNE SEULE REPONSE) (SI "NSP", CODER '99999')

--	--	--	--	--

NEW

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QA51b	Do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), the growth rate for this year 2007 will be higher, lower or equal to the one in 2006?
-------	--

--

Higher	1
Lower	2
Equal	3
DK	4

NEW

ASK ALL IN EU27 + HR + TR

--

QA52	What was the official inflation rate, the rate of which consumer prices increased or decreased, in (OUR COUNTRY) in 2006? I can tell you that the exact figure is between -1% and 20%.
------	--

(WRITE DOWN – ONE ANSWER ONLY) (IF "DK", PLEASE CODE '99999')

--	--	--	--	--

NEW

--

QA53	Do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), the inflation rate in 2006 was higher, lower or equal to the one in 2005?
------	--

--

Higher	1
Lower	2
Equal	3
DK	4

NEW

--

QA51b	Pensez-vous que, dans (NOTRE PAYS), le taux de croissance en (NOTRE PAYS) pour cette année 2007 sera supérieur, inférieur ou égal à celui de 2006 ?
-------	---

--

Supérieur	1
Inférieur	2
Egal	3
NSP	4

NEW

A TOUS EN UE27 + HR + TR

--

QA52	Quel était le taux officiel de l'inflation, c'est-à-dire le taux qui mesure l'augmentation ou la diminution des prix à la consommation en (NOTRE PAYS) en 2006 ? Je peux vous dire qu'il se situe entre -1% et 20%.
------	---

(NOTER – UNE SEULE REPONSE) (SI "NSP", CODER '99999')

--	--	--	--	--

NEW

--

QA53	Pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS), le taux d'inflation de 2006 était supérieur, inférieur ou égal à celui de 2005 ?
------	--

--

Supérieur	1
Inférieur	2
Egal	3
NSP	4

NEW

--

QA54	What was the official unemployment rate, the percentage of active people who do not have a job, in (OUR COUNTRY) in 2006? I can tell you that the exact figure is between 0% and 20%.
------	---

(WRITE DOWN – ONE ANSWER ONLY) (IF "DK", PLEASE CODE '99999')

--	--	--	--	--

NEW

--

QA55	Do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), the unemployment rate in 2006 was higher, lower or equal to the one in 2005?
------	---

--

Higher	1
Lower	2
Equal	3
DK	4

NEW

--

QA56	Do you agree or disagree with the following statement concerning economic figures like the ones just discussed: "It is necessary to know these figures"?
------	--

(READ OUT)

Totally agree	1
Tend to agree	2
Tend to disagree	3
Totally disagree	4
DK	5

NEW

--

QA54	Quel était le taux officiel du chômage, c'est-à-dire le pourcentage de la population active qui n'a pas d'emploi, en (NOTRE PAYS) en 2006 ? Je peux vous dire que ce taux se situe entre 0% et 20%.
------	---

(NOTER – UNE SEULE REPONSE) (SI "NSP", CODER '99999')

--	--	--	--	--

NEW

--

QA55	Pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS) le taux de chômage en 2006 était supérieur, inférieur ou égal à celui de 2005 ?
------	--

--

Supérieur	1
Inférieur	2
Egal	3
NSP	4

NEW

--

QA56	Etes-vous d'accord ou pas d'accord avec l'affirmation suivante concernant les données économiques que nous venons d'évoquer : "Il est nécessaire de connaître ces données" ?
------	--

(LIRE)

Tout à fait d'accord	1
Plutôt d'accord	2
Plutôt pas d'accord	3
Pas du tout d'accord	4
NSP	5

NEW

--

QA57	Some people say that statistical information play an important role in business, public and political decision making. Personally, do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), political decisions are made on the basis of statistical information?
------	---

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

Yes, certainly	1
Yes, probably	2
No, probably not	3
No, certainly not	4
DK	5

NEW

--

QA58	Personally, how much trust do you have in the official statistics in (OUR COUNTRY), for example the statistics on unemployment, inflation or economic growth? Would you say that you tend to trust these official statistics or tend not to trust them?
------	---

(READ OUT)

Tend to trust	1
Tend not to trust	2
DK	3

NEW

--

QA57	Certaines personnes affirment que les informations statistiques jouent un rôle important dans le monde des affaires et dans les prises de décisions publiques et politiques. Personnellement, pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS), les décisions politiques sont prises sur base d'informations statistiques ?
------	---

(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Oui, certainement	1
Oui, probablement	2
Non, probablement pas	3
Non, certainement pas	4
NSP	5

NEW

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QA58	Personnellement, dans quelle mesure faites-vous confiance aux statistiques officielles en (NOTRE PAYS), par exemple les statistiques sur le chômage, l'inflation ou la croissance économique ? Diriez-vous que vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en ces statistiques officielles ?
------	---

(LIRE)

Plutôt confiance	1
Plutôt pas confiance	2
NSP	3

NEW

TABLES

Eurobarometer 67



QA1 Quand vous êtes entre amis, diriez-vous qu'il vous arrive souvent, de temps en temps ou jamais de discuter politique ?
QA1 When you get together with friends, would you say you discuss political matters frequently, occasionally, or never?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Souvent	EB 67.2 16	EB 66.1 0	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 11	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 9	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 16
De temps en temps	55	0	56	55	56	54	61	58	62	62	62	62	44	42	58	48	55	41
Jamais	28	-1	28	29	33	30	25	17	17	16	13	15	32	49	24	41	30	43
NSP	1	+1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
Frequently	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 11	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 11	EB 67.2 9	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 18
Occasionally	46	62	58	51	51	45	67	70	52	49	55	69	66	69	65	52	56	39
Never	24	23	30	27	28	42	14	20	30	40	32	19	23	22	18	35	29	41
DK	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

	MK
Souvent	EB 67.2 16
De temps en temps	52
Jamais	31
NSP	1

Eurobarometer 67



QA2 Quand vous avez une opinion à laquelle vous tenez beaucoup, vous arrive-t-il de convaincre vos amis, vos collègues, vos relations d'adopter cette opinion ? Cela vous arrive-t-il ... ?
 QA2 When you hold a strong opinion, do you ever find yourself persuading your friends, relatives or fellow workers to share your views? Does this happen...?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Souvent	12	-1	12	12	10	16	7	22	9	10	10	14	17	12	9	9	14	22
De temps en temps	38	+1	39	33	41	31	30	34	39	40	46	37	40	36	31	35	45	30
Rarement	28	+1	28	29	27	31	35	27	35	34	32	29	21	29	29	30	26	23
Jamais	21	-1	20	25	22	21	28	17	16	15	12	19	22	23	30	25	14	25
NSP	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Often	27	16	22	13	18	20	20	9	11	13	12	8	10	10	17	12	28	30
From time to time	43	37	42	32	38	37	58	49	34	45	33	34	34	31	35	36	37	30
Rarely	14	26	19	31	21	24	16	31	27	26	29	34	35	39	29	23	20	16
Never	12	20	17	24	22	18	5	10	27	16	24	23	21	20	19	29	14	22
DK	4	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	2

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Souvent	22
De temps en temps	29
Rarement	22
Jamais	26
NSP	1

Eurobarometer 67



QA3 D'une façon générale, êtes-vous très satisfait(e), plutôt satisfait(e), plutôt pas satisfait(e) ou pas du tout satisfait(e) de la vie que vous menez ?
QA3 On the whole, are you very satisfied, fairly satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all satisfied with the life you lead?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très satisfait(e)	21	-1	24	10	32	2	13	64	27	24	12	11	10	21	18	35	11	35
Plutôt satisfait(e)	59	-1	60	56	57	34	69	33	61	62	68	67	57	67	64	55	63	52
Plutôt pas satisfait(e)	15	+1	13	25	9	41	15	2	9	11	16	19	25	11	13	5	20	10
Pas du tout satisfait(e)	4	0	3	8	2	22	2	1	2	3	4	3	8	1	5	3	5	3
NSP	1	+1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
Satisfait(e)	80	-2	84	66	89	36	82	97	88	86	80	78	67	88	82	90	74	87
Pas satisfait(e)	19	+1	16	33	11	63	17	3	11	14	20	22	33	12	18	8	25	13

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very satisfied	27	8	10	8	46	28	51	18	13	6	5	24	11	35	49	32	16	34
Fairly satisfied	43	55	55	43	46	54	46	66	64	56	48	67	61	59	48	57	56	42
Not very satisfied	21	31	27	34	6	14	3	14	18	29	36	9	24	5	3	9	21	13
Not at all satisfied	8	6	7	15	2	3	0	1	4	9	11	0	4	1	0	2	6	11
DK	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Satisfied	70	63	65	51	92	82	97	84	77	62	53	91	72	94	97	89	72	76
Not satisfied	29	37	34	49	8	17	3	15	22	38	47	9	28	6	3	11	27	24

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Très satisfait(e)	12
Plutôt satisfait(e)	54
Plutôt pas satisfait(e)	17
Pas du tout satisfait(e)	17
NSP	0
Satisfait(e)	66
Pas satisfait(e)	34

Eurobarometer 67



QA4.1 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois seront-ils meilleurs, moins bons ou sans changement, en ce qui concerne ... ?

Votre vie en général

QA4.1 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

Your life in general

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.3	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Meilleurs	37	+2	37	36	35	22	27	43	26	25	23	46	36	43	42	47	37	35
Moins bons	11	+1	9	16	7	21	17	2	10	11	16	7	16	8	6	5	13	13
Sans changement	49	-3	51	45	58	52	54	54	63	62	59	44	48	47	48	46	44	45
NSP	3	0	3	3	0	5	2	1	1	2	2	3	0	2	4	2	6	7

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Better	40	48	45	20	32	35	32	27	40	26	43	34	36	37	47	48	34	44
Worse	13	8	10	37	7	11	3	10	11	24	15	7	14	4	2	8	15	16
Same	35	41	42	42	58	41	64	60	45	47	38	57	47	58	48	42	50	27
DK	12	3	3	1	3	13	1	3	4	3	4	2	3	1	3	2	1	13

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Meilleurs	44
Moins bons	15
Sans changement	38
NSP	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA4.2 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois seront-ils meilleurs, moins bons ou sans changement, en ce qui concerne ... ?

La situation économique en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA4.2 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

The economic situation in (OUR COUNTRY)

	EU27	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	UE27	UE25																
Meilleurs	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.3	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Moins bons	28	+8	28	28	23	20	21	19	43	41	36	37	16	29	27	28	25	14
Sans changement	27	-7	28	27	28	27	35	12	18	19	24	19	52	25	24	27	31	53
NSP	38	-1	38	37	47	39	40	67	37	38	38	38	32	37	36	37	39	26
	7	0	6	8	2	14	4	2	2	2	2	6	0	9	13	8	5	7

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Better	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Worse	24	41	11	14	30	41	31	33	15	30	28	40	21	37	16	19	38	34
Same	27	15	60	39	26	12	16	20	50	25	25	22	17	21	40	37	32	26
DK	44	37	26	38	24	45	47	40	31	32	44	35	59	35	35	40	17	35
	5	7	3	9	20	2	6	7	4	13	3	3	3	7	9	4	13	5

Eurobarometer 67



QA4.3 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois seront-ils meilleurs, moins bons ou sans changement, en ce qui concerne ... ?

La situation économique dans la Communauté turque chypriote

QA4.3 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

The economic situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Meilleurs	35
Moins bons	21
Sans changement	35
NSP	9

Eurobarometer 67



QA4.4 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois seront-ils meilleurs, moins bons ou sans changement, en ce qui concerne ... ?

La situation financière de votre ménage

QA4.4 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

The financial situation of your household

	EU27	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	UE27	UE25																
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.3	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Meilleurs	27	+2	27	29	24	18	18	30	18	18	18	38	24	30	30	35	25	15
Moins bons	16	0	15	20	10	25	26	8	21	22	25	7	22	12	13	8	15	27
Sans changement	54	-2	56	48	65	51	54	60	60	59	57	53	53	56	53	53	55	54
NSP	3	0	2	3	1	6	2	2	1	1	0	2	1	2	4	4	5	4

	CY	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	(tcc)																	
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Better	34	39	38	15	19	18	28	25	31	17	39	21	30	24	38	35	27	39
Worse	11	12	11	48	8	17	9	12	13	25	17	11	21	5	12	14	16	18
Same	44	46	48	36	72	59	62	61	53	56	39	66	46	70	49	48	55	34
DK	11	3	3	1	1	6	1	2	3	2	5	2	3	1	1	3	2	9

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Meilleurs	33
Moins bons	19
Sans changement	45
NSP	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA4.5 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois seront-ils meilleurs, moins bons ou sans changement, en ce qui concerne ... ?

La situation de l'emploi en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA4.5 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY)

	EU27	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	UE27	UE25																
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.3	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Meilleurs	31	+9	31	33	24	23	20	28	47	44	32	38	13	30	32	24	24	11
Moins bons	27	-6	28	23	35	16	29	11	19	21	31	12	52	24	25	30	34	50
Sans changement	35	-3	35	34	40	38	48	59	31	32	34	39	35	36	33	38	37	29
NSP	7	0	6	10	1	23	3	2	3	3	3	11	0	10	10	8	5	10

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Better	36	53	9	13	31	52	35	46	11	30	21	39	38	54	16	19	34	28
Worse	13	7	57	52	30	13	23	13	58	26	32	24	18	13	36	36	35	34
Same	43	31	30	26	25	32	36	33	27	29	43	34	42	27	39	40	20	33
DK	8	9	4	9	14	3	6	8	4	15	4	3	2	6	9	5	11	5

Eurobarometer 67



QA4.6 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois seront-ils meilleurs, moins bons ou sans changement, en ce qui concerne ... ?

La situation de l'emploi dans la Communauté turque chypriote

QA4.6 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

The employment situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Meilleurs	29
Moins bons	22
Sans changement	34
NSP	15

Eurobarometer 67



QA4.7 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois seront-ils meilleurs, moins bons ou sans changement, en ce qui concerne ... ?

Votre situation professionnelle

QA4.7 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

Your personal job situation

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Meilleurs	67.2	66.3	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Moins bons	23	+1	24	21	22	14	13	25	20	19	18	32	18	27	28	29	24	12
Sans changement	8	+1	8	9	5	11	12	3	8	8	9	3	8	6	5	4	12	10
NSP	60	-2	61	56	64	67	63	70	64	64	64	45	73	65	54	57	60	61
	9	0	7	14	9	8	12	2	8	9	9	20	1	2	13	10	4	17

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Better	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Worse	30	30	33	10	14	17	28	23	22	14	26	17	25	17	27	27	22	35
Same	10	5	12	23	4	7	6	8	4	14	8	7	12	3	3	6	9	17
DK	46	45	37	59	76	44	56	60	66	66	36	72	49	77	62	59	51	37
	14	20	18	8	6	32	10	9	8	6	30	4	14	3	8	8	18	11

	MK
	EB
Meilleurs	67.2
Moins bons	27
Sans changement	18
NSP	49
	6

Eurobarometer 67



QA4.8 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois seront-ils meilleurs, moins bons ou sans changement, en ce qui concerne ... ?

La situation économique dans l'Union européenne

QA4.8 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be better, worse or the same, when it comes to...?

The economic situation in the EU

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Meilleurs	28	27	34	27	21	21	24	28	28	29	35	23	30	28	24	29	21	34
Moins bons	16	18	9	25	9	19	18	15	15	18	7	23	12	15	10	21	19	13
Sans changement	38	39	35	45	24	51	47	48	47	42	40	51	33	37	40	37	24	25
NSP	18	16	22	3	46	9	11	9	10	11	18	3	25	20	26	13	36	28

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Better	30	45	19	27	31	35	31	40	21	37	32	41	15	18	18	22	36	41
Worse	9	5	36	16	10	20	19	4	22	8	13	13	22	15	22	23	18	11
Same	43	33	28	41	21	36	38	39	39	22	50	34	52	40	35	39	16	28
DK	18	17	17	16	38	9	12	17	18	33	5	12	11	27	25	16	30	20

Eurobarometer 67



QA5 Si vous comparez votre situation actuelle à celle d'il y a cinq ans, pensez-vous qu'elle s'est améliorée, qu'elle est restée à peu près la même ou qu'elle s'est dégradée ?
 QA5 If you compare your present situation with five years ago, would you say it has improved, stayed about the same, or got worse?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
S'est améliorée	67.2	66.3	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Restée la même	38	-1	38	39	42	20	36	63	30	29	25	75	27	49	36	66	28	46
S'est dégradée	33	-2	33	32	35	41	39	25	34	35	38	16	36	34	28	25	39	29
NSP	28	+3	28	27	23	37	24	12	35	35	37	8	37	17	35	8	31	24
	1	0	1	2	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	1

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Improved	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Stayed about the same	60	58	60	18	44	46	51	29	41	22	45	42	41	51	63	47	38	51
Got worse	24	23	26	23	36	28	31	50	30	39	33	38	37	34	24	28	33	20
DK	14	18	13	59	19	25	18	20	26	38	20	19	22	15	11	24	28	29
	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	2	1	0	0	2	1	1	0

	MK
	EB
	67.2
S'est améliorée	28
Restée la même	40
S'est dégradée	31
NSP	1

Eurobarometer 67



QA6 Au cours des cinq années à venir, vous attendez-vous à ce que votre situation personnelle s'améliore, reste à peu près la même ou se dégrade ?
QA6 In the course of the next five years, do you expect your personal situation to improve, to stay about the same or to get worse?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.3	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
S'améliore	43	+2	43	45	40	34	29	48	30	30	30	61	38	55	48	53	39	39
Reste la même	38	-2	40	32	48	33	43	44	47	47	49	26	34	36	36	34	40	24
Se dégrade	14	0	13	14	11	16	23	7	20	20	19	7	26	5	13	6	14	25
NSP	5	0	4	9	1	17	5	1	3	3	2	6	2	4	3	7	7	12

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Improve	55	58	52	29	40	48	40	31	46	50	57	45	47	43	52	51	44	51
Stay about the same	24	27	28	31	46	24	50	53	34	32	23	40	35	45	37	33	33	19
Get worse	11	10	9	35	10	12	8	10	11	14	8	13	12	10	8	12	15	15
DK	10	5	11	5	4	16	2	6	9	4	12	2	6	2	3	4	8	15

	MK
	EB
	67.2
S'améliore	64
Reste la même	23
Se dégrade	7
NSP	6

Eurobarometer 67



QA7a.1 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
La situation de l'économie (NATIONALITE)

QA7a.1 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
The situation of the (NATIONALITY) economy

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	5	-1	6	1	6	1	1	25	9	8	6	3	1	3	2	20	4	6
Un peu meilleure	33	-2	38	12	56	4	19	42	55	56	59	19	7	31	28	51	19	44
Un peu moins bonne	32	+3	30	41	23	21	54	24	22	23	24	47	25	33	42	12	47	19
Vraiment moins bonne	17	+3	11	38	3	65	18	3	3	3	3	16	63	13	13	4	16	8
Identique (SPONTANE)	6	-2	7	3	10	2	6	4	6	6	5	6	4	7	5	4	8	9
NSP	7	-1	8	5	2	7	2	2	5	4	3	9	0	13	10	9	6	14
Meilleure	38	-3	44	13	62	5	20	67	64	64	65	22	8	34	30	71	23	50
Moins bonne	49	+6	41	79	26	86	72	27	25	26	27	63	88	46	55	16	63	27

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	0	1	1	48	1	13	11	2	1	2	1	3	6	11	8	1	7	2
Somewhat better	8	12	4	36	17	60	59	11	5	9	19	29	68	64	41	10	20	8
Somewhat less good	44	43	39	6	40	10	11	48	38	27	52	47	17	12	21	42	33	22
Definitely less good	41	36	52	0	21	1	2	32	48	54	10	15	2	1	8	39	28	64
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	1	2	3	4	8	13	13	2	4	1	12	4	4	4	6	4	2	2
DK	6	6	1	6	13	3	4	5	4	7	6	2	3	8	16	4	10	2
Better	8	13	5	84	18	73	70	13	6	11	20	32	74	75	49	11	27	10
Less good	85	79	91	6	61	11	13	80	86	81	62	62	19	13	29	81	61	86

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QA7a.2 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
La situation de l'emploi en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7a.2 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
The employment situation in (OUR COUNTRY)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	4	0	5	1	5	1	1	34	3	2	1	5	1	3	1	19	4	5
Un peu meilleure	28	+2	32	13	47	7	29	37	40	38	26	28	4	29	21	49	20	42
Un peu moins bonne	35	+1	34	38	30	23	45	22	39	41	49	35	26	32	46	14	42	26
Vraiment moins bonne	19	-2	13	39	6	56	12	3	7	8	12	10	63	13	17	4	20	10
Identique (SPONTANÉ)	7	0	8	4	11	4	11	3	6	6	8	8	6	10	7	4	9	4
NSP	7	-1	8	5	1	9	2	1	5	5	4	14	0	13	8	10	5	13
Meilleure	32	+2	37	14	52	8	30	71	43	40	27	33	5	32	22	68	24	47
Moins bonne	54	-1	47	77	36	79	57	25	46	49	61	45	89	45	63	18	62	36

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	2	2	0	31	1	13	10	2	1	2	1	2	3	10	6	1	5	0
Somewhat better	18	19	7	45	19	59	61	10	5	8	22	25	58	63	39	6	14	6
Somewhat less good	42	42	40	11	34	10	13	41	39	28	46	50	28	15	26	41	37	17
Definitely less good	24	25	44	3	23	2	3	41	48	53	10	18	2	1	7	44	32	74
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	5	4	6	5	12	12	11	2	4	3	15	3	5	5	6	5	2	2
DK	9	8	3	5	11	4	2	4	3	6	6	2	4	6	16	3	10	1
Better	20	21	7	76	20	72	71	12	6	10	23	27	61	73	45	7	19	6
Less good	66	67	84	14	57	12	16	82	87	81	56	68	30	16	33	85	69	91

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QA7a.3 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
Le coût de la vie en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7a.3 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
The cost of living in (OUR COUNTRY)

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	3	3	1	4	1	1	8	3	3	1	3	1	4	2	2	3	5	1
Un peu meilleure	21	24	11	34	4	17	22	32	32	31	21	8	32	20	11	17	32	14
Un peu moins bonne	40	41	36	43	19	51	20	44	45	49	40	24	34	44	26	45	31	31
Vraiment moins bonne	25	19	45	10	70	24	42	12	12	13	23	64	15	18	53	22	13	45
Identique (SPONTANE)	5	6	3	8	1	5	6	5	4	3	5	3	4	6	2	8	7	4
NSP	6	7	4	1	5	2	2	4	4	3	8	0	11	10	6	5	12	5
Meilleure	24	27	12	38	5	18	30	35	35	32	24	9	36	22	13	20	37	15
Moins bonne	65	60	81	53	89	75	62	56	57	62	63	88	49	62	79	67	44	76

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	1	23	1	1	3	7	3	1	1	1	1	2	4	3	1	6	1
Somewhat better	13	29	3	7	29	46	13	6	7	25	13	22	33	17	10	17	6
Somewhat less good	36	27	32	34	35	26	40	36	25	50	52	56	45	43	39	35	22
Definitely less good	42	10	61	35	14	4	38	52	59	12	31	14	4	19	43	29	67
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	2	6	2	11	16	13	2	2	3	8	3	3	7	6	4	2	2
DK	6	5	1	12	3	4	4	3	5	4	0	3	7	12	3	11	2
Better	14	52	4	8	32	53	16	7	8	26	14	24	37	20	11	23	7
Less good	78	37	93	69	49	30	78	88	84	62	83	70	49	62	82	64	89

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QA7a.4 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
Les prix de l'énergie en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7a.4 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
Energy prices in (OUR COUNTRY)

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	2	2	2	3	2	2
Un peu meilleure	15	17	11	20	3	17	8	14	13	11	23	7	24	19	12	16	17	24
Un peu moins bonne	38	39	35	48	16	46	16	50	50	50	29	23	28	38	25	44	37	33
Vraiment moins bonne	25	22	38	17	68	29	55	23	25	30	15	60	12	16	48	23	15	22
Identique (SPONTANÉ)	5	5	3	8	2	3	8	4	3	1	6	8	5	5	3	6	6	3
NSP	15	15	12	5	10	4	11	8	8	7	24	1	29	20	10	8	23	16
Meilleure	17	19	12	22	4	18	10	15	14	12	26	8	26	21	14	19	19	26
Moins bonne	63	61	73	65	84	75	71	73	75	80	44	83	40	54	73	67	52	55

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	2	15	1	1	1	6	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	2	1	6	1
Somewhat better	17	35	6	8	13	37	11	4	5	38	17	25	22	13	10	13	5
Somewhat less good	38	20	34	34	36	27	41	38	24	34	49	50	39	36	36	33	19
Definitely less good	25	5	50	32	20	7	26	45	56	6	28	12	16	20	38	31	67
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	3	9	5	8	11	14	4	4	3	12	3	4	3	4	7	2	2
DK	15	16	4	17	19	9	17	8	11	8	2	7	17	25	8	15	6
Better	19	50	7	9	14	43	12	5	6	40	18	27	25	15	11	19	6
Less good	63	25	84	66	56	34	67	83	80	40	77	62	55	56	74	64	86

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QA7b.1 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Le système de santé en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7b.1 And for these following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The healthcare system in (OUR COUNTRY)

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Vraiment meilleure	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Un peu meilleure	10	13	1	41	0	3	11	10	10	7	2	1	7	28	4	4	4	1
Un peu moins bonne	31	37	10	46	4	25	30	41	43	49	15	8	40	52	20	22	27	11
Vraiment moins bonne	26	24	30	8	17	44	31	27	27	28	36	24	21	10	27	38	28	37
Identique (SPONTANE)	22	14	51	1	71	19	17	13	12	9	31	64	11	2	39	20	24	39
NSP	5	5	3	3	2	7	8	4	4	3	7	3	6	3	3	10	6	4
	6	7	5	1	6	2	3	5	4	4	9	0	15	5	7	6	11	8
Meilleure	41	50	11	87	4	28	41	51	53	56	17	9	47	80	24	26	31	12
Moins bonne	48	38	81	9	88	63	48	40	39	37	67	88	32	12	66	58	52	76

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Much better	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Somewhat better	2	38	0	14	20	29	1	1	1	4	2	26	21	11	2	10	2
Somewhat less good	16	40	6	41	43	53	7	4	7	36	19	54	47	32	17	18	10
Definitely less good	35	9	29	16	15	9	30	37	23	31	49	14	17	29	37	33	22
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	37	3	57	10	7	2	55	50	62	9	24	3	3	14	37	30	62
DK	3	5	4	11	12	5	3	5	2	14	4	1	6	4	3	1	1
	7	5	4	8	3	2	4	3	5	6	2	2	6	10	4	8	3
Better	18	78	6	55	63	82	8	5	8	40	21	80	68	43	19	28	12
Less good	72	12	86	26	22	11	85	87	85	40	73	17	20	43	74	63	84

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QA7b.2 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Le financement des retraites en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7b.2 And for these following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The provision of pensions in (OUR COUNTRY)

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	5	6	1	7	0	1	23	5	5	4	1	0	2	7	7	3	1	0
Un peu meilleure	22	26	7	41	2	14	36	31	32	36	5	4	20	34	32	17	19	5
Un peu moins bonne	29	29	30	27	15	50	27	32	33	33	29	20	32	25	22	39	26	19
Vraiment moins bonne	27	19	53	9	75	25	5	16	16	16	54	74	21	10	13	24	30	69
Identique (SPONTANE)	4	5	2	7	1	6	3	5	4	3	2	2	5	4	6	7	6	1
NSP	13	15	7	9	7	4	6	11	10	8	9	0	20	20	20	10	18	6
Meilleure	27	32	8	48	2	15	59	36	37	40	6	4	22	41	39	20	20	5
Moins bonne	56	48	83	36	90	75	32	48	49	49	83	94	53	35	35	63	56	88

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	0	37	0	3	27	13	1	1	1	4	2	13	13	2	0	5	1
Somewhat better	8	41	4	17	41	53	5	3	6	25	12	59	45	19	6	14	10
Somewhat less good	31	4	24	29	10	13	31	34	21	39	47	16	14	28	30	34	22
Definitely less good	49	2	58	20	3	5	55	53	62	11	33	3	4	23	57	34	59
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	2	3	3	7	8	8	2	2	1	13	3	2	3	4	2	2	2
DK	10	13	11	24	11	8	6	7	9	8	3	7	21	24	5	11	6
Better	8	78	4	20	68	66	6	4	7	29	14	72	58	21	6	19	11
Less good	80	6	82	49	13	18	86	87	83	50	80	19	18	51	87	68	81

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QA7b.3 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

La situation de la protection sociale en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7b.3 And for these following domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The social welfare situation in (OUR COUNTRY)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	10	0	13	1	32	0	2	24	13	12	9	1	1	2	28	13	4	3
Un peu meilleure	32	-6	37	10	47	3	24	38	48	49	50	10	9	31	47	40	21	24
Un peu moins bonne	25	+1	23	33	12	16	47	29	23	24	27	39	24	28	11	16	37	28
Vraiment moins bonne	19	+7	11	46	2	69	18	4	7	7	7	38	64	13	2	10	18	20
Identique (SPONTANÉ)	5	-1	6	3	5	3	6	3	5	4	4	3	2	6	3	6	11	5
NSP	9	-1	10	7	2	9	3	2	4	4	3	9	0	20	9	15	9	20
Meilleure	42	-6	50	11	79	3	26	62	61	61	59	11	10	33	75	53	25	27
Moins bonne	44	+8	34	79	14	85	65	33	30	31	34	77	88	41	13	26	55	48

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	1	0	1	44	3	29	23	1	1	1	4	2	27	20	9	2	6	1
Somewhat better	6	8	9	41	29	45	56	7	5	6	37	16	59	58	34	9	16	5
Somewhat less good	29	41	34	5	23	10	8	37	36	22	32	51	9	12	21	35	36	18
Definitely less good	57	41	48	1	18	3	3	47	45	59	7	25	1	1	11	43	28	69
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	2	3	3	4	7	9	7	2	4	2	13	3	1	3	6	2	2	2
DK	5	7	5	5	20	4	3	6	9	10	7	3	3	6	19	9	12	5
Better	7	8	10	85	32	74	79	8	6	7	41	18	86	78	43	11	22	6
Less good	86	82	82	6	41	13	11	84	81	81	39	76	10	13	32	78	64	87

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QA7c.1 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Le système éducatif en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7c.1 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The educational system in (OUR COUNTRY)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	7	0	7	6	30	2	9	15	5	5	3	5	1	2	7	24	5	6
Un peu meilleure	32	-1	32	31	44	14	47	60	30	28	23	32	10	27	39	48	25	36
Un peu moins bonne	30	0	31	27	14	24	25	13	43	44	49	34	26	31	31	10	33	25
Vraiment moins bonne	14	+4	13	18	4	30	5	2	12	13	18	8	57	13	8	4	16	14
Identique (SPONTANE)	8	-1	8	9	6	10	11	6	5	5	3	9	5	8	6	5	14	8
NSP	9	-2	9	9	2	20	3	4	5	5	4	12	1	19	9	9	7	11
Meilleure	39	-1	39	37	74	16	56	75	35	33	26	37	11	29	46	72	30	42
Moins bonne	44	+4	44	45	18	54	30	15	55	57	67	42	83	44	39	14	49	39

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	6	3	4	12	21	9	15	6	1	7	4	7	35	11	9	8	8	5
Somewhat better	30	27	24	27	43	38	46	32	8	28	41	45	56	47	34	32	18	22
Somewhat less good	29	32	31	29	12	24	16	27	40	24	27	28	6	22	23	34	36	25
Definitely less good	12	16	20	10	5	8	3	15	34	30	5	7	0	2	13	12	27	40
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	11	6	11	6	12	15	17	11	8	4	15	10	1	9	7	9	2	2
DK	12	16	10	16	7	6	3	9	9	7	8	3	2	9	14	5	9	6
Better	36	30	28	39	64	47	61	38	9	35	45	52	91	58	43	40	26	27
Less good	41	48	51	39	17	32	19	42	74	54	32	35	6	24	36	46	63	65

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QA7c.2 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

La qualité de vie en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7c.2 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The quality of life in (OUR COUNTRY)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	9	0	12	1	20	0	2	20	12	12	12	2	7	11	14	29	5	14
Un peu meilleure	39	-4	47	11	59	4	25	59	55	55	59	15	29	51	59	50	32	60
Un peu moins bonne	24	+2	20	38	12	18	51	10	18	19	20	48	22	17	15	9	29	14
Vraiment moins bonne	16	+5	8	44	2	71	12	1	3	3	2	25	38	7	2	3	13	5
Identique (SPONTANE)	7	0	8	3	6	2	9	7	9	8	5	4	4	5	6	4	15	2
NSP	5	-3	5	3	1	5	1	3	3	3	2	6	0	9	4	5	6	5
Meilleure	48	-4	59	12	79	4	27	79	67	67	71	17	36	62	73	79	37	74
Moins bonne	40	+7	28	82	14	89	63	11	21	22	22	73	60	24	17	12	42	19

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	0	1	0	38	11	23	28	1	1	1	5	2	17	14	9	5	7	1
Somewhat better	5	11	2	50	37	51	53	9	7	8	40	18	68	57	39	22	17	11
Somewhat less good	37	42	32	4	20	8	9	44	37	27	35	54	7	16	24	42	38	23
Definitely less good	53	39	63	1	12	1	2	41	47	58	5	20	1	2	9	24	29	62
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	2	2	2	4	12	15	7	3	4	2	11	5	4	6	9	4	1	1
DK	3	5	1	3	8	2	1	2	4	4	4	1	3	5	10	3	8	2
Better	5	12	2	88	48	74	81	10	8	9	45	20	85	71	48	27	24	12
Less good	90	81	95	5	32	9	11	85	84	85	40	74	8	18	33	66	67	85

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QA7c.3 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Les transports publics en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7c.3 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

Public transport in (OUR COUNTRY)

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	7	8	1	12	1	3	7	13	13	12	2	3	3	14	5	4	2	2
Un peu meilleure	29	34	14	44	6	29	42	45	46	48	16	17	32	47	20	19	10	17
Un peu moins bonne	27	25	34	23	23	42	29	19	21	25	38	30	25	14	33	38	22	38
Vraiment moins bonne	17	12	33	5	52	12	7	4	3	3	16	40	11	3	33	20	57	19
Identique (SPONTANE)	8	9	8	9	4	10	7	9	8	5	10	10	8	9	2	11	2	9
NSP	12	12	10	7	14	4	8	10	9	7	18	0	21	13	7	8	7	15
Meilleure	36	42	15	56	7	32	49	58	59	60	18	20	35	61	25	23	12	19
Moins bonne	44	37	67	28	75	54	36	23	24	28	54	70	36	17	66	58	79	57

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	2	26	1	2	11	10	2	1	1	1	1	8	11	6	3	8	2
Somewhat better	19	35	13	19	33	46	12	9	11	22	20	45	38	24	15	19	9
Somewhat less good	37	18	35	26	21	15	35	39	29	37	47	31	26	28	39	33	21
Definitely less good	15	6	26	24	10	6	34	25	47	14	21	5	4	22	25	25	60
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	9	7	13	7	17	15	9	9	2	16	5	5	7	4	9	1	2
DK	18	8	12	22	8	8	8	17	10	10	6	6	14	16	9	14	6
Better	21	61	14	21	44	56	14	10	12	23	21	53	49	30	18	27	11
Less good	52	24	61	50	31	21	69	64	76	51	68	36	30	50	64	58	81

Eurobarometer 67



QA7c.4 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

La situation de l'environnement en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7c.4 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The situation of the environment in (OUR COUNTRY)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	7	-1	8	4	4	1	2	24	15	15	16	5	4	2	3	9	4	6
Un peu meilleure	36	-4	40	24	39	9	34	60	58	58	57	37	28	28	43	35	24	39
Un peu moins bonne	26	+1	24	33	33	22	41	9	13	14	17	32	21	28	28	30	31	27
Vraiment moins bonne	13	+5	10	24	8	47	10	2	3	3	2	8	36	15	9	14	16	13
Identique (SPONTANE)	10	0	10	8	13	8	12	3	7	6	5	7	11	12	9	5	18	6
NSP	8	-1	8	7	3	13	1	2	4	4	3	11	0	15	8	7	7	9
Meilleure	43	-5	48	28	43	10	36	84	73	73	73	42	32	30	46	44	28	45
Moins bonne	39	+6	34	57	41	69	51	11	16	17	19	40	57	43	37	44	47	40

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	11	2	1	16	2	15	23	7	3	1	10	2	30	26	4	10	7	2
Somewhat better	42	26	12	44	13	46	52	32	12	11	54	29	61	61	35	36	19	15
Somewhat less good	23	36	38	15	39	16	8	32	33	31	17	41	5	6	28	28	35	22
Definitely less good	10	17	35	3	34	4	3	14	23	42	2	16	0	1	9	17	26	55
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	6	7	11	15	6	16	13	9	17	4	13	10	2	2	9	5	1	2
DK	8	12	3	7	6	3	1	6	12	11	4	2	2	4	15	4	12	4
Better	53	28	13	60	15	61	75	39	15	12	64	31	91	87	39	46	26	17
Less good	33	53	73	18	73	20	11	46	56	73	19	57	5	7	37	45	61	77

Eurobarometer 67



QA7c.5 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation en (NOTRE PAYS) est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

La connaissance des langues étrangères en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7c.5 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in (OUR COUNTRY) is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The knowledge of foreign languages in (OUR COUNTRY)

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	7	8	7	30	5	7	26	6	5	2	8	8	2	2	3	5	15	7
Un peu meilleure	25	24	28	32	21	28	53	37	34	23	40	25	19	17	13	19	43	33
Un peu moins bonne	29	29	29	24	16	38	11	31	34	46	26	25	31	38	22	34	16	27
Vraiment moins bonne	23	23	20	8	25	20	2	5	7	14	7	27	28	29	47	25	5	9
Identique (SPONTANE)	7	7	7	3	11	6	5	11	10	7	8	14	5	5	4	10	10	12
NSP	9	9	9	3	22	1	3	10	10	8	11	1	15	9	11	7	11	12
Meilleure	32	32	35	62	26	35	79	43	39	25	48	33	21	19	16	24	58	40
Moins bonne	52	52	49	32	41	58	13	36	41	60	33	52	59	67	69	59	21	36

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Much better	5	69	3	30	44	7	5	4	11	13	7	22	31	2	8	7	7
Somewhat better	31	23	12	43	39	33	27	14	34	50	33	52	46	13	28	12	29
Somewhat less good	33	3	33	5	6	21	33	29	19	17	34	18	12	24	33	33	24
Definitely less good	9	1	39	5	3	9	18	22	19	3	17	3	1	49	15	33	31
Identical (SPONTANEOUS)	7	2	6	7	6	18	8	14	4	10	6	2	5	2	8	1	3
DK	15	2	7	10	2	12	9	17	13	7	3	3	5	10	8	14	6
Better	36	92	15	73	83	40	32	18	45	63	40	74	77	15	36	19	36
Less good	42	4	72	10	9	30	51	51	38	20	51	21	13	73	48	66	55

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QA7d.1 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

La situation de notre économie

QA7d.1 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The situation of our economy

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	5
Un peu meilleure	14
Un peu moins bonne	24
Vraiment moins bonne	49
Identique (SPONTANE)	3
NSP	5
Meilleure	19
Moins bonne	73

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QA7d.2 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

La situation de l'emploi dans notre communauté

QA7d.2 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
The employment situation in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB 67.2
Vraiment meilleure	3
Un peu meilleure	13
Un peu moins bonne	24
Vraiment moins bonne	50
Identique (SPONTANE)	3
NSP	7
Meilleure	16
Moins bonne	74

Eurobarometer 67



QA7d.3 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Le coût de la vie dans notre communauté

QA7d.3 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
The cost of living in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB 67.2
Vraiment meilleure	4
Un peu meilleure	14
Un peu moins bonne	23
Vraiment moins bonne	49
Identique (SPONTANE)	3
NSP	7
Meilleure	18
Moins bonne	72

Eurobarometer 67



QA7d.4 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Les prix de l'énergie dans notre communauté

QA7d.4 For each of the following domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
Energy prices in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	4
Un peu meilleure	10
Un peu moins bonne	19
Vraiment moins bonne	55
Identique (SPONTANE)	3
NSP	9
Meilleure	14
Moins bonne	74

Eurobarometer 67



QA7e.1 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Le système de santé dans notre communauté

QA7e.1 And for these following domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The healthcare system in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB 67.2
Vraiment meilleure	6
Un peu meilleure	12
Un peu moins bonne	24
Vraiment moins bonne	54
Identique (SPONTANE)	1
NSP	3
Meilleure	18
Moins bonne	78

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QA7e.2 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Le financement des retraites dans notre communauté

QA7e.2 And for these following domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The provision of pensions in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB 67.2
Vraiment meilleure	5
Un peu meilleure	16
Un peu moins bonne	22
Vraiment moins bonne	49
Identique (SPONTANE)	1
NSP	7
Meilleure	21
Moins bonne	71

Eurobarometer 67



QA7e.3 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

La situation de la protection sociale dans notre communauté

QA7e.3 And for these following domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
The social welfare situation in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB 67.2
Vraiment meilleure	5
Un peu meilleure	16
Un peu moins bonne	23
Vraiment moins bonne	50
Identique (SPONTANE)	1
NSP	5
Meilleure	21
Moins bonne	73



QA7f.1 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Le système éducatif dans notre communauté

QA7f.1 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The educational system in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	6
Un peu meilleure	13
Un peu moins bonne	27
Vraiment moins bonne	48
Identique (SPONTANE)	2
NSP	4
Meilleure	19
Moins bonne	75



QA7f.2 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?
La qualité de vie dans notre communauté

QA7f.2 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?
The quality of life in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	5
Un peu meilleure	14
Un peu moins bonne	26
Vraiment moins bonne	49
Identique (SPONTANE)	2
NSP	4
Meilleure	19
Moins bonne	75

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QA7f.3 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

Les transports publics dans notre communauté

QA7f.3 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

Public transport in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	3
Un peu meilleure	7
Un peu moins bonne	14
Vraiment moins bonne	68
Identique (SPONTANE)	2
NSP	6
Meilleure	10
Moins bonne	82



QA7f.4 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

La situation de l'environnement dans notre communauté

QA7f.4 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The situation of the environment in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Vraiment meilleure	10
Un peu meilleure	15
Un peu moins bonne	20
Vraiment moins bonne	48
Identique (SPONTANE)	1
NSP	6
Meilleure	25
Moins bonne	68

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QA7f.5 Et pour chacun des domaines suivants, diriez-vous que la situation dans la Communauté turque chypriote est meilleure ou moins bonne que celle de la moyenne des pays de l'Union européenne ?

La connaissance des langues étrangères dans notre communauté

QA7f.5 And for these domains, would you say that the situation in the Turkish Cypriot Community is better or less good than the average of the European Union countries?

The knowledge of foreign languages in our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB 67.2
Vraiment meilleure	7
Un peu meilleure	22
Un peu moins bonne	24
Vraiment moins bonne	39
Identique (SPONTANE)	1
NSP	7
Meilleure	29
Moins bonne	63

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QA8.1 Pour chacun des mots suivants, dites-moi s'il décrit très bien, plutôt bien, plutôt mal ou très mal l'idée que vous pouvez vous faire de l'Union européenne.

Moderne

QA8.1 Please tell for each of the following words if it describes very well, fairly well, fairly badly or very badly the idea you might have of the European Union.

Modern

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Décrit très bien	67.2	65.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Décrit plutôt bien	12	-2	11	17	10	25	16	9	10	9	8	15	17	15	8	25	13	16
Décrit plutôt mal	58	+5	57	61	62	51	59	42	55	56	60	61	51	66	56	54	60	49
Décrit très mal	18	-2	20	11	22	4	19	37	22	22	20	12	22	12	25	5	16	13
NSP	4	0	4	2	3	1	2	7	4	4	3	1	9	1	4	2	6	4
Décrit bien	8	-1	8	9	3	19	4	5	9	9	9	11	1	6	7	14	5	18
Décrit mal	70	+3	68	78	72	76	75	51	65	65	68	76	68	81	64	79	73	65
	22	-2	24	13	25	5	21	44	26	26	23	13	31	13	29	7	22	17

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Describes very well	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Describes fairly well	33	10	6	13	12	27	4	15	16	15	22	11	15	9	5	7	16	31
Describes fairly badly	42	59	57	55	47	49	55	51	66	57	59	64	66	59	49	54	58	39
Describes very badly	14	15	18	20	23	11	30	21	10	10	5	18	13	24	33	19	16	10
DK	4	3	2	5	5	4	6	4	2	4	1	1	1	3	5	5	2	4
	7	13	17	7	13	9	5	9	6	14	13	6	5	5	8	15	8	16
Describes well	75	69	63	68	59	76	59	66	82	72	81	75	81	68	54	61	74	70
Describes badly	18	18	20	25	28	15	36	25	12	14	6	19	14	27	38	24	18	14

	MK
	EB
Décrit très bien	67.2
Décrit plutôt bien	43
Décrit plutôt mal	43
Décrit très mal	6
NSP	3
Décrit bien	5
Décrit mal	86
	9

Eurobarometer 67



QA8.2 Pour chacun des mots suivants, dites-moi s'il décrit très bien, plutôt bien, plutôt mal ou très mal l'idée que vous pouvez vous faire de l'Union européenne.

Démocratique

QA8.2 Please tell for each of the following words if it describes very well, fairly well, fairly badly or very badly the idea you might have of the European Union.

Democratic

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Descrit très bien	14	-1	12	20	15	30	16	13	14	13	8	17	22	18	11	25	12	15
Descrit plutôt bien	56	+4	56	58	60	48	60	50	61	59	54	57	56	62	51	49	62	59
Descrit plutôt mal	17	-2	19	11	18	4	18	26	18	20	27	12	16	11	24	7	15	11
Descrit très mal	4	-1	5	2	4	1	3	7	3	3	4	3	6	1	4	2	6	4
NSP	9	0	8	9	3	17	3	4	4	5	7	11	0	8	10	17	5	11
Descrit bien	70	+3	68	78	75	78	76	63	75	72	62	74	78	80	62	74	74	74
Descrit mal	21	-3	24	13	22	5	21	33	21	23	31	15	22	12	28	9	21	15

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Describes very well	29	8	10	13	12	26	11	11	19	15	27	12	14	6	7	8	15	25
Describes fairly well	39	55	61	52	52	42	54	48	61	55	55	66	62	44	47	46	53	34
Describes fairly badly	19	20	14	22	22	11	25	24	9	13	6	15	17	37	33	20	20	16
Describes very badly	5	3	2	5	3	5	5	9	3	3	1	1	3	8	6	8	3	6
DK	8	14	13	8	11	16	5	8	8	14	11	6	4	5	7	18	9	19
Describes well	68	63	71	65	64	68	65	59	80	70	82	78	76	50	54	54	68	59
Describes badly	24	23	16	27	25	16	30	33	12	16	7	16	20	45	39	28	23	22

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Descrit très bien	35
Descrit plutôt bien	41
Descrit plutôt mal	11
Descrit très mal	4
NSP	9
Descrit bien	76
Descrit mal	15

Eurobarometer 67



QA8.3 Pour chacun des mots suivants, dites-moi s'il décrit très bien, plutôt bien, plutôt mal ou très mal l'idée que vous pouvez vous faire de l'Union européenne.

Protectrice

QA8.3 Please tell for each of the following words if it describes very well, fairly well, fairly badly or very badly the idea you might have of the European Union.

Protective

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Décrit très bien	67.2	65.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
	9	-1	8	11	9	19	11	12	9	9	10	12	14	12	6	14	9	12
Décrit plutôt bien	48	+5	47	51	57	43	52	51	50	50	47	54	43	51	42	46	48	47
Décrit plutôt mal	24	-4	26	20	27	11	26	25	26	26	28	18	32	17	34	13	26	21
Décrit très mal	6	-1	6	4	4	3	4	6	6	6	6	3	11	2	7	4	7	6
NSP	13	+1	13	14	3	24	7	6	9	9	9	13	0	18	11	23	10	14
Décrit bien	57	+4	55	62	66	62	63	63	59	59	57	66	57	63	48	60	57	59
Décrit mal	30	-5	32	24	31	14	30	31	32	32	34	21	43	19	41	17	33	27

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Describes very well	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
	24	7	7	9	8	21	8	7	9	7	15	6	9	6	5	6	11	22
Describes fairly well	34	50	56	42	47	40	59	37	54	47	48	55	55	48	47	43	35	29
Describes fairly badly	21	24	20	32	27	15	24	32	21	21	13	26	25	34	31	21	36	18
Describes very badly	8	4	2	6	6	4	3	13	4	5	3	3	4	5	5	7	7	9
DK	13	15	15	11	12	20	6	11	12	20	21	10	7	7	12	23	11	22
Describes well	58	57	63	51	55	61	67	44	63	54	63	61	64	54	52	49	46	51
Describes badly	29	28	22	38	33	19	27	45	25	26	16	29	29	39	36	28	43	27

	MK
	EB
Décrit très bien	67.2
Décrit plutôt bien	32
Décrit plutôt mal	39
Décrit très mal	14
NSP	6
Décrit bien	9
Décrit mal	71
	20

Eurobarometer 67



QA8.4 Pour chacun des mots suivants, dites-moi s'il décrit très bien, plutôt bien, plutôt mal ou très mal l'idée que vous pouvez vous faire de l'Union européenne.

Inefficace

QA8.4 Please tell for each of the following words if it describes very well, fairly well, fairly badly or very badly the idea you might have of the European Union.

Inefficient

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Décrit très bien	67.2	65.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Décrit plutôt bien	9	-3	10	3	6	2	5	21	10	10	11	4	12	4	9	7	6	8
Décrit plutôt mal	28	-3	31	18	38	11	27	39	35	35	34	22	28	21	31	25	28	26
Décrit très mal	36	+3	34	46	42	36	49	27	27	29	36	40	43	43	41	29	39	33
NSP	10	+1	9	14	9	14	12	8	6	5	2	13	16	13	8	13	15	5
Décrit bien	17	+2	16	19	5	37	7	5	22	21	17	21	1	19	11	26	12	28
Décrit mal	37	-6	41	21	44	13	32	60	45	45	45	26	40	25	40	32	34	34
	46	+4	43	60	51	50	61	35	33	34	38	53	59	56	49	42	54	38

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Describes very well	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Describes fairly well	14	5	2	7	7	6	22	14	3	4	3	2	3	13	18	19	6	14
Describes fairly badly	24	26	18	27	28	16	42	34	16	22	13	27	22	39	43	32	30	21
Describes very badly	24	42	50	46	40	32	22	31	52	37	36	50	54	36	22	23	42	21
DK	13	7	11	10	8	21	4	5	14	12	19	10	11	6	7	4	9	14
Describes well	25	20	19	10	17	25	10	16	15	25	29	11	10	6	10	22	13	30
Describes badly	38	31	20	34	35	22	64	48	19	26	16	29	25	52	61	51	36	35
	37	49	61	56	48	53	26	36	66	49	55	60	65	42	29	27	51	35

	MK
	EB
Décrit très bien	67.2
Décrit plutôt bien	7
Décrit plutôt mal	20
Décrit très mal	33
NSP	23
Décrit bien	17
Décrit mal	27
	56

Eurobarometer 67



QA8.5 Pour chacun des mots suivants, dites-moi s'il décrit très bien, plutôt bien, plutôt mal ou très mal l'idée que vous pouvez vous faire de l'Union européenne.

Technocratie

QA8.5 Please tell for each of the following words if it describes very well, fairly well, fairly badly or very badly the idea you might have of the European Union.

Technocratic

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Décrit très bien	67.2	65.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Décrit plutôt bien	11	-3	13	6	15	5	9	24	14	14	15	9	25	7	21	12	7	12
Décrit plutôt mal	37	+2	39	28	56	20	36	43	44	44	45	45	52	35	40	30	38	45
Décrit très mal	18	0	17	22	19	16	27	17	20	19	18	13	18	14	16	12	22	13
NSP	4	0	4	5	2	5	2	4	4	4	3	2	3	4	2	3	6	1
Décrit bien	30	+1	27	39	8	54	26	12	18	19	19	31	2	40	21	43	27	29
Décrit mal	48	-1	52	34	71	25	45	67	58	58	60	54	77	42	61	42	45	57
	22	0	21	27	21	21	29	21	24	23	21	15	21	18	18	15	28	14

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Describes very well	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Describes fairly well	18	9	5	7	17	12	12	16	5	6	6	4	4	11	14	10	10	16
Describes fairly badly	24	35	32	23	37	26	44	42	27	31	29	39	32	45	38	32	36	17
Describes very badly	14	15	15	20	19	8	19	19	23	18	16	31	36	15	17	12	21	11
DK	5	2	2	4	4	1	2	4	6	4	5	3	6	3	1	2	3	7
	39	39	46	46	23	53	23	19	39	41	44	23	22	26	30	44	30	49
Describes well	42	44	37	30	54	38	56	58	32	37	35	43	36	56	52	42	46	33
Describes badly	19	17	17	24	23	9	21	23	29	22	21	34	42	18	18	14	24	18

	MK
	EB
Décrit très bien	67.2
Décrit plutôt bien	14
Décrit plutôt mal	22
Décrit très mal	15
NSP	10
Décrit bien	39
Décrit mal	36
	25

Eurobarometer 67



QA9a D'une façon générale, pensez-vous que le fait pour (NOTRE PAYS) de faire partie de l'Union européenne est ... ?
QA9a Generally speaking, do you think that (OUR COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union is...?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Une bonne chose	EB 67.2	EB 66.1	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Une mauvaise chose	57	+4	57	60	70	55	46	66	66	65	59	66	55	73	52	76	51	44
Une chose ni bonne, ni mauvaise	15	-1	16	8	10	8	12	15	11	11	10	6	11	10	21	7	14	17
NSP	25	-2	24	29	19	29	41	18	20	22	29	26	34	13	26	13	29	37
	3	-1	3	3	1	8	1	1	3	2	2	2	0	4	1	4	6	2

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
A good thing	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
A bad thing	37	63	37	74	51	77	36	67	55	67	58	64	42	50	39
Neither good nor bad	14	7	17	10	17	8	25	6	15	5	8	6	24	24	30
DK	46	27	43	14	30	14	36	24	27	24	34	28	33	25	26
	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	3	4	0	2	1	1	5

Eurobarometer 67



QA10a Tout bien considéré, estimez-vous que (NOTRE PAYS) a bénéficié ou non de son appartenance à l'Union européenne ?
 QA10a Taking everything into account, would you say that (OUR COUNTRY) has on balance benefited or not from being a member of the European Union?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Bénéficié	EB 67.2 59	EB 66.1 +5	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 74	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 48	EB 67.2 44
Pas bénéficié	30	-4	32	21	21	18	32	16	36	36	38	15	24	14	37	7	32	46
NSP	11	-1	11	11	5	32	7	5	7	7	8	7	1	11	9	7	20	10

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Benefited	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 43
Not benefited	36	9	52	22	23	25	43	15	24	13	21	16	41	43	44
DK	9	10	8	7	11	6	13	7	10	18	4	8	7	13	13



QA9b D'une façon générale, pensez-vous que le fait pour (NOTRE PAYS) de faire partie de l'Union européenne serait ... ?
QA9b Generally speaking, do you think that (OUR COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union would be...?

	HR	TR
	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2
Une bonne chose	29	52
Une mauvaise chose	28	22
Une chose ni bonne, ni mauvaise	40	17
NSP	3	9



QA10b Tout bien considéré, estimez-vous que (NOTRE PAYS) bénéficierait ou non de son appartenance à l'Union européenne ?
QA10b Taking everything into account, would you say that (OUR COUNTRY) would benefit or not from being a member of the European Union?

	HR	TR
	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2
Bénéficierait	43	62
Ne bénéficierait pas	48	27
NSP	9	11

Eurobarometer 67



QA9c D'une façon générale, pensez-vous que pour la Communauté turque chypriote, l'application complète de la législation de l'Union européenne serait ... ?
QA9c Generally speaking, do you think that for the Turkish Cypriot Community the full application of EU legislation would be...?

	CY (tcc)
	EB 67.2
Une bonne chose	60
Une mauvaise chose	16
Une chose ni bonne, ni mauvaise	19
NSP	5



QA10c Tout bien considéré, estimez-vous que la Communauté turque chypriote bénéficierait ou non de l'application complète de la législation de l'Union européenne ?
QA10c Taking everything into consideration, would you say that the Turkish Cypriot Community would benefit or not from the full application of the EU legislation?

	CY (tcc)
	EB
Bénéficierait	67.2
Ne bénéficierait pas	67
NSP	23
	10

Eurobarometer 67



QA11 En général, l'Union européenne évoque-t-elle pour vous une image très positive, assez positive, neutre, assez négative ou très négative ?
 QA11 In general, does the European Union conjure up for you a very positive, fairly positive, neutral, fairly negative or very negative image?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très positive	11	+4	10	13	10	16	6	9	12	11	6	9	11	12	9	20	13	16
Assez positive	41	+2	40	46	50	43	39	35	41	41	41	47	40	52	41	48	45	37
Neutre	31	-3	31	30	29	28	34	36	32	33	38	37	36	27	28	20	32	29
Assez négative	12	-1	13	8	9	8	17	15	11	11	5	9	6	6	18	5	7	11
Très négative	3	-1	4	1	2	1	4	4	3	3	3	1	4	0	3	2	1	6
NSP	2	-1	2	2	0	4	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	3	1	5	2	1
Positive	52	+6	50	59	60	59	45	44	53	52	47	56	51	64	50	68	58	53
Négative	15	-2	17	9	11	9	21	19	14	14	14	6	13	6	21	7	8	17

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very positive	24	3	12	5	11	22	6	6	14	13	18	12	10	3	8	8	7	27
Fairly positive	30	33	47	36	45	33	40	28	50	39	49	50	48	26	33	27	23	26
Neutral	23	47	34	40	27	27	36	36	30	33	23	31	33	48	30	30	38	12
Fairly negative	13	14	5	15	14	9	16	24	4	11	6	5	7	20	23	20	23	12
Very negative	7	2	0	3	2	5	2	5	1	1	1	1	1	2	4	11	7	15
DK	3	1	2	1	1	4	0	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	2	4	2	8
Positive	54	36	59	41	56	55	46	34	64	52	67	62	58	29	41	35	30	53
Negative	20	16	5	18	16	14	18	29	5	12	7	6	8	22	27	31	30	27

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Très positive	40
Assez positive	35
Neutre	18
Assez négative	3
Très négative	2
NSP	2
Positive	75
Négative	5

Eurobarometer 67



QA12 Que représente l'Union européenne pour vous personnellement ? (ROTATION - PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)
QA12 What does the European Union mean to you personally? (ROTATE - MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
La paix	33	0	34	32	41	37	27	55	49	48	45	31	55	14	49	27	23	34
La prospérité économique	20	+2	18	29	28	32	24	37	16	16	13	19	16	22	13	37	17	20
La démocratie	22	-2	21	28	27	33	23	34	28	27	20	25	30	18	20	15	21	38
La protection sociale	10	0	9	14	17	20	6	16	8	8	5	20	19	7	9	9	10	30
La liberté de voyager, étudier et travailler partout	52	+2	49	62	55	58	63	70	57	56	51	72	61	35	59	50	44	70
La diversité culturelle	27	+1	29	22	34	20	16	39	37	36	33	32	24	25	42	17	17	39
Une voix plus importante dans le monde	26	0	27	22	35	15	19	39	34	32	28	29	32	21	31	24	21	25
L'euro	39	0	43	27	66	14	34	33	53	53	53	23	50	36	50	52	41	25
Le chômage	14	-4	15	11	19	4	14	6	22	24	30	5	27	4	21	7	9	33
La bureaucratie	21	0	23	13	21	5	27	42	39	39	41	24	7	8	19	12	4	14
Un gaspillage d'argent	20	-2	23	9	21	6	19	16	36	37	41	14	16	9	30	7	8	18
La perte de notre identité culturelle	12	-1	13	7	9	7	11	15	9	9	12	11	17	4	16	15	8	19
Plus de criminalité	17	+1	18	11	23	6	25	22	31	32	37	11	17	5	12	16	14	43
Pas assez de contrôles aux frontières extérieures	18	-1	21	7	22	7	12	32	19	20	24	9	19	13	30	9	15	18
Autre (SPONTANE)	2	0	2	1	2	1	0	2	0	1	2	2	0	8	1	2	1	1
NSP	3	-1	3	3	1	5	1	1	1	1	0	4	0	5	1	4	3	1

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Peace	34	22	23	28	57	34	38	35	28	20	42	37	33	25	53	19	27	27
Economic prosperity	38	14	33	16	30	27	38	19	24	14	44	30	40	15	19	14	23	31
Democracy	32	12	19	18	28	29	25	23	26	15	42	27	27	10	21	11	19	14
Social protection	34	9	16	10	24	16	13	14	12	6	22	8	12	5	8	9	13	22
Freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the world	18	64	66	50	68	56	60	47	66	46	57	48	73	71	72	34	43	28
Cultural diversity	21	20	27	28	38	23	33	26	22	21	19	27	23	30	29	22	21	17
Stronger say in the world	16	14	18	17	37	30	49	28	32	20	12	25	21	16	41	19	20	13
Euro	14	14	23	29	54	33	59	54	24	45	27	54	39	63	31	18	24	10
Unemployment	13	9	3	25	27	8	7	32	10	22	7	14	11	6	8	11	12	17
Bureaucracy	7	18	8	15	23	10	42	36	14	4	7	18	11	43	47	26	8	3
Waste of money	5	14	9	12	25	11	16	41	7	10	7	17	11	34	37	26	11	5
Loss of our cultural identity	17	7	9	5	12	16	15	17	6	7	7	12	11	11	11	27	26	17
More crime	8	7	8	16	36	3	18	46	8	13	5	23	27	21	24	13	22	7
Not enough control at external frontiers	5	5	4	17	33	5	21	29	5	15	5	9	11	14	26	23	10	5
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	3	6	2	1	1	3	4	3	0	4	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2
DK	7	5	2	1	1	4	2	1	3	4	5	1	0	2	1	9	3	15

	MK
	EB
	67.2
La paix	46
La prospérité économique	58
La démocratie	27
La protection sociale	22
La liberté de voyager, étudier et travailler partout	67
La diversité culturelle	9
Une voix plus importante dans le monde	18
L'euro	14
Le chômage	7
La bureaucratie	2
Un gaspillage d'argent	2
La perte de notre identité culturelle	5
Plus de criminalité	5
Pas assez de contrôles aux frontières extérieures	3
Autre (SPONTANE)	0
NSP	1

Eurobarometer 67



QA13.1 Avez-vous déjà entendu parler ... ?
Du Parlement européen
QA13.1 Have you heard of...?
The European Parliament

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB 67.2 89 10 1	EB 66.1 -1 0 +1	EB 67.2 89 10 1	EB 67.2 89 9 2	EB 67.2 93 6 1	EB 67.2 89 9 2	EB 67.2 90 10 0	EB 67.2 98 2 0	EB 67.2 93 7 0	EB 67.2 93 7 0	EB 67.2 93 7 0	EB 67.2 90 9 1	EB 67.2 90 10 0	EB 67.2 88 10 2	EB 67.2 91 9 0	EB 67.2 92 6 2	EB 67.2 83 13 4	EB 67.2 88 10 2
Oui																		
Non																		
NSP																		

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB 67.2 77 14 9	EB 67.2 85 15 0	EB 67.2 82 17 1	EB 67.2 90 9 1	EB 67.2 96 4 0	EB 67.2 92 7 1	EB 67.2 96 4 0	EB 67.2 92 7 1	EB 67.2 89 10 1	EB 67.2 92 7 1	EB 67.2 88 8 4	EB 67.2 96 4 0	EB 67.2 96 4 0	EB 67.2 98 2 0	EB 67.2 96 4 0	EB 67.2 81 18 1	EB 67.2 88 11 1	EB 67.2 67 26 7
Yes																		
No																		
DK																		

	MK
	EB 67.2 79 18 3
Oui	
Non	
NSP	

Eurobarometer 67



QA13.2 Avez-vous déjà entendu parler ... ?
De la Commission européenne
QA13.2 Have you heard of...?
The European Commission

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Oui	EB 67.2 82	EB 66.1 0	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 90	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 94	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 87
Non	16	-1	17	14	10	17	21	5	16	17	19	13	15	15	14	12	23	11
NSP	2	+1	2	2	0	4	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	2	0	3	5	2

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
Yes	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 93	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 91	EB 67.2 80	EB 67.2 90	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 97	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 74	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 59
No	20	18	23	15	6	13	15	12	11	8	14	9	15	3	12	25	17	33
DK	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	6	1	1	0	2	1	2	8

	MK
Oui	EB 67.2 74
Non	22
NSP	4

Eurobarometer 67



QA13.3 Avez-vous déjà entendu parler ... ?
 Du Conseil de l'Union européenne
 QA13.3 Have you heard of...?
 The Council of the European Union

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB 67.2 68 29 3	EB 66.1 <i>+4</i> -5 <i>+1</i>	EB 67.2 66 31 3	EB 67.2 75 22 3	EB 67.2 70 30 0	EB 67.2 68 27 5	EB 67.2 75 23 2	EB 67.2 65 33 2	EB 67.2 71 26 3	EB 67.2 72 26 2	EB 67.2 72 27 1	EB 67.2 80 19 1	EB 67.2 83 17 0	EB 67.2 77 21 2	EB 67.2 66 33 1	EB 67.2 70 25 5	EB 67.2 66 28 6	EB 67.2 85 13 2
Oui																		
Non																		
NSP																		

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB 67.2 69 20 11	EB 67.2 73 26 1	EB 67.2 68 29 3	EB 67.2 73 25 2	EB 67.2 82 16 2	EB 67.2 81 17 2	EB 67.2 72 27 1	EB 67.2 70 25 5	EB 67.2 75 23 2	EB 67.2 84 15 1	EB 67.2 75 17 8	EB 67.2 84 14 2	EB 67.2 82 17 1	EB 67.2 78 20 2	EB 67.2 50 45 5	EB 67.2 43 54 3	EB 67.2 86 12 2	EB 67.2 61 31 8
Yes																		
No																		
DK																		

	MK
	EB 67.2 78 18 4
Oui	
Non	
NSP	

Eurobarometer 67



QA13.4 Avez-vous déjà entendu parler ... ?
De la Banque centrale européenne
QA13.4 Have you heard of...?
The European Central Bank

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Oui	EB 67.2 75	EB 66.1 +3	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 78
Non	23	-4	22	25	28	24	24	12	12	12	12	27	21	16	27	11	26	19
NSP	2	+1	2	4	0	4	1	1	1	1	0	2	0	3	1	3	5	3

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
Yes	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 74	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 89	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 96	EB 67.2 89	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 56
No	21	31	30	35	11	24	12	12	28	12	19	10	22	4	10	44	20	34
DK	14	1	2	2	1	2	0	2	2	1	9	1	1	0	1	2	3	10

	MK
Oui	EB 67.2 70
Non	24
NSP	6

Eurobarometer 67



QA14.1 Et pour chacune des entités européennes suivantes, pensez-vous qu'elle joue un rôle important ou pas dans la vie de l'Union européenne ?

Le Parlement européen

QA14.1 And for each of the following European bodies, do you think it plays an important role or not in the life of the European Union?

The European Parliament

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Important	EB 67.2 77	EB 65.2 +7	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 90	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 86
Pas important	11	+7	12	5	13	4	12	13	13	13	11	8	10	7	12	6	13	3
NSP	12	-2	12	13	4	18	7	6	8	8	10	13	0	14	12	16	12	11

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
Important	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 92	EB 67.2 89	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 52
Not important	14	6	5	6	8	3	10	14	4	6	3	3	6	11	5	20	12	11
DK	21	16	19	8	6	9	5	11	11	11	20	5	5	6	10	18	12	37

	MK
Important	EB 67.2 79
Pas important	4
NSP	17

Eurobarometer 67



QA14.2 Et pour chacune des entités européennes suivantes, pensez-vous qu'elle joue un rôle important ou pas dans la vie de l'Union européenne ?

La Commission européenne

QA14.2 And for each of the following European bodies, do you think it plays an important role or not in the life of the European Union?

The European Commission

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Important	EB 67.2 72	EB 65.2 +2	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 73	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 84
Pas important	10	0	12	6	12	3	14	10	12	12	13	8	12	6	10	6	11	4
NSP	18	-2	18	17	6	26	13	11	17	18	20	17	0	17	20	22	18	12

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
Important	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 74	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 80	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 73	EB 67.2 47
Not important	15	7	4	8	8	3	9	15	3	4	4	7	12	12	6	17	13	12
DK	24	19	24	12	11	12	15	14	14	14	26	8	11	9	22	29	14	41

	MK
Important	EB 67.2 74
Pas important	6
NSP	20

Eurobarometer 67



QA14.3 Et pour chacune des entités européennes suivantes, pensez-vous qu'elle joue un rôle important ou pas dans la vie de l'Union européenne ?

Le Conseil de l'Union européenne

QA14.3 And for each of the following European bodies, do you think it plays an important role or not in the life of the European Union?

The Council of the European Union

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Important	EB 67.2 62	EB 65.2 +2	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 64	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 74	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 85
Pas important	12	0	14	7	17	4	14	17	15	15	14	9	12	7	14	8	11	3
NSP	26	-2	27	23	14	37	15	33	26	25	22	21	0	19	34	30	22	12

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
Important	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 74	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 73	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 80	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 46
Not important	13	8	5	8	9	2	13	18	6	5	4	8	13	16	7	20	12	12
DK	28	23	29	18	20	16	21	25	21	18	30	12	11	23	50	42	13	42

	MK
Important	EB 67.2 76
Pas important	5
NSP	19

Eurobarometer 67



QA14.4 Et pour chacune des entités européennes suivantes, pensez-vous qu'elle joue un rôle important ou pas dans la vie de l'Union européenne ?

La Banque centrale européenne

QA14.4 And for each of the following European bodies, do you think it plays an important role or not in the life of the European Union?

The European Central Bank

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Important	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Pas important	73	+2	73	72	80	65	81	79	83	83	86	72	85	77	68	76	72	83
NSP	9	0	10	5	11	4	8	8	6	6	5	7	15	6	10	5	11	4
	18	-2	17	23	9	31	11	13	11	11	9	21	0	17	22	19	17	13

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Important	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Not important	60	71	70	75	80	80	84	78	74	79	63	88	78	84	80	50	76	46
DK	12	6	4	7	6	3	7	10	4	5	5	4	11	9	6	18	10	11
	28	23	26	18	14	17	9	12	22	16	32	8	11	7	14	32	14	43

	MK
	EB
Important	67.2
Pas important	71
NSP	6
	23

Eurobarometer 67



QA15.1 Et pour chacune d'entre elles, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle ?

Le Parlement européen

QA15.1 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?

The European Parliament

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	56	+4	55	62	68	54	58	66	59	58	51	65	65	58	54	63	60	61
Plutôt pas confiance	28	-4	30	18	27	17	31	28	30	30	34	15	35	25	31	13	21	25
NSP	16	0	15	20	5	29	11	6	11	12	15	20	0	17	15	24	19	14

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	41	43	60	64	62	68	60	47	60	62	66	66	72	60	58	33	39	24
Tend not to trust	42	30	14	23	25	17	30	39	16	22	13	26	18	34	29	46	47	38
DK	17	27	26	13	13	15	10	14	24	16	21	8	10	6	13	21	14	38

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt confiance	59
Plutôt pas confiance	18
NSP	23

Eurobarometer 67



QA15.2 Et pour chacune d'entre elles, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle ?

La Commission européenne

QA15.2 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?

The European Commission

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	52	+4	50	59	68	48	56	60	49	49	48	63	62	57	47	58	56	58
Plutôt pas confiance	27	-4	30	18	27	17	29	28	31	32	34	14	38	23	32	13	23	27
NSP	21	0	20	23	5	35	15	12	20	19	18	23	0	20	21	29	21	15

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	38	42	57	59	59	68	57	45	60	62	61	61	62	59	53	29	36	22
Tend not to trust	42	30	14	25	24	16	25	41	16	21	13	28	21	33	25	42	49	37
DK	20	28	29	16	17	16	18	14	24	17	26	11	17	8	22	29	15	41

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt confiance	57
Plutôt pas confiance	18
NSP	25

Eurobarometer 67



QA15.3 Et pour chacune d'entre elles, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle ?

Le Conseil de l'Union européenne

QA15.3 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?

The Council of the European Union

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	47	+4	44	54	59	44	54	43	47	46	42	59	62	56	38	49	52	59
Plutôt pas confiance	26	-3	29	18	28	16	28	25	29	30	35	14	38	23	30	14	22	26
NSP	27	-1	27	28	13	40	18	32	24	24	23	27	0	21	32	37	26	15

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	36	40	53	54	53	64	47	40	54	58	58	57	62	49	33	23	38	23
Tend not to trust	41	30	13	25	22	17	28	37	15	21	12	29	22	32	21	38	46	36
DK	23	30	34	21	25	19	25	23	31	21	30	14	16	19	46	39	16	41

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt confiance	59
Plutôt pas confiance	17
NSP	24

Eurobarometer 67



QA15.4 Et pour chacune d'entre elles, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle ?

La Banque centrale européenne

QA15.4 And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it?

The European Central Bank

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	53	+6	53	54	69	45	61	71	66	65	63	60	56	55	40	58	52	57
Plutôt pas confiance	25	-2	27	16	23	16	23	16	21	22	24	13	43	26	36	14	24	25
NSP	22	-4	20	30	8	39	16	13	13	13	13	27	1	19	24	28	24	18

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	37	41	57	53	62	64	75	52	50	58	56	66	63	72	60	30	40	23
Tend not to trust	38	25	12	25	19	15	13	33	14	23	13	23	20	21	22	35	45	37
DK	25	34	31	22	19	21	12	15	36	19	31	11	17	7	18	35	15	40

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt confiance	55
Plutôt pas confiance	16
NSP	29

Eurobarometer 67



QA16.1 Je voudrais maintenant vous poser une question à propos de la confiance que vous inspirent certaines institutions. Pour chacune des institutions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle.

La presse écrite

QA16.1 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

The press

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	47	+3	46	50	53	59	56	56	47	45	39	54	47	59	53	45	46	53
Plutôt pas confiance	48	-1	49	42	45	27	42	42	49	51	58	41	53	34	44	50	46	41
NSP	5	-2	5	8	2	14	2	2	4	4	3	5	0	7	3	5	8	6

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	54	47	48	30	54	43	60	64	42	65	68	50	53	60	35	18	36	33
Tend not to trust	41	49	46	64	38	45	36	31	47	27	24	47	45	39	62	77	60	61
DK	5	4	6	6	8	12	4	5	11	8	8	3	2	1	3	5	4	6

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt confiance	48
Plutôt pas confiance	45
NSP	7

Eurobarometer 67



QA16.2 Je voudrais maintenant vous poser une question à propos de la confiance que vous inspirent certaines institutions. Pour chacune des institutions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle.

La radio

QA16.2 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

Radio

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	66	+3	66	66	69	62	75	76	71	69	59	76	60	67	63	77	58	67
Plutôt pas confiance	28	-1	28	26	29	24	22	21	26	28	37	20	40	27	32	19	32	29
NSP	6	-2	6	8	2	14	3	3	3	3	4	4	0	6	5	4	10	4

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	62	66	67	48	64	55	76	74	62	78	72	68	79	85	80	62	58	51
Tend not to trust	32	27	26	44	30	37	17	21	27	16	20	29	20	11	18	31	39	42
DK	6	7	7	8	6	8	7	5	11	6	8	3	1	4	2	7	3	7

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt confiance	50
Plutôt pas confiance	40
NSP	10

Eurobarometer 67



QA16.3 Je voudrais maintenant vous poser une question à propos de la confiance que vous inspirent certaines institutions. Pour chacune des institutions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle.

La télévision

QA16.3 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

Television

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	58	+5	56	69	66	89	70	70	64	62	54	78	39	56	44	72	47	65
Plutôt pas confiance	37	-5	40	26	32	6	28	28	32	34	42	18	61	39	53	25	45	34
NSP	5	0	4	5	2	5	2	2	4	4	4	4	0	5	3	3	8	1

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	60	72	66	51	61	56	68	75	57	78	88	70	71	79	68	51	56	46
Tend not to trust	34	25	29	44	35	37	28	21	34	19	8	28	28	19	29	44	43	50
DK	6	3	5	5	4	7	4	4	9	3	4	2	1	2	3	5	1	4

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt confiance	60
Plutôt pas confiance	37
NSP	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA16.4 Je voudrais maintenant vous poser une question à propos de la confiance que vous inspirent certaines institutions. Pour chacune des institutions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle.

Internet

QA16.4 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

The Internet

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	39	+4	38	44	42	40	62	48	33	33	32	48	31	43	36	36	41	33
Plutôt pas confiance	35	0	39	20	46	14	19	35	47	46	45	23	66	28	40	36	36	34
NSP	26	-4	23	36	12	46	19	17	20	21	23	29	3	29	24	28	23	33

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	47	43	40	34	36	52	55	41	39	42	49	47	53	43	33	32	39	40
Tend not to trust	32	25	22	23	37	17	30	38	20	24	15	35	26	39	49	41	32	36
DK	21	32	38	43	27	31	15	21	41	34	36	18	21	18	18	27	29	24

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt confiance	48
Plutôt pas confiance	14
NSP	38

Eurobarometer 67



QA16.5 Je voudrais maintenant vous poser une question à propos de la confiance que vous inspirent certaines institutions. Pour chacune des institutions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle.

Le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)

QA16.5 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

The (NATIONALITY) Government

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	41	+11	45	23	62	22	27	67	52	49	37	66	41	52	36	41	37	64
Plutôt pas confiance	53	-9	48	70	36	67	70	31	44	47	58	30	59	39	57	49	53	32
NSP	6	-2	7	7	2	11	3	2	4	4	5	4	0	9	7	10	10	4

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	20	26	27	66	51	73	57	18	46	19	36	42	75	55	34	18	71	40
Tend not to trust	75	67	67	26	38	24	35	76	49	72	60	52	21	40	59	78	25	52
DK	5	7	6	8	11	3	8	6	5	9	4	6	4	5	7	4	4	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA16.6 Je voudrais maintenant vous poser une question à propos de la confiance que vous inspirent certaines institutions. Pour chacune des institutions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle.

Le (PARLEMENT NATIONALITE)

QA16.6 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

The (NATIONALITY PARLIAMENT)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	43	+10	50	20	66	14	21	85	54	51	37	60	53	52	44	43	39	67
Plutôt pas confiance	50	-8	43	73	31	77	76	14	41	44	60	34	47	36	49	44	51	28
NSP	7	-2	7	7	3	9	3	1	5	5	3	6	0	12	7	13	10	5

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	18	15	26	64	48	77	57	15	49	19	36	39	77	70	41	19	74	32
Tend not to trust	76	79	68	27	37	21	35	79	44	72	59	54	20	26	50	77	22	61
DK	6	6	6	9	15	2	8	6	7	9	5	7	3	4	9	4	4	7

Eurobarometer 67



QA16.7 Je voudrais maintenant vous poser une question à propos de la confiance que vous inspirent certaines institutions. Pour chacune des institutions suivantes, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en elle.

L'Union européenne

QA16.7 I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it.

The European Union

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	57	+12	55	65	73	54	61	65	57	56	52	72	63	65	51	54	58	61
Plutôt pas confiance	32	-9	35	22	25	21	32	29	35	36	39	18	37	23	41	25	28	28
NSP	11	-3	10	13	2	25	7	6	8	8	9	10	0	12	8	21	14	11

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	36	47	65	61	62	66	69	46	68	65	65	68	66	61	56	36	35	38
Tend not to trust	49	38	19	29	29	25	25	43	18	24	20	27	25	35	35	49	55	47
DK	15	15	16	10	9	9	6	11	14	11	15	5	9	4	9	15	10	15

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt confiance	66
Plutôt pas confiance	23
NSP	11

Eurobarometer 67



QA17.1 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes sur l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si elle vous semble vraie ou fausse ?

L'UE est actuellement composée de quinze Etats membres

QA17.1 For each of the following statements about the European Union could you please tell me whether you think it is true or false?

The EU currently consists of fifteen Member States

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Vrai	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Faux	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
NSP	23	-12	25	19	23	17	26	22	27	27	26	27	16	22	18	25	29	7
	57	+12	56	61	70	54	63	66	56	57	62	57	77	54	74	56	45	81
	20	0	19	20	7	29	11	12	17	16	12	16	7	24	8	19	26	12

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
True	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
False	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
DK	15	23	19	15	12	18	28	21	18	14	16	16	23	29	24	30	22	28
	61	57	57	69	79	66	52	69	66	69	49	75	70	58	64	40	55	25
	24	20	24	16	9	16	20	10	16	17	35	9	7	13	12	30	23	47

	MK
Vrai	EB
Faux	67.2
NSP	25
	41
	34

Eurobarometer 67



QA17.2 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes sur l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si elle vous semble vraie ou fausse ?

Les députés européens sont directement élus par les citoyens de l'UE

QA17.2 For each of the following statements about the European Union could you please tell me whether you think it is true or false?

The members of the European Parliament are directly elected by the citizens of the EU

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
Vrai	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Faux	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
NSP	45	-4	45	48	60	37	69	41	42	45	36	75	48	38	63	41	63	33
	35	+4	36	33	32	47	25	45	44	41	40	20	24	43	14	35	17	36
	20	0	19	19	8	16	6	14	14	14	24	5	28	19	23	24	20	31

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
True	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
False	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
DK	34	45	37	62	78	42	40	52	42	52	55	59	40	46	34	31	36
	40	29	45	22	8	47	46	26	33	34	35	28	49	27	35	19	29
	26	26	18	16	14	11	14	22	25	14	10	13	11	27	31	50	35



QA17.3 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes sur l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si elle vous semble vraie ou fausse ?
Les députés européens seront directement élus par les citoyens de l'UE
QA17.3 For each of the following statements about the European Union could you please tell me whether you think it is true or false?
The members of the European Parliament will be directly elected by the citizens of the EU

	BG	RO
	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2
Vrai	66	37
Faux	4	20
NSP	30	43

Eurobarometer 67



QA17.4 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes sur l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si elle vous semble vraie ou fausse ?
 Tous les 6 mois, un Etat membre différent devient le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne
 QA17.4 For each of the following statements about the European Union could you please tell me whether you think it is true or false?
 Every six months, a different Member State becomes the President of the Council of the European Union

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Vrai	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Faux	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
NSP	49	+2	50	44	58	46	44	67	62	64	72	41	70	44	42	58	43	60
	25	-1	26	24	31	8	34	26	22	21	19	32	19	22	33	12	24	11
	26	-1	24	32	11	46	22	7	16	15	9	27	11	34	25	30	33	29

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
True	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
False	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
DK	47	45	39	39	65	49	57	78	49	50	33	59	59	68	56	34	49	31
	19	24	20	30	17	15	28	12	27	18	16	23	24	24	34	32	25	14
	34	31	41	31	18	36	15	10	24	32	51	18	17	8	10	34	26	55

	MK
Vrai	EB
Faux	67.2
NSP	50
	13
	37

Eurobarometer 67



QA17 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes sur l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si elle vous semble vraie ou fausse ?

Moyenne

QA17 For each of the following statements about the European Union could you please tell me whether you think it is true or false?

Average

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Moyenne des bonnes réponses	50	50	51	63	55	48	67	53	54	60	44	74	49	51	59	43	68	47
Moyenne des mauvaises réponses	28	29	23	29	10	36	25	31	31	28	33	19	22	32	17	29	12	23
NSP	22	21	26	8	35	16	8	16	15	12	23	7	29	17	24	28	20	30

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Average of correct answers	45	47	69	49	64	51	62	55	54	40	62	61	62	53	40	46	29	42
Average of wrong answers	29	23	17	30	14	34	26	24	22	17	25	27	27	36	30	28	21	23
DK	26	30	14	21	22	15	12	21	24	43	13	12	11	11	30	26	50	35

Eurobarometer 67



QA17 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes sur l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si elle vous semble vraie ou fausse ?
QA17 For each of the following statements about the European Union could you please tell me whether you think it is true or false?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Au moins une bonne réponse	80	80	79	90	79	82	90	83	84	88	76	94	76	85	82	73	89	78
1 bonne réponse	29	29	28	25	21	34	19	27	26	21	33	15	26	36	20	31	19	33
2 bonnes réponses	30	31	28	33	29	33	30	36	37	42	30	31	31	29	29	28	26	29
3 bonnes réponses	21	20	23	33	29	15	41	20	21	24	13	48	20	20	33	14	44	17
Au moins une mauvaise réponse	57	59	50	59	25	71	50	65	65	63	65	42	49	64	40	60	28	50
Au moins une réponse NSP	37	36	41	16	54	29	18	30	29	25	37	15	44	33	37	45	36	43

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
At least one correct answer	78	78	90	83	90	80	91	83	82	65	91	90	88	85	70	78	53	71
1 correct answer	34	32	18	36	24	31	20	27	27	27	27	23	23	30	33	31	25	28
2 correct answers	31	31	27	30	32	28	48	26	30	23	32	40	34	35	23	34	22	32
3 correct answers	14	15	45	17	35	21	24	29	25	15	32	26	31	20	13	13	7	12
At least one wrong answer	61	52	39	62	33	66	62	50	48	38	52	59	56	70	59	59	44	52
At least one answer DK	45	52	28	38	43	30	22	34	37	62	26	22	22	22	48	41	62	52

Eurobarometer 67



QA18a A votre avis, quels sont les deux plus importants problèmes auxquels doit faire face (NOTRE PAYS) actuellement ? (MAX. 2 REponses)
QA18a What do you think are the two most important issues facing (OUR COUNTRY) at the moment? (MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
L'insécurité	24	+1	25	22	27	35	28	25	15	16	16	44	20	17	24	47	28	51
La situation économique	20	-3	17	31	12	34	22	5	15	15	16	17	39	9	23	9	28	16
La hausse des prix\ l'inflation	18	+2	17	23	20	29	23	4	14	15	18	39	28	14	21	28	26	28
Les impôts	8	+1	8	7	15	3	9	6	8	8	7	6	4	2	5	4	18	10
Le chômage	34	-6	34	33	39	30	21	5	56	58	67	7	51	19	51	7	28	16
Le terrorisme	12	-3	15	2	5	2	2	18	8	7	5	3	3	47	6	3	9	2
La défense\ la politique étrangère	2	0	2	2	1	0	1	10	2	1	1	14	1	2	1	0	1	3
Le logement	8	+3	8	8	11	1	5	5	0	0	0	2	0	20	17	15	2	10
L'immigration	15	-6	17	6	19	5	5	21	9	8	6	3	5	36	10	12	15	8
Le système de santé	18	+2	15	30	3	24	39	36	21	20	14	20	12	4	6	50	5	11
Le système éducatif	9	+2	10	4	3	4	3	17	18	18	19	9	16	4	8	3	2	8
Les retraites\ les pensions	12	+2	11	16	17	18	20	4	16	16	15	10	15	5	12	3	11	14
La protection de l'environnement	7	+3	8	3	15	2	5	26	8	8	7	4	4	2	11	6	5	7
Les questions liées à l'énergie	4	+1	4	4	6	7	5	10	6	6	4	9	0	1	3	6	4	3
Autre (SPONTANE)	1	0	1	1	2	1	3	2	0	0	1	5	2	4	0	2	1	12
NSP	1	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	1	0

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Crime	14	44	12	9	14	33	22	19	11	18	14	27	12	21	41	50	19	42
Economic situation	28	26	41	10	16	22	14	25	29	44	23	29	8	16	6	35	28	52
Rising prices\ inflation	63	38	28	27	34	8	25	16	30	27	18	19	12	3	7	11	9	7
Taxation	10	12	7	3	7	2	9	5	14	9	21	6	17	4	7	2	3	2
Unemployment	15	13	41	44	25	6	37	45	53	20	36	36	37	43	8	62	62	72
Terrorism	1	1	1	3	0	16	4	1	2	2	0	4	2	2	25	2	50	2
Defence\ Foreign affairs	1	1	0	1	1	5	2	3	1	1	8	2	3	2	3	1	2	1
Housing	8	7	2	32	9	5	3	8	3	13	17	8	4	3	10	4	1	1
Immigration	6	9	2	10	30	13	20	10	3	2	3	3	4	9	32	1	3	2
Healthcare system	15	19	37	6	4	31	12	34	21	27	20	27	40	31	24	8	5	5
The educational system	7	5	3	20	1	24	13	4	7	4	9	5	4	18	8	2	7	3
Pensions	19	12	12	10	10	4	13	16	11	17	16	13	18	7	11	17	2	3
Protecting the environment	3	1	3	9	16	15	15	2	0	5	8	5	17	27	8	1	0	1
Energy related issues	4	8	6	5	16	6	5	3	0	2	4	7	18	13	4	0	1	1
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	3	2	1	2	8	4	1	0	4	2	1	1	1	0	1	1	3	3
DK	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	1	2	0	3	0	0	1	1	1	0

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QA18b A votre avis, quels sont les deux plus importants problèmes auxquels doit faire face notre Communauté actuellement ? (MAX. 2 REPONSES)
QA18b What do you think are the two most important issues facing our community at the moment? (MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
L'insécurité	28
La situation économique	31
La hausse des prix\ l'inflation	8
Les impôts	8
Le chômage	36
Le terrorisme	3
La question chypriote	33
Le logement	8
L'immigration	6
Le système de santé	6
Le système éducatif	9
Les retraites\ les pensions	1
La protection de l'environnement	5
Les questions liées à l'énergie	5
Autre (SPONTANE)	1
NSP	2

Eurobarometer 67



QA19 Dans quelle mesure êtes-vous d'accord ou pas d'accord avec l'affirmation suivante : Chaque décision européenne fait l'objet de négociations dans lesquelles l'avis du Gouvernement national de tous les Etats membres est pris en considération.
 QA19 To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: Every European decision is the subject of negotiations in which the opinions of the national Government of all Member states are taken into account.

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tout à fait d'accord	15	16	14	17	13	12	17	19	19	22	18	19	16	18	12	18	22	29
Plutôt d'accord	48	48	51	49	37	55	41	47	47	45	49	48	51	44	45	56	45	28
Plutôt pas d'accord	18	18	16	22	14	22	29	19	20	21	18	20	11	20	10	12	8	23
Pas du tout d'accord	5	5	3	4	2	5	8	4	4	5	4	12	3	6	4	2	7	8
NSP	14	13	16	8	34	6	5	11	10	7	11	1	19	12	29	12	18	12
D'accord	63	64	65	66	50	67	58	66	66	67	67	67	67	62	57	74	67	57
Pas d'accord	23	23	19	26	16	27	37	23	24	26	22	32	14	26	14	14	15	31

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Totally agree	8	41	21	15	17	18	12	13	13	11	26	11	11	15	9	13	27	31
Tend to agree	43	43	42	46	49	45	45	59	51	46	50	55	39	43	42	46	21	34
Tend to disagree	32	5	18	23	12	25	24	14	14	12	16	24	34	22	21	19	9	11
Totally disagree	7	1	6	6	5	7	7	2	2	3	3	3	11	6	10	9	9	7
DK	10	10	13	10	17	5	12	12	20	28	5	7	5	14	18	13	34	17
Agree	51	84	63	61	66	63	57	72	64	57	76	66	50	58	51	59	48	65
Disagree	39	6	24	29	17	32	31	16	16	15	19	27	45	28	31	28	18	18

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QA20a.1 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La lutte contre l'insécurité

QA20a.1 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Fighting crime

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
En commun dans l'UE	38	0	40	30	31	38	21	38	24	23	18	33	43	49	51	53	31	33
NSP	60	+1	58	67	68	57	78	61	75	77	82	64	57	48	47	43	63	65
	2	-1	2	3	1	5	1	1	1	0	0	3	0	3	2	4	6	2

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
(NATIONALITY) Government	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Jointly within the EU	25	34	26	33	36	34	39	29	21	34	30	23	31	39	61	41	56	55
DK	73	63	73	64	62	65	58	68	74	59	69	76	68	60	37	57	40	43
	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	3	5	7	1	1	1	1	2	2	4	2

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QA20a.2 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

Les impôts

QA20a.2 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Taxation

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	68	-1	69	62	68	70	73	90	69	69	65	77	63	63	75	64	55	52
En commun dans l'UE	28	+1	27	33	31	22	26	9	28	29	34	19	37	33	22	31	38	45
NSP	4	0	4	5	1	8	1	1	3	2	1	4	0	4	3	5	7	3

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	63	57	68	83	65	76	74	56	54	60	65	75	86	89	78	63	56	72
Jointly within the EU	34	39	29	16	32	22	22	39	39	31	32	24	13	10	19	33	37	23
DK	3	4	3	1	3	2	4	5	7	9	3	1	1	1	3	4	7	5

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QA20a.3 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La lutte contre le chômage

QA20a.3 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Fighting unemployment

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	58	-1	59	53	54	58	55	72	62	60	56	55	47	56	65	58	47	42
En commun dans l'UE	39	+1	38	44	45	37	45	27	37	39	44	41	53	41	33	39	46	57
NSP	3	0	3	3	1	5	0	1	1	1	0	4	0	3	2	3	7	1

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	54	52	57	61	50	67	64	48	40	58	52	53	76	71	69	51	47	63
Jointly within the EU	43	45	42	37	49	32	34	49	55	36	47	46	23	29	28	47	49	35
DK	3	3	1	2	1	1	2	3	5	6	1	1	1	0	3	2	4	2

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QA20a.4 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La lutte contre le terrorisme

QA20a.4 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Fighting terrorism

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	16	-2	18	11	14	10	10	10	11	10	8	10	22	29	13	20	22	16
En commun dans l'UE	81	+2	79	85	86	85	89	89	88	89	92	87	78	68	85	76	71	83
NSP	3	0	3	4	0	5	1	1	1	1	0	3	0	3	2	4	7	1

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	7	11	8	12	10	9	27	12	10	13	13	7	14	7	26	26	53	35
Jointly within the EU	91	85	90	86	89	89	71	85	86	80	86	92	85	92	71	71	43	61
DK	2	4	2	2	1	2	2	3	4	7	1	1	1	1	3	3	4	4

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QA20a.5 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La défense et la politique étrangère

QA20a.5 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Defence and foreign affairs

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
En commun dans l'UE	33	+1	35	27	27	29	27	48	24	25	28	24	42	37	29	31	25	28
NSP	62	-1	61	67	72	62	72	50	74	73	71	72	58	57	67	63	67	70
	5	0	4	6	1	9	1	2	2	2	1	4	0	6	4	6	8	2

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
(NATIONALITY) Government	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Jointly within the EU	23	24	24	19	15	39	41	29	22	29	25	18	80	54	56	46	53	43
DK	74	71	74	78	81	59	56	65	69	62	73	81	19	43	40	51	40	52
	3	5	2	3	4	2	3	6	9	9	2	1	1	3	4	3	7	5

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QA20a.6 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

L'immigration

QA20a.6 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Immigration

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
En commun dans l'UE	37	-2	39	28	29	26	33	57	37	37	37	51	46	31	34	43	25	30
NSP	59	+2	58	66	70	64	66	41	61	61	63	45	54	66	63	52	67	66
	4	0	3	6	1	10	1	2	2	2	0	4	0	3	3	5	8	4

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
(NATIONALITY) Government	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Jointly within the EU	30	33	37	42	20	39	63	27	26	23	33	30	70	59	59	39	53	40
DK	65	62	61	55	79	59	35	67	67	68	65	69	29	40	39	56	42	52
	5	5	2	3	1	2	2	6	7	9	2	1	1	1	2	5	5	8

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QA20a.7 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

Le système éducatif

QA20a.7 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

The educational system

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
En commun dans l'UE	64	-4	64	63	69	69	60	79	56	57	60	65	64	59	71	71	47	48
NSP	33	+4	33	33	30	24	40	20	43	42	40	31	36	38	27	25	46	50
	3	0	3	4	1	7	0	1	1	1	0	4	0	3	2	4	7	2

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
(NATIONALITY) Government	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Jointly within the EU	58	56	67	75	66	78	70	63	51	64	48	67	84	82	77	60	51	64
DK	40	39	31	23	33	21	27	34	43	29	51	32	15	17	21	37	45	33
	2	5	2	2	1	1	3	3	6	7	1	1	1	1	2	3	4	3

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QA20a.8 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

Les retraites

QA20a.8 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Pensions

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
En commun dans l'UE	72	-2	74	62	73	68	70	93	84	83	79	66	59	63	78	65	59	43
NSP	25	+2	23	35	26	27	29	6	15	16	20	30	41	34	19	30	34	55
	3	0	3	3	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	4	0	3	3	5	7	2

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
(NATIONALITY) Government	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Jointly within the EU	57	58	73	86	68	89	80	51	51	69	68	72	94	95	78	56	53	74
DK	41	39	26	12	28	9	16	45	44	25	30	27	5	4	19	41	42	23
	2	3	1	2	4	2	4	4	5	6	2	1	1	1	3	3	5	3

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QA20a.9 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La protection de l'environnement

QA20a.9 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Protecting the environment

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	28	-4	27	32	24	36	32	27	15	14	12	38	34	32	22	36	33	24
En commun dans l'UE	69	+4	71	64	75	57	68	72	84	85	88	59	66	65	76	60	60	75
NSP	3	0	2	4	1	7	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	3	2	4	7	1

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	42	41	25	30	35	17	48	29	21	38	32	35	46	20	36	52	53	63
Jointly within the EU	56	55	74	68	64	82	50	67	73	55	67	64	53	80	62	46	42	34
DK	2	4	1	2	1	1	2	4	6	7	1	1	1	0	2	2	5	3

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QA20a.10 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La santé et la sécurité sociale

QA20a.10 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Health and social welfare

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	66	-2	68	58	66	67	67	85	71	71	71	58	58	62	75	63	51	31
En commun dans l'UE	31	+2	29	38	33	28	33	14	28	28	28	39	42	35	24	33	42	68
NSP	3	0	3	4	1	5	0	1	1	1	1	3	0	3	1	4	7	1

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	55	50	67	74	61	80	78	52	49	57	65	68	92	86	75	58	47	69
Jointly within the EU	43	47	32	24	38	19	20	45	47	36	34	31	7	14	22	40	48	28
DK	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	3	4	7	1	1	1	0	3	2	5	3

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QA20a.11 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

L'agriculture et la pêche

QA20a.11 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Agriculture and fishery

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	45	0	44	49	32	53	61	31	36	35	33	55	60	42	45	44	43	27
En commun dans l'UE	50	+1	51	46	66	40	37	67	61	62	67	42	40	50	51	50	47	70
NSP	5	-1	5	5	2	7	2	2	3	3	0	3	0	8	4	6	10	3

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	52	44	49	45	45	36	59	39	33	57	46	58	83	52	53	70	59	69
Jointly within the EU	45	52	49	50	52	63	37	55	61	34	52	41	16	46	42	27	35	27
DK	3	4	2	5	3	1	4	6	6	9	2	1	1	2	5	3	6	4

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QA20a.12 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La protection des consommateurs

QA20a.12 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Consumer protection

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	48	-1	48	46	42	39	43	49	42	42	44	60	49	47	52	40	44	32
En commun dans l'UE	48	+2	48	48	57	51	56	50	56	57	56	35	51	48	46	54	47	66
NSP	4	-7	4	6	1	10	1	1	2	1	0	5	0	5	2	6	9	2

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	45	41	49	50	44	54	63	43	39	55	47	47	66	55	56	56	50	66
Jointly within the EU	50	50	48	46	53	45	33	51	52	37	51	52	32	42	39	41	44	28
DK	5	9	3	4	3	1	4	6	9	8	2	1	2	3	5	3	6	6

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QA20a.13 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La recherche scientifique et technologique

QA20a.13 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Scientific and technological research

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	24	-2	26	19	23	15	19	30	28	28	27	17	15	25	20	16	22	8
En commun dans l'UE	71	+1	70	74	75	70	79	68	69	70	72	77	85	68	78	76	70	90
NSP	5	+1	4	7	2	15	2	2	3	2	1	6	0	7	2	8	8	2

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	19	17	21	11	8	27	36	18	13	24	19	15	37	23	33	32	43	34
Jointly within the EU	77	77	76	85	85	71	60	76	78	65	79	84	60	74	62	65	51	59
DK	4	6	3	4	7	2	4	6	9	11	2	1	3	3	5	3	6	7

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QA20a.14 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

Le soutien aux régions qui ont des difficultés économiques

QA20a.14 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Support for regions facing economic difficulties

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
En commun dans l'UE	35	-3	38	27	31	22	46	32	35	33	27	27	27	36	53	19	45	21
NSP	60	+3	57	68	68	69	53	67	62	64	71	67	73	58	44	74	47	76
	5	0	5	5	1	9	1	1	3	3	2	6	0	6	3	7	8	3

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
(NATIONALITY) Government	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Jointly within the EU	23	24	27	15	9	19	42	23	19	25	34	32	46	24	41	33	42	35
DK	74	70	71	81	84	79	55	73	75	64	64	67	53	73	53	64	52	61
	3	6	2	4	7	2	3	4	6	11	2	1	1	3	6	3	6	4

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QA20a.15 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

L'énergie

QA20a.15 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Energy

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	35	-1	35	36	27	38	47	32	28	27	26	36	25	42	28	31	25	15
En commun dans l'UE	61	+1	62	59	72	54	52	66	71	72	73	60	75	52	70	63	68	82
NSP	4	0	3	5	1	8	1	2	1	1	1	4	0	6	2	6	7	3

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	24	31	30	24	26	36	58	32	31	40	32	43	59	40	52	43	49	44
Jointly within the EU	72	64	68	73	70	63	39	63	62	51	66	55	40	58	45	53	44	51
DK	4	5	2	3	4	1	3	5	7	9	2	2	1	2	3	4	7	5

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QA20a.16 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La concurrence

QA20a.16 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Competition

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
En commun dans l'UE	34	-3	34	34	28	29	47	31	33	32	28	42	38	37	29	29	29	27
NSP	57	+3	57	56	70	54	49	65	61	63	68	48	61	47	66	62	61	69
	9	0	9	10	2	17	4	4	6	5	4	10	1	16	5	9	10	4

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
(NATIONALITY) Government	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Jointly within the EU	34	32	27	26	34	29	45	33	30	32	38	40	48	35	44	45	50	47
DK	55	55	65	66	61	67	46	57	57	54	59	57	48	58	44	49	42	45
	11	13	8	8	5	4	9	10	13	14	3	3	4	7	12	6	8	8

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QA20a.17 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

Les transports

QA20a.17 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Transports

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	51	53	44	35	44	60	46	43	41	33	60	64	57	55	50	47	35	51
En commun dans l'UE	45	44	50	64	49	39	52	55	57	66	34	36	39	42	45	46	63	46
NSP	4	3	6	1	7	1	2	2	2	1	6	0	4	3	5	7	2	3

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	56	45	30	57	59	58	37	54	49	49	58	74	29	72	48	53	49
Jointly within the EU	39	52	64	39	40	39	58	39	42	49	40	24	68	26	49	40	47
DK	5	3	6	4	1	3	5	7	9	2	2	2	3	2	3	7	4

Eurobarometer 67



QA20a.18 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

L'économie

QA20a.18 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the (NATIONALITY) Government, or made jointly within the European Union?

Economy

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)	50	51	46	37	38	56	73	47	46	43	47	49	48	52	53	40	33	40
En commun dans l'UE	46	45	50	62	54	44	25	50	51	56	49	51	47	46	42	52	65	57
NSP	4	4	4	1	8	0	2	3	3	1	4	0	5	2	5	8	2	3

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
(NATIONALITY) Government	33	45	52	46	46	53	47	36	43	47	53	76	71	72	54	45	44
Jointly within the EU	62	50	46	52	53	44	50	56	49	51	46	22	26	25	43	50	53
DK	5	5	2	2	1	3	3	8	8	2	1	2	3	3	3	5	3



QA20b.1 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La lutte contre l'insécurité

QA20b.1 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?

Fighting crime

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	52
En commun dans l'UE	44
NSP	4



QA20b.2 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

Les impôts

QA20b.2 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?

Taxation

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	63
En commun dans l'UE	33
NSP	4



QA20b.3 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
La lutte contre le chômage
QA20b.3 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
Fighting unemployment

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	49
En commun dans l'UE	47
NSP	4



QA20b.4 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
La lutte contre le terrorisme
QA20b.4 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
Fighting terrorism

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	39
En commun dans l'UE	56
NSP	5

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QA20b.5 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La défense et la politique étrangère

QA20b.5 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?

Defence and foreign affairs

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	49
En commun dans l'UE	46
NSP	5



QA20b.6 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

L'immigration

QA20b.6 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?

Immigration

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	45
En commun dans l'UE	50
NSP	5



QA20b.7 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
Le système éducatif
QA20b.7 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
The educational system

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	55
En commun dans l'UE	41
NSP	4



QA20b.8 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
Les retraites
QA20b.8 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
Pensions

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	59
En commun dans l'UE	36
NSP	5



QA20b.9 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
La protection de l'environnement
QA20b.9 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
Protecting the environment

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	49
En commun dans l'UE	45
NSP	6



QA20b.10 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
La santé et la sécurité sociale
QA20b.10 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
Health and social welfare

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	46
En commun dans l'UE	49
NSP	5



QA20b.11 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

L'agriculture et la pêche

QA20b.11 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?

Agriculture and fishery

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	62
En commun dans l'UE	30
NSP	8



QA20b.12 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

La protection des consommateurs

QA20b.12 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?

Consumer protection

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	55
En commun dans l'UE	40
NSP	5



QA20b.13 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
La recherche scientifique et technologique
QA20b.13 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
Scientific and technological research

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	41
En commun dans l'UE	55
NSP	4



QA20b.14 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
Le soutien aux régions qui ont des difficultés économiques
QA20b.14 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
Support for regions facing economic difficulties

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	41
En commun dans l'UE	53
NSP	6



QA20b.15 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

L'énergie

QA20b.15 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?

Energy

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	51
En commun dans l'UE	44
NSP	5



QA20b.16 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?
La concurrence
QA20b.16 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?
Competition

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	53
En commun dans l'UE	40
NSP	7



QA20b.17 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

Les transports

QA20b.17 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?

Transports

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	64
En commun dans l'UE	31
NSP	5



QA20b.18 Pour chacun des domaines suivants, pensez-vous que les décisions devraient être prises par les Gouvernements nationaux ou qu'elles devraient être prises en commun au sein de l'Union européenne ?

L'économie

QA20b.18 For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made by the national Governments, or made jointly within the European Union?

Economy

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Gouvernements nationaux	55
En commun dans l'UE	39
NSP	6

Eurobarometer 67



QA21 En ce qui concerne l'idée d'une "EUROPE A DEUX VITESSES", laquelle des opinions suivantes se rapproche le plus de la vôtre ?
QA21 As regards the idea of a "TWO SPEED EUROPE", which of the following comes closest to your personal preference?

	EU27 UE27	EU12 UE12	EU27	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	42.0	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Les pays qui sont prêts à intensifier le développement	47	+10	47	41	56	41	58	56	59	59	63	51	53	32	52	43	44	53
Les pays qui sont prêts à intensifier le développement	37	-8	37	37	35	22	29	39	32	32	31	30	45	45	37	28	37	29
NSP	16	-2	16	22	9	37	13	5	9	9	6	19	2	23	11	29	19	18

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
That those countries which are ready to intensify t	38	59	42	56	40	38	66	47	38	31	34	59	56	45	58	40	44	30
Or that those countries which are ready to intensif	40	26	34	35	44	40	27	38	46	48	30	34	34	49	30	39	40	26
DK	22	15	24	9	16	22	7	15	16	21	36	7	10	6	12	21	16	44

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Les pays qui sont prêts à intensifier le développement	50
Les pays qui sont prêts à intensifier le développement	31
NSP	19

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QA22a En général, pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés sur les affaires politiques européennes ?
 QA22a Overall, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not about European political affairs?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Très bien informés	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 3	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 3	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 4	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 6	EB 67.2 6	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 1
Plutôt bien informés	20	20	20	28	13	28	33	24	24	20	35	13	18	14	31	20	10	34
Pas très bien informés	55	54	59	50	55	55	56	62	62	63	54	45	49	60	33	49	43	56
Pas du tout informés	20	20	16	18	24	13	6	9	10	14	6	40	25	22	22	23	40	8
NSP	3	3	4	1	7	3	1	3	2	2	3	0	7	2	8	2	5	1
Bien informés	22	23	21	31	14	29	37	26	26	21	37	15	19	16	37	26	12	35
Pas informés	75	74	75	68	79	68	62	71	72	77	60	85	74	82	55	72	83	64

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Very well informed	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 7	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 6	EB 67.2 3	EB 67.2 4	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 5	EB 67.2 2	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 1	EB 67.2 2
Fairly well informed	24	35	16	31	19	28	20	8	13	46	30	22	25	21
Not very well informed	59	41	55	47	56	50	63	51	60	41	55	64	64	49
Not at all informed	12	12	26	14	20	13	12	38	19	7	11	12	7	26
DK	3	5	2	2	2	5	4	2	6	1	2	1	3	2
Well informed	26	42	17	37	22	32	21	9	15	51	32	23	26	23
Not informed	71	53	81	61	76	63	75	89	79	48	66	76	71	75

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.1 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

La lutte contre l'insécurité

QA23a.1 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Fighting crime

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 11	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 26
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	68	68	67	74	72	63	66	62	62	64	65	88	65	73	66	70	77	68
NSP	6	6	7	4	8	4	4	4	4	5	6	1	10	2	10	9	7	6

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 8	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 26
People are not well informed	58	77	61	64	60	66	64	85	76	55	65	70	73	68
DK	9	6	6	6	4	7	7	7	9	3	2	3	5	6

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.2 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

Les impôts

QA23a.2 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Taxation

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 22
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	69	69	69	70	75	61	80	67	68	73	68	88	64	74	62	67	74	71
NSP	7	7	7	3	10	4	4	4	5	5	6	0	11	3	11	10	8	7

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 45	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 23
People are not well informed	67	49	67	62	69	63	73	81	69	51	62	74	72	70
DK	12	5	5	11	6	8	7	6	9	4	2	4	7	7

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.3 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

La lutte contre le chômage

QA23a.3 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Fighting unemployment

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 11	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 23
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	72	72	70	70	77	67	72	64	66	71	71	89	68	76	67	73	77	71
NSP	6	6	7	4	10	4	3	5	4	4	6	0	9	3	10	8	6	6

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 20
People are not well informed	61	60	68	63	74	63	69	82	73	53	65	79	69	75
DK	11	5	4	6	4	7	8	6	11	3	2	3	7	5

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QA23a.4 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

La lutte contre le terrorisme

QA23a.4 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Fighting terrorism

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 27
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	65	65	67	69	70	60	51	57	57	58	64	86	62	73	68	68	78	66
NSP	6	6	7	3	10	2	3	5	5	4	6	0	10	3	10	9	9	7

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 8	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 31
People are not well informed	60	63	69	59	53	68	66	86	71	55	65	69	47	64
DK	10	5	5	12	4	8	8	6	10	3	1	4	6	5

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QA23a.5 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

La défense et la politique étrangère

QA23a.5 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Defence and foreign affairs

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 9	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 25
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	69	69	70	68	74	65	58	60	61	66	66	91	71	75	69	71	78	67
NSP	7	7	8	6	13	4	3	4	5	5	6	0	12	4	11	9	8	8

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 41	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 4	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 41	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 37	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 23
People are not well informed	60	66	79	65	54	71	67	89	75	55	65	60	60	71
DK	13	7	6	10	5	10	8	7	12	4	4	3	7	6

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QA23a.6 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

L'immigration

QA23a.6 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Immigration

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 11	EB 67.2 27
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	70	71	67	72	71	75	64	71	71	71	76	88	61	74	68	70	78	67
NSP	6	5	10	5	14	4	4	4	4	6	5	0	10	3	9	8	11	6

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 8	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 21
People are not well informed	58	65	74	54	64	67	62	85	67	63	78	71	68	75
DK	13	6	6	4	5	7	10	7	14	6	3	3	4	4

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.7 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

La protection de l'environnement

QA23a.7 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Protecting the environment

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 29
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	63	62	64	64	66	58	59	54	53	51	63	78	67	65	51	69	72	65
NSP	6	5	7	2	15	3	3	4	4	3	6	0	10	3	10	9	5	6

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 41	EB 67.2 41	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 9	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 34
People are not well informed	60	49	66	52	55	53	63	85	71	44	54	57	47	62
DK	14	5	4	4	4	6	7	6	10	2	2	3	4	4

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.8 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

La santé et la sécurité sociale

QA23a.8 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Health and social welfare

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	26	26	25	40	19	34	17	32	30	24	24	15	28	27	34	25	22	25
NSP	68	68	68	57	71	64	79	64	66	71	71	85	62	68	56	67	73	69
	6	6	7	3	10	2	4	4	4	5	5	0	10	5	10	8	5	6

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
People are not well informed	24	50	33	46	26	42	20	10	20	49	42	24	23	24
DK	65	45	64	49	69	52	72	86	70	48	55	73	72	71
	11	5	3	5	5	6	8	4	10	3	3	3	5	5

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.9 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

L'agriculture et la pêche

QA23a.9 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Agriculture and fishery

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 45	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 25
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	69	70	66	70	72	69	52	69	70	72	70	86	68	68	54	74	75	69
NSP	8	7	9	6	12	5	3	6	5	4	6	0	12	4	12	11	8	6

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 5	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 18
People are not well informed	53	61	66	64	47	64	65	88	67	49	69	62	51	74
DK	13	10	5	4	6	8	10	7	12	5	5	3	6	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.10 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

La protection des consommateurs

QA23a.10 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Consumer protection

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 11	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 18
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	69	70	67	69	76	54	69	62	63	65	74	89	68	77	59	71	72	76
NSP	7	7	8	5	9	4	4	5	5	7	7	0	11	3	10	9	8	6

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 45	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 6	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 23
People are not well informed	66	49	63	56	69	52	69	86	71	47	57	74	71	69
DK	15	6	5	4	7	8	9	8	10	4	3	4	9	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.11 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

La recherche scientifique et technologique

QA23a.11 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Scientific and technological research

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 6	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 7	EB 67.2 17
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	74	74	76	72	75	68	73	68	69	73	77	94	74	76	69	73	85	76
NSP	8	7	10	4	13	6	5	7	7	6	6	0	11	4	14	10	8	7

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 3	EB 67.2 9	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 21
People are not well informed	66	72	84	66	71	72	77	90	78	65	74	77	70	73
DK	16	9	6	12	7	9	9	7	13	4	7	4	9	6

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.12 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

Le soutien aux régions qui ont des difficultés économiques

QA23a.12 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Support for regions facing economic difficulties

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 8	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 9	EB 67.2 22
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	74	74	74	70	76	73	72	71	71	74	75	92	72	81	68	75	81	70
NSP	7	7	10	7	14	5	3	6	6	5	6	0	10	4	13	9	10	8

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 5	EB 67.2 11	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 19
People are not well informed	63	68	86	67	66	65	72	88	76	62	72	74	63	74
DK	13	9	4	13	7	11	10	7	13	4	4	4	7	7

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QA23a.13 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

L'énergie

QA23a.13 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Energy

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 6	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 24
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	68	67	69	64	74	60	64	60	61	66	68	90	70	68	62	71	79	69
NSP	7	7	9	3	20	4	5	4	5	6	6	0	14	3	10	9	7	7

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 7	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 48	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 27
People are not well informed	60	53	64	62	59	63	72	86	73	48	62	64	59	67
DK	15	5	4	4	6	7	9	7	12	4	3	4	7	6

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.14 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

La concurrence

QA23a.14 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Competition

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 6	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 8	EB 67.2 15	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 17
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	73	73	74	74	77	72	70	69	70	74	73	92	68	78	66	79	78	73
NSP	10	10	12	5	17	9	5	8	8	9	8	0	17	5	13	9	9	10

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 5	EB 67.2 9	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 15
People are not well informed	63	68	81	61	61	69	71	86	77	64	77	73	64	73
DK	20	8	9	10	7	12	11	9	14	10	5	5	10	12

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.15 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

Les transports

QA23a.15 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Transports

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 37	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 25
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	65	64	67	65	76	57	73	57	57	56	69	78	59	63	62	66	79	68
NSP	7	7	10	6	14	4	5	5	5	7	6	0	12	4	11	9	9	7

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 13	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 37	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 24
People are not well informed	56	53	76	47	66	56	67	78	71	58	58	72	63	70
DK	16	3	11	10	5	9	11	9	11	5	3	4	7	6

Eurobarometer 67



QA23a.16 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que dans (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?

L'économie

QA23a.16 More precisely, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?

Economy

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Les gens sont bien informés	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 6	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 14	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 25
Les gens ne sont pas bien informés	68	68	69	65	73	63	62	56	59	71	63	86	69	75	55	74	73	68
NSP	7	6	8	3	21	5	4	6	6	6	7	0	10	3	12	8	7	7

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
People are well informed	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 37	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 6	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 28
People are not well informed	59	57	69	57	56	63	68	87	78	44	67	71	54	67
DK	11	6	5	5	4	10	7	7	10	2	4	3	6	5

Eurobarometer 67



QA24a En général, pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS), les gens sont bien informés ou pas bien informés des mesures qui sont prises dans les autres Etats membres pour affronter ces questions ?

QA24a And overall, do you think that in (OUR COUNTRY), people are well informed or not about the measures taken in the other European Union countries to face these issues?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Très bien informés	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Plutôt bien informés	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	0	2	2	2	1	2	5	1	2
Pas très bien informés	16	16	15	16	5	21	17	20	20	20	14	8	14	8	22	19	11	18
Pas du tout informés	52	51	56	46	47	58	57	57	58	59	57	38	48	56	40	50	44	63
NSP	24	26	19	35	34	15	20	14	15	17	20	49	28	32	26	22	38	12
Bien informés	6	5	9	2	12	4	4	6	5	4	7	3	8	3	10	4	6	5
Pas informés	18	18	16	17	7	23	19	23	22	20	16	10	16	9	24	24	12	20
	76	77	75	81	81	73	77	71	73	76	77	87	76	88	66	72	82	75

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Very well informed	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Fairly well informed	1	3	1	3	1	4	1	1	0	2	2	0	1	1
Not very well informed	18	18	14	20	16	20	18	8	8	33	19	18	14	19
Not at all informed	56	57	51	51	53	46	55	52	60	48	64	64	58	44
DK	13	17	31	20	25	22	16	35	20	12	11	16	23	31
Well informed	12	5	3	6	5	8	10	4	12	5	4	2	4	5
Not informed	19	21	15	23	17	24	19	9	8	35	21	18	15	20
	69	74	82	71	78	68	71	87	80	60	75	80	81	75

Eurobarometer 67



QA22b En général, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) sur les affaires politiques européennes ?
QA22b Overall, do you think that you are well informed or not about European political affairs?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Très bien informé(e)	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt bien informé(e)	2	3	2	3	2	2	4	3	4	5	2	2	1	1	5	5	2	3
Plutôt mal informé(e)	28	28	27	36	12	29	37	40	40	42	24	19	22	17	34	24	18	33
Pas du tout informé(e)	49	48	51	43	51	55	53	46	46	44	59	53	49	56	34	46	48	51
NSP	19	20	17	16	31	12	6	10	9	9	13	26	28	24	24	23	31	12
Bien informé(e)	2	1	3	2	4	2	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	2	3	2	1	1
Pas informé(e)	30	31	29	39	14	31	41	43	44	47	26	21	23	18	39	29	20	36
	68	68	68	59	82	67	59	56	55	53	72	79	77	80	58	69	79	63

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Very well informed	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Fairly well informed	2	10	1	5	3	3	2	2	3	4	4	2	3	3
Not very well informed	20	40	22	30	26	36	32	19	23	48	33	31	32	31
Not at all informed	60	39	54	46	56	38	49	49	48	41	49	54	57	43
DK	17	10	22	17	15	21	13	29	20	7	12	13	8	21
	1	1	1	2	0	2	4	1	6	0	2	0	0	2
Well informed	22	50	23	35	29	39	34	21	26	52	37	33	35	34
Not informed	77	49	76	63	71	59	62	78	68	48	61	67	65	64

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.1 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
La lutte contre l'insécurité

QA23b.1 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Fighting crime

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	26	26	26	29	18	25	27	33	33	31	27	23	31	24	22	19	17	28	28
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	70	71	69	68	78	73	71	63	64	67	70	76	68	73	72	73	82	70	70
NSP	4	3	5	3	4	2	2	4	3	2	3	1	1	3	6	8	1	2	2

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	27	22	27	26	28	26	34	17	15	37	26	20	20	22
You are not well informed	67	72	72	69	70	69	60	79	77	61	72	79	78	76
DK	6	6	1	5	2	5	6	4	8	2	2	1	2	2

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.2 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
Les impôts

QA23b.2 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Taxation

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e) Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e) NSP	24	24	23	24	16	32	16	31	30	24	21	19	29	21	28	21	17	20
	72	73	72	72	79	67	80	65	67	73	77	81	69	77	67	71	81	77
	4	3	5	4	5	1	4	4	3	3	2	0	2	2	5	8	2	3

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed You are not well informed DK	21	38	24	29	16	30	23	20	19	45	30	19	18	24
	74	57	75	66	82	66	71	75	72	54	68	80	79	74
	5	5	1	5	2	4	6	5	9	1	2	1	3	2

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.3 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
La lutte contre le chômage

QA23b.3 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Fighting unemployment

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	24	24	24	27	12	26	22	34	33	30	20	21	27	21	21	18	16	27
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	72	73	71	70	83	73	76	63	64	67	77	79	72	77	74	82	70	
NSP	4	3	5	3	5	1	2	3	3	3	3	0	1	2	5	8	2	3

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	26	43	29	29	18	30	28	19	16	41	29	15	24	21
You are not well informed	68	54	69	67	80	66	65	78	76	58	70	84	73	76
DK	6	3	2	4	2	4	7	3	8	1	1	1	3	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.4 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
La lutte contre le terrorisme

QA23b.4 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Fighting terrorism

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	30	31	26	29	19	29	40	39	39	39	27	21	35	30	21	20	13	30	
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	66	66	68	67	76	69	59	58	58	58	71	79	64	68	74	73	86	67	
NSP	4	3	6	4	5	2	1	3	3	3	2	0	1	2	5	7	1	3	

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	29	40	27	24	36	21	32	18	17	43	25	26	40	31
You are not well informed	65	56	71	71	62	74	61	79	74	56	73	73	57	67
DK	6	4	2	5	2	5	7	3	9	1	2	1	3	2

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.5 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
La défense et la politique étrangère

QA23b.5 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Defence and foreign affairs

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e) Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e) NSP	25	25	22	28	13	23	40	34	34	34	23	17	22	26	18	17	17	23	23
	71	72	71	68	81	76	58	62	63	65	74	83	77	73	76	76	80	73	73
	4	3	7	4	6	1	2	4	3	1	3	0	1	1	6	7	3	4	4

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed You are not well informed DK	21	39	18	17	29	22	29	13	15	40	21	28	29	23
	72	58	81	76	68	73	62	83	76	59	76	72	69	74
	7	3	1	7	3	5	9	4	9	1	3	0	2	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.6 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
L'immigration

QA23b.6 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Immigration

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	26	27	22	27	17	18	36	29	29	27	20	20	34	27	21	20	16	23
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	70	70	71	70	77	80	63	67	67	71	77	80	65	72	74	72	81	72
NSP	4	3	7	3	6	2	1	4	4	2	3	0	1	1	5	8	3	5

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	30	43	18	35	27	28	28	18	17	29	18	25	29	25
You are not well informed	64	55	80	63	72	67	64	79	72	69	79	74	69	74
DK	6	2	2	2	1	5	8	3	11	2	3	1	2	1

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.7 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
La protection de l'environnement

QA23b.7 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Protecting the environment

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	35	36	33	41	18	39	44	46	46	45	26	34	35	35	35	23	30	32
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	62	61	62	57	76	60	55	51	52	53	72	66	63	64	60	70	69	66
NSP	3	3	5	2	6	1	1	3	2	2	2	0	2	1	5	7	1	2

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	24	56	39	40	42	41	38	19	19	54	43	34	39	32
You are not well informed	70	41	59	58	56	55	56	78	71	45	55	65	59	65
DK	6	3	2	2	2	4	6	3	10	1	2	1	2	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.8 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
La santé et la sécurité sociale

QA23b.8 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Health and social welfare

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	29	30	29	40	15	34	22	41	41	38	27	29	34	26	28	21	20	27	27
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	67	67	66	58	80	65	76	55	55	60	70	71	65	72	66	72	78	71	71
NSP	4	3	5	2	5	1	2	4	4	2	3	0	1	2	6	7	2	2	2

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	25	47	36	40	24	41	31	20	21	51	42	26	20	24
You are not well informed	69	49	62	59	75	55	64	76	71	48	56	73	77	73
DK	6	4	2	1	1	4	5	4	8	1	2	1	3	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.9 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
L'agriculture et la pêche

QA23b.9 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Agriculture and fishery

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e) Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e) NSP	22	23	21	27	18	20	38	21	22	23	19	21	22	32	25	13	15	26
	73	73	73	68	77	77	60	75	75	75	78	79	76	65	68	76	83	71
	5	4	6	5	5	3	2	4	3	2	3	0	2	3	7	11	2	3

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed You are not well informed DK	23	24	25	28	32	22	23	13	14	37	23	29	32	20
	70	71	73	69	66	74	71	84	77	62	73	70	65	76
	7	5	2	3	2	4	6	3	9	1	4	1	3	4

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.10 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
La protection des consommateurs

QA23b.10 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Consumer protection

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	25	25	25	31	18	39	25	35	35	35	15	25	26	20	26	19	25	20	20
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	71	72	69	65	79	60	73	62	62	63	82	75	72	79	67	73	73	77	77
NSP	4	3	6	4	3	1	2	3	3	2	3	0	2	1	7	8	2	3	3

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	15	38	33	33	22	39	25	15	17	45	37	19	19	20
You are not well informed	78	58	66	64	76	56	67	81	74	53	61	79	78	77
DK	7	4	1	3	2	5	8	4	9	2	2	2	3	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.11 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
La recherche scientifique et technologique

QA23b.11 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Scientific and technological research

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	18	19	14	28	12	17	22	22	23	25	14	15	21	22	14	15	7	19	
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	78	77	79	67	82	80	76	75	75	73	84	85	78	76	78	77	91	77	
NSP	4	4	7	5	6	3	2	3	2	2	2	0	1	2	8	8	2	4	

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	16	24	14	16	16	18	16	11	8	32	16	16	19	16
You are not well informed	76	73	85	79	82	77	77	86	80	67	80	83	77	80
DK	8	3	1	5	2	5	7	3	12	1	4	1	4	4

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.12 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
Le soutien aux régions qui ont des difficultés économiques

QA23b.12 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Support for regions facing economic difficulties

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	21	21	20	24	15	22	25	25	26	28	17	14	23	17	16	16	12	25	25
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	75	75	74	71	79	76	72	71	70	69	80	86	75	81	76	74	86	72	72
NSP	4	4	6	5	6	2	3	4	4	3	3	0	2	2	8	10	2	3	3

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	19	27	16	17	25	25	24	13	12	31	24	18	26	19
You are not well informed	74	69	83	75	73	70	69	84	77	66	73	81	70	78
DK	7	4	1	8	2	5	7	3	11	3	3	1	4	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA23b.13 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
L'énergie

QA23b.13 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Energy

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	28	29	24	34	8	31	34	38	38	35	24	20	27	30	29	21	13	24	24
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	68	68	70	63	84	67	64	58	59	64	74	80	72	67	66	72	84	72	72
NSP	4	3	6	3	8	2	2	4	3	1	2	0	1	3	5	7	3	4	4

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	23	40	36	31	33	31	24	20	15	47	31	29	29	26
You are not well informed	71	57	62	67	65	64	70	77	74	52	67	70	69	71
DK	6	3	2	2	2	5	6	3	11	1	2	1	2	3

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QA23b.14 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
La concurrence

QA23b.14 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Competition

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e) Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e) NSP	19	20	15	24	10	15	23	28	26	19	12	16	16	20	18	15	13	16
	75	75	77	71	83	82	74	67	69	76	86	84	77	76	75	76	84	79
	6	5	8	5	7	3	3	5	5	5	2	0	7	4	7	9	3	5

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed You are not well informed DK	16	24	16	27	27	25	19	12	10	26	16	20	21	18
	74	70	80	68	70	68	72	83	78	68	80	79	75	76
	10	6	4	5	3	7	9	5	12	6	4	1	4	6

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QA23b.15 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
Les transports

QA23b.15 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Transports

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	27	28	22	31	14	30	21	40	39	36	20	32	33	27	22	21	14	28	28
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	69	68	72	64	80	69	77	57	58	62	77	68	65	71	71	71	83	67	67
NSP	4	4	6	5	6	1	2	3	3	2	3	0	2	2	7	8	3	5	5

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	23	44	13	31	25	32	25	19	15	33	33	18	20	24
You are not well informed	69	51	84	66	74	64	68	76	75	65	65	81	77	72
DK	8	5	3	3	1	4	7	5	10	2	2	1	3	4

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QA23b.16 Plus précisément, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures prises au niveau de l'Union européenne sur ... ?
L'économie

QA23b.16 More precisely, do you think that you are well informed or not well informed about the measures taken at the European Union level concerning the following topics?
Economy

	UE27	EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Vous êtes bien informé(e)	28	29	26	37	11	27	31	39	38	36	24	25	27	28	28	18	21	27	27
Vous n'êtes pas bien informé(e)	68	68	68	59	79	71	66	57	59	63	73	75	72	71	66	75	77	70	70
NSP	4	3	6	4	10	2	3	4	3	1	3	0	1	1	6	7	2	3	3

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
You are well informed	26	36	30	35	36	31	34	20	13	52	26	26	28	27
You are not well informed	68	60	68	62	63	64	60	77	76	47	71	74	68	70
DK	6	4	2	3	1	5	6	3	11	1	3	0	4	3

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QA24b En général, pensez-vous que vous êtes bien informé(e) ou pas bien informé(e) des mesures qui sont prises dans les autres Etats membres pour affronter ces problèmes ?
QA24b And, do you think that you are well informed or not about the measures taken in the other European Union countries to face these issues?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très bien informé(e)	2	2	1	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	3	5	1	2
Plutôt bien informé(e)	18	18	17	15	8	18	20	20	19	19	12	10	21	11	19	22	13	13
Pas très bien informé (e)	49	48	52	48	43	57	51	53	53	53	53	48	44	49	42	44	42	62
Pas du tout informé(e)	28	29	26	33	43	22	24	19	20	23	25	41	33	37	31	26	41	21
NSP	3	3	4	2	5	2	2	5	5	3	9	0	1	2	5	3	3	2
Bien informé(e)	20	20	18	17	9	19	23	23	22	21	13	11	22	12	22	27	14	15
Pas informé(e)	77	77	78	81	86	79	75	72	73	76	78	89	77	86	73	70	83	83

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very well informed	2	7	2	3	0	3	1	2	1	2	1	0	1	2
Fairly well informed	16	16	15	19	14	26	22	17	12	26	21	21	14	17
Not very well informed	50	50	50	50	51	36	53	52	49	54	52	57	55	48
Not at all informed	26	25	32	24	33	32	20	28	30	17	24	20	29	31
DK	6	2	1	4	2	3	4	1	8	1	2	2	1	2
Well informed	18	23	17	22	14	29	23	19	13	28	22	21	15	19
Not informed	76	75	82	74	84	68	73	80	79	71	76	77	84	79

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QA25 Quand vous désirez obtenir des informations sur l'Union européenne, ses politiques et ses institutions, lesquelles des sources suivantes utilisez-vous ? Et encore ? (PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)

QA25 When you are looking for information about the European Union, its policies, its institutions, which of the following sources do you use? Which else? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Assister à des conférences, discussions, meetings	4	+1	4	3	4	2	4	9	4	4	3	3	14	3	4	3	6	9
Discussions avec la famille, les amis, les collègues	21	-1	21	21	25	27	20	42	22	23	28	20	31	10	23	12	21	31
Journaux quotidiens	41	0	43	35	54	32	47	52	63	62	60	38	25	31	37	34	36	36
Autres journaux, magazines	15	0	16	13	18	6	18	33	20	21	24	22	12	3	21	9	13	12
Télévision	63	-7	61	68	70	68	63	78	79	79	80	66	69	54	55	48	60	68
Radio	26	-5	25	29	37	20	29	49	31	34	45	45	15	17	29	26	10	25
Internet	28	+5	28	29	37	19	32	47	30	30	31	47	12	20	36	19	14	28
Livres, brochures, fiches d'information	11	0	11	9	14	6	10	21	15	15	15	12	7	5	13	12	5	16
Téléphone (Info lines, Europe Direct, etc.)	1	0	1	1	2	0	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	2
Ne cherche jamais ce type d'information, pas intér	13	+1	13	13	9	21	15	5	4	4	5	14	13	15	11	26	10	10
Autre (SPONTANE)	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
NSP	1	0	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	3	3	0

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Attending conferences, talks, meetings	8	3	2	1	9	3	4	4	3	6	3	1	2	6	8	2	1	9
Discussions with relatives, friends, colleagues	13	18	18	23	35	23	32	38	17	18	25	21	28	24	34	12	24	24
Daily newspapers	61	33	38	35	54	34	59	53	35	31	25	44	44	56	65	33	40	29
Other newspapers, magazines	20	19	24	9	31	14	33	24	12	13	13	17	29	29	19	11	10	13
Television	78	68	73	70	75	63	67	60	65	63	73	73	69	68	71	42	78	69
Radio	36	31	42	27	48	30	33	31	28	13	30	32	40	28	41	23	24	16
The Internet	23	37	33	22	33	35	53	19	32	18	23	37	32	45	43	31	19	16
Books, brochures, information leaflets	15	9	7	6	23	21	19	14	10	9	9	8	16	16	18	9	7	6
Telephone (Info lines, Europe Direct, etc.)	2	0	1	1	2	3	1	3	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Never look for such information, not interested (SI	1	13	7	14	1	9	8	20	13	17	12	11	9	5	10	29	9	4
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
DK	3	1	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	4	0	0	0	1	1	1	13

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Assister à des conférences, discussions, meetings	7
Discussions avec la famille, les amis, les collègues	29
Journaux quotidiens	33
Autres journaux, magazines	12
Télévision	73
Radio	13
Internet	22
Livres, brochures, fiches d'information	7
Téléphone (Info lines, Europe Direct, etc.)	1
Ne cherche jamais ce type d'information, pas intér	11
Autre (SPONTANE)	0
NSP	1

Eurobarometer 67



QA26a 10 nouveaux Etats membres ont adhéré à l'Union européenne en mai 2004. A propos de l'impact de cet élargissement pour l'Union européenne, laquelle des propositions suivantes se rapproche le plus de votre opinion ?
 QA26a 10 new Member States joined the European Union in May 2004. Regarding the impact of this enlargement on the European Union, which of the following comes closest to your view? (SHOW CARD WITH NAMES OF THE 10 NMS)

	UE15 EU15	BE	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	LU	NL	AT	PT	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Il a été aussi positif que je le pensais	14	12	23	12	11	9	17	21	10	23	16	14	14	8	12	15	16	15
Il a été positif et je ne m'attendais pas à ce que ce soit	15	13	19	18	18	18	14	16	7	19	19	16	13	24	11	16	11	13
Il a été aussi négatif que je le pensais	18	21	13	20	20	21	13	9	20	9	17	24	20	22	15	21	9	24
Il a été négatif et je ne m'attendais pas à ce que ce soit	5	7	3	4	4	5	4	5	6	3	4	10	5	5	9	6	2	7
Il n'a été ni positif ni négatif	33	32	35	34	35	35	50	24	44	21	29	29	38	29	28	37	50	24
NSP	15	15	7	12	12	12	2	25	13	25	15	7	10	12	25	5	12	17
Positif	29	25	42	30	29	27	31	37	17	42	35	30	27	32	23	31	27	28
Négative	23	28	16	24	24	26	17	14	26	12	21	34	25	27	24	27	11	31

Eurobarometer 67



QA26b Notre pays a rejoint l'Union européenne en 2004. A propos de l'impact de cet élargissement pour (NOTRE PAYS), laquelle des propositions suivantes se rapproche le plus de votre opinion ?
 QA26b Our country joined the European Union in 2004. Regarding the impact of this accession to the European Union on (OUR COUNTRY), which of the following comes closest to your view?

	NMS 10	CZ	EE	CY	LV	LT	HU	MT	PL	SI	SK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Il a été aussi positif que je le pensais	29	20	29	20	20	28	10	34	36	32	24
Il a été positif et je ne m'attendais pas à ce que ce soit	22	19	27	8	16	20	24	15	22	23	28
Il a été aussi négatif que je le pensais	10	19	7	9	16	7	11	15	8	7	10
Il a été négatif et je ne m'attendais pas à ce que ce soit	7	10	6	17	17	4	17	8	4	5	4
Il n'a été ni positif ni négatif	24	27	26	43	26	33	33	25	19	31	30
NSP	8	5	5	3	5	8	5	3	11	2	4
Positif	51	39	56	28	36	48	34	49	58	55	52
Négative	17	29	13	26	33	11	28	23	12	12	14

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QA27.1 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes ? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre.

Une union monétaire européenne avec une seule monnaie, l'euro

QA27.1 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

A European Monetary Union with one single currency, the euro

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Pour	EB 67.2 63	EB 66.1 +2	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 64	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 50
Contre	31	-2	32	28	15	19	37	43	25	24	22	40	52	27	25	9	25	45
NSP	6	0	5	10	1	17	3	3	3	4	3	9	1	5	3	3	8	5

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
For	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 64	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 64	EB 67.2 73	EB 67.2 91	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 45	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 37
Against	40	42	37	25	18	26	21	28	36	26	13	8	27	18	51	64	26	43
DK	8	11	9	8	1	10	2	5	10	10	14	1	4	1	4	7	6	20

	MK
Pour	EB 67.2 88
Contre	8
NSP	4

Eurobarometer 67



QA27.2 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes ? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre.

Une politique étrangère commune aux pays de l'UE vis-à-vis des autres pays

QA27.2 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

A common foreign policy among the Member States of the EU, towards other countries

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Pour	EB 67.2 72	EB 66.1 +4	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 80	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 73	EB 67.2 79
Contre	18	-3	19	13	17	11	27	35	12	12	14	16	19	8	23	15	15	12
NSP	10	-1	10	12	5	19	5	6	4	4	2	12	1	15	7	18	12	9

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
For	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 74	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 74	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 81	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 40
Against	42	12	8	16	18	21	31	24	10	12	12	13	17	32	43	32	23	33
DK	9	14	15	8	8	19	4	7	9	25	23	5	5	6	7	16	8	27

	MK
Pour	EB 67.2 84
Contre	9
NSP	7

Eurobarometer 67



QA27.3 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes ? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre.

Une politique de sécurité et de défense commune des Etats membres de l'UE

QA27.3 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

A common defence and security policy among EU Member States

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Pour	EB 67.2 77	EB 66.1 +2	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 91
Contre	15	-1	16	8	9	7	10	24	10	10	10	7	16	9	13	21	14	3
NSP	8	-1	8	9	3	15	3	4	3	3	2	7	0	12	5	18	10	6

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
For	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 46
Against	30	6	6	15	10	18	17	26	8	10	7	9	9	31	36	31	16	29
DK	10	8	10	6	7	20	4	6	7	20	16	3	4	4	5	13	7	25

	MK
Pour	EB 67.2 88
Contre	5
NSP	7

Eurobarometer 67



QA27.4 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes ? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre.

L'élargissement de l'UE à d'autres pays dans les années à venir

QA27.4 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

Further enlargement of the EU to include other countries in future years

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Pour	EB 67.2 49	EB 66.1 +3	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 58	EB 67.2 64	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 48	EB 67.2 65
Contre	39	-3	45	18	53	15	28	43	59	59	55	32	43	13	60	38	34	20
NSP	12	0	12	14	3	27	8	6	7	7	10	13	1	22	8	20	18	15

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
For	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 64	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 41	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 50
Against	25	33	17	28	68	22	44	64	14	30	9	29	30	56	38	48	19	26
DK	9	11	15	8	7	16	6	8	10	19	24	4	11	5	10	11	9	24

	MK
Pour	EB 67.2 94
Contre	2
NSP	4

Eurobarometer 67



QA27.5 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes ? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre.

Une constitution pour l'Union européenne

QA27.5 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

A constitution for the European Union

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Pour	EB 67.2 66	EB 66.1 +3	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 45	EB 67.2 77	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 69
Contre	20	-1	21	14	13	12	30	39	14	14	17	11	38	8	21	15	15	17
NSP	14	-2	13	18	5	28	15	16	9	8	5	28	1	17	11	23	13	14

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
For	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 79	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 64	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 80	EB 67.2 64	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 42
Against	42	18	15	11	22	19	41	34	14	13	7	13	22	43	33	36	19	30
DK	14	23	19	10	12	25	4	17	17	23	24	7	14	10	20	21	14	28

	MK
	EB 67.2 79
Pour	7
Contre	7
NSP	14

Eurobarometer 67



QA27.6 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes ? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre.

Une vitesse de la construction européenne plus élevée dans un groupe de pays que dans les autres pays

QA27.6 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

The speed of building Europe being faster in one group of countries than in the other countries

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Pour	EB 67.2 48	EB 66.1 +8	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 58	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 57
Contre	36	-6	35	39	36	35	35	34	33	32	30	19	40	31	46	30	23	21
NSP	16	-2	15	18	5	33	8	8	12	11	8	15	1	18	12	27	20	22

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
For	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 37	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 42
Against	40	29	28	33	46	33	35	32	47	35	36	36	36	58	40	44	52	33
DK	13	20	21	14	12	24	9	16	14	22	30	8	8	9	13	19	12	25

	MK
Pour	EB 67.2 59
Contre	27
NSP	14

Eurobarometer 67



QA27.7 Quelle est votre opinion sur chacune des propositions suivantes ? Veuillez me dire, pour chaque proposition, si vous êtes pour ou si vous êtes contre.

Apprendre aux enfants, à l'école, la façon dont les institutions de l'UE fonctionnent

QA27.7 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

Teaching school children about the way EU institutions work

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Pour	EB 67.2 86	EB 64.2 0	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 84	EB 67.2 95	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 76	EB 67.2 80	EB 67.2 92	EB 67.2 91	EB 67.2 89	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 90	EB 67.2 89	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 94
Contre	9	0	9	8	4	7	19	14	6	7	8	7	14	3	9	4	10	3
NSP	5	0	4	8	1	25	5	6	2	2	3	8	1	7	2	9	8	3

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
For	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 88	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 91	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 87	EB 67.2 89	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 90	EB 67.2 83	EB 67.2 91	EB 67.2 93	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 57
Against	21	9	7	9	7	8	8	13	7	4	2	8	12	7	5	16	18	21
DK	12	8	10	4	5	7	1	4	6	7	12	2	5	2	2	6	7	22

	MK
Pour	EB 67.2 85
Contre	9
NSP	6

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.1 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Entreprise

QA28.1 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Company

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Très positif	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt positif	18	+2	18	19	23	25	18	30	18	17	12	27	22	19	16	13	18	35
Plutôt négatif	56	+1	56	57	64	52	64	55	55	57	63	61	54	62	63	56	54	55
Très négatif	13	-3	13	11	10	12	13	5	17	17	18	4	18	8	13	9	16	6
NSP	2	-1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	1	6	1	2	1	4	2
Positif	11	+1	11	11	2	10	4	9	8	7	4	7	0	10	6	21	8	2
Négative	74	+3	74	76	87	77	82	85	73	74	75	88	76	81	79	69	72	90
	15	-4	15	13	11	13	14	6	19	19	21	5	24	9	15	10	20	8

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Very positive	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Fairly positive	43	20	22	11	27	21	24	21	20	15	20	31	16	37	47	8	22	40
Fairly negative	39	62	60	52	54	57	65	62	58	44	54	57	62	59	46	44	57	35
Very negative	10	9	5	22	10	4	6	10	11	18	7	8	17	3	3	14	13	8
DK	1	1	1	4	1	1	0	1	2	4	1	1	1	0	1	3	2	2
Positive	7	8	12	11	8	17	5	6	9	19	18	3	4	1	3	31	6	15
Negative	82	82	82	63	81	78	89	83	78	59	74	88	78	96	93	52	79	75
	11	10	6	26	11	5	6	11	13	22	8	9	18	3	4	17	15	10

	MK
	EB
Très positif	67.2
Plutôt positif	38
Plutôt négatif	44
Très négatif	5
NSP	3
Positif	10
Négative	82
	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.2 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Etat providence

QA28.2 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Welfare State

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très positif	21	19	29	19	30	11	42	23	22	19	44	42	33	2	11	13	45	54
Plutôt positif	48	47	48	55	43	55	49	52	51	47	44	37	56	29	47	51	44	36
Plutôt négatif	17	19	13	18	11	23	6	17	19	27	6	15	4	31	21	21	4	5
Très négatif	4	4	3	3	3	6	1	3	4	5	1	6	0	8	4	4	1	1
NSP	10	11	7	5	13	5	2	5	4	2	5	0	7	30	17	11	6	4
Positif	69	66	77	74	73	66	91	75	73	66	88	79	89	31	58	64	89	90
Négative	21	23	16	21	14	29	7	20	23	32	7	21	4	39	25	25	5	6

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very positive	45	33	22	36	22	18	22	20	11	48	26	18	46	38	15	18	43	34
Fairly positive	40	47	48	37	52	55	58	53	34	40	53	60	47	49	47	44	32	26
Fairly negative	10	6	14	17	8	22	13	15	19	5	13	17	5	8	20	25	6	15
Very negative	1	1	3	6	3	2	2	4	4	0	2	2	1	0	7	8	2	16
DK	4	13	13	4	15	3	5	8	32	7	6	3	1	5	11	5	17	9
Positive	85	80	70	73	74	73	80	73	45	88	79	78	93	87	62	62	75	60
Negative	11	7	17	23	11	24	15	19	23	5	15	19	6	8	27	33	8	31

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.3 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Compétitivité

QA28.3 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Competitiveness

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Très positif	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt positif	19	+2	18	22	14	19	24	36	22	21	18	29	25	18	12	21	16	26
Plutôt négatif	54	+2	54	53	59	52	60	54	59	59	63	57	48	54	54	53	51	49
Très négatif	15	-3	16	14	22	13	12	8	12	13	13	6	19	13	22	9	19	17
NSP	3	-1	3	2	2	2	2	0	1	2	3	1	8	1	5	2	4	3
Positif	9	0	9	9	3	14	2	2	6	5	3	7	0	14	7	15	10	5
Négative	73	+4	72	75	73	71	84	90	81	80	81	86	73	72	66	74	67	75
	18	-4	19	16	24	15	14	8	13	15	16	7	27	14	27	11	23	20

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Very positive	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Fairly positive	42	17	18	25	16	25	17	22	18	14	31	30	13	28	40	15	24	35
Fairly negative	39	57	54	42	49	52	61	62	55	44	47	57	54	61	48	50	49	34
Very negative	10	16	10	21	16	8	14	9	15	19	8	10	27	9	9	16	18	8
DK	4	1	1	5	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	0	3	1	0	3	3	3
Positive	5	9	17	7	16	13	7	5	9	20	13	3	3	1	3	16	6	20
Negative	81	74	72	67	65	77	78	84	73	58	78	87	67	89	88	65	73	69
	14	17	11	26	19	10	15	11	18	22	9	10	30	10	9	19	21	11

	MK
	EB
Très positif	67.2
Plutôt positif	37
Plutôt négatif	40
Très négatif	9
NSP	3
Positif	11
Négative	77
	12

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.4 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Libre-échange

QA28.4 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Free trade

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Très positif	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt positif	22	+3	21	23	20	25	17	37	29	29	25	30	24	16	11	25	19	21
Plutôt négatif	54	+2	54	55	60	49	61	50	56	56	58	53	42	54	60	52	55	46
Très négatif	13	-2	14	12	15	12	16	9	11	11	13	8	20	15	16	7	15	25
NSP	3	-1	3	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	13	2	4	2	3	5
Positif	76	+5	75	78	80	74	78	87	85	85	83	83	66	70	71	77	74	67
Négative	16	-3	17	14	17	14	19	10	12	12	14	9	33	17	20	9	18	30

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Very positive	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Fairly positive	44	17	25	18	22	25	26	18	22	12	30	28	18	19	38	24	33	37
Fairly negative	42	60	60	42	53	47	55	52	59	39	51	59	58	60	44	49	48	32
Very negative	6	15	7	26	15	10	13	17	11	26	7	9	18	14	9	12	13	9
DK	2	2	0	6	3	2	2	3	1	6	1	1	3	2	2	4	2	4
Positive	86	77	85	60	75	72	81	70	81	51	81	87	76	79	82	73	81	69
Negative	8	17	7	32	18	12	15	20	12	32	8	10	21	16	11	16	15	13

	MK
	EB
Très positif	67.2
Plutôt positif	52
Plutôt négatif	33
Très négatif	5
NSP	3
Positif	7
Négative	85
	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.5 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Protectionnisme

QA28.5 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Protectionism

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Très positif	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt positif	8	+2	8	8	8	4	4	6	3	3	4	7	24	12	6	12	9	34
Plutôt négatif	33	+4	35	24	46	19	31	24	24	23	18	29	42	46	41	40	39	47
Très négatif	27	-3	28	27	36	20	35	37	32	32	34	17	19	16	35	21	27	8
NSP	11	-2	9	16	5	6	22	22	12	13	15	2	14	3	7	4	10	3
Positif	21	-1	20	25	5	51	8	11	29	29	29	45	1	23	11	23	15	8
Négative	41	+6	43	32	54	23	35	30	27	26	22	36	66	58	47	52	48	81
	38	-5	37	43	41	26	57	59	44	45	49	19	33	19	42	25	37	11

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Very positive	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Fairly positive	40	1	4	1	8	16	5	5	3	10	26	7	3	4	7	9	7	33
Fairly negative	39	13	19	10	36	42	38	18	18	34	41	48	16	20	23	39	16	31
Very negative	10	23	21	34	31	15	32	35	32	21	12	24	41	34	26	23	34	11
DK	4	6	12	38	10	4	10	27	17	5	3	5	36	7	16	7	26	5
Positive	7	57	44	17	15	23	15	15	30	30	18	16	4	35	28	22	17	20
Negative	79	14	23	11	44	58	43	23	21	44	67	55	19	24	30	48	23	64
	14	29	33	72	41	19	42	62	49	26	15	29	77	41	42	30	60	16

	MK
	EB
Très positif	67.2
Plutôt positif	17
Plutôt négatif	20
Très négatif	14
NSP	24
Positif	25
Négative	37
	38

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.6 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Mondialisation

QA28.6 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Globalisation

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Très positif	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt positif	9	+2	9	7	8	6	5	24	10	10	10	7	6	9	5	9	12	9
Plutôt négatif	37	+3	39	34	45	26	37	58	42	41	36	44	22	39	34	34	38	30
Très négatif	29	-2	29	29	32	25	39	12	30	31	35	24	35	21	38	24	29	27
NSP	10	-3	10	7	10	4	10	3	11	11	12	4	36	7	14	9	8	17
Positif	46	+5	48	41	53	32	42	82	52	51	46	51	28	48	39	43	50	39
Négative	39	-5	39	36	42	29	49	15	41	42	47	28	71	28	52	33	37	44

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Very positive	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Fairly positive	24	5	9	5	7	13	7	11	6	7	13	7	5	8	19	10	7	18
Fairly negative	28	28	37	24	35	44	50	30	38	33	33	37	32	44	53	36	25	20
Very negative	22	32	19	40	33	12	26	33	26	23	21	31	44	32	16	25	37	16
DK	14	8	3	15	12	5	5	15	6	9	5	12	10	8	3	9	17	14
Positive	52	33	46	29	42	57	57	41	44	40	46	44	37	52	72	46	32	38
Negative	36	40	22	55	45	17	31	48	32	32	26	43	54	40	19	34	54	30

	MK
	EB
Très positif	67.2
Plutôt positif	15
Plutôt négatif	30
Très négatif	14
NSP	14
Positif	27
Négative	45
	28

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.7 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Libéralisation

QA28.7 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Liberalisation

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très positif	12	13	12	9	9	6	17	16	14	6	7	14	16	5	10	16	22	27
Plutôt positif	46	47	42	55	38	46	52	50	50	49	47	40	51	43	43	49	45	28
Plutôt négatif	21	21	19	26	12	28	19	17	19	27	17	29	14	27	17	20	20	18
Très négatif	4	4	4	3	2	3	6	3	3	4	1	16	2	7	3	4	4	11
NSP	17	15	23	7	39	17	6	14	14	14	28	1	17	18	27	11	9	16
Positif	58	60	54	64	47	52	69	66	64	55	54	54	67	48	53	65	67	55
Négative	25	25	23	29	14	31	25	20	22	31	18	45	16	34	20	24	24	29

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very positive	4	10	11	12	20	8	16	9	9	22	12	6	10	18	11	22	15	33
Fairly positive	32	46	46	32	48	53	49	40	41	47	52	42	57	51	38	45	21	33
Fairly negative	20	10	22	28	10	26	19	19	21	12	20	36	21	14	20	17	15	7
Very negative	2	1	5	9	2	3	5	4	4	2	2	5	2	2	6	4	8	3
DK	42	33	16	19	20	10	11	28	25	17	14	11	10	15	25	12	41	24
Positive	36	56	57	44	68	61	65	49	50	69	64	48	67	69	49	67	36	66
Negative	22	11	27	37	12	29	24	23	25	14	22	41	23	16	26	21	23	10

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.8 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Syndicat

QA28.8 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Trade union

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très positif	14	+2	14	12	16	9	12	31	14	14	16	21	23	13	9	15	12	35
Plutôt positif	47	+2	47	47	54	40	51	45	48	47	43	59	47	52	48	49	46	42
Plutôt négatif	22	-3	22	22	23	22	24	18	23	24	26	8	21	13	27	16	25	11
Très négatif	7	-1	7	6	5	7	8	4	8	8	9	2	9	3	8	4	9	2
NSP	10	0	10	13	2	22	5	2	7	7	6	10	0	19	8	16	8	10
Positif	61	+4	61	59	70	49	63	76	62	61	59	80	70	65	57	64	58	77
Négative	29	-4	29	28	28	29	32	22	31	32	35	10	30	16	35	20	34	13

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very positive	45	18	21	12	18	22	22	14	9	16	15	17	8	28	29	14	20	29
Fairly positive	41	47	55	40	53	47	52	43	52	43	41	57	48	58	42	43	50	31
Fairly negative	6	18	10	30	16	11	17	25	21	18	21	19	33	11	19	21	19	11
Very negative	2	2	1	10	5	3	4	11	5	5	3	6	2	4	9	4	5	5
DK	6	15	13	8	8	17	5	7	13	18	18	4	5	1	6	13	7	24
Positive	86	65	76	52	71	69	74	57	61	59	56	74	56	86	71	57	70	60
Negative	8	20	11	40	21	14	21	36	26	23	26	22	39	13	23	30	23	16

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Très positif	37
Plutôt positif	33
Plutôt négatif	11
Très négatif	7
NSP	12
Positif	70
Négative	18

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.9 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Réformes

QA28.9 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Reforms

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très positif	14	+3	15	14	9	13	8	17	17	16	11	15	26	17	8	14	18	21
Plutôt positif	50	+2	51	47	61	41	45	60	45	45	46	58	50	59	58	51	54	57
Plutôt négatif	21	-2	20	23	23	25	35	16	28	28	27	14	19	8	22	11	15	6
Très négatif	5	-1	4	6	3	7	7	2	5	6	12	2	4	0	3	1	5	2
NSP	10	-2	10	10	4	14	5	5	5	5	4	11	1	16	9	23	8	14
Positif	64	+5	66	61	70	54	53	77	62	61	57	73	76	76	66	65	72	78
Négative	26	-3	24	29	26	32	42	18	33	34	39	16	23	8	25	12	20	8

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very positive	50	7	12	15	18	19	11	21	15	11	16	11	9	29	22	10	18	31
Fairly positive	38	43	55	35	55	51	58	50	52	25	44	57	46	62	55	43	49	30
Fairly negative	4	34	17	30	15	9	22	17	20	31	19	23	37	7	10	22	20	9
Very negative	1	5	2	14	3	1	1	5	4	25	5	4	5	0	1	5	5	2
DK	7	11	14	6	9	20	8	7	9	8	16	5	3	2	12	20	8	28
Positive	88	50	67	50	73	70	69	71	67	36	60	68	55	91	77	53	67	61
Negative	5	39	19	44	18	10	23	22	24	56	24	27	42	7	11	27	25	11

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Très positif	43
Plutôt positif	35
Plutôt négatif	7
Très négatif	4
NSP	11
Positif	78
Négative	11

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.10 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Administration publique

QA28.10 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Public administration

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Très positif	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
	8	+2	8	9	6	6	5	9	8	7	5	13	16	11	5	10	10	29
Plutôt positif	45	+2	46	42	47	31	45	48	41	40	32	61	40	60	51	49	39	53
Plutôt négatif	30	-2	29	31	38	38	36	34	35	37	47	10	31	15	30	15	33	10
Très négatif	8	-1	8	8	7	11	9	6	9	10	11	1	13	3	6	3	11	1
NSP	9	-1	9	10	2	14	5	3	7	6	5	15	0	11	8	23	7	7
Positif	53	+4	54	51	53	37	50	57	49	47	37	74	56	71	56	59	49	82
Négative	38	-3	37	39	45	49	45	40	44	47	58	11	44	18	36	18	44	11

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very positive	42	5	13	10	12	16	6	11	6	6	15	6	6	12	14	7	9	33
Fairly positive	42	43	51	39	54	45	65	49	38	32	48	52	47	64	51	38	33	33
Fairly negative	6	35	9	36	22	15	23	25	37	32	17	29	36	19	23	28	38	7
Very negative	3	5	1	8	2	4	3	5	10	14	5	7	7	1	3	8	12	3
DK	7	12	26	7	10	20	3	10	9	16	15	6	4	4	9	19	8	24
Positive	84	48	64	49	66	61	71	60	44	38	63	58	53	76	65	45	42	66
Negative	9	40	10	44	24	19	26	30	47	46	22	36	43	20	26	36	50	10

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Très positif	32
Plutôt positif	33
Plutôt négatif	14
Très négatif	10
NSP	11
Positif	65
Négative	24

Eurobarometer 67



QA28.11 Pour chacun des termes suivants, pourriez-vous me dire s'il évoque pour vous quelque chose de très positif, de plutôt positif, de plutôt négatif ou de très négatif.

Flexibilité

QA28.11 Could you please tell me for each of the following, whether the term brings to mind something very positive, fairly positive, fairly negative or very negative.

Flexibility

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très positif	21	21	22	18	25	18	48	29	29	26	28	33	17	8	20	15	30	36
Plutôt positif	51	51	53	60	47	56	42	52	53	55	57	49	57	51	52	48	55	35
Plutôt négatif	14	15	10	17	7	14	6	12	12	13	7	13	9	23	7	22	3	9
Très négatif	3	3	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	4	1	6	1	4	1	9
NSP	11	10	13	3	20	11	2	5	5	4	7	1	16	12	20	11	11	11
Positif	72	72	75	78	72	74	90	81	82	81	85	82	74	59	72	63	85	71
Négative	17	18	12	19	8	15	8	14	13	15	8	17	10	29	8	26	4	18

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very positive	15	24	25	34	25	25	26	19	12	24	32	19	35	52	19	26	23	41
Fairly positive	59	58	51	43	46	50	56	59	42	47	56	56	56	38	49	51	28	31
Fairly negative	11	4	11	14	5	18	10	8	17	8	7	15	7	4	13	10	12	5
Very negative	1	0	3	4	2	2	2	2	3	1	0	1	1	1	4	3	5	3
DK	14	14	10	5	22	5	6	12	26	20	5	9	1	5	15	10	32	20
Positive	74	82	76	77	71	75	82	78	54	71	88	75	91	90	68	77	51	72
Negative	12	4	14	18	7	20	12	10	20	9	7	16	8	5	17	13	17	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA29a Les conséquences de la mondialisation des échanges sont multiples. Lorsque vous entendez le mot "mondialisation", à quoi pensez-vous en premier lieu ?
 QA29a There are multiple consequences of the globalisation of trade. When you hear the word "globalisation", what comes first to mind?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	64.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Aux opportunités en termes de nouveaux débouchés	22	+6	23	20	22	17	21	47	30	30	31	28	15	18	16	16	24	13
Aux investissements étrangers dans (NOTRE PAYS)	14	+7	12	22	14	21	19	7	6	7	8	16	17	16	7	18	18	27
Aux délocalisations de certaines entreprises vers d'autres pays	35	-2	39	20	44	20	31	28	45	46	48	13	50	28	57	33	26	19
A une concurrence accrue pour les entreprises (NATIONALITY)	15	-7	14	18	14	13	21	14	13	12	9	22	18	14	13	13	17	25
Autre (SPONTANEOUS)	3	0	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	0	6	1	2	4	5
NSP	11	-4	9	18	4	28	6	2	4	4	3	19	0	18	6	18	11	11

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Opportunities for (NATIONALITY) companies in terms of new markets	19	28	17	17	22	34	15	21	10	18	22	20	21	41	22	10	15	20
Foreign investments in (OUR COUNTRY)	18	17	27	9	18	8	19	20	16	25	16	21	6	6	13	26	23	28
Relocation of some companies to countries where competition is increased	15	11	29	45	18	31	46	20	38	11	35	31	46	34	34	28	11	17
Increased competition for (NATIONALITY) companies	28	16	16	19	26	14	13	19	19	16	18	16	17	12	14	22	11	12
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	2	3	1	1	1	6	3	2	1	3	1	1	6	3	2	2	1	1
DK	18	25	10	9	15	7	4	18	16	27	8	11	4	4	15	12	39	22



QA29b Les conséquences de la mondialisation des échanges sont multiples. Lorsque vous entendez le mot "mondialisation", à quoi pensez-vous en premier lieu ?
QA29b There are multiple consequences of the globalisation of trade. When you hear the word "globalisation", what comes first to mind?

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Aux opportunités en termes de nouveaux débouchés	19
Aux investissements étrangers dans la Communauté	34
Aux délocalisations de certaines entreprises vers d'autres pays	17
A une concurrence accrue pour les entreprises de la Communauté	13
Autre (SPONTANÉ)	2
NSP	15

Eurobarometer 67



QA30a Dans quelle mesure êtes vous d'accord ou pas d'accord avec la proposition suivante : L'Union européenne nous aide à nous protéger des effets négatifs de la mondialisation.
QA30a To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: The European Union helps to protect us from the negative effects of globalisation.

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Tout à fait d'accord	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	7	0	7	8	7	5	6	7	8	8	7	8	7	6	6	7	7	5
Plutôt pas d'accord	35	+1	34	37	45	30	33	40	37	35	25	43	34	37	26	34	38	32
Pas du tout d'accord	29	+2	30	24	34	19	39	35	31	33	42	24	33	22	34	22	28	23
NSP	11	+1	13	7	8	7	11	10	13	14	18	5	23	5	25	10	7	15
	18	-4	16	24	6	39	11	8	11	10	8	20	3	30	9	27	20	25
D'accord	42	+1	41	45	52	35	39	47	45	43	32	51	41	43	32	41	45	37
Pas d'accord	40	+3	43	31	42	26	50	45	44	47	60	29	56	27	59	32	35	38

	CY (tec)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Totally agree	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	24	3	4	7	7	13	6	9	7	5	13	5	7	3	5	5	4	20
Tend to disagree	23	25	39	34	29	37	38	27	40	34	33	36	46	32	37	33	27	17
Totally disagree	28	34	20	34	29	17	35	33	24	27	14	36	31	41	30	27	30	9
DK	13	17	8	10	22	10	8	18	5	10	6	11	5	14	13	12	23	14
	12	21	29	15	13	23	13	13	24	24	34	12	11	10	15	23	16	40
Agree	47	28	43	41	36	50	44	36	47	39	46	41	53	35	42	38	31	37
Disagree	41	51	28	44	51	27	43	51	29	37	20	47	36	55	43	39	53	23

	MK
	EB
Tout à fait d'accord	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	27
Plutôt pas d'accord	33
Pas du tout d'accord	9
NSP	10
	21
D'accord	60
Pas d'accord	19

Eurobarometer 67



QA30b Dans quelle mesure êtes-vous d'accord ou pas d'accord avec la proposition suivante : L'Union européenne permet aux citoyens européens de mieux bénéficier des effets positifs de la mondialisation.

QA30b To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: The European Union enables European citizens to better benefit from the positive effects of globalisation.

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tout à fait d'accord	9	0	9	10	7	6	7	16	9	9	7	8	9	9	7	8	11	12
Plutôt d'accord	41	+2	40	43	52	32	45	55	46	44	37	48	36	40	28	43	35	34
Plutôt pas d'accord	23	+1	25	16	29	12	29	15	24	27	39	16	30	17	37	16	27	17
Pas du tout d'accord	8	0	9	4	6	4	7	4	7	8	10	4	22	6	17	4	4	10
NSP	19	-3	17	27	6	46	12	10	14	12	7	24	3	28	11	29	23	27
D'accord	50	+2	49	53	59	38	52	71	55	53	44	56	45	49	35	51	46	46
Pas d'accord	31	+1	34	20	35	16	36	19	31	35	49	20	52	23	54	20	31	27

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Totally agree	23	4	8	11	6	14	10	8	11	8	12	6	7	8	15	7	11	24
Tend to agree	35	48	49	41	35	40	50	39	49	37	33	43	46	51	54	42	32	23
Tend to disagree	17	22	10	24	26	11	22	24	13	24	10	29	25	27	13	21	28	8
Totally disagree	9	5	2	9	17	6	5	17	3	6	3	10	4	5	4	8	14	8
DK	16	21	31	15	16	29	13	12	24	25	42	12	18	9	14	22	15	37
Agree	58	52	57	52	41	54	60	47	60	45	45	49	53	59	69	49	43	47
Disagree	26	27	12	33	43	17	27	41	16	30	13	39	29	32	17	29	42	16

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Tout à fait d'accord	32
Plutôt d'accord	31
Plutôt pas d'accord	8
Pas du tout d'accord	5
NSP	24
D'accord	63
Pas d'accord	13

Eurobarometer 67



QA31 D'une manière générale, en pensant au réchauffement de la planète, pensez-vous que c'est une question qui devrait être traitée par l'Union européenne de manière urgente ou pas ?
 Cela devrait être traité par l'Union européenne ...
 QA31 Overall, thinking about global warming, do you think that it is a matter that should be dealt with by the European Union urgently or not? It should be dealt with by the European Union...

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
De manière très urgente	57	60	49	62	50	54	59	65	65	64	35	87	54	70	57	50	87	71
De manière plutôt urgente	31	29	35	27	31	37	27	26	26	28	38	10	37	23	31	34	9	16
De manière pas vraiment urgente	6	6	7	8	5	6	9	5	5	5	14	2	2	4	3	8	2	6
De manière pas du tout urgente	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	2	0	2
NSP	5	4	8	2	13	2	2	3	3	2	9	0	6	2	8	6	2	5
De manière urgente	88	89	84	89	81	91	86	91	91	92	73	97	91	93	88	84	96	87
De manière pas urgente	7	7	8	9	6	7	12	6	6	6	18	3	3	5	4	10	2	8

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very urgently	43	41	69	66	61	58	54	41	53	50	69	49	53	76	51	75	66	76
Fairly urgently	36	36	21	26	23	28	35	40	32	30	26	39	36	17	33	17	10	14
Not really urgently	12	10	7	4	6	9	7	10	5	6	4	7	9	4	7	3	4	3
Not at all urgently	3	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	0	1	1	1	3	1	2	2
DK	6	11	1	3	8	3	3	8	9	12	1	4	1	2	6	4	18	5
Urgently	79	77	90	92	84	86	89	81	85	80	95	88	89	93	84	92	76	90
Not urgently	15	12	9	5	8	11	8	11	6	8	4	8	10	5	10	4	6	5

Eurobarometer 67



QA32 Et plus précisément, pourriez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec l'affirmation suivante sur le changement climatique : l'Union européenne devrait mettre en œuvre de nouvelles politiques de manière urgente pour réduire les émissions de gaz à effet de serre d'au moins 20% d'ici à 2020.

QA32 More precisely, please tell me to what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement about climate change: The European Union should urgently put new policies in place to reduce greenhouse gas emission by at least 20% by 2020.

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tec)
Tout à fait d'accord	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Plutôt d'accord	60	62	52	63	61	57	68	71	70	67	50	86	52	71	53	54	86	61
Plutôt pas d'accord	29	27	35	29	26	36	22	21	22	26	33	12	35	23	33	31	8	21
Pas du tout d'accord	4	5	4	5	3	4	6	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	7	1	6
NSP	1	1	1	1	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	0	1	1	1	2	0	3
D'accord	6	5	8	2	10	2	2	2	2	1	10	0	10	3	11	6	5	9
Pas d'accord	89	89	87	92	87	93	90	92	92	93	83	98	87	94	86	85	94	82
	5	6	5	6	3	5	8	6	6	6	7	2	3	3	3	9	1	9

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
Totally agree	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Tend to agree	54	49	64	72	67	64	57	42	58	53	71	50	51	81	56	70	54	77
Tend to disagree	32	33	26	21	24	25	32	42	30	33	24	40	38	14	30	22	16	14
Totally disagree	4	5	5	4	2	6	6	5	4	3	3	4	7	2	5	1	3	2
DK	2	1	3	0	0	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	2	1
Agree	8	12	2	3	7	3	4	10	7	10	1	5	2	2	6	6	25	6
Disagree	86	82	90	93	91	89	89	84	88	86	95	90	89	95	86	92	70	91
	6	6	8	4	2	8	7	6	5	4	4	5	9	3	8	2	5	3

Eurobarometer 67



QA33.1 Les gens peuvent se sentir attachés à des degrés divers à leur ville ou village, à leur pays ou à l'Union européenne. Veuillez me dire dans quelle mesure vous vous sentez attaché(e) à ...

Votre ville\ village

QA33.1 People may feel different levels of attachment to their village, town or city, to their country or to the European Union. Please tell me how attached you feel to...

Your city\ town\ village

	EU27 UE27	EU27 UE27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très attaché(e)	51	+4	49	58	46	74	36	50	49	50	52	52	82	65	43	66	43	54
Assez attaché(e)	35	-2	36	33	37	22	49	35	37	36	35	33	13	30	36	27	42	33
Pas très attaché(e)	10	-3	11	7	13	4	12	13	12	12	12	11	4	3	14	4	10	10
Pas du tout attaché(e)	3	0	3	1	4	0	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	7	2	3	3
NSP	1	+1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	2	0
Attaché(e)	86	+2	85	91	83	96	85	85	86	86	87	85	95	95	79	93	85	87
Pas attaché(e)	13	-3	14	8	17	4	14	15	14	14	13	13	5	4	21	6	13	13

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very attached	61	64	52	64	53	58	34	63	60	63	57	64	55	38	51	44	71	79
Fairly attached	28	26	36	25	31	25	37	29	33	31	35	30	35	48	35	38	23	15
Not very attached	8	8	10	9	13	12	20	7	5	5	6	5	9	12	12	13	5	4
Not at all attached	1	2	1	2	3	5	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	4	1	1
DK	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Attached	89	90	88	89	84	83	71	92	93	94	92	94	90	86	86	82	94	94
Not attached	9	10	11	11	16	17	28	8	6	6	7	6	10	14	14	17	6	5

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Très attaché(e)	75
Assez attaché(e)	20
Pas très attaché(e)	2
Pas du tout attaché(e)	3
NSP	0
Attaché(e)	95
Pas attaché(e)	5

Eurobarometer 67



QA33.2 Les gens peuvent se sentir attachés à des degrés divers à leur ville ou village, à leur pays ou à l'Union européenne. Veuillez me dire dans quelle mesure vous vous sentez

attaché(e) à ...

(NOTRE PAYS)

QA33.2 People may feel different levels of attachment to their village, town or city, to their country or to the European Union. Please tell me how attached you feel to...

(OUR COUNTRY)

	EU27 UE27	EU27 UE27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très attaché(e)	55	+4	53	63	46	77	43	80	50	49	42	64	83	52	59	70	45	65
Assez attaché(e)	36	-3	37	31	40	20	49	16	41	41	43	28	14	37	32	25	44	28
Pas très attaché(e)	7	-1	8	4	11	3	7	4	8	9	13	6	3	9	7	4	7	5
Pas du tout attaché(e)	1	-1	1	1	3	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	2	2
NSP	1	+1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	2	0
Attaché(e)	91	+1	90	94	86	97	92	96	91	90	85	92	97	89	91	95	89	93
Pas attaché(e)	8	-2	9	5	14	3	8	4	9	10	15	6	3	10	9	4	9	7

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very attached	73	60	73	61	72	41	65	70	65	52	64	49	65	65	48	69	85	73
Fairly attached	21	32	21	31	24	42	30	27	32	38	33	42	32	29	40	26	11	22
Not very attached	4	6	5	7	1	15	4	2	3	7	3	7	3	4	9	4	3	3
Not at all attached	1	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	3	1	0	2
DK	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Attached	94	92	94	92	96	83	95	97	97	90	97	91	97	94	88	95	96	95
Not attached	5	7	6	8	4	17	4	2	3	9	3	8	3	5	12	5	3	5



QA33.3 Les gens peuvent se sentir attachés à des degrés divers à leur ville ou village, à leur pays ou à l'Union européenne. Veuillez me dire dans quelle mesure vous vous sentez attaché(e) à ...

Notre communauté

QA33.3 People may feel different levels of attachment to their village, town or city, to their country or to the European Union. Please tell me how attached you feel to...
Our community

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Très attaché(e)	63
Assez attaché(e)	28
Pas très attaché(e)	6
Pas du tout attaché(e)	1
NSP	2
Attaché(e)	91
Pas attaché(e)	7

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QA33.4 Les gens peuvent se sentir attachés à des degrés divers à leur ville ou village, à leur pays ou à l'Union européenne. Veuillez me dire dans quelle mesure vous vous sentez attaché(e) à ...

L'Union européenne

QA33.4 People may feel different levels of attachment to their village, town or city, to their country or to the European Union. Please tell me how attached you feel to...
European Union

	EU27	EU25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très attaché(e)	12	0	12	15	19	14	7	7	13	12	9	7	11	15	14	14	15	9
Assez attaché(e)	41	+3	40	43	47	32	43	33	44	43	39	34	30	47	42	43	47	23
Pas très attaché(e)	32	-1	33	28	28	28	33	40	33	34	38	41	39	28	29	25	26	42
Pas du tout attaché(e)	12	-2	13	9	6	17	14	11	9	10	13	15	20	7	14	14	9	25
NSP	3	0	2	5	0	9	3	9	1	1	1	3	0	3	1	4	3	1
Attaché(e)	53	+3	52	58	66	46	50	40	57	55	48	41	41	62	56	57	62	32
Pas attaché(e)	44	-3	46	37	34	45	47	51	42	44	51	56	59	35	43	39	35	67

	CY	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	(tcc)	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very attached	16	11	6	24	23	21	6	15	13	15	17	16	15	2	7	5	8	10
Fairly attached	17	41	36	37	40	35	26	33	52	41	39	39	40	28	31	29	24	15
Not very attached	35	32	43	26	28	25	50	34	25	30	26	32	35	49	43	39	39	25
Not at all attached	26	15	13	11	8	16	17	17	5	13	10	12	8	20	16	23	27	42
DK	6	1	2	2	1	3	1	1	5	1	8	1	2	1	3	4	2	8
Attached	33	52	42	61	63	56	32	48	65	56	56	55	55	30	38	34	32	25
Not attached	61	47	56	37	36	41	67	51	30	43	36	44	43	69	59	62	66	67

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Très attaché(e)	35
Assez attaché(e)	36
Pas très attaché(e)	14
Pas du tout attaché(e)	12
NSP	3
Attaché(e)	71
Pas attaché(e)	26

Eurobarometer 67



QA34a.1 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?

J'ai le sentiment d'être plus en sécurité parce que (NOTRE PAYS) est membre de l'UE

QA34a.1 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

I feel I am safer because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Plutôt d'accord	EB 67.2 52	EB 65.2 +5	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 72
Plutôt pas d'accord	39	-5	41	31	43	35	41	35	34	36	41	23	30	30	58	33	31	25
NSP	9	0	9	9	3	14	4	4	7	7	9	7	0	11	3	11	17	3

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Tend to agree	EB 67.2 48	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 41	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 40
Tend to disagree	45	26	41	39	30	50	51	28	36	25	33	34	48	56	50
DK	7	12	7	4	8	6	8	9	8	13	2	5	3	6	10

Eurobarometer 67



QA34a.2 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?

J'ai le sentiment que nous sommes plus stables économiquement parce que (NOTRE PAYS) est membre de l'UE

QA34a.2 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

I feel we are more stable economically because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Plutôt d'accord	EB 67.2 51	EB 65.2 +6	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 43	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 74	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 43
Plutôt pas d'accord	39	-6	41	35	34	41	45	30	38	39	44	21	43	21	55	17	40	47
NSP	10	0	9	10	3	16	3	4	9	9	7	8	0	13	6	9	13	10

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Tend to agree	EB 67.2 33	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 64	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 45	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 37	EB 67.2 42
Tend to disagree	59	23	60	31	35	30	44	28	46	31	28	31	42	56	46
DK	8	9	6	5	9	7	10	9	9	15	3	4	4	7	12

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QA34a.3 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?

J'ai le sentiment que nous sommes plus stables politiquement parce que (NOTRE PAYS) est membre de l'UE

QA34a.3 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

I feel we are more stable politically because (OUR COUNTRY) is a member of the EU

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	45	+4	45	46	48	43	44	42	58	57	53	66	62	61	30	55	41	61
Plutôt pas d'accord	45	-3	45	44	48	40	54	52	34	35	40	25	38	24	63	30	46	30
NSP	10	-1	10	10	4	17	2	6	8	8	7	9	0	15	7	15	13	9

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	42	59	35	58	54	37	36	49	48	40	60	53	47	32	37
Tend to disagree	50	30	57	35	35	56	54	41	41	43	36	43	49	62	51
DK	8	11	8	7	11	7	10	10	11	17	4	4	4	6	12

Eurobarometer 67



QA34a.4 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
 Ma voix compte dans l'Union européenne
 QA34a.4 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
 My voice counts in the EU

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Plutôt d'accord	EB 67.2 35	EB 66.1 +7	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 45	EB 67.2 41	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 42
Plutôt pas d'accord	55	-2	55	55	43	56	78	45	48	51	67	65	70	49	46	56	61	48
NSP	10	+7	9	14	4	21	4	3	7	8	10	7	0	11	8	14	14	10

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Tend to agree	EB 67.2 18	EB 67.2 26	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 48	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 28	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 22
Tend to disagree	73	58	62	41	37	42	62	49	61	48	55	69	67	55	68
DK	9	16	6	6	15	5	10	13	7	25	6	6	3	9	10

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QA34a.5 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
 Je comprends le fonctionnement de l'UE
 QA34a.5 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
 I understand how the EU works

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	43	0	41	46	51	28	41	55	52	50	43	56	48	37	40	33	33	51
Plutôt pas d'accord	50	-1	52	44	47	51	55	43	41	43	50	37	52	56	56	57	53	43
NSP	7	+1	7	10	2	21	4	2	7	7	7	7	0	7	4	10	14	6

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	49	45	37	60	46	48	47	59	41	39	64	37	41	46	35
Tend to disagree	42	46	60	37	45	48	46	34	55	43	32	57	58	51	60
DK	9	9	3	3	9	4	7	7	4	18	4	6	1	3	5

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QA34a.6 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
 La voix de (NOTRE PAYS) compte dans l'UE
 QA34a.6 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
 (OUR COUNTRY)'s voice counts in the EU

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Plutôt d'accord	EB 67.2 66	EB 62.0 -2	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 82	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 48
Plutôt pas d'accord	26	+2	23	34	22	38	50	16	10	10	9	27	57	19	14	24	33	41
NSP	8	0	8	11	3	27	8	2	4	4	5	7	1	12	4	10	14	11

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Tend to agree	EB 67.2 41	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 80	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 78	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 45	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 48	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 86	EB 67.2 55
Tend to disagree	51	35	37	16	25	19	48	25	37	36	29	45	27	11	35
DK	8	13	7	4	9	3	8	7	8	19	4	7	2	3	10

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QA34a.7 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
 (NOTRE PAYS) va avoir plus d'influence dans l'UE
 QA34a.7 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
 (OUR COUNTRY) will become more influential in the EU in the future

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Plutôt d'accord	EB 67.2 52	EB 65.2 +10	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 30	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 75	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 55
Plutôt pas d'accord	33	-9	35	26	55	23	43	64	30	29	27	30	38	11	45	30	26	27
NSP	15	-1	15	14	7	22	11	6	17	17	13	11	2	14	16	18	19	18

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Tend to agree	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 37	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 19	EB 67.2 35	EB 67.2 70	EB 67.2 58	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 45
Tend to disagree	40	25	50	48	27	69	56	18	24	16	32	39	56	50	38
DK	11	13	12	15	16	12	9	12	18	21	7	10	6	14	17

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QA34a.8 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?

Les intérêts de (NOTRE PAYS) sont bien pris en compte dans l'UE

QA34a.8 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

The interests of (OUR COUNTRY) are well taken into account in the EU

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	45	+7	47	40	56	31	34	49	54	54	55	50	38	56	43	57	45	42
Plutôt pas d'accord	39	-7	38	43	38	44	57	44	31	31	29	38	61	23	44	25	37	46
NSP	16	0	15	17	6	25	9	7	15	15	16	12	1	21	13	18	18	12

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	27	46	38	63	57	38	31	45	44	37	49	35	29	63	39
Tend to disagree	64	37	51	24	27	49	56	39	40	35	42	54	67	28	45
DK	9	17	11	13	16	13	13	16	16	28	9	11	4	9	16

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QA34a.9 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
 Ce sont les plus grands pays qui ont le plus de pouvoir dans l'UE
 QA34a.9 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
 The biggest countries have the most power in the EU

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	75	+3	73	82	72	81	88	86	65	66	69	79	87	85	66	74	68	88
Plutôt pas d'accord	17	-2	19	10	26	7	9	13	25	25	24	13	13	7	28	13	19	7
NSP	8	-1	8	8	2	12	3	1	10	9	7	8	0	8	6	13	13	5

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	87	83	85	59	75	85	83	82	85	78	85	80	94	85	69
Tend to disagree	9	9	11	34	15	12	12	10	10	8	12	17	4	11	20
DK	4	8	4	7	10	3	5	8	5	14	3	3	2	4	11

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QA34a.10 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?

(NOTRE PAYS) a plus d'influence dans l'UE actuellement qu'il y a dix ans

QA34a.10 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

(OUR COUNTRY) is more influential in the EU now than it was ten years ago

	UE15 EU15	BE	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	LU	NL	AT	PT	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	54	47	51	61	62	65	68	79	32	60	55	52	35	42	62	59	64	45
Plutôt pas d'accord	29	35	40	22	21	20	30	8	51	23	27	32	47	43	22	34	23	33
NSP	17	18	9	17	17	15	2	13	17	17	18	16	18	15	16	7	13	22

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QA34a.11 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?

Je me sens très impliqué(e) dans les affaires européennes

QA34a.11 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.

I feel very much involved in European affairs

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Plutôt d'accord	EB 67.2 24	EB 66.1 +4	EB 67.2 25	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 37	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 32	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 20	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 31	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 21	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 6
Plutôt pas d'accord	69	-6	68	71	70	45	80	70	59	62	71	74	78	63	76	69	53	88
NSP	7	+2	7	9	1	18	3	3	9	9	8	6	1	6	3	10	13	6

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Tend to agree	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 10	EB 67.2 12	EB 67.2 29	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 23	EB 67.2 22	EB 67.2 24	EB 67.2 17	EB 67.2 27	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 11	EB 67.2 16	EB 67.2 14
Tend to disagree	87	84	85	66	72	74	70	71	71	63	69	78	88	80	82
DK	3	6	3	5	4	2	7	7	5	20	4	6	1	4	4



QA34b.1 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
J'ai le sentiment que je serais plus en sécurité si (NOTRE PAYS) était membre de l'UE
QA34b.1 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
I feel I would be safer if (OUR COUNTRY) would be a member of the EU

	CY (tcc)	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	52	49	47
Plutôt pas d'accord	40	43	39
NSP	8	8	14



QA34b.2 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
J'ai le sentiment que nous serions plus stables économiquement si (NOTRE PAYS) était membre de l'UE
QA34b.2 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
I feel we would be more stable economically if (OUR COUNTRY) would be a member of the EU

	HR	TR
	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	53	58
Plutôt pas d'accord	39	27
NSP	8	15



QA34b.3 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
J'ai le sentiment que nous serions plus stables économiquement si on appliquait complètement la législation de l'UE à la Communauté turque chypriote
QA34b.3 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
I feel we would be more stable economically if the Turkish Cypriot Community had the full application of the EU legislation

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	61
Plutôt pas d'accord	30
NSP	9

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QA34b.4 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
J'ai le sentiment que nous serions plus stables politiquement si (NOTRE PAYS) était membre de l'UE
QA34b.4 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
I feel we would be more stable politically if (OUR COUNTRY) would be a member of the EU

	HR	TR
	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	56	48
Plutôt pas d'accord	35	34
NSP	9	18



QA34b.5 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
J'ai le sentiment que nous serions plus stables politiquement si on appliquait complètement la législation de l'UE à la Communauté turque chypriote
QA34b.5 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
I feel we would be more stable politically if the Turkish Cypriot Community had the full application of the EU legislation

	CY (tcc)
	EB 67.2
Plutôt d'accord	61
Plutôt pas d'accord	28
NSP	11



QA34b.6 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
Ma voix compte dans l'Union européenne
QA34b.6 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
My voice counts in the EU

	CY (tcc)	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	23	36	38
Plutôt pas d'accord	67	52	43
NSP	10	12	19



QA34b.7 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
Je comprends le fonctionnement de l'UE
QA34b.7 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
I understand how the EU works

	CY (tcc)	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	41	48	39
Plutôt pas d'accord	42	43	39
NSP	17	9	22

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QA34b.8 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
Les intérêts de (NOTRE PAYS) sont bien pris en compte dans l'UE
QA34b.8 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
The interests of (OUR COUNTRY) are well taken into account in the EU

	HR	TR
	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	31	37
Plutôt pas d'accord	60	45
NSP	9	18



QA34b.9 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
Les intérêts de notre communauté sont bien pris en compte dans l'UE
QA34b.9 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
The interests of our community are well taken into account in the EU

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	21
Plutôt pas d'accord	69
NSP	10

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QA34b.10 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
(NOTRE PAYS) va avoir plus d'influence dans l'UE
QA34b.10 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
(OUR COUNTRY) will become more influential in the EU in the future

	HR	TR
	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	39	52
Plutôt pas d'accord	53	29
NSP	8	19



QA34b.11 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
Notre communauté va avoir plus d'influence dans l'UE
QA34b.11 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
Our community will become more influential in the EU in the future

	CY (tcc)
	EB
Plutôt d'accord	67.2
Plutôt pas d'accord	33
NSP	51
	16



QA34b.12 Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec les affirmations suivantes ?
Ce sont les plus grands pays qui ont le plus de pouvoir dans l'UE
QA34b.12 Please tell me for each statement, whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree.
The biggest countries have the most power in the EU

	CY (tcc)	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	45	79	65
Plutôt pas d'accord	37	15	18
NSP	18	6	17

Eurobarometer 67



QA35a Parmi les suivants, quel est selon vous le résultat le plus positif de l'unification européenne ?
QA35a Which of the following do you think is the most positive result of European integration?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
La paix entre les Etats membres de l'UE	67.2	65.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
La libre circulation des personnes, des biens et des services	39	-4	40	38	39	43	40	45	55	56	61	37	54	26	43	26	31	57
L'Euro	33	+4	31	40	23	42	41	38	26	25	21	41	32	35	24	34	36	27
Les programmes d'échanges pour les étudiants tels que ERASMUS	11	+1	12	7	28	3	6	4	10	10	9	4	4	13	16	24	15	3
La Politique Agricole Commune	6	0	6	5	6	2	9	6	3	3	3	7	3	7	9	4	7	5
Aucun (SPONTANEOUS)	3	0	2	4	2	2	1	4	2	2	1	4	2	3	3	3	1	2
Autre (SPONTANEOUS)	4	-1	5	2	2	1	2	1	3	3	4	2	5	5	3	4	5	3
NSP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
	4	0	4	4	0	7	1	2	1	1	1	5	0	9	2	5	4	3

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Peace among the Member States of the EU	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
The free movement of people, goods and services	34	24	29	34	52	47	33	38	36	24	43	29	38	30	53	34	39	33
The Euro	26	54	43	36	21	23	42	28	42	39	38	36	44	41	34	30	37	23
Student exchange programmes such as ERASMUS	10	4	9	12	18	10	11	14	5	14	7	19	5	20	3	7	9	9
The Common agricultural policy	7	11	5	6	5	9	4	7	5	6	2	11	5	5	5	5	4	3
None (SPONTANEOUS)	4	2	6	5	1	2	3	2	5	1	4	3	2	1	2	4	4	2
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	4	3	2	4	1	3	3	8	2	7	2	2	1	2	1	10	2	2
DK	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	8	2	6	3	2	6	3	2	5	8	4	0	5	1	2	10	5	28

	MK
	EB
La paix entre les Etats membres de l'UE	67.2
La libre circulation des personnes, des biens et des services	42
L'Euro	48
Les programmes d'échanges pour les étudiants tels que ERASMUS	4
La Politique Agricole Commune	2
Aucun (SPONTANEOUS)	2
Autre (SPONTANEOUS)	1
NSP	0
	1

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QA35b Et le deuxième résultat le plus positif de l'unification européenne ?
QA35b And the second most positive result result of European integration?

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
La paix entre les Etats membres de l'UE	20	0	20	22	18	22	21	19	21	21	19	23	19	14	19	19	19	18
La libre circulation des personnes, des biens et des services	32	+2	32	32	31	37	32	33	41	41	44	35	40	24	28	27	30	45
L'Euro	17	-1	18	14	27	10	13	15	18	18	20	11	9	20	21	29	17	6
Les programmes d'échanges pour les étudiants tels que ERASMUS	14	0	14	16	14	8	26	18	8	7	20	15	18	17	12	19	18	18
La Politique Agricole Commune	8	0	7	12	6	14	5	10	8	8	6	6	8	7	6	8	5	10
Aucun (SPONTANE)	4	-2	4	1	2	1	2	3	2	3	3	0	9	5	4	1	4	2
Autre (SPONTANE)	1	+7	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	3	1	0	0
NSP	4	0	4	3	1	7	1	1	2	2	1	4	0	9	4	4	5	1

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Peace among the Member States of the EU	14	23	23	20	17	14	16	21	25	17	19	19	17	19	22	25	24	20
The free movement of people, goods and services	26	25	27	25	32	35	29	34	32	28	33	26	32	28	39	29	35	37
The Euro	17	8	13	22	28	17	24	20	11	22	17	26	17	28	10	12	14	13
Student exchange programmes such as ERASMUS	12	26	17	17	13	21	12	13	15	13	13	17	20	17	18	13	14	8
The Common agricultural policy	9	9	14	12	5	5	13	5	14	5	11	5	10	2	8	7	7	11
None (SPONTANEOUS)	1	3	2	2	2	1	3	4	1	5	1	4	1	2	2	9	3	0
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	7	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
DK	14	6	3	2	3	7	2	2	2	9	6	2	3	3	1	5	3	11

	MK
	EB
	67.2
La paix entre les Etats membres de l'UE	26
La libre circulation des personnes, des biens et des services	33
L'Euro	12
Les programmes d'échanges pour les étudiants tels que ERASMUS	15
La Politique Agricole Commune	10
Aucun (SPONTANE)	0
Autre (SPONTANE)	1
NSP	3

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QA35T - Quels sont les résultats les plus positifs de l'unification européenne ?
QA35T - Which are the most positive results of European integration ?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
La paix entre les Etats membres de l'UE	58	57	58	56	64	61	63	76	76	79	58	72	38	61	43	48	73	46
La libre circulation des personnes, des biens et des services	62	60	70	53	76	72	70	65	65	62	74	70	55	51	58	63	69	48
L'Euro	27	29	20	55	12	18	19	27	28	29	13	12	30	36	50	31	9	25
Les programmes d'échanges pour les étudiants tels que ERASMUS	19	19	20	19	9	34	23	10	10	9	24	17	22	26	15	24	22	18
La Politique Agricole Commune	10	9	15	8	15	5	14	10	9	6	10	9	9	9	11	7	11	13
Aucun (SPONTANE)	8	9	4	4	2	4	4	5	5	7	3	13	10	7	5	9	5	5
Autre (SPONTANE)	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	4	1	1	1	0	12
NSP	4	4	4	1	7	1	2	1	1	1	5	0	9	2	5	4	3	8

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Peace among the Member States of the EU	46	50	68	52	60	49	57	59	39	61	47	53	48	75	54	60	47	67
The free movement of people, goods and services	78	67	52	60	55	70	58	72	63	69	61	74	68	72	53	69	49	80
The Euro	11	22	45	33	26	34	32	16	32	22	45	21	47	13	16	22	18	15
Student exchange programmes such as ERASMUS	36	21	17	22	28	15	19	18	17	14	27	24	21	23	15	17	8	17
The Common agricultural policy	11	18	6	15	6	15	6	18	5	15	8	11	3	9	9	10	10	13
None (SPONTANEOUS)	6	4	4	6	4	5	12	3	11	3	6	2	4	3	18	5	2	1
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
DK	2	6	1	3	6	3	2	5	8	4	0	5	1	1	10	5	28	1

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QA36a Cette année, nous célébrons le 50ième anniversaire du Traité de Rome qui est à l'origine de la création de l'Union européenne telle qu'on la connaît aujourd'hui. Quand vous pensez à cet anniversaire, quel mot vous vient en premier à l'esprit ?

QA36a We are celebrating this year the 50th anniversary of the Rome Treaty, which marks the origin of the creation of the European Union as it stands today. When you think of this anniversary, which words come to your mind first?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Espoir	35	34	37	31	40	26	23	40	39	35	34	38	35	34	34	41	51	24
Tristesse	3	3	2	2	0	3	1	2	2	2	1	4	1	2	1	8	2	2
Fierté	7	7	7	10	6	5	4	8	7	5	3	4	7	6	6	12	4	3
Inquiétude	7	8	5	6	5	12	7	7	7	9	3	16	6	14	2	8	12	9
Satisfaction	11	11	11	22	8	11	16	14	14	12	18	5	9	11	15	11	7	4
Déception	5	6	3	5	3	6	3	3	4	5	3	7	3	7	2	5	5	10
Rien	27	26	28	21	24	33	43	21	22	29	35	26	31	25	27	10	17	26
NSP	5	5	7	3	14	4	3	5	5	3	3	0	8	1	13	5	2	22

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Hope	24	30	30	33	32	21	22	33	44	51	35	35	28	35	25	34	14	52
Sorrow	2	1	1	3	2	0	7	2	3	2	1	2	2	0	3	3	4	2
Pride	2	6	9	5	11	6	10	5	3	11	7	9	3	3	5	3	3	7
Worry	5	3	8	8	3	9	13	4	13	3	5	10	11	4	4	18	9	5
Satisfaction	3	7	21	9	24	19	11	13	6	6	16	19	13	10	6	7	5	8
Disappointment	3	1	4	10	6	6	10	2	6	2	3	3	5	3	9	7	4	3
Nothing	55	43	25	26	17	37	21	36	16	12	30	19	37	43	40	24	24	14
DK	6	9	2	6	5	2	6	5	9	13	3	3	1	2	8	4	37	9

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QA36b Et quels autres mots vous viennent à l'esprit quand vous pensez au 50ième anniversaire du Traité de Rome ? (MAX. 2 REponses)
 QA36b And which other words come to your mind when you think about the 50th anniversary of the Rome Treaty? (MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
Espoir	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Tristesse	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Fierté	21	21	21	27	17	20	21	26	25	23	26	17	15	24	23	19	18	6
Inquiétude	4	4	4	3	1	5	2	5	5	4	2	6	1	3	2	5	4	3
Satisfaction	15	14	17	18	19	8	17	14	13	9	9	10	11	15	28	18	10	5
Déception	18	19	16	13	11	20	16	21	22	25	11	21	11	23	9	18	31	14
Rien	24	22	29	26	33	18	18	29	28	24	32	22	33	19	34	19	35	9
NSP	7	8	5	7	2	9	5	6	6	2	10	4	14	3	5	11	13	13
	14	15	11	13	16	19	27	11	12	16	15	22	19	14	16	9	13	15
	8	8	7	9	11	4	7	3	3	5	8	0	12	7	7	15	1	38

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
Hope	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Sorrow	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Pride	16	19	28	18	28	27	21	23	16	17	23	30	22	16	17	20	13	20
Worry	4	4	4	8	3	4	9	2	3	3	1	5	4	4	7	7	13	4
Satisfaction	12	18	20	13	22	13	12	12	10	31	15	18	7	15	15	10	9	21
Disappointment	23	12	20	27	3	27	26	15	24	11	16	17	24	11	12	28	18	12
Nothing	19	28	23	15	31	19	19	30	17	36	32	29	20	24	16	19	12	30
DK	9	3	6	11	5	9	12	4	7	4	3	4	8	6	9	16	15	5
	23	16	12	11	16	20	11	12	12	5	17	12	19	32	21	14	34	6
	5	9	2	4	6	1	3	5	11	13	3	3	5	5	11	4	0	19

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QA36T - A quels mots pensez-vous à propos du 50e anniversaire du Traité de Rome ?
QA36T - Which words come to your mind about the Rome Treaty's 50th anniversary ?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
Espoir	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tristesse	49	48	50	51	50	38	34	59	58	51	50	50	44	51	48	57	66	27
Fierté	6	6	4	5	1	7	2	6	5	5	2	8	2	4	2	12	6	4
Inquiétude	17	17	18	24	18	10	13	18	17	11	8	11	13	17	22	27	12	6
Satisfaction	20	21	15	16	12	25	16	22	23	26	10	32	13	30	8	23	38	16
Déception	27	27	29	41	28	22	25	36	35	28	38	21	29	25	35	27	35	9
Rien	10	11	7	10	4	11	5	8	8	9	4	14	6	17	4	10	14	17
NSP	36	36	35	31	34	45	58	29	31	40	44	42	42	35	36	17	27	34
	6	5	8	3	14	4	3	5	5	3	3	0	8	1	13	5	2	22

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
Hope	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Sorrow	30	39	51	45	53	37	37	47	56	64	50	58	42	44	34	49	19	67
Pride	3	3	4	9	4	3	13	3	6	4	1	6	5	2	6	9	9	6
Worry	6	14	24	14	28	14	18	12	11	34	17	23	7	12	13	10	6	24
Satisfaction	13	8	22	26	6	26	32	12	32	11	16	23	26	10	10	38	15	14
Disappointment	11	20	38	19	49	31	25	30	19	33	38	41	25	23	15	21	10	31
Nothing	7	2	8	17	10	11	19	5	11	4	5	6	10	6	14	18	10	7
DK	64	51	33	33	30	49	30	43	25	15	41	29	49	60	51	33	38	19
	6	9	2	6	5	2	6	5	9	13	3	3	1	2	8	4	37	9

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QA37 Diriez-vous que vous êtes très optimiste, plutôt optimiste, plutôt pessimiste ou très pessimiste concernant le futur de l'Union européenne ?
QA37 Would you say that you are very optimistic, fairly optimistic, fairly pessimistic or very pessimistic about the future of the European Union...?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
Très optimiste	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt optimiste	11	10	13	7	10	10	17	13	13	8	9	14	14	5	15	10	16	24
Plutôt pessimiste	58	58	61	66	56	56	60	62	62	65	68	53	60	56	60	58	54	36
Très pessimiste	19	20	15	19	17	27	16	15	16	20	16	23	13	29	8	19	14	20
NSP	5	5	3	4	2	4	3	3	3	3	2	9	2	6	4	5	6	9
Optimiste	7	7	8	4	15	3	4	7	6	4	5	1	11	4	13	8	10	11
Pessimiste	69	68	74	73	66	66	77	75	75	73	77	67	74	61	75	68	70	60
	24	25	18	23	19	31	19	18	19	23	18	32	15	35	12	24	20	29

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
Very optimistic	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Fairly optimistic	7	13	13	6	20	5	8	14	13	18	15	12	4	9	9	11	24	36
Fairly pessimistic	53	61	56	52	49	70	45	68	44	57	65	63	57	60	48	42	28	48
Very pessimistic	31	16	23	29	15	20	29	9	26	12	16	19	28	21	23	29	15	8
DK	4	2	4	7	7	2	9	1	6	2	2	3	8	4	10	12	13	2
Optimistic	5	8	4	6	9	3	9	8	11	11	2	3	3	6	10	6	20	6
Pessimistic	60	74	69	58	69	75	53	82	57	75	80	75	61	69	57	53	52	84
	35	18	27	36	22	22	38	10	32	14	18	22	36	25	33	41	28	10

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QA38.1 Dites-moi si, selon vous, dans 50 ans, l'Union européenne ... ?

Aura son propre président, élu directement par les citoyens européens

QA38.1 For each of the following, please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union...?

Will have its own president directly elected by European citizens

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
Oui, probablement	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 48	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 39	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 58	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 41
Non, probablement pas	30	31	27	44	14	42	55	36	34	30	41	26	15	38	15	20	21	36
NSP	19	16	27	10	38	16	5	11	12	15	20	3	25	16	25	22	16	23

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
Yes, probably	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 46	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 34	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 47	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 36	EB 67.2 60
No, probably not	34	30	39	31	11	60	38	30	19	15	31	38	55	51	28	32	21	17
DK	19	21	11	23	33	6	15	26	26	36	12	15	7	7	17	16	43	23

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QA38.2 Dites-moi si, selon vous, dans 50 ans, l'Union européenne ... ?

Sera seulement une puissance économique secondaire

QA38.2 For each of the following, please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union...?

Will only be a secondary economic power

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
Oui, probablement	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Non, probablement pas	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
NSP	31	32	27	39	32	26	40	20	20	19	32	48	32	36	39	32	56	48
	49	50	45	47	28	57	51	68	68	72	47	49	40	45	30	48	19	32
	20	18	28	14	40	17	9	12	12	9	21	3	28	19	31	20	25	20

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
Yes, probably	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
No, probably not	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
DK	42	27	37	34	26	23	39	25	28	21	45	30	41	24	45	46	38	49
	34	46	47	40	27	69	44	51	42	38	37	57	49	64	34	36	19	26
	24	27	16	26	47	8	17	24	30	41	18	13	10	12	21	18	43	25

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QA38.3 Dites-moi si, selon vous, dans 50 ans, l'Union européenne ... ?

Aura, avec l'Euro, une monnaie plus puissante que le dollar

QA38.3 For each of the following, please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union...?

Will have, with the euro, a more powerful currency than the dollar

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
Oui, probablement	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 58	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 49
Non, probablement pas	22	24	15	22	10	30	31	20	20	20	21	31	14	24	16	26	17	32
NSP	17	16	22	11	36	14	9	14	13	9	21	2	19	19	25	19	22	19

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
Yes, probably	EB 67.2 50	EB 67.2 68	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 54	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 69	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 38	EB 67.2 72
No, probably not	32	14	26	26	13	19	34	12	18	6	28	24	25	28	34	32	20	10
DK	18	18	15	20	32	9	14	19	23	29	12	10	10	9	17	19	42	18

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QA38.4 Dites-moi si, selon vous, dans 50 ans, l'Union européenne ... ?

Sera une puissance diplomatique de premier plan au niveau mondial

QA38.4 For each of the following, please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union...?

Will be a leading diplomatic power in the world

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
Oui, probablement	EB 67.2 61	EB 67.2 63	EB 67.2 55	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 45	EB 67.2 66	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 72	EB 67.2 73	EB 67.2 52	EB 67.2 71	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 59	EB 67.2 65	EB 67.2 40
Non, probablement pas	22	22	21	34	11	42	27	18	18	17	31	27	15	21	14	22	14	38
NSP	17	15	24	9	37	13	7	10	10	10	17	2	20	17	24	19	21	22

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
Yes, probably	EB 67.2 40	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 60	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 51	EB 67.2 62	EB 67.2 56	EB 67.2 53	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 49	EB 67.2 44	EB 67.2 67	EB 67.2 57	EB 67.2 37	EB 67.2 42	EB 67.2 59
No, probably not	40	21	29	31	9	29	36	17	18	12	45	38	47	24	27	46	18	18
DK	20	22	14	20	31	9	13	21	26	35	13	13	9	9	16	17	40	23

Eurobarometer 67



QA38.5 Dites-moi si, selon vous, dans 50 ans, l'Union européenne ... ?

Aura sa propre armée

QA38.5 For each of the following, please tell me if according to you, in 50 years from now, the European Union...?

Will have its own army

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
Oui, probablement	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Non, probablement pas	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
NSP	56	57	56	63	46	62	60	59	60	61	59	66	51	64	48	52	73	38
	26	27	19	27	12	25	34	30	29	28	26	31	22	22	18	27	11	37
	18	16	25	10	42	13	6	11	11	11	15	3	27	14	34	21	16	25

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
Yes, probably	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
No, probably not	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
DK	61	65	60	54	42	60	54	58	49	48	61	63	56	54	53	58	32	60
	22	18	29	26	16	33	33	19	22	13	30	23	37	38	30	24	24	12
	17	17	11	20	42	7	13	23	29	39	9	14	7	8	17	18	44	28

Eurobarometer 67



QA39.1 Il existe déjà une Politique étrangère et de sécurité commune et une Politique européenne de sécurité et de défense dans l'Union européenne. Il y a aujourd'hui un débat pour savoir dans quelle mesure ces politiques devraient être développées. Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec chacune des propositions suivantes ?

L'UE devrait avoir son propre Ministre des Affaires étrangères, qui puisse être le porte-parole de la position commune de l'UE

QA39.1 The European Union already has a Common Foreign and Security Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements?

The EU should have its own Foreign Minister who can be the spokesperson for a common EU position

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	69	<i>+4</i>	70	65	81	59	68	48	76	75	71	67	78	71	73	65	72	69
Plutôt pas d'accord	18	<i>-4</i>	19	16	15	12	25	47	18	19	21	21	20	12	17	13	13	16
NSP	13	<i>0</i>	11	19	4	29	7	5	6	6	8	12	2	17	10	22	15	15

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	60	72	72	71	68	68	74	68	68	61	54	81	67	61	52	57	75	50
Tend to disagree	21	17	11	17	23	16	21	22	16	13	12	13	23	33	42	27	15	12
DK	19	11	17	12	9	16	5	10	16	26	34	6	10	6	6	16	10	38

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	75
Plutôt pas d'accord	8
NSP	17

Eurobarometer 67



QA39.2 Il existe déjà une Politique étrangère et de sécurité commune et une Politique européenne de sécurité et de défense dans l'Union européenne. Il y a aujourd'hui un débat pour savoir dans quelle mesure ces politiques devraient être développées. Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec chacune des propositions suivantes ?

La politique étrangère de l'UE devrait être autonome de la politique étrangère américaine

QA39.2 The European Union already has a Common Foreign and Security Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements?

EU foreign policy should be independent of US foreign policy

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	80	0	81	77	83	73	86	83	89	90	92	79	94	81	83	77	68	92
Plutôt pas d'accord	10	0	10	10	13	5	12	14	7	6	5	13	6	5	9	6	18	1
NSP	10	0	9	13	4	22	2	3	4	4	3	8	0	14	8	17	14	7

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	68	78	77	82	82	79	82	80	80	72	65	88	84	85	89	75	85	49
Tend to disagree	17	12	12	11	10	6	13	13	10	8	9	9	10	11	8	13	6	14
DK	15	10	11	7	8	15	5	7	10	20	26	3	6	4	3	12	9	37

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	79
Plutôt pas d'accord	6
NSP	15

Eurobarometer 67



QA39.3 Il existe déjà une Politique étrangère et de sécurité commune et une Politique européenne de sécurité et de défense dans l'Union européenne. Il y a aujourd'hui un débat pour savoir dans quelle mesure ces politiques devraient être développées. Etes-vous plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord avec chacune des propositions suivantes ?

Les Etats membres de l'UE devraient avoir une politique d'immigration commune à l'égard des personnes venant de pays non membres de l'UE

QA39.3 The European Union already has a Common Foreign and Security Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements?

The EU should have a common immigration policy towards people from outside the EU

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	75	0	76	74	85	67	84	71	83	83	84	72	86	78	76	71	72	86
Plutôt pas d'accord	14	0	15	10	13	6	12	25	12	13	14	19	13	8	16	9	15	5
NSP	11	0	9	16	2	27	4	4	5	4	2	9	1	14	8	20	13	9

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	68	75	78	79	76	73	79	72	77	65	62	84	81	65	70	68	78	43
Tend to disagree	15	12	8	15	18	7	17	22	10	11	7	12	14	31	25	19	11	17
DK	17	13	14	6	6	20	4	6	13	24	31	4	5	4	5	13	11	40

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	75
Plutôt pas d'accord	6
NSP	19

Eurobarometer 67



QA40 A votre avis, parmi les domaines suivants, quelles sont ceux qui créent le plus un sentiment de communauté parmi les citoyens de l'Union européenne ? (ROTATION – MAX. 3 REPONSES)

QA40 In your opinion, among the following issues, which are those that most create a feeling of community among European Union citizens? (ROTATE – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
L'histoire	21	21	23	20	22	26	29	17	17	16	17	21	15	29	25	21	21	19
La religion	13	12	17	14	13	14	8	13	12	9	9	19	4	12	14	19	25	49
Les valeurs	20	20	17	22	27	25	31	20	19	17	16	23	17	23	23	23	27	16
La géographie	16	16	16	16	27	14	18	11	11	11	16	29	15	20	18	12	19	14
Les langues	17	17	19	18	15	20	14	20	19	15	21	10	9	24	24	14	11	15
La législation	12	11	13	18	23	9	17	13	14	19	17	10	13	9	11	9	11	7
Les sports	20	21	16	18	9	21	20	24	24	23	20	20	12	22	30	17	18	12
Les inventions, les sciences et la technologie	14	14	12	17	11	18	24	18	18	18	15	16	7	18	9	14	10	10
L'économie	27	26	32	37	35	23	32	33	33	34	39	21	27	25	30	20	24	29
L'Etat providence	12	11	15	12	9	9	18	13	13	12	21	8	26	1	8	8	9	12
La solidarité avec les régions plus pauvres	17	17	17	17	14	17	24	20	21	26	12	16	15	20	19	13	13	5
La culture	27	27	25	28	15	35	27	27	27	27	25	30	30	33	23	23	30	21
Aucune de celles-ci (SPONTANE)	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	4	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	3	4	1
Rien, un tel sentiment n'existe pas (SPONTANE)	4	5	2	3	4	3	2	5	6	7	1	7	4	3	4	4	4	2
Autres (SPONTANE)	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	1
NSP	5	4	5	3	9	1	1	3	3	2	6	0	7	4	7	3	7	5

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
History	17	15	32	19	30	23	25	18	25	30	19	38	20	24	17	19	26	17
Religion	9	16	17	13	26	11	19	12	12	28	11	25	6	8	11	21	41	17
Values	9	15	17	15	30	19	22	11	23	19	19	24	23	28	16	13	13	16
Geography	34	15	21	9	20	33	18	13	27	20	17	19	21	23	11	20	12	14
Languages	21	21	26	20	19	10	21	17	14	20	12	31	16	13	18	17	20	24
Legislation	14	14	6	15	7	18	9	9	6	15	15	15	16	19	6	16	7	18
Sports	20	17	14	19	16	20	24	17	14	11	21	18	16	18	28	23	12	16
Inventions, science and technology	10	18	11	12	9	16	12	12	5	10	12	10	10	15	11	16	13	13
Economy	24	45	17	40	21	40	22	38	18	23	37	21	29	28	19	35	25	47
Welfare State	19	19	7	25	5	11	11	11	2	22	9	11	19	11	12	11	6	10
Solidarity with poorer regions	11	12	16	17	20	18	15	20	19	13	11	20	16	21	11	16	7	17
Culture	30	27	28	29	30	24	25	25	26	21	23	27	24	18	27	19	17	21
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	1	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	1	3	1	3	4	5	2	0	2
None, such a feeling does not exist (SPONTANEOUS)	5	1	7	1	1	1	10	3	5	1	6	1	4	4	9	4	1	2
Others (SPONTANEOUS)	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
DK	3	3	4	3	4	2	2	6	10	6	3	2	2	3	6	5	16	7

Eurobarometer 67



QA41 L'intégration européenne a mis l'accent sur différentes questions ces dernières années. A votre avis, sur quels aspects les institutions européennes devraient-elles mettre l'accent au cours des prochaines années pour renforcer l'Union européenne à l'avenir ? (ROTATION – MAX. 3 REPONSES)

QA41 European integration has been focusing on various issues in the last years. In your opinion, which aspects should be emphasized by the European institutions in the coming years, to strengthen the European Union in the future? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Le marché intérieur	13	11	21	12	20	15	22	10	11	15	11	19	7	14	18	13	12	21
La politique culturelle	8	8	7	6	8	5	9	4	4	3	7	7	8	7	19	14	10	25
La politique étrangère européenne	16	15	19	18	23	16	17	22	22	20	19	22	8	15	13	18	31	28
La politique européenne de défense	12	11	15	9	11	15	10	9	10	10	23	16	4	15	9	12	22	16
Les questions d'immigration	29	33	15	34	16	17	30	30	30	30	17	22	43	30	35	33	19	14
La politique européenne de l'éducation	14	14	14	11	11	16	11	20	21	24	14	17	12	15	16	9	21	19
Les questions environnementales	34	36	27	36	23	40	59	46	45	42	28	35	28	38	28	21	32	17
Les questions énergétiques	25	26	24	27	30	24	30	38	36	30	23	21	9	26	29	26	22	23
La solidarité avec les régions plus pauvres	17	15	24	16	21	20	17	10	11	14	12	26	17	21	14	11	26	16
La recherche scientifique	13	14	11	17	8	15	20	14	15	16	11	11	11	24	6	12	13	9
Les questions sociales	25	24	28	32	34	31	21	26	28	35	36	36	23	29	20	14	32	10
La lutte contre l'insécurité	33	33	31	40	31	41	30	37	37	35	35	25	33	28	32	29	33	15
Aucun de ceux-ci (SPONTANE)	2	2	1	1	0	1	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	3	1	2
Autres (SPONTANE)	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	1	1	0	0
NSP	6	5	7	2	12	1	1	2	2	1	9	0	9	4	10	5	4	7

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
The internal market	23	20	24	24	14	15	9	21	15	21	19	26	17	10	6	30	16	30
Cultural policy	6	6	4	10	11	7	10	6	9	8	12	8	5	3	8	6	18	6
European foreign policy	11	22	21	13	11	24	11	19	4	21	15	30	16	14	9	14	15	30
European defence policy	15	12	13	18	12	14	11	12	6	20	12	18	11	5	10	9	10	16
Immigration issues	17	21	32	18	38	21	23	14	15	13	12	18	19	22	42	7	12	12
European education policy	16	14	22	15	14	23	15	10	13	20	21	21	8	7	9	11	15	13
Environment issues	25	13	47	40	31	46	46	19	20	28	36	32	52	75	32	25	11	14
Energy issues	25	27	23	45	33	24	28	22	9	14	18	25	39	41	24	15	16	19
Solidarity with poorer regions	16	11	14	17	14	19	16	27	32	27	22	22	20	21	10	39	18	34
Scientific research	10	13	12	9	5	13	9	11	5	9	12	11	12	15	9	12	10	9
Social issues	44	40	22	17	18	14	39	28	36	24	39	27	27	24	21	33	11	25
The fight against crime	32	42	18	22	27	42	43	36	30	22	28	28	31	40	35	43	22	33
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	1	2	1	1	0	0	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	1	2	1
Others (SPONTANEOUS)	0	2	2	0	1	2	1	0	4	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
DK	6	3	3	5	11	3	3	6	10	11	3	3	1	2	10	7	25	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA42 Avez-vous déjà vu ce symbole ? (MONTRER LE DRAPEAU EUROPEEN)
QA42 Have you ever seen this symbol? (SHOW EUROPEAN FLAG)

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
Oui	EB 67.2 95	EB 65.2 +3	EB 67.2 94	EB 67.2 96	EB 67.2 98	EB 67.2 95	EB 67.2 94	EB 67.2 99	EB 67.2 99	EB 67.2 99	EB 67.2 99	EB 67.2 96	EB 67.2 93	EB 67.2 93	EB 67.2 97	EB 67.2 89	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 98
Non	4	-2	5	3	2	3	5	1	0	0	1	4	6	6	3	7	12	2
NSP	1	-1	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	4	3	0

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
Yes	EB 67.2 85	EB 67.2 98	EB 67.2 96	EB 67.2 98	EB 67.2 99	EB 67.2 99	EB 67.2 96	EB 67.2 95	EB 67.2 97	EB 67.2 95	EB 67.2 96	EB 67.2 98	EB 67.2 96	EB 67.2 98	EB 67.2 99	EB 67.2 92	EB 67.2 96	EB 67.2 75
No	12	2	4	2	0	1	3	4	3	4	2	2	3	2	1	7	2	22
DK	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	2	3

	MK
Oui	EB 67.2 95
Non	4
NSP	1

Eurobarometer 67



QA43.1 Ce symbole est le drapeau européen. Voici une liste de propositions concernant le drapeau européen. J'aimerais connaître votre opinion sur chacune d'elles. Pour chaque proposition, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord ?

Ce drapeau est un bon symbole pour l'Europe

QA43.1 This symbol is the European flag. I have a list of statements concerning it. I would like to have your opinion on each of these. For each of them, could you please tell me if you tend to agree or tend to disagree?

This flag is a good symbol for Europe

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	85	+5	84	90	89	89	94	81	91	91	89	88	88	84	84	85	85	86
Plutôt pas d'accord	8	-2	9	4	9	2	4	15	4	5	6	5	12	6	10	4	9	9
NSP	7	-3	7	6	2	9	2	4	5	4	5	7	0	10	6	11	6	5

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	91	90	92	90	81	86	74	90	84	87	91	91	83	85	74	87	56	91
Tend to disagree	4	5	5	7	9	11	15	5	6	3	6	5	14	11	14	7	18	4
DK	5	5	3	3	10	3	11	5	10	10	3	4	3	4	12	6	26	5

Eurobarometer 67



QA43.2 Ce symbole est le drapeau européen. Voici une liste de propositions concernant le drapeau européen. J'aimerais connaître votre opinion sur chacune d'elles. Pour chaque proposition, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord ?

Ce drapeau représente quelque chose de bien

QA43.2 This symbol is the European flag. I have a list of statements concerning it. I would like to have your opinion on each of these. For each of them, could you please tell me if you tend to agree or tend to disagree?

This flag stands for something good

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	78	+7	77	82	86	81	85	74	86	86	82	81	80	80	77	81	79	81
Plutôt pas d'accord	11	-4	12	6	10	4	9	18	6	6	8	9	19	6	12	5	10	12
NSP	11	-3	11	12	4	15	6	8	8	8	10	10	1	14	11	14	11	7

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	57	79	73	85	81	76	80	63	86	75	76	81	80	62	70	64	69	46
Tend to disagree	31	7	9	7	12	12	12	21	4	11	6	12	11	30	20	22	16	25
DK	12	14	18	8	7	12	8	16	10	14	18	7	9	8	10	14	15	29

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	85
Plutôt pas d'accord	7
NSP	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA43.3 Ce symbole est le drapeau européen. Voici une liste de propositions concernant le drapeau européen. J'aimerais connaître votre opinion sur chacune d'elles. Pour chaque proposition, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord ?

Je m'identifie à ce drapeau

QA43.3 This symbol is the European flag. I have a list of statements concerning it. I would like to have your opinion on each of these. For each of them, could you please tell me if you tend to agree or tend to disagree?

I identify with this flag

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	54	+3	53	55	52	43	66	36	69	67	61	49	35	62	41	65	68	56
Plutôt pas d'accord	38	-1	40	31	45	36	24	62	23	25	31	44	65	29	55	22	23	36
NSP	8	-2	7	14	3	21	10	2	8	8	8	7	0	9	4	13	9	8

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	27	31	58	56	66	22	43	66	59	35	60	74	31	30	45	40	20	49
Tend to disagree	63	51	32	42	27	74	49	25	31	37	36	17	66	65	49	50	62	37
DK	10	18	10	2	7	4	8	9	10	28	4	9	3	5	6	10	18	14

Eurobarometer 67



QA43.4 Ce symbole est le drapeau européen. Voici une liste de propositions concernant le drapeau européen. J'aimerais connaître votre opinion sur chacune d'elles. Pour chaque proposition, pourriez-vous me dire si vous êtes plutôt d'accord ou plutôt pas d'accord ?

Ce drapeau devrait se trouver sur tous les bâtiments publics de (NOTRE PAYS) à côté du drapeau national

QA43.4 This symbol is the European flag. I have a list of statements concerning it. I would like to have your opinion on each of these. For each of them, could you please tell me if you tend to agree or tend to disagree?

This flag should be seen on all public buildings in (OUR COUNTRY) next to the national flag

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	61	+6	59	70	72	74	59	20	62	62	61	50	67	73	65	61	77	90
Plutôt pas d'accord	31	-4	33	20	26	11	35	78	31	31	34	44	32	13	30	21	15	8
NSP	8	-2	8	10	2	15	6	2	7	7	5	6	1	14	5	18	8	2

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	44	58	68	57	66	37	52	77	63	67	81	73	25	29	33	44	31	66
Tend to disagree	49	30	26	38	28	60	38	16	23	14	16	19	73	66	58	48	51	23
DK	7	12	6	5	6	3	10	7	14	19	3	8	2	5	9	8	18	11

Eurobarometer 67



QA44a Dans l'Union européenne, chaque Etat membre devient, à son tour, le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne pendant six mois. A l'heure actuelle, c'est le tour de l'Allemagne.
Avez-vous récemment lu dans les journaux ou entendu à la radio ou à la télévision quelque chose au sujet de la présidence de l'Allemagne ?
QA44a In the European Union, each Member State, in turn, becomes the President of the Council of the European Union for six months. Right now, it's the turn of Germany. Have you recently read in the newspapers or heard on the radio or television anything about Germany's presidency?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	D-W	DE	D-E
	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Oui	74	74	74	74	73
Non	23	23	23	23	26
NSP	3	3	3	3	1

Eurobarometer 67



QA44b Que vous ayez ou non entendu parler de quelque chose à ce sujet, pensez-vous que c'est important ou non que l'Allemagne soit en ce moment le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne ? Diriez-vous que c'est ... ?

QA44b Whether you have heard about it or not, do you think it is important or not that Germany is President of the Council of the European Union at this time? Would you say it is...?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	D-W	DE	D-E
	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Très important	30	30	30	30	28
Important	46	46	46	46	45
Pas très important	14	14	14	14	18
Pas du tout important	4	4	4	4	5
NSP	6	6	6	6	4
Important	76	76	76	76	73
Pas important	18	18	18	18	23

Eurobarometer 67



QA44c Dans l'Union européenne, chaque Etat membre devient, à son tour, le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne pendant six mois. A partir du 1er juillet 2007 ce sera le tour du Portugal. Avez-vous récemment lu dans les journaux ou entendu à la radio ou à la télévision quelque chose au sujet de la présidence portugaise ?

QA44c In the European Union, each Member State, in turn, becomes the President of the Council of the European Union for six months. From July the 1st 2007 it will be the turn of Portugal. Have you recently read in the newspapers or heard on the radio or television anything about Portugal's presidency?

	PT
	EB
	67.2
Oui	55
Non	37
NSP	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA44d Que vous ayez ou non entendu parler de quelque chose à ce sujet, pensez-vous que c'est important ou non que le Portugal devienne le Président du Conseil de l'Union européenne à partir du 1er juillet 2007 ? Diriez-vous que c'est ... ?
QA44d Whether you have heard about it or not, do you think it is important or not that Portugal will be President of the Council of the European Union from the 1st of July 2007? Would you say it is...?

	PT
	EB
	67.2
Très important	33
Important	47
Pas très important	8
Pas du tout important	2
NSP	10
Important	80
Pas important	10

Eurobarometer 67



QA45.1 Pour chacune des mesures qui pourraient être prises pour apprendre aux étudiants et aux élèves ce qu'est l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si vous la trouvez efficace ou pas efficace ?

Un livre commun d'histoire européenne qui serait donné à tous les élèves et étudiants de l'UE

QA45.1 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?

A Common European history book that will be given to all the pupils and students in the EU

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Efficace	68	69	63	73	52	60	56	70	70	70	66	61	81	75	75	73	72	44
Pas efficace	23	23	24	24	19	34	38	23	24	26	21	38	9	21	13	18	24	46
NSP	9	8	13	3	29	6	6	7	6	4	13	1	10	4	12	9	4	10

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Efficient	55	67	74	72	86	61	73	60	73	65	73	68	63	61	56	57	51	63
Inefficient	38	20	23	22	8	34	21	28	12	17	21	26	33	34	33	37	23	27
DK	7	13	3	6	6	5	6	12	15	18	6	6	4	5	11	6	26	10

Eurobarometer 67



QA45.2 Pour chacune des mesures qui pourraient être prises pour apprendre aux étudiants et aux élèves ce qu'est l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si vous la trouvez efficace ou pas efficace ?

Un programme d'études européen commun pour tous les professeurs

QA45.2 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?

A common European curriculum on European education for all teachers

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Efficace	68	69	67	74	58	56	49	73	73	72	57	62	83	68	71	79	69	48
Pas efficace	22	22	18	22	12	36	45	19	19	22	27	37	6	25	14	14	23	42
NSP	10	9	15	4	30	8	6	8	8	6	16	1	11	7	15	7	8	10

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Efficient	46	68	66	66	81	56	66	74	74	66	75	62	39	54	53	72	52	78
Inefficient	45	18	29	25	11	37	25	15	10	10	18	31	57	39	33	22	19	14
DK	9	14	5	9	8	7	9	11	16	24	7	7	4	7	14	6	29	8

Eurobarometer 67



QA45.3 Pour chacune des mesures qui pourraient être prises pour apprendre aux étudiants et aux élèves ce qu'est l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si vous la trouvez efficace ou pas efficace ?

Créer des écoles européennes dans tous les Etats membres et qui se concentreraient sur les questions européennes

QA45.3 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?

To create European schools and universities in all Member states that will be focused on European issues

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Efficace	70	68	75	62	63	78	51	78	76	70	61	75	80	62	67	80	88	64
Pas efficace	20	23	12	32	8	16	42	15	17	25	23	24	10	31	16	12	6	23
NSP	10	9	13	6	29	6	7	7	7	5	16	1	10	7	17	8	6	13

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Efficient	59	71	64	74	74	56	69	78	77	75	79	72	51	52	50	73	53	85
Inefficient	32	13	30	17	13	36	21	11	8	8	14	22	44	37	35	20	19	8
DK	9	16	6	9	13	8	10	11	15	17	7	6	5	11	15	7	28	7

Eurobarometer 67



QA45.4 Pour chacune des mesures qui pourraient être prises pour apprendre aux étudiants et aux élèves ce qu'est l'Union européenne, pourriez-vous me dire si vous la trouvez efficace ou pas efficace ?

Développer et améliorer les programmes d'échanges existants entre les écoles et les universités européennes

QA45.4 For each of the following measures that could be taken to teach pupils and students about the European Union, do you think that it is an efficient or an inefficient measure?

To develop new and enhance existing exchange programs between European schools and universities

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	CY (tcc)
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Efficace	84	84	83	90	71	90	87	87	87	89	87	82	87	88	80	84	92	62
Pas efficace	8	9	6	7	4	7	7	8	8	8	3	16	4	7	6	10	3	25
NSP	8	7	11	3	25	3	6	5	5	3	10	2	9	5	14	6	5	13

	LV	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Efficient	90	84	93	86	88	87	75	85	81	78	88	88	85	89	73	79	56	88
Inefficient	6	5	3	7	5	7	15	6	5	5	7	7	10	6	15	14	15	5
DK	4	11	4	7	7	6	10	9	14	17	5	5	5	5	12	7	29	7

Eurobarometer 67



QA46 Les compagnies privées telles que les compagnies aériennes, les banques, les hôtels, les fournisseurs de télécommunications ou les agences de location de voitures, recueillent des données personnelles sur les individus pour des raisons commerciales. A votre avis, dans quelle mesure l'utilisation de ces données est-elle protégée par la législation (NATIONALITE) ?
QA46 Private companies such as airline companies, banks, hotels, telecom providers or car rental companies, collect personal data for commercial purposes. In your opinion, how well does (NATIONALITY) law protect the use of such data?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
Très bien protégée	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Plutôt bien protégée	7	8	4	8	2	5	18	6	5	3	4	4	7	5	7	13	12	3
Pas très bien protégée	33	34	29	50	11	33	46	28	27	22	29	27	26	35	35	34	34	23
Pas du tout protégée	33	32	35	30	37	45	25	40	41	43	42	33	27	35	19	31	24	44
NSP	14	14	14	5	23	11	3	17	18	26	12	35	17	11	14	13	13	19
Protégée	13	12	18	7	27	6	8	9	9	6	13	1	23	14	25	9	17	11
Pas protégée	40	42	33	58	13	38	64	34	32	25	33	31	33	40	42	47	46	26
	47	46	49	35	60	56	28	57	59	69	54	68	44	46	33	44	37	63

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
Protects very well	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2	EB 67.2
Protects fairly well	4	5	5	13	8	11	4	6	4	9	3	8	10	7
Protects not very well	21	37	32	44	46	45	35	18	24	40	34	50	44	38
Protects not at all	46	27	35	13	34	25	34	39	24	34	45	31	25	27
DK	14	13	17	5	6	7	15	15	12	12	10	5	5	13
Protects well	15	18	11	25	6	12	12	22	36	5	8	6	16	15
Protects not	25	42	37	57	54	56	39	24	28	49	37	58	54	45
	60	40	52	18	40	32	49	54	36	46	55	36	30	40

Eurobarometer 67



QA47 En général, dans quelle mesure diriez-vous que vous êtes informé(e) des règles et obligations protégeant les données personnelles des citoyens en (NOTRE PAYS) ?
QA47 Overall, how well informed would you say you are about the rules and requirements for protecting the personal data of citizens in (OUR COUNTRY)?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très bien informé(e)	5	6	3	4	3	4	10	4	4	4	5	3	6	4	5	9	7	2
Plutôt bien informé(e)	31	31	29	37	18	36	43	32	31	26	28	28	18	26	29	36	26	20
Pas très bien informé(e)	43	43	43	44	43	47	38	46	47	51	49	45	43	47	30	39	38	53
Pas du tout informé(e)	17	17	18	13	25	12	7	15	16	18	15	24	29	19	27	12	24	21
NSP	4	3	7	2	11	1	2	3	2	1	3	0	4	4	9	4	5	4
Bien informé(e)	36	37	32	41	21	40	53	36	35	30	33	31	24	30	34	45	33	22
Pas informé(e)	60	60	61	57	68	59	45	61	63	69	64	69	72	66	57	51	62	74

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very well informed	2	3	2	7	6	7	5	4	2	7	5	4	6	8
Fairly well informed	19	26	26	38	42	31	35	15	19	42	37	44	43	36
Not very well informed	50	47	49	32	44	45	42	49	37	40	44	44	38	37
Not at all informed	25	21	20	19	7	14	14	27	26	11	12	7	9	14
DK	4	3	3	4	1	3	4	5	16	0	2	1	4	5
Well informed	21	29	28	45	48	38	40	19	21	49	42	48	49	44
Not informed	75	68	69	51	51	59	56	76	63	51	56	51	47	51

Eurobarometer 67



QA48 Concernant l'accès des autorités policières et judiciaires aux données personnelles pour combattre le crime et le terrorisme, laquelle des propositions suivantes se rapproche le plus de votre opinion ?

QA48 As regards giving law enforcement authorities access to personal data for the purpose of fighting crime and terrorism, which of the following statements comes closest to your view?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
C'est une intrusion injustifiée dans la vie privée de	26	27	23	18	24	18	17	38	38	38	26	48	27	24	26	24	23	34
Comparé aux avantages, c'est un inconvénient mi	44	45	43	48	33	54	54	41	42	47	48	40	39	41	43	42	40	38
Ce n'est pas du tout une intrusion	19	19	18	26	12	23	27	14	14	12	16	10	15	27	12	23	30	18
NSP	11	9	16	8	31	5	2	7	6	3	10	2	19	8	19	11	7	10

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
It is an unwarranted intrusion into citizens' person	32	25	29	16	15	35	21	23	19	31	36	17	15	24
Compared to the benefits, it is only a minor inconven	38	37	41	44	61	48	49	48	33	44	42	63	61	46
It is not an intrusion at all	13	34	21	26	22	12	18	15	19	21	15	18	20	21
DK	17	4	9	14	2	5	12	14	29	4	7	2	4	9

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QA49.1 Comment jugez-vous la situation actuelle de chacun des domaines suivants ?

La situation de l'économie (NATIONALITE)

QA49.1 How would you judge the current situation in each of the following?

The situation of the (NATIONALITY) economy

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	66.1	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très bonne	6	+7	8	2	6	1	2	59	10	10	7	5	1	3	1	25	6	11
Plutôt bonne	46	+4	50	32	63	9	43	40	65	64	61	76	17	57	25	64	30	66
Plutôt mauvaise	35	-5	31	49	27	59	42	1	21	22	25	13	49	30	60	7	45	18
Très mauvaise	9	-1	7	14	2	26	12	0	2	2	5	2	33	6	11	2	13	3
NSP	4	+1	4	3	2	5	1	0	2	2	2	4	0	4	3	2	6	2
Bonne	52	+5	58	34	69	10	45	99	75	74	68	81	18	60	26	89	36	77
Mauvaise	44	-6	38	63	29	85	54	1	23	24	30	15	82	36	71	9	58	21

	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR	MK
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very good	1	1	1	17	3	11	10	2	2	0	2	3	10	28	10	1	10	3
Rather good	21	32	8	67	45	82	75	43	8	18	70	52	82	64	60	12	29	25
Rather bad	59	59	55	11	34	5	12	43	59	61	23	37	7	6	18	54	39	34
Very bad	17	5	35	1	10	0	1	9	29	16	3	5	0	0	5	32	17	37
DK	2	3	1	4	8	2	2	3	2	5	2	3	1	2	7	1	5	1
Good	22	33	9	84	48	93	85	45	10	18	72	55	92	92	70	13	39	28
Bad	76	64	90	12	44	5	13	52	88	77	26	42	7	6	23	86	56	71



QA49.2 Comment jugez-vous la situation actuelle de chacun des domaines suivants ?
La situation de notre économie
QA49.2 How would you judge the current situation in each of the following?
The situation of our economy

	CY (tcc)
	EB
	67.2
Très bonne	13
Plutôt bonne	53
Plutôt mauvaise	23
Très mauvaise	9
NSP	2
Bonne	66
Mauvaise	32

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QA49.3 Comment jugez-vous la situation actuelle de chacun des domaines suivants ?

Votre situation financière

QA49.3 How would you judge the current situation in each of the following?

Your financial situation

	EU27 UE27	EU25 UE25	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	65.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Très bonne	5	-2	6	2	5	1	3	30	4	4	1	2	2	5	1	7	6	8
Plutôt bonne	56	-3	59	44	73	21	47	57	62	60	52	70	46	62	59	67	45	71
Plutôt mauvaise	29	+3	27	39	17	50	41	11	26	28	36	20	39	26	31	17	36	17
Très mauvaise	7	+1	5	11	3	24	6	2	6	6	8	4	13	3	5	6	8	3
NSP	3	+1	3	4	2	4	3	0	2	2	3	4	0	4	4	3	5	1
Bonne	61	-5	65	46	78	22	50	87	66	64	53	72	48	67	60	74	51	79
Mauvaise	36	+4	32	50	20	74	47	13	32	34	44	24	52	29	36	23	44	20

	CY (tcc)	LV	LT	HU	LU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Very good	15	1	2	1	15	5	14	11	2	2	1	2	2	7	14	7	3	9
Rather good	60	50	49	26	74	51	74	56	53	34	38	68	45	78	71	65	47	39
Rather bad	13	39	41	51	9	34	9	29	32	50	44	24	41	13	11	19	36	32
Very bad	8	8	6	20	1	7	2	2	8	9	11	4	10	2	3	6	13	14
DK	4	2	2	2	1	3	1	2	5	5	6	2	2	0	1	3	1	6
Good	75	51	51	27	89	56	88	67	55	36	39	70	47	85	85	72	50	48
Bad	21	47	47	71	10	41	11	31	40	59	55	28	51	15	14	25	49	46

	MK
	EB
	67.2
Très bonne	5
Plutôt bonne	49
Plutôt mauvaise	24
Très mauvaise	21
NSP	1
Bonne	54
Mauvaise	45

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QA50a Quel était le taux officiel de la croissance économique (mesuré en termes de Produit Intérieur Brut) en (NOTRE PAYS) en 2006 ? Je peux vous dire qu'il se situe entre -1% et 15%.
QA50a What was the official growth rate of the economy (measured in terms of Gross Domestic Product) in (OUR COUNTRY) in 2006? I can tell you that this figure is between -1% and 15%.

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
De -1% à 0%	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
De 0.1% à 3%	26	31	6	30	3	8	20	57	58	63	2	11	18	36	5	27	8	1
De 3.1% à 5%	8	7	12	7	6	17	16	5	5	3	4	14	7	3	16	5	6	2
De 5.1% à 15%	12	10	19	12	12	30	30	6	6	9	54	10	9	6	31	5	5	25
NSP	53	51	63	49	78	45	34	31	30	24	39	65	64	54	48	63	81	72

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
From -1% to 0%	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	0
From 0.1% to 3%	4	14	13	12	43	38	6	31	2	8	10	23	25	13	13	1
From 3.1% to 5%	5	10	14	4	14	14	15	4	4	29	12	22	18	11	24	3
From 5.1% to 15%	29	11	18	14	17	17	17	3	12	17	47	19	15	16	15	17
DK	62	65	54	69	26	31	62	59	82	44	30	36	42	60	45	79

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QA51a Pensez-vous que, en (NOTRE PAYS), le taux de croissance en 2006 était supérieur, inférieur ou égal à celui de 2005 ?
QA51a Do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), the growth rate in 2006 was higher, lower or equal to the one in 2005?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Supérieur	41	41	41	48	32	46	64	61	61	63	68	27	33	31	37	30	34	52
Inférieur	15	16	12	13	10	13	11	12	12	11	6	27	9	23	17	19	9	9
Egal	17	17	15	15	11	28	15	14	14	15	8	35	12	21	17	22	18	8
NSP	27	26	32	24	47	13	10	13	13	11	18	11	46	25	29	29	39	31

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Higher	53	55	19	35	76	41	45	26	36	47	57	49	69	29	33	45
Lower	12	12	37	16	7	15	8	22	9	16	14	15	8	19	18	15
Equal	12	9	16	18	8	23	15	15	11	19	19	25	12	16	27	12
DK	23	24	28	31	9	21	32	37	44	18	10	11	11	36	22	28

Eurobarometer 67



QA50b En 2005, le taux officiel de la croissance (mesuré en termes de Produit Intérieur Brut) était de [INSERER LE TAUX EXACT DE VOTRE PAYS]%. Quel était le taux officiel de croissance de l'économie en (NOTRE PAYS) en 2006 ? Je peux vous dire qu'il se situait entre -1% et 15%.

QA50b In 2005, the official growth rate (measured in terms of Gross Domestic product) in (OUR COUNTRY) was [INSERT THE EXACT RATE OF YOUR COUNTRY]%. What was the official growth rate of the economy in (OUR COUNTRY) in 2006? I can tell you that this figure is between -1% and 15%.

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
De -1% à 0%	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	0
De 0.1% à 3%	29	36	5	39	2	3	20	62	64	71	1	8	17	38	3	29	3	1
De 3.1% à 5%	7	6	11	3	2	10	31	2	2	4	2	19	9	2	14	3	9	0
De 5.1% à 15%	10	6	23	5	13	39	14	5	5	6	51	9	6	3	37	3	2	32
NSP	53	51	61	50	82	48	35	30	27	18	46	63	67	55	46	64	86	67

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
From -1% to 0%	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	1	3	0
From 0.1% to 3%	3	10	15	9	56	39	5	31	1	9	3	30	27	21	9	1
From 3.1% to 5%	4	10	16	9	8	14	18	3	4	29	7	25	26	6	25	3
From 5.1% to 15%	36	14	19	6	7	9	22	3	12	18	57	5	5	10	16	21
DK	57	66	48	74	28	37	55	60	83	43	33	40	41	62	47	75

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QA51b Pensez-vous que, dans (NOTRE PAYS), le taux de croissance en (NOTRE PAYS) pour cette année 2007 sera supérieur, inférieur ou égal à celui de 2006 ?
QA51b Do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), the growth rate for this year 2007 will be higher, lower or equal to the one in 2006?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Supérieur	37	38	36	38	32	33	39	60	61	66	33	23	30	28	26	22	34	49
Inférieur	15	15	13	13	5	16	18	8	8	10	29	25	12	15	25	21	11	10
Egal	22	22	21	27	14	38	31	19	19	16	22	40	14	31	23	23	19	16
NSP	26	25	30	22	49	13	12	13	12	8	16	12	44	26	26	34	36	25

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Higher	53	46	17	34	59	48	43	25	29	39	53	33	54	30	35	33
Lower	11	16	40	11	10	13	8	18	12	20	10	19	13	18	16	20
Equal	20	15	22	19	25	20	23	17	11	26	22	38	22	19	30	10
DK	16	23	21	36	6	19	26	40	48	15	15	10	11	33	19	37

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QA52 Quel était le taux officiel de l'inflation, c'est-à-dire le taux qui mesure l'augmentation ou la diminution des prix à la consommation en (NOTRE PAYS) en 2006 ? Je peux vous dire qu'il se situe entre -1% et 20%.

QA52 What was the official inflation rate, the rate of which consumer prices increased or decreased, in (OUR COUNTRY) in 2006? I can tell you that the exact figure is between -1% and 20%.

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
De -1% à 0%	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0
De 0.1% à 2%	15	18	5	18	1	7	25	35	34	33	1	2	9	21	1	13	2	0
De 2.1% à 5%	18	20	13	15	5	25	29	21	22	28	14	27	13	15	29	14	9	3
De 5.1% à 20%	13	10	23	10	16	25	14	6	8	14	38	16	11	10	26	7	10	41
NSP	53	51	59	55	77	43	31	36	34	24	47	55	65	53	44	65	79	56

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
From -1% to 0%	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0
From 0.1% to 2%	2	14	0	7	33	23	9	11	1	16	3	23	31	3	6	1
From 2.1% to 5%	12	13	9	9	23	26	15	18	5	36	21	27	17	27	21	2
From 5.1% to 20%	27	7	52	16	12	16	19	8	12	10	42	11	9	12	29	24
DK	59	66	39	67	31	35	57	61	82	36	34	38	42	58	44	73

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QA53 Pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS), le taux d'inflation de 2006 était supérieur, inférieur ou égal à celui de 2005 ?
QA53 Do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), the inflation rate in 2006 was higher, lower or equal to the one in 2005?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Supérieur	35	37	29	36	35	34	38	35	38	52	57	46	34	35	60	30	38	71
Inférieur	18	17	24	16	15	21	17	19	19	16	11	23	12	14	6	20	13	6
Egal	19	20	16	22	9	30	32	26	25	18	9	24	13	23	12	20	12	6
NSP	28	26	31	26	41	15	13	20	18	14	23	7	41	28	22	30	37	17

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Higher	55	46	58	43	32	32	24	37	13	21	23	36	37	47	42	29
Lower	14	11	15	12	31	27	23	12	32	51	45	16	22	11	11	28
Equal	9	15	10	19	22	21	21	13	8	13	19	33	25	11	24	13
DK	22	28	17	26	15	20	32	38	47	15	13	15	16	31	23	30

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QA54 Quel était le taux officiel du chômage, c'est-à-dire le pourcentage de la population active qui n'a pas d'emploi, en (NOTRE PAYS) en 2006 ? Je peux vous dire que ce taux se situe entre 0% et 20%.

QA54 What was the official unemployment rate, the percentage of active people who do not have a job, in (OUR COUNTRY) in 2006? I can tell you that the exact figure is between 0% and 20%.

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
De 0% à 5%	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
De 5.1% à 8%	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
De 8.1% à 10%	9	11	3	6	2	3	46	12	10	6	17	4	10	3	21	15	16	5
De 10.1% à 20%	8	9	6	9	2	15	21	6	6	4	10	3	6	9	10	5	8	8
NSP	14	15	7	17	4	30	9	26	24	18	9	16	8	38	11	4	4	8
	21	18	30	36	17	25	9	28	34	56	18	37	7	14	13	9	5	14
	48	47	54	32	75	27	15	28	26	16	46	40	69	36	45	67	67	65

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
From 0% to 5%	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
From 5.1% to 8%	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
From 8.1% to 10%	9	29	3	11	18	18	2	10	2	6	3	4	23	11	2	0
From 10.1% to 20%	8	10	12	11	21	22	2	11	5	15	3	22	29	7	2	1
DK	7	7	9	4	11	11	3	5	3	17	15	18	8	5	8	6
	15	7	34	11	19	18	47	15	5	21	56	30	14	14	50	23
	61	47	42	63	31	31	46	59	85	41	23	26	26	63	38	70

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QA55 Pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS) le taux de chômage en 2006 était supérieur, inférieur ou égal à celui de 2005 ?

QA55 Do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), the unemployment rate in 2006 was higher, lower or equal to the one in 2005?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Supérieur	24	26	20	29	13	24	6	21	22	28	12	57	16	25	29	25	48	21
Inférieur	38	38	39	44	34	35	80	52	52	48	63	19	30	46	29	25	11	39
Egal	17	16	16	15	15	32	8	18	18	17	7	20	15	17	23	23	15	20
NSP	21	20	25	12	38	9	6	9	8	7	18	4	39	12	19	27	26	20

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Higher	9	70	58	28	10	28	15	47	16	23	13	13	19	36	33	42
Lower	67	12	9	25	72	38	47	12	30	50	65	65	57	21	20	21
Equal	9	8	18	21	10	19	18	10	8	15	15	16	17	13	32	12
DK	15	10	15	26	8	15	20	31	46	12	7	6	7	30	15	25

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QA56 Etes-vous d'accord ou pas d'accord avec l'affirmation suivante concernant les données économiques que nous venons d'évoquer : "Il est nécessaire de connaître ces données" ?
 QA56 Do you agree or disagree with the following statement concerning economic figures like the ones just discussed: "It is necessary to know these figures"?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Tout à fait d'accord	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt d'accord	21	21	19	20	12	15	13	17	16	16	21	31	18	33	18	23	67	16
Plutôt pas d'accord	48	48	48	52	40	52	48	46	46	50	49	51	48	52	49	51	29	49
Pas du tout d'accord	17	17	17	18	23	24	24	21	22	24	17	13	13	9	11	13	3	24
NSP	5	5	6	7	10	4	11	9	9	6	7	4	1	2	3	4	0	7
D'accord	9	9	10	3	15	5	4	7	7	4	6	1	20	4	19	9	1	4
Pas d'accord	69	69	67	72	52	67	61	63	62	66	70	82	66	85	67	74	96	65
	22	22	23	25	33	28	35	30	31	30	24	17	14	11	14	17	3	31

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
Totally agree	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to agree	12	25	28	24	10	16	11	27	35	12	14	21	16	20	18	38
Tend to disagree	42	50	45	51	37	44	52	53	42	45	57	51	49	46	44	20
Totally disagree	25	15	14	12	34	22	21	8	3	27	18	20	21	19	19	7
DK	13	5	6	6	15	11	7	2	3	13	4	7	11	4	12	5
	8	5	7	7	4	7	9	10	17	3	7	1	3	11	7	30
Agree	54	75	73	75	47	60	63	80	77	57	71	72	65	66	62	58
Disagree	38	20	20	18	49	33	28	10	6	40	22	27	32	23	31	12

Eurobarometer 67



QA57 Certaines personnes affirment que les informations statistiques jouent un rôle important dans le monde des affaires et dans les prises de décisions publiques et politiques.

Personnellement, pensez-vous qu'en (NOTRE PAYS), les décisions politiques sont prises sur base d'informations statistiques ?

QA57 Some people say that statistical information play an important role in business, public and political decision making. Personally, do you think that, in (OUR COUNTRY), political decisions are made on the basis of statistical information?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Oui, certainement	16	17	11	16	7	10	40	21	20	16	13	20	12	20	19	12	20	8
Oui, probablement	46	47	43	53	35	43	49	44	44	44	48	39	47	47	51	44	39	41
Non, probablement pas	20	19	22	20	24	28	7	19	20	23	22	26	17	18	9	24	11	31
Non, certainement pas	6	6	9	5	7	12	2	5	6	9	6	14	3	5	2	9	11	9
NSP	12	11	15	6	27	7	2	11	10	8	11	1	21	10	19	11	19	11
Oui	62	64	54	69	42	53	89	65	64	60	61	59	59	67	70	56	59	49
Non	26	25	31	25	31	40	9	24	26	32	28	40	20	23	11	33	22	40

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Yes, certainly	10	26	14	18	29	18	8	15	15	12	9	13	18	16	18	29
Yes, probably	46	42	35	45	48	51	47	50	41	47	41	57	54	49	33	27
No, probably not	20	17	28	16	15	18	23	13	13	26	30	20	19	17	24	14
No, certainly not	9	7	12	4	3	4	8	5	9	9	12	6	5	4	18	18
DK	15	8	11	17	5	9	14	17	22	6	8	4	4	14	7	12
Yes	56	68	49	63	77	69	55	65	56	59	50	70	72	65	51	56
No	29	24	40	20	18	22	31	18	22	35	42	26	24	21	42	32

Eurobarometer 67



QA58 Personnellement, dans quelle mesure faites-vous confiance aux statistiques officielles en (NOTRE PAYS), par exemple les statistiques sur le chômage, l'inflation ou la croissance économique ? Diriez-vous que vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en ces statistiques officielles ?

QA58 Personally, how much trust do you have in the official statistics in (OUR COUNTRY), for example the statistics on unemployment, inflation or economic growth? Would you say that you tend to trust these official statistics or tend not to trust them?

	UE27 EU27	EU15	NMS	BE	BG	CZ	DK	D-W	DE	D-E	EE	EL	ES	FR	IE	IT	CY	LV
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Plutôt confiance	46	45	48	57	39	55	73	43	43	41	60	53	47	35	57	42	60	44
Plutôt pas confiance	45	47	40	38	41	41	24	50	51	56	32	46	43	60	21	41	30	49
NSP	9	8	12	5	20	4	3	7	6	3	8	1	10	5	22	17	10	7

	LT	LU	HU	MT	NL	AT	PL	PT	RO	SI	SK	FI	SE	UK	HR	TR
	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB	EB
	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2	67.2
Tend to trust	54	65	36	53	77	50	48	59	51	51	48	69	61	33	43	48
Tend not to trust	36	29	55	36	19	39	42	29	26	46	48	29	35	58	51	34
DK	10	6	9	11	4	11	10	12	23	3	4	2	4	9	6	18