

CC-EB 2003.2
PRESS
ANNEXES

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TABLE 1.1.A CURRENT LIFE SATISFACTION (% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** On the whole, how satisfied are you with your life in general? Would you say you are...? (Read out)

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
Very satisfied	11	0	13	+ 1	4	- 1	24	+ 6	11	- 1	5	0	9	- 2	7	0
Fairly satisfied	49	+ 4	51	0	26	+ 2	60	+ 5	61	- 2	48	- 1	47	- 2	44	0
Not very satisfied	25	- 3	28	0	37	- 3	13	- 10	21	+ 1	37	0	32	+ 2	38	0
Not at all satisfied	15	0	7	- 1	33	+ 3	2	- 2	5	+ 1	9	+ 1	11	+ 2	9	- 2
DK / no opinion (spontaneous)	1	0	1	0	0	- 1	0	0	2	+ 1	1	+ 1	0	- 1	1	0
TOTAL	101		101		100		99		100		100		99		99	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
Very satisfied	6	+ 1	28	+ 1	16	+ 1	4	- 3	8	+ 3	19	- 3	11	0		
Fairly satisfied	47	0	54	+ 1	49	+ 1	34	- 6	54	+ 2	64	+ 2	54	+ 11		
Not very satisfied	32	- 1	14	- 3	28	0	36	- 3	29	- 4	14	+ 1	16	- 8		
Not at all satisfied	12	0	4	+ 1	7	- 1	25	+ 11	9	0	2	- 1	19	- 3		
DK / no opinion (spontaneous)	2	0	0	0	1	- 1	0	- 1	1	+ 1	1	0	0	0		
TOTAL	99		100		101		99		101		100		100			

TABLE 1.1.B CURRENT LIFE SATISFACTION (% BY DEMOGRAPHICS)**Question:** On the whole, how satisfied are you with your life in general? Would you say you are...? (Read out)

CCEB 2003.2	TOTAL	SEX		AGE			
	CC-13 AVERAGE	male	female	15-24	25-39	40-54	55+
N=	12098	5510	6588	1951	3069	3108	3940
Very satisfied	11	11	10	18	9	7	9
Fairly satisfied	49	46	51	59	52	44	41
Not very satisfied	25	25	24	12	24	30	31
Not at all satisfied	15	17	14	9	15	18	19
DK / no opinion	1	1	0	1	0	1	1
Total	101	100	99	99	100	100	101
CCEB 2003.2	MAIN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY						
	Self employed	Managers	Other white collars	Manual workers	House persons	Un-employed	Retired
N=	944	1159	1030	2130	1002	1132	3347
Very satisfied	10	14	9	8	12	8	7
Fairly satisfied	50	63	56	44	54	40	39
Not very satisfied	21	16	26	33	17	28	35
Not at all satisfied	19	5	9	15	17	23	18
DK / no opinion	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
Total	100	99	101	101	100	100	100
CCEB 2003.2	TERMINAL EDUCATION AGE				EU MEMBERSHIP		
	below 15	16-19	20 and above	still studying	good thing	bad thing	neither good nor bad
N=	2596	5388	2694	1322	7170	1005	3113
Very satisfied	9	8	13	20	12	11	8
Fairly satisfied	46	47	53	63	51	43	47
Not very satisfied	23	30	27	11	23	24	29
Not at all satisfied	22	14	6	5	14	21	15
DK / no opinion	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

TABLE 1.2 CHANGE IN PERSONAL SITUATION OVER THE PAST 5 YEARS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: If you compare your present situation with five years ago, what would you say it has improved, stayed about the same, or got worse?

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
Improved	29	- 1	24	- 4	12	+ 1	43	+ 2	26	- 15	30	- 13	29	- 4	26	- 9
Stayed about the same	29	+ 2	33	+ 2	33	+ 4	38	+ 8	44	+ 13	40	+ 10	37	+ 2	43	+ 8
Got worse	41	- 1	41	+ 2	54	- 6	19	- 9	28	+ 2	28	+ 3	34	+ 3	29	+ 1
DK/ No answer	1	0	1	- 1	2	+ 1	0	0	1	- 1	2	0	0	- 1	2	0
TOTAL	101		101		101		100		99		100		100		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
Improved	24	- 8	40	+ 14	23	- 2	19	- 9	20	- 7	28	- 8	39	+ 3		
Stayed about the same	38	+ 12	33	- 11	28	+ 2	32	+ 4	34	+ 2	46	+ 13	23	+ 2		
Got worse	35	- 5	26	- 4	49	+ 2	48	+ 5	46	+ 6	26	- 4	37	- 6		
DK/ No answer	2	0	1	+ 1	1	- 1	1	- 1	1	0	0	- 1	0	0		
TOTAL	99		100		101		100		101		100		99			

TABLE 1.3 LIFE SATISFACTION OVER THE NEXT FIVE YEARS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: In the course of the next five years, do you expect your personal situation to improve, to stay about the same or to get worse?

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
Improve	40	- 1	35	- 2	28	- 3	46	+ 12	24	- 17	36	- 2	46	- 3	32	- 10
Stay about the same	26	- 3	29	- 5	30	- 5	23	- 5	42	+ 14	33	- 2	27	- 1	36	+ 6
Get worse	19	- 1	20	+ 3	23	+ 2	13	- 10	20	+ 4	16	+ 1	16	+ 5	15	+ 7
DK/ No answer	15	+ 4	16	+ 4	18	+ 5	17	+ 2	14	- 1	15	+ 3	12	- 1	17	- 3
TOTAL	101		101		99		99		100		100		101		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
Improve	37	+ 3	50	+ 29	36	- 1	41	- 11	31	- 5	35	- 3	47	+ 4		
Stay about the same	28	+ 1	18	- 28	25	- 10	27	+ 8	29	- 3	45	+ 6	22	- 2		
Get worse	14	- 7	16	+ 2	21	+ 2	18	+ 3	29	+ 8	15	+ 1	18	- 7		
DK/ No answer	20	+ 2	16	- 2	18	+ 8	14	- 1	11	0	6	- 2	13	+ 5		
TOTAL	99		100		100		100		100		101		100			

TABLE 1.4 TRUST IN POLITICAL PARTIES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - Political parties (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	16 + 2	11 - 2	7 - 2	29 + 2	13 + 2	18 + 5	20 - 4	14 + 5
tend not to trust	74 - 1	78 + 7	80 - 1	61 - 3	77 + 3	66 - 2	68 + 7	75 - 5
DK / NA	9 - 2	12 - 4	13 + 3	9 0	11 - 4	16 - 3	12 - 3	11 0
TOTAL	99	101	100	100	101	100	101	101
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	11 + 3	36 + 9	6 - 4	14 + 1	11 0	14 - 2	25 + 9	
tend not to trust	73 - 5	48 - 6	83 + 11	76 + 7	78 0	75 + 3	69 - 13	
DK / NA	16 + 3	16 - 2	11 - 6	10 - 7	10 - 1	12 - 1	6 + 4	
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	101	100	

TABLE 1.5 TRUST IN CIVIL SERVICE
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - Civil service (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	30 + 1	34 - 1	16 - 4	51 - 1	29 + 1	54 + 4	44 - 2	36 + 8
tend not to trust	55 - 1	52 + 6	63 + 1	40 0	57 + 6	31 - 5	42 + 7	51 - 5
DK / NA	15 + 1	15 - 3	21 + 3	10 + 2	13 - 8	15 + 1	15 - 5	13 - 3
TOTAL	100	101	100	101	99	100	101	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	38 + 2	57 + 9	30 - 4	30 - 3	37 + 8	26 - 5	27 + 6	
tend not to trust	46 - 1	28 - 8	55 + 8	59 + 10	49 - 7	61 + 5	57 - 15	
DK / NA	16 0	16 0	16 - 3	11 - 7	14 - 1	13 + 1	16 + 8	
TOTAL	100	101	101	100	100	100	100	

TABLE 1.6 TRUST IN THE GOVERNMENT
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - The [COUNTRY] government (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	47 + 8	29 - 5	22 - 8	72 + 14	33 - 2	53 + 8	54 - 4	46 + 15
tend not to trust	45 - 7	60 + 10	66 + 6	19 - 17	58 + 9	36 - 7	38 + 8	47 - 14
DK / NA	8 - 2	11 - 5	12 + 2	8 + 2	9 - 6	11 - 1	8 - 4	7 0
TOTAL	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	32 + 5	57 + 10	19 - 8	35 - 2	25 + 1	30 - 3	73 + 27	
tend not to trust	57 - 6	33 - 2	68 + 14	59 + 8	65 - 1	61 + 6	23 - 29	
DK / NA	12 + 2	10 - 8	13 - 6	6 - 6	10 0	10 - 1	4 + 3	
TOTAL	101	100	100	100	100	101	100	

TABLE 1.7 TRUST IN THE PARLIAMENT
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - The [COUNTRY] parliament (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	43 + 8	26 - 4	14 - 3	73 + 4	25 0	43 + 11	48 - 4	39 + 14
tend not to trust	48 - 7	62 + 7	76 + 2	19 - 7	63 + 3	44 - 11	42 + 7	52 - 14
DK / NA	9 - 1	12 - 4	10 + 1	8 + 3	12 - 3	12 - 1	10 - 3	9 + 1
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	19 + 6	56 + 12	18 - 8	27 - 6	27 + 6	26 - 3	72 + 25	
tend not to trust	69 - 8	33 - 6	69 + 13	66 + 11	63 - 4	63 + 4	23 - 28	
DK / NA	12 + 2	12 - 5	13 - 5	8 - 4	10 - 2	11 - 1	5 + 3	
TOTAL	100	101	100	101	100	100	100	

TABLE 1.8.A SATISFACTION WITH HOW NATIONAL DEMOCRACY WORKS
(% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** On the whole, are you ... with the way democracy works in (OUR COUNTRY)? (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
not at all satisfied	24	- 4	21	+ 2	42	+ 1	3	- 7	13	+ 3	17	- 1	13	0	20	+ 3
not very satisfied	40	- 3	44	+ 0	39	0	20	- 7	40	+ 1	42	- 1	43	+ 1	39	- 1
fairly satisfied	29	+ 6	29	- 1	13	- 3	57	+ 7	40	0	32	+ 2	40	+ 2	35	+ 2
very satisfied	3	+ 1	2	- 0	2	+ 1	19	+ 7	2	0	1	- 1	2	0	2	- 2
DK / NA	4	+ 1	3	- 2	4	+ 1	1	0	5	- 4	8	+ 1	3	- 2	5	- 1
TOTAL	100		99		100		100		100		100		101		101	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
not at all satisfied	19	- 1	13	- 1	27	+ 5	26	+ 6	27	0	9	- 4	25	- 18		
not very satisfied	32	- 2	25	- 9	48	+ 1	48	0	46	- 4	39	+ 1	34	- 6		
fairly satisfied	36	+ 2	45	+ 6	22	- 4	20	- 3	22	+ 4	44	+ 2	33	+ 19		
very satisfied	3	+ 1	15	+ 6	2	0	3	- 2	1	- 1	4	+ 1	4	+ 2		
DK / NA	11	+ 1	3	- 1	2	- 1	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	+ 3		
TOTAL	101		101		101		101		100		100		100			

TABLE 1.8.B SATISFACTION WITH HOW NATIONAL DEMOCRACY WORKS
(% BY DEMOGRAPHICS)**Question:** On the whole, are you ... with the way democracy works in (OUR COUNTRY)? (READ OUT)

	TOTAL	SEX		AGE			
	CC-13 AVERAGE	male	female	15-24	25-39	40-54	55+
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	12098	5510	6588	1951	3069	3108	3940
not at all satisfied	24	27	21	17	26	27	26
not very satisfied	40	40	41	38	42	41	40
fairly satisfied	29	28	29	37	28	26	24
very satisfied	3	3	3	4	2	2	3
DK / NA	4	2	5	4	2	4	6
TOTAL	100	100	99	100	100	100	99
MAIN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY							
	Self employed	Managers	Other white collars	Manual workers	House persons	Un- employed	Retired
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	944	1159	1030	2130	1002	1132	3347
not at all satisfied	24	17	25	26	23	28	29
not very satisfied	43	42	43	40	34	45	42
fairly satisfied	28	38	27	29	31	23	22
very satisfied	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
DK / NA	2	1	2	2	9	2	5
TOTAL	100	100	100	99	100	101	100
TERMINAL EDUCATION AGE				EU MEMBERSHIP			
	below 15	16-19	20 and above	still studying	good thing	bad thing	neither good nor bad
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	2596	5388	2694	1322	7170	1005	3113
not at all satisfied	25	26	26	15	21	39	27
not very satisfied	35	45	45	40	41	38	46
fairly satisfied	30	25	26	38	33	20	22
very satisfied	4	2	1	3	4	1	1
DK / NA	6	2	1	4	2	3	4
TOTAL	100	100	99	100	101	101	100

TABLE 1.9 TRUST IN THE LEGAL SYSTEM
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - Justice / the [COUNTRY] legal system (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	44 + 2	30 - 5	16 - 5	69 + 3	30 - 3	43 + 4	45 - 2	33 + 5
tend not to trust	48 - 1	59 + 7	65 - 1	22 - 6	56 + 8	44 - 5	48 + 6	54 - 7
DK / NA	8 - 1	11 - 3	18 + 4	8 + 2	15 - 4	12 - 1	8 - 3	13 + 3
TOTAL	100	100	99	99	101	99	101	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	25 + 2	46 + 9	27 - 7	28 - 2	18 + 1	27 - 7	67 + 8	
tend not to trust	59 - 6	43 - 8	62 + 10	62 + 5	74 + 1	61 + 6	30 - 10	
DK / NA	15 + 4	11 - 1	12 - 2	9 - 4	9 - 1	12 + 1	3 + 1	
TOTAL	99	100	101	99	101	100	100	

TABLE 1.10 TRUST IN THE POLICE
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - The police (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	54 + 3	43 - 1	41 - 9	62 0	43 + 2	47 + 6	52 + 4	37 + 4
tend not to trust	40 - 2	47 + 1	46 + 6	32 - 3	47 + 2	45 - 5	41 - 4	56 - 3
DK / NA	7 0	10 0	13 + 3	5 + 2	9 - 5	8 - 1	7 0	7 0
TOTAL	101	100	100	99	99	100	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	28 + 2	71 0	44 - 3	41 + 3	26 0	38 - 12	71 + 5	
tend not to trust	60 - 4	24 + 1	45 + 3	53 + 1	67 + 1	53 + 11	26 - 7	
DK / NA	12 + 3	5 - 1	11 0	7 - 4	7 - 1	9 + 1	3 + 2	
TOTAL	100	100	100	101	100	100	100	

TABLE 1.11 TRUST IN THE ARMY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - The army (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	72 + 5	57 + 2	55 - 2	87 - 1	48 + 2	56 - 4	51 - 1	46 + 2
tend not to trust	20 - 4	29 0	25 - 1	9 - 1	36 + 2	26 + 1	35 + 4	38 0
DK / NA	9 0	14 - 1	20 + 3	4 + 2	16 - 4	18 + 3	14 - 3	15 - 2
TOTAL	101	100	100	100	100	100	100	99
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	48 + 9	71 + 3	63 + 3	76 + 3	55 - 1	42 - 12	88 + 7	
tend not to trust	32 - 8	17 - 5	24 - 2	17 - 1	31 + 1	46 + 11	10 - 8	
DK / NA	20 0	12 + 2	12 - 2	6 - 3	14 0	12 + 1	2 + 1	
TOTAL	100	100	99	99	100	100	100	

TABLE 1.12 TRUST IN RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - Religious institutions (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	57 - 4	43 - 6	33 - 13	60 - 7	28 + 1	30 - 21	38 - 5	38 - 25
tend not to trust	33 + 3	42 + 7	43 + 8	34 + 2	50 + 5	43 + 17	48 + 7	42 + 22
DK / NA	10 + 1	15 - 1	24 + 5	6 + 4	22 - 6	27 + 5	13 - 4	20 + 3
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	48 - 5	68 - 6	49 - 8	80 - 6	44 - 7	27 - 5	67 - 1	
tend not to trust	33 + 1	23 + 5	38 + 8	15 + 6	44 + 7	62 + 6	27 - 3	
DK / NA	18 + 4	9 + 2	12 - 2	5 0	13 + 2	11 - 1	6 + 4	
TOTAL	99	100	99	100	101	100	100	

TABLE 1.13 TRUST IN TRADE UNIONS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - Trade Unions (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	29 + 3	21 0	10 - 3	36 - 10	27 + 3	31 + 5	17 - 4	23 + 2
tend not to trust	50 - 3	54 + 5	62 + 1	49 + 6	47 + 6	39 - 3	61 + 7	45 + 5
DK / NA	21 0	25 - 5	28 + 2	16 + 6	26 - 9	30 - 2	22 - 2	32 - 7
TOTAL	100	100	100	101	100	100	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	23 + 3	37 0	19 - 1	24 + 2	24 + 2	27 + 1	41 + 5	
tend not to trust	42 - 3	41 - 4	56 + 4	56 + 2	55 + 9	57 0	42 - 14	
DK / NA	35 0	21 + 3	25 - 3	20 - 4	20 - 13	16 - 1	17 + 9	
TOTAL	100	99	100	100	99	100	100	

TABLE 1.14 TRUST IN BIG COMPANIES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - Big companies (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	30 + 1	25 0	20 + 2	36 + 6	27 + 3	37 + 2	22 - 9	33 + 4
tend not to trust	51 - 1	52 + 2	51 + 1	52 - 3	52 + 7	40 - 4	59 + 13	50 - 2
DK / NA	20 + 1	23 - 2	29 - 3	12 - 3	21 - 11	22 0	19 - 4	18 - 1
TOTAL	101	100	100	100	100	99	100	101
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	26 + 5	49 + 3	23 + 1	30 0	26 + 2	32 - 5	36 - 1	
tend not to trust	51 - 6	27 - 7	51 0	46 + 2	55 - 1	53 + 3	50 - 8	
DK / NA	23 + 2	24 + 4	26 0	23 - 3	19 - 1	16 + 3	14 + 9	
TOTAL	100	100	100	99	100	101	100	

TABLE 1.15 TRUST IN NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - Non-governmental organizations (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	44 + 1	35 + 1	14 - 2	42 + 7	30 + 4	22 + 1	39 - 1	29 + 2
tend not to trust	34 0	37 + 3	43 + 1	37 - 13	37 + 9	30 - 2	40 + 3	40 0
DK / NA	23 - 1	28 - 4	43 + 1	21 + 7	33 - 12	49 + 3	20 - 2	30 - 3
TOTAL	101	100	100	100	100	101	99	99
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	24 + 1	55 - 8	37 0	32 0	27 - 2	35 + 3	61 - 1	
tend not to trust	39 + 1	17 0	34 + 1	41 + 5	48 + 9	46 - 2	26 - 6	
DK / NA	38 - 1	27 + 6	29 - 1	26 - 6	25 - 7	19 - 1	13 + 6	
TOTAL	101	99	100	99	100	100	100	

TABLE 1.16 TRUST IN VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - Charitable or voluntary organizations (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	54 - 1	52 - 1	28 - 1	62 - 11	44 + 4	41 - 4	49 - 2	45 0
tend not to trust	29 0	29 + 2	36 - 1	28 + 7	36 + 6	27 + 1	37 + 4	32 - 1
DK / NA	17 0	19 0	36 + 2	10 + 4	20 - 11	33 + 4	14 - 1	23 0
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	101	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	36 + 2	85 - 4	59 - 2	38 0	44 - 6	37 0	64 - 3	
tend not to trust	35 - 2	9 + 2	23 + 2	38 + 5	38 + 8	51 0	26 - 2	
DK / NA	30 + 1	5 + 1	18 + 1	24 - 6	18 - 2	12 + 1	10 + 5	
TOTAL	101	99	100	100	100	100	100	

TABLE 1.17 PROBLEMS FACING THE NATION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: What do you think are the two most important issues facing (OUR COUNTRY) at the moment? (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - MAX. 2 ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Crime	22	34	48	46	34	47	31	26
Public transports	1	1	1	7	2	2	2	1
Economic Situation	42	32	38	24	38	23	25	33
Rising prices/inflation	20	10	10	26	8	16	19	14
Taxation	6	8	3	11	7	6	8	14
Unemployment	60	63	60	17	39	46	44	46
Terrorism	5	3	3	4	4	1	3	1
Defence/Foreign affairs	2	1	1	7	1	1	1	1
Housing	3	5	1	2	9	3	8	7
Immigration	2	1	5	3	3	1	3	1
Health care system	16	19	13	16	13	22	29	21
The educational system	7	3	4	10	2	8	4	12
Pensions	9	11	17	4	16	14	15	26
Protecting the environment	2	2	1	6	2	1	5	2
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	2	1	3	13	1	2	2	3
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Crime	41	15	35	26	22	34	6	
Public transports	1	11	1	2	1	2	1	
Economic Situation	27	32	32	32	43	32	55	
Rising prices/inflation	14	22	5	40	20	24	26	
Taxation	20	8	7	11	3	12	3	
Unemployment	59	26	79	34	58	51	66	
Terrorism	2	2	3	3	2	1	8	
Defence/Foreign affairs	1	1	1	1	0	2	2	
Housing	3	5	3	8	4	12	1	
Immigration	1	4	0	3	1	2	2	
Health care system	10	10	18	22	26	10	12	
The educational system	6	11	3	4	2	4	13	
Pensions	13	25	7	23	12	9	2	
Protecting the environment	1	25	1	4	1	4	2	
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	1	2	1	3	3	3	3	

TABLE 1.18 NEWS VIEWERSHIP ON TELEVISION
(% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** About how often do you watch the news on television? (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE, READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
every day	63	-1	62	0	66	0	63	+3	47	0	69	+3	70	0	63	-2
several times a week	22	+2	25	+2	17	0	25	-4	36	0	19	-2	17	+1	23	+1
once or twice a week	7	0	7	-1	7	+1	8	+1	10	0	7	-1	8	+1	10	+3
less often	6	0	5	0	5	-3	3	0	6	0	3	-1	3	-1	3	-2
never	3	0	1	0	5	+2	1	0	1	0	1	-1	1	0	1	0
DK / NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	101		100		100		100		100		99		99		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
every day	63	-3	57	-2	65	0	58	+1	51	-1	51	-1	65	-3		
several times a week	22	-1	23	+2	24	+3	23	+2	30	+2	26	-1	19	+3		
once or twice a week	9	+2	10	0	6	-1	5	-2	11	0	13	+1	6	0		
less often	5	+1	5	0	5	0	8	-2	6	-2	8	0	7	+1		
never	1	+1	5	0	1	-1	5	0	2	0	2	+1	3	0		
DK / NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL	100		100		101		99		100		100		100			

TABLE 1.19 NEWS READERSHIP OF DAILY NEWSPAPERS
(% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** About how often do you watch the news in the daily paper? (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE, READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
every day	20	- 3	21	- 4	18 - 3	22 0	20 - 6	32 - 4	35 - 3	24 - 4
several times a week	16	- 2	20	+ 1	15 - 1	13 0	29 + 1	20 - 2	15 + 1	25 - 1
once or twice a week	15	- 2	21	+ 2	19 + 2	17 + 1	22 + 2	21 + 2	15 + 2	24 + 2
less often	22	- 1	22	0	26 + 3	19 - 1	22 + 3	18 + 1	18 0	19 + 4
never	26	+ 6	15	0	21 - 1	30 + 1	6 - 1	9 + 3	18 0	8 - 1
DK / NA	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	1 + 1	0 0	0 0	0 0
TOTAL	99		99		99	101	100	100	101	100
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
every day	20	- 6	21	- 5	17 - 2	14 - 2	21 - 1	35 - 3	21 - 3	
several times a week	23	0	8	- 5	18 + 1	13 0	21 0	24 + 2	13 - 5	
once or twice a week	20	- 1	19	+ 1	23 + 2	10 - 3	21 + 4	20 0	10 - 5	
less often	24	+ 2	15	0	24 - 1	31 + 1	22 - 1	12 - 1	18 - 3	
never	11	+ 4	37	+ 9	17 0	31 + 3	15 - 2	8 + 1	38 + 15	
DK / NA	1	+ 1	1	0	0 0	2 + 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	
TOTAL	99		101		99	101	100	99	100	

TABLE 1.20 NEWS LISTENERSHIP ON THE RADIO
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: About how often do you listen to the news on the radio? (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE, READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
every day	34	+ 1	48	+ 2	29	- 6	40	0	29	- 1	59	+ 3	52	- 2	47	- 4
several times a week	15	0	19	0	16	+ 3	20	+ 1	26	+ 1	16	- 4	15	+ 3	20	- 2
once or twice a week	7	- 2	8	- 2	9	0	10	0	12	- 2	10	+ 1	6	- 1	9	+ 3
less often	17	- 4	15	0	22	0	13	- 5	22	+ 2	10	0	15	+ 1	16	+ 4
never	27	+ 6	10	0	23	+ 3	16	+ 3	9	- 1	5	0	12	- 1	7	- 1
DK / NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	+ 1	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	34	+ 1	48	+ 2	29	- 6	40	0	29	- 1	59	+ 3	52	- 2	47	- 4
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
every day	44	- 2	42	+ 5	53	+ 6	37	+ 5	37	- 3	41	- 9	18	+ 1		
several times a week	21	0	14	- 1	17	- 1	16	- 1	21	+ 2	22	+ 4	10	- 1		
once or twice a week	9	- 2	9	- 3	7	- 3	5	- 3	12	+ 1	11	0	6	- 1		
less often	18	+ 4	10	- 4	12	- 2	17	- 11	19	0	16	+ 2	18	- 8		
never	8	+ 2	25	+ 3	9	- 1	23	+ 8	11	+ 1	9	+ 2	48	+ 10		
DK / NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	+ 1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL	44	- 2	42	+ 5	53	+ 6	37	+ 5	37	- 3	41	- 9	18	+ 1		

TABLE 1.21 TRUST IN THE PRESS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - The press (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	42 - 1	47 - 4	40 + 8	52 + 10	61 + 4	52 - 1	35 - 2	60 + 1
tend not to trust	46 - 1	40 + 3	44 - 5	41 - 10	33 - 1	42 + 2	55 + 5	34 0
DK / NA	12 + 3	13 + 1	17 - 2	7 + 1	6 - 3	6 - 1	11 - 1	6 - 1
TOTAL	100	100	101	100	100	100	101	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	65 - 5	32 - 2	43 - 8	52 + 5	56 + 2	46 - 5	33 0	
tend not to trust	27 + 3	48 - 2	39 + 5	36 - 3	35 - 2	48 + 6	58 - 6	
DK / NA	8 + 2	20 + 3	18 + 3	12 - 2	9 - 1	6 0	9 + 6	
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

TABLE 1.22 TRUST IN THE RADIO
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - The radio (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
tend to trust	55 - 1	62 - 1	53 + 5	69 + 8	71 + 6	76 + 2	53 + 1	74 + 1
tend not to trust	34 - 1	26 + 1	30 - 5	24 - 10	20 - 3	17 - 2	34 - 3	20 0
DK / NA	11 + 2	12 + 1	17 0	7 + 2	8 - 4	6 - 1	13 + 2	5 - 2
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	99	99	100	99
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
tend to trust	75 - 2	44 - 2	58 - 6	66 + 3	70 + 2	61 - 7	43 - 1	
tend not to trust	18 + 2	39 + 2	26 + 2	25 + 1	22 + 1	31 + 5	46 - 6	
DK / NA	6 - 1	17 0	15 + 2	9 - 5	8 - 2	8 + 2	10 + 7	
TOTAL	99	100	99	100	100	100	99	

TABLE 1.23 TRUST IN THE TELEVISION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in certain institutions. For each of the following institutions, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? - The television (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia			
	tend to trust		60 + 2		61 - 4		71 + 6		73 + 9		69 + 2		80 + 1		58 0		78 + 2	
	tend not to trust		34 - 2		31 + 4		22 - 6		24 - 9		26 - 1		15 - 1		35 + 1		20 - 1	
	DK / NA		6 0		9 + 1		6 - 1		3 0		4 - 2		4 - 1		6 - 1		2 - 1	
TOTAL		100		101		99		100		99		99		99		100		
		Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey				
tend to trust		78 - 3		52 0		54 - 10		73 + 6		70 + 3		66 0		54 + 9				
tend not to trust		17 + 2		35 + 1		34 + 7		22 - 1		26 - 2		29 + 2		43 - 10				
DK / NA		4 0		13 - 1		12 + 3		5 - 4		4 - 1		5 - 1		3 + 1				
TOTAL		99		100		100		100		100		100		100				

TABLE 1.24 THE FEARS OF CITIZENS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Here is a list of things that some people say they are afraid of. For each of these, please tell me if, personally, you are afraid of it, or not? (SHOW CARD –READ OUT)

1. A world war
2. A nuclear conflict in Europe
3. A conventional war in Europe (not nuclear, bacteriological or chemical) (**A conventional war in Europe**)
4. The accidental launch of a nuclear missile (**Accident of a nuclear missile**)
5. An accident in a nuclear power station (**Nuclear power station accident**)
6. Spread of nuclear, bacteriological or chemical weapons of mass destruction (**Spread of mass destr. weapons**)
7. Ethnic conflicts in Europe
8. International terrorism
9. Organised crime
10. Epidemics

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
A world war	70	28	58	40	64	32	71	28	42	53	49	45	59	40	64	30
A nuclear conflict in Europe	59	37	43	54	51	40	57	40	27	66	44	48	49	50	54	39
A conventional war in Europe	54	40	38	58	43	39	50	45	25	66	38	54	48	50	42	44
Accident of a nuclear missile	62	33	46	50	50	37	65	31	34	56	51	41	51	48	56	37
Nuclear power station accident	68	27	58	39	72	21	72	25	46	46	65	28	78	21	64	30
Spread of mass destr. weapons	68	27	57	39	67	23	67	28	45	46	64	29	65	34	70	25
Ethnic conflicts in Europe	50	44	35	60	47	45	45	51	31	59	40	53	43	55	41	51
International terrorism	74	22	68	29	77	17	80	17	68	26	65	29	64	34	65	29
Organised crime	73	23	69	28	83	13	80	18	62	33	73	23	76	23	66	28
Epidemics	80	18	69	28	80	14	93	6	53	40	78	19	75	24	85	13

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

(CONT.)

TABLE 1.24 THE FEARS OF CITIZENS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Here is a list of things that some people say they are afraid of. For each of these, please tell me if, personally, you are afraid of it, or not? (SHOW CARD –READ OUT)

	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
CCEB 2003.2 +: afraid -: not afraid														
A world war	73	24	82	17	59	40	66	31	60	38	65	34	85	14
A nuclear conflict in Europe	65	27	84	16	41	57	59	37	47	49	55	43	77	17
A conventional war in Europe	58	33	77	22	35	63	52	42	40	54	46	51	74	20
Accident of a nuclear missile	63	28	80	19	43	54	62	32	46	48	59	39	81	14
Nuclear power station accident	78	15	81	19	53	46	69	26	62	35	68	31	78	16
Spread of mass destr. weapons	71	21	84	15	54	44	67	27	63	33	65	33	81	13
Ethnic conflicts in Europe	40	45	78	21	30	67	52	42	45	50	54	43	67	27
International terrorism	69	23	91	8	69	29	69	26	71	26	70	28	83	14
Organised crime	73	21	87	12	68	30	69	26	74	23	72	27	77	18
Epidemics	79	16	93	7	68	30	79	18	74	24	77	21	93	6

TABLE 1.25 THE ROLE OF THE UNITED STATES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: In your opinion, would you say that the United States tend to play a positive role, a negative role or neither a positive nor a negative role in the following? (SHOW CARD)

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
peace in the world	34	45	44	29	28	35	10	76	43	32	33	43	33	39	31	43
fight against terrorism	48	35	68	14	49	19	18	65	63	19	55	24	61	19	51	26
growth of the world economy	42	32	56	13	45	13	23	56	46	20	47	16	53	18	42	18
fight against poverty in the world	32	38	40	23	25	25	13	70	38	27	31	21	33	31	30	26
protection of the environment	34	36	40	23	31	22	14	68	35	33	29	25	40	26	28	27
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-		
peace in the world	43	29	51	28	51	21	60	18	31	36	23	49	14	73		
fight against terrorism	60	15	69	16	77	9	71	9	55	18	41	33	18	67		
growth of the world economy	42	13	56	17	64	8	57	12	43	19	34	30	22	60		
fight against poverty in the world	39	12	57	17	45	18	56	13	32	27	23	42	17	66		
protection of the environment	37	11	60	18	46	18	56	12	27	30	20	50	21	60		

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "Neither positive nor negative" and "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 1.26 THE ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: In your opinion, would you say that the European Union tend to play a positive role, a negative role or neither a positive nor a negative role in the following? (SHOW CARD)

CCEB 2003.2 +: Positive -: Negative	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
peace in the world	65	13	72	4	70	3	84	3	71	4	70	3	77	4	69	3
fight against terrorism	61	14	66	5	67	3	77	2	69	6	66	3	74	4	57	5
growth of the world economy	63	12	65	5	64	2	81	2	62	8	59	3	73	5	53	5
fight against poverty in the world	55	15	56	7	51	5	76	5	52	10	49	4	62	8	44	8
protection of the environment	65	12	67	5	61	2	85	2	68	6	65	4	77	4	53	8
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-		
peace in the world	66	5	79	5	74	3	79	2	77	2	64	3	51	28		
fight against terrorism	55	6	71	9	70	4	76	3	71	3	59	5	46	31		
growth of the world economy	59	4	73	4	73	4	69	4	68	3	62	6	54	24		
fight against poverty in the world	53	6	74	5	60	8	70	5	57	7	52	9	48	28		
protection of the environment	53	5	86	3	79	3	71	3	65	5	59	8	53	25		

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "Neither positive nor negative" and "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 1.27 VISITS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Apart from the country you usually live, in which of the following countries have you been in the last two years, for whatever reason? (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Belgium	1	1	0	1	2	1	1	1
Denmark	0	1	0	0	2	3	0	2
Germany	7	14	3	4	23	6	7	8
Greece	2	4	3	42	8	1	4	1
Spain	1	3	0	2	8	2	2	2
France	2	4	1	5	8	3	3	3
Ireland	0	0	..	..	1	1	0	1
Italy	3	7	2	3	11	3	7	3
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
The Netherlands	1	2	0	2	2	2	1	2
Austria	4	8	2	3	18	2	12	2
Portugal	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Finland	0	1	..	0	1	19	0	4
Sweden	1	1	0	0	0	10	0	3
The United Kingdom	1	2	0	11	4	2	1	1
Bulgaria	1	1	..	2	2	0	1	0
Cyprus	0	0	1	..	2	0	1	0
Czech Republic	3	8	1	2	..	2	3	2
Estonia	0	1	0	..	0	..	..	10
Hungary	2	5	1	4	5	1	..	1
Latvia	0	1	..	..	0	12	0	..
Lithuania	1	1	..	..	0	6	0	21
Malta	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Poland	3	9	1	0	11	4	1	8
Romania	1	1	2	1	1	0	6	0
Russia	1	2	2	2	1	18	0	10
Slovakia	4	8	0	0	26	1	6	1
Slovenia	1	2	0	0	4	1	3	0
Turkey	1	1	4	0	0	1	1	1
Switzerland	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	1
Liechtenstein	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Norway	0	0	..	0	1	3	..	1
none of these	81	63	86	45	41	57	73	65

(CONT.)

TABLE 1.27 VISITS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Apart from the country you usually live, in which of the following countries have you been in the last two years, for whatever reason? (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey
Belgium	1	2	1	1	2	2	..
Denmark	2	1	1	0	0	1	..
Germany	10	5	15	2	13	16	1
Greece	1	2	2	1	6	5	0
Spain	2	6	2	0	5	4	0
France	3	9	3	1	4	7	1
Ireland	0	1	0	..	0	1	..
Italy	2	19	4	2	11	39	0
Luxembourg	0	1	0	0	0	1	..
The Netherlands	2	3	3	0	2	3	0
Austria	1	3	2	2	21	39	0
Portugal	1	1	1	0	0	1	..
Finland	1	0	..	..	0	1	..
Sweden	2	2	1	0	0	1	..
The United Kingdom	1	14	1	0	2	4	0
Bulgaria	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Cyprus	0	1	..	..	0	0	1
Czech Republic	2	2	8	0	34	3	..
Estonia	2	0	0	..	0	0	..
Hungary	1	1	2	2	24	15	0
Latvia	10	..	0	..	0	..	..
Lithuania	..	..	1	2	0	0	..
Malta	0	..	..	0	0	0	..
Poland	15	0	..	0	23	1	..
Romania	0	0	..	..	2	0	0
Russia	13	0	0	0	1	1	0
Slovakia	2	..	6	0	..	1	0
Slovenia	0	0	1	0	3	..	..
Turkey	1	1	1	1	1	1	..
Switzerland	1	3	1	0	2	2	0
Liechtenstein	0	0	..	0	0	1	..
Norway	1	1	0	..	0	1	..
none of these	67	64	71	91	40	37	97

TABLE 1.28 WORK EXPERIENCE ABROAD
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And, apart from the country you usually live, in which of the following countries have you worked in the last two years? (SHOW SAME CARD - READ OUT - SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Belgium	0	0	0	0	0	..	0	..
Denmark	0	0	..	..	..	..	..	0
Germany	1	2	1	0	2	0	2	1
Greece	0	0	1	1	0	..	..	..
Spain	0	0	..	0	1	0	0	0
France	0	0	..	..	..	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	..	..	0	0	..	0
Italy	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Luxembourg	0	0	..	..	..	..	0	..
The Netherlands	0	0	0	0	..	0	0	..
Austria	0	0	0	..	0	..	1	..
Portugal	0	0	..	..	..	..	0	0
Finland	0	0	..	..	..	2	0	0
Sweden	0	0	..	..	..	1	0	0
The United Kingdom	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Bulgaria	0	0	..	0	..	..	0	..
Cyprus	0	0	0	..	..	..	0	0
Czech Republic	0	0	..	..	..	0	0	0
Estonia	0	0	..	..	..	..	0	0
Hungary	0	0	0	..	..	..	..	..
Latvia	0	0	..	..	..	0	..	..
Lithuania	0	0	..	..	1	..	..	0
Malta	0	0	0	..	0	..	..	..
Poland	0	0	0	..	0	0	0	0
Romania	0	0	0	0	..	..	0	..
Russia	0	0	0	0	0	1	..	1
Slovakia	0	0	..	..	1	..	0	..
Slovenia	0	0	..	..	..	..	0	..
Turkey	0	0	0	0	..	..	..	..
Switzerland	0	0	0	..	0	0	0	0
Liechtenstein	0	0	..	..	0	..	..	..
Norway	0	0	..	..	..	1	..	0
none of these	97	95	96	97	94	94	97	96

(CONT.)

TABLE 1.28 WORK EXPERIENCE ABROAD
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And, apart from the country you usually live, in which of the following countries have you worked in the last two years? (SHOW SAME CARD - READ OUT - SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey
Belgium	..	1	..	..	0	0	..
Denmark	0	..	..	..	..	0	..
Germany	2	1	3	0	2	1	1
Greece	..	0	..	0	0	0	..
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
Ireland	0	1	..	..	..	0	..
Italy	..	1	1	0	1	1	..
Luxembourg	..	..	..	..	0	0	..
The Netherlands	0	0	0	..	0	0	0
Austria	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
Portugal	1	..	..	0	..	0	..
Finland	0	..	..	..	..	0	..
Sweden	1	..	0	..	0	0	..
The United Kingdom	0	3	0	..	1	0	..
Bulgaria	..	..	..	..	0	0	0
Cyprus	..	0	..	..	..	0	0
Czech Republic	0	0	..	0	4	0	..
Estonia	..	..	..	..	..	0	..
Hungary	..	..	..	1	0	0	..
Latvia	0	..	..	..	..	0	..
Lithuania	..	..	..	0	..	0	..
Malta	..	..	..	..	..	0	..
Poland	1	..	..	0	0	0	..
Romania	..	..	..	..	..	0	..
Russia	1	..	..	..	0	0	0
Slovakia	..	..	..	..	..	0	..
Slovenia	..	..	..	0	..	..	..
Turkey	..	0	..	0	0	0	..
Switzerland	0	0	..	0	0	0	0
Liechtenstein	..	..	..	..	..	0	..
Norway	0	0	0	..	..	0	..
none of these	93	95	96	98	92	97	98

Question: For each of the following statement about the European Union could you please tell me whether you think it is true or false?

1. The European Union is made of 15 Member States (TRUE) **[15 Member States]**
2. The European Community was created after World War One, in the late 1910's - early 20's (FALSE) **[EC after World War One]**
3. The European flag is blue and with yellow stars (TRUE) **[The European flag]**
4. There are 15 stars on the European flag (FALSE) **[15 stars on the flag]**
5. The headquarters of the European Union are in Brussels, Strasbourg and Luxembourg (TRUE) **[Headquarters]**
6. The members of the European Parliament are directly elected by the citizens of the European Union (TRUE) **[MEPs directly elected]**
7. There is a President of the European Union directly elected by all the citizens (FALSE) **[Directly elected President]**
8. The European Union has its own anthem (TRUE) **[Anthem]**
9. There are no borders between the countries of the European Union (TRUE) **[No borders]**

CCEB 2003.2 + : true - : false		CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
		+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
15 Member States (T)		59	9	77	7	64	32	71	28	42	53	49	45	59	40	64	30
EC after World War One (F)		19	25	22	35	51	40	57	40	27	66	44	48	49	50	54	39
The European flag (T)		66	4	87	3	43	39	50	45	25	66	38	54	48	50	42	44
15 stars on the flag (F)		49	11	61	17	50	37	65	31	34	56	51	41	51	48	56	37
Headquarters (T)		53	8	69	8	67	23	67	28	45	46	64	29	65	34	70	25
MEPs directly elected (T)		31	17	35	20	47	45	45	51	31	59	40	53	43	55	41	51
Directly elected President (F)		23	29	19	43	77	17	80	17	68	26	65	29	64	34	65	29
Anthem (T)		33	20	43	22	83	13	80	18	62	33	73	23	76	23	66	28
No borders (T)		49	22	63	23	80	14	93	6	53	40	78	19	75	24	85	13
		Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
		+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-		
15 Member States (T)		73	24	82	17	59	40	66	31	60	38	65	34	85	14		
EC after World War One (F)		65	27	84	16	41	57	59	37	47	49	55	43	77	17		
The European flag (T)		63	28	80	19	43	54	62	32	46	48	59	39	81	14		
15 stars on the flag (F)		78	15	81	19	53	46	69	26	62	35	68	31	78	16		
Headquarters (T)		71	21	84	15	54	44	67	27	63	33	65	33	81	13		
MEPs directly elected (T)		40	45	78	21	30	67	52	42	45	50	54	43	67	27		
Directly elected President (F)		69	23	91	8	69	29	69	26	71	26	70	28	83	14		
Anthem (T)		73	21	87	12	68	30	69	26	74	23	72	27	77	18		
No borders (T)		79	16	93	7	68	30	79	18	74	24	77	21	93	6		

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 2.2 SELF-PERCEIVED KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE EUROPEAN UNION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Using this scale, how much do you feel you know about the European Union, its policies, its institutions?
(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE)

CC EB 2003.2	CC-13 AVERAGE	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
DK / NA	3	3	1	1	2	0	3
knows nothing at all	14	5	10	7	7	12	6
2	11	10	10	14	15	17	13
3	14	15	12	20	25	17	21
4	13	15	16	18	18	15	17
5	19	21	20	18	16	18	18
6	10	12	9	9	9	8	10
7	7	9	8	7	4	5	8
8	4	6	6	2	2	4	3
9	2	2	3	1	1	1	1
knows a lot	2	2	1	1	0	2	1
TOTAL	99	100	96	98	99	99	101
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey
DK / NA	8	1	5	3	1	1	3
knows nothing at all	6	12	2	12	3	2	25
2	11	5	7	17	11	7	9
3	17	9	14	16	13	10	12
4	14	8	15	11	16	12	11
5	15	19	24	16	23	25	19
6	10	12	14	8	9	17	8
7	9	14	9	7	10	13	6
8	8	12	5	6	7	8	3
9	2	4	2	2	4	3	1
knows a lot	1	5	2	2	2	2	2
TOTAL	101	101	99	100	99	100	99

TABLE 2.3 TEACHING EU IN SCHOOLS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. - Teaching school children about the way European Union institutions work (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
For	76	78	69	91	64	69	79	78
Against	8	8	5	5	13	12	7	11
DK / NA	16	14	27	5	23	20	13	12
TOTAL	100	100	101	101	100	101	99	101
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
For	73	74	82	78	78	76	74	
Against	7	15	7	4	8	13	10	
DK / NA	20	11	11	18	13	11	15	
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	99	100	99	

TABLE 2.4 PRIORITY: INFORMATION ABOUT THE EU
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Now, I am going to read out a list of actions that the European Union could undertake. For each one, please tell me if, in your opinion, it should be a priority, or not? - Getting closer to European citizens, for example by giving them more information about the European Union, its policies and its institutions (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Priority	56	58	55	82	63	61	62	56
Not a priority	28	28	17	11	24	25	26	34
DK / NA	16	14	28	7	13	14	13	10
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	101	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Priority	57	69	53	59	78	58	53	
Not a priority	19	21	32	24	13	32	30	
DK / NA	24	10	15	17	9	11	16	
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	101	99	

TABLE 2.5 WHICH EU TOPICS WOULD PEOPLE LIKE TO KNOW MORE ABOUT - WHAT? (% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And on which topics, related to the European Union, would you like to get more information? (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

1. The history of the European Union (**History of EU**)
2. The institutions of the EU, how they work, what they do, etc. (**Institutions of EU**)
3. The Economic and Monetary Union (**EMU**)
4. The European Single Currency, the Euro (**The Euro**)
5. The European economy in general
6. The European Single Market of Goods and Services (**European single market**)
7. Other financial/economical topics (**Other financial, economical**)
8. The EU and agriculture, the European Common Agricultural Policy (**Agriculture, CAP**)
9. The European Common Foreign and Security Policy (**Common Foreign Policy**)
10. The international relations of the EU (with the USA, Japan, Russia, etc.) (**Intl relations of EU**)
11. Regional policy, how the European Union helps poorer regions to develop (**Regional policy**)
12. The enlargement of the European Union (**Enlargement**)
13. Pre-accession funding
14. The European budget
15. The European Research and Development policy (**R&D policy**)
16. Policy concerning Education (**Education**)
17. Policy concerning Culture (**Culture**)
18. Policy concerning Youth (**Youth**)
19. The European citizenship
20. The EU and consumer protection
21. The EU and the protection of the environment (**Environment**)
22. The European Social Policy (**Social Policy**)
23. Others

(CONT.)

TABLE 2.5 WHICH EU TOPICS WOULD PEOPLE LIKE TO KNOW MORE ABOUT
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And on which topics, related to the European Union, would you like to get more information? (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
History of EU	36	30	36	53	34	18	31	23
Institutions of EU	52	46	45	63	57	34	45	44
EMU	34	32	29	38	45	22	36	26
The Euro	39	38	42	46	52	25	43	30
EU economy in general	46	47	47	49	43	27	45	44
European Single Market	38	37	43	37	47	23	32	38
Other financial, economical	32	28	19	20	22	12	33	24
Agriculture, CAP	41	39	37	29	40	23	39	37
Common Foreign Policy	37	35	40	46	41	17	34	38
Intl relations of EU	33	31	37	32	35	17	25	35
Regional policy	45	43	45	39	50	26	40	42
Enlargement	38	34	45	31	43	12	35	30
Pre-accession funds	31	29	36	23	43	21	31	36
European budget	37	39	28	23	44	17	37	39
R&D policy	28	24	21	27	29	7	25	20
Education	47	43	36	63	43	26	50	48
Culture	37	31	28	46	35	15	38	31
Youth	48	47	53	66	51	22	50	40
European citizenship	44	40	49	49	48	26	43	46
Consumer protection	39	38	39	59	50	18	38	38
Environment	37	38	40	54	47	19	45	33
Social Policy	45	50	54	46	54	36	54	53
Other	8	9	9	2	9	2	12	8

(CONT.)

TABLE 2.5 WHICH EU TOPICS WOULD PEOPLE LIKE TO KNOW MORE ABOUT
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And on which topics, related to the European Union, would you like to get more information? (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey
History of EU	33	33	28	37	35	33	43
Institutions of EU	43	50	43	40	53	46	64
EMU	22	32	27	32	45	49	37
The Euro	33	42	32	49	46	47	36
EU economy in general	39	40	50	38	40	50	48
European Single Market	31	37	36	33	42	43	39
Other financial, economical	25	31	27	29	36	36	39
Agriculture, CAP	32	34	40	40	36	39	45
Common Foreign Policy	31	33	34	34	41	45	39
Intl relations of EU	30	26	32	32	33	41	35
Regional policy	32	33	44	37	47	40	49
Enlargement	32	46	31	41	41	43	42
Pre-accession funds	38	49	20	41	51	46	30
European budget	35	49	37	32	50	44	38
R&D policy	22	30	22	28	25	35	33
Education	36	58	40	37	48	43	56
Culture	28	51	29	32	27	38	45
Youth	44	58	48	42	37	48	49
European citizenship	36	53	37	42	43	41	49
Consumer protection	26	61	35	41	52	43	38
Environment	22	61	36	37	41	44	36
Social Policy	36	40	49	35	58	48	40
Other	5	4	9	14	9	10	5

TABLE 2.6 PREFERRED METHODS OF RECEIVING INFORMATION ABOUT THE EU
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: In general, how would you prefer to get information about the European Union? (show card - read out - several answers possible) (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

1. A short leaflet, that just gives an overview (**Short leaflet**)
2. A more detailed brochure (**Brochure**)
3. A book giving you a complete description (**Book**)
4. A video tape
5. On the Internet
6. A CD-rom
7. A computer terminal allowing you to browse databases (**Computer terminal**)
8. From the television
9. From the radio
10. From daily newspapers
11. From other newspapers, magazines (**Other press**)
12. I do not want information about the European Union (SPONTANEOUS) (**Does not want EU info**)
13. None of these ways (SPONTANEOUS)

	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
CCEB 2003.2								
Short leaflet	21	24	21	27	29	23	18	21
Brochure	30	28	19	7	29	23	23	35
Book	23	16	12	33	12	12	19	16
A video tape	10	9	9	15	15	5	6	11
On the Internet	17	20	14	19	22	20	19	17
A CD-rom	7	8	5	5	8	3	7	5
Computer terminal	8	9	5	9	10	8	10	8
From the television	79	77	73	75	73	60	83	80
From the radio	47	55	48	41	50	39	55	51
From daily newspapers	44	48	49	36	52	33	52	50
Other press	21	23	30	15	27	8	20	26
Does not want EU info	7	6	12	7	10	10	4	6
None of these ways	2	3	2	1	11	0	3	1

(CONT.)

TABLE 2.6 PREFERRED METHODS OF RECEIVING INFORMATION (% BY COUNTRY)

Question: In general, how would you prefer to get information about the European Union? (show card - read out - several answers possible) (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey
Short leaflet	28	26	23	18	28	26	19
Brochure	22	18	29	23	42	24	36
Book	22	19	15	18	18	10	35
A video tape	10	8	7	7	17	5	12
On the Internet	20	18	19	12	18	27	16
A CD-rom	7	6	8	8	9	10	6
Computer terminal	15	6	8	10	8	12	8
From the television	62	69	77	71	80	76	84
From the radio	48	40	58	46	53	59	38
From daily newspapers	41	29	47	30	50	59	43
Other press	23	13	21	20	37	25	18
Does not want EU info	16	12	5	8	5	6	7
None of these ways	2	0	1	1	1	1	1

TABLE 2.7 NATIONAL VS. EU ORIGINATED INFORMATION (% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** And would you prefer to get this information...?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
from the EU Institutions	26	+ 1	34	+ 6	25	+ 8	25	+ 6	24	+ 8	31	+ 2	26	+ 1	31	- 1
from the government	45	+ 6	30	- 4	30	- 1	55	+ 4	26	+ 2	35	+ 2	41	+ 6	34	+ 3
by both (spontaneous)	16	- 3	21	- 2	19	- 3	16	- 5	35	- 3	20	+ 3	27	- 5	23	+ 4
DK / NA	13	- 4	14	0	27	- 4	4	- 5	15	- 7	14	- 6	6	- 3	11	- 6
TOTAL	100		99		101		100		100		100		100		99	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
from the EU Institutions	27	+ 2	35	+ 13	39	+ 8	31	+ 11	45	+ 6	43	+ 8	15	- 8		
from the government	28	+ 1	29	+ 3	28	- 10	32	+ 12	27	- 1	36	0	68	+ 13		
by both (spontaneous)	20	- 3	22	- 9	17	- 1	19	- 9	18	0	10	- 4	10	0		
DK / NA	25	- 1	14	- 8	16	+ 3	18	- 14	10	- 5	11	- 4	8	- 5		
TOTAL	100		100		100		100		100		100		101			

TABLE 2.8 ATTENTION TO NEWS ABOUT THE EUROPEAN UNION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: In general, do you pay attention to news about each of the following? (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE, READ OUT)

- a. local politics
- b. national politics
- c. social issues, such as education, health care, poverty, etc. **(social issues)**
- d. the European Union
- e. the economy
- f. sport
- g. the environment
- h. foreign policy - international relationships **(foreign policy)**
- i. culture

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Local politics	35	64	37	62	35	63	52	47	29	69	42	57	40	59	42	58
National politics	47	52	48	51	49	49	67	32	38	61	40	59	48	52	43	57
Social issues	63	36	53	46	62	36	73	27	42	57	54	46	62	37	57	43
The European Union	40	58	39	60	29	68	54	45	23	75	20	79	45	55	27	72
Economy	43	55	31	68	39	58	47	53	31	67	28	69	45	54	30	69
Sport	35	64	33	66	29	69	37	62	36	63	32	67	26	73	29	71
Environment	36	63	32	66	31	66	49	51	21	78	24	74	44	55	27	73
Foreign policy	33	65	35	64	38	60	37	62	24	74	30	68	33	66	35	64
Culture	33	65	30	69	26	70	47	52	20	79	27	71	36	63	29	70
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-		
Local politics	31	67	46	53	40	59	28	69	28	72	25	75	35	64		
National politics	35	63	46	53	54	45	37	60	38	62	33	67	50	49		
Social issues	44	55	72	28	53	45	67	31	51	49	47	52	72	27		
The European Union	29	69	53	46	46	54	32	65	33	67	33	67	44	53		
Economy	28	69	40	59	27	72	38	59	35	65	41	58	58	40		
Sport	25	72	34	66	34	65	36	61	31	69	42	57	37	62		
Environment	14	83	70	30	35	63	36	60	22	78	35	64	40	59		
Foreign policy	25	71	27	73	40	59	29	67	27	73	30	70	33	66		
Culture	18	76	50	49	33	66	32	64	19	80	24	74	39	60		

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "little attention", "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 3.1 FEELING EUROPEAN
(% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** In the near future you see yourself as ...?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
[NATIONALITY] only	41	0	33	-5	37	-4	25	-12	37	-1	39	0	39	-4	31	-7
[NATIONALITY] and European	48	+4	54	+6	44	+6	63	+9	39	+1	36	-1	53	+3	41	+1
European and [NATIONALITY]	5	0	6	0	5	0	8	+4	9	0	10	+2	6	+1	7	+1
European only	2	-1	2	-1	2	+1	2	0	2	-1	5	+1	0	-1	6	+2
DK / NA	4	-3	5	-1	12	-4	1	-3	13	-1	10	-2	1	0	15	+4
TOTAL	100		100		100		99		100		100		99		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
[NATIONALITY] only	35	-5	30	-9	32	-5	36	+4	25	-2	32	-8	52	+3		
[NATIONALITY] and European	39	+6	59	+10	60	+7	50	+3	49	-1	57	+12	41	+3		
European and [NATIONALITY]	9	0	6	0	5	0	5	-1	13	+3	5	0	3	0		
European only	3	0	1	0	1	-1	3	0	6	0	2	-2	3	-1		
DK / NA	14	-1	3	-1	2	-1	7	-5	6	-1	5	0	1	-6		
TOTAL	100		99		100		101		99		101		100			

TABLE 3.2 NATIONAL PRIDE
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Would you say you are very proud, fairly proud, not very proud or not at all proud to be [NATIONALITY - refer to citizenship]?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia			
	very proud		59	+ 6	49	+ 2	38	0	72	+ 5	24	- 3	15	- 4	58	- 2	28	- 2
	fairly proud		30	- 1	37	- 1	34	+ 5	25	- 2	49	0	42	+ 1	35	+ 2	36	+ 1
	not very proud		6	- 2	9	0	15	- 6	2	- 4	20	+ 5	20	- 2	5	0	14	0
	not at all proud		2	- 1	2	0	8	+ 1	1	0	5	+ 2	15	+ 4	1	0	7	+ 2
	does not feel to be [NAT.]		1	- 2	1	0	3	+ 2	0	0	0	- 1	2	- 1	0	0	5	- 1
	DK / NA		2	0	2	0	2	- 2	0	0	3	- 2	6	+ 1	1	+ 1	8	- 2
TOTAL		100		100		100		100		101		100		100		98		
		Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey				
very proud		17	+ 4	56	- 1	59	+ 5	56	- 1	36	- 2	59	- 2	74	+ 11			
fairly proud		42	0	39	0	33	- 4	32	+ 4	45	+ 5	33	+ 1	21	- 3			
not very proud		24	- 3	3	- 1	5	- 1	8	0	10	- 2	4	+ 1	2	- 2			
not at all proud		11	- 3	1	+ 1	1	0	2	- 1	3	0	1	0	2	- 2			
does not feel to be [NAT.]		2	0		0	0	0	0	- 1	4	- 1	1	- 1	0	- 6			
DK / NA		4	+ 2	1	+ 1	2	0	2	- 1	1	- 2	1	- 1	1	+ 1			
TOTAL		100		100		100		100		99		99		100				

TABLE 3.3.A EUROPEAN PRIDE
(% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** And would you say you are very proud, fairly proud, not very proud or not at all proud to be European?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
very proud	25	- 2	32	0	17 - 2	28 + 11	15 - 2	10 - 1	41 - 7	14 - 5
fairly proud	39	- 1	47	0	34 + 3	42 - 3	51 + 5	37 - 1	48 + 4	45 + 2
not very proud	12	0	8	0	15 - 4	12 - 7	12 0	17 - 4	7 + 3	15 + 1
not at all proud	11	+ 1	3	0	10 0	4 - 1	5 + 2	16 + 2	1 0	8 + 1
does not feel to be [NAT.]	7	+ 1	4	0	18 + 2	10 + 1	8 0	11 + 1	1 0	11 + 2
DK / NA	6	+ 1	6	0	6 0	3 - 1	8 - 6	9 + 2	3 + 1	7 - 1
TOTAL	100		100		100	99	99	100	101	100
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
very proud	13	+ 4	34	+ 1	39 + 4	45 - 12	30 - 5	38 + 2	10 0	
fairly proud	38	- 4	37	- 12	47 - 1	37 + 8	51 + 2	45 - 2	31 - 6	
not very proud	19	- 1	13	+ 5	5 0	6 + 2	10 + 4	7 + 1	18 - 2	
not at all proud	14	+ 1	9	+ 6	1 - 1	3 + 3	2 0	3 + 2	24 + 2	
does not feel to be [NAT.]	11	+ 3	2	- 2	2 - 2	3 + 1	3 0	3 - 2	10 + 2	
DK / NA	6	- 1	5	+ 2	6 + 1	7 0	5 + 1	4 - 1	7 + 4	
TOTAL	101		100		100	101	101	100	100	

TABLE 3.3.B EUROPEAN PRIDE
(% BY DEMOGRAPHICS)**Question:** And would you say you are very proud, fairly proud, not very proud or not at all proud to be European?

	TOTAL	SEX		AGE			
	CC-13 AVERAGE	male	female	15-24	25-39	40-54	55+
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	12098	5510	6588	1951	3069	3108	3940
very proud	25	24	25	23	21	24	31
fairly proud	39	39	38	40	39	41	34
not very proud	12	13	11	11	13	12	12
not at all proud	11	12	11	13	14	10	8
does not feel to be European	7	8	6	8	7	6	6
DK / NA	6	4	9	5	6	6	9
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	99	100
MAIN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY							
	Self employed	Managers	Other white collars	Manual workers	House persons	Un- employed	Retired
N=	944	1159	1030	2130	1002	1132	3347
very proud	18	30	26	25	16	20	33
fairly proud	38	49	44	41	35	39	34
not very proud	15	10	9	11	13	15	11
not at all proud	17	5	11	10	20	11	6
does not feel to be European	8	4	6	7	7	8	7
DK / NA	3	3	4	5	10	6	9
TOTAL	99	101	100	99	101	99	100
TERMINAL EDUCATION AGE				EU MEMBERSHIP			
	below 15	16-19	20 and above	still studying	good thing	bad thing	neither good nor bad
N=	2596	5388	2694	1322	7170	1005	3113
very proud	19	26	34	30	30	9	17
fairly proud	31	43	45	45	42	20	38
not very proud	14	12	9	9	10	19	16
not at all proud	19	7	4	7	8	34	14
does not feel to be European	7	8	5	6	6	10	10
DK / NA	10	4	3	3	4	8	6
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	101

TABLE 3.4 WHAT WOULD PEOPLE MAKE FEEL MORE EUROPEAN?
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Which of the following, if any, could make you feel more European: (SHOW CARD-READ OUT – MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

1. (COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union (**country's EU membership**)
2. a European passport/ID
3. (COUNTRY) introducing the European single currency, the Euro (**introducing the Euro**)
4. European plates on the cars
5. being able to travel freely to any country of the European Union (**travel free within the EU**)
6. being able to study or work in any country of the European Union (**work/study free within the EU**)
7. a common European day off
8. being able to speak more European languages (**speak more languages**)
9. better knowing other EU countries' cultures and people (**know different cultures**)
10. Others (spontaneous)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
country's EU membership	53	50	56	63	48	33	50	43
a European passport/ID	39	40	46	57	32	25	43	39
introducing the Euro	38	40	44	42	44	26	41	37
European plates on the cars	20	17	22	17	18	6	17	14
travel free within the EU	57	59	60	73	57	44	59	53
work/study free within the EU	53	54	58	75	52	41	55	46
a common European day off	23	20	19	21	19	5	22	20
speak more languages	37	37	36	32	37	23	36	27
know different cultures	37	38	42	37	35	19	37	33
others (SPONTANEOUS)	4	5	3	2	5	2	5	5
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
country's EU membership	61	50	49	66	56	52	51	
a European passport/ID	32	36	41	42	45	42	36	
introducing the Euro	44	33	37	52	46	59	31	
European plates on the cars	14	13	18	21	18	28	21	
travel free within the EU	63	52	60	61	67	59	52	
work/study free within the EU	59	50	53	57	61	61	51	
a common European day off	12	17	20	30	20	30	24	
speak more languages	27	16	39	35	46	41	36	
know different cultures	30	28	39	39	44	39	36	
others (SPONTANEOUS)	2	4	5	5	3	6	3	

TABLE 3.5 AWARENESS OF COUNTRY'S BID FOR MEMBERSHIP (% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** Have you ever heard of (COUNTRY)'s bid to become a member of the European Union?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
Yes	91	+ 3	96	+ 2	94	+ 1	100	0	92	+ 4	96	+ 4	100	+ 2	96	+ 4
No	6	- 4	3	- 1	5	+ 1		0	5	0	3	- 3	0	- 1	3	- 2
DK / NA	3	+ 1	1	- 1	1	- 1	0	0	3	- 3	1	- 1	0	0	1	- 2
TOTAL	100		100		100		100		100		100		100		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
Yes	95	+ 2	100	0	95	0	90	+ 5	94	+ 8	97	- 1	86	+ 5		
No	2	- 3	0	0	4	0	7	- 5	4	- 7	3	+ 1	10	- 7		
DK / NA	3	+ 1	0	0	1	0	3	- 1	2	- 2	1	+ 1	4	+ 2		
TOTAL	100		100		100		100		100		101		100			

TABLE 3.6.A MEMBERSHIP: A “GOOD THING” OR A “BAD THING”?
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Generally speaking, do you think that (COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union would be...?
(READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
a good thing	64	58	70	72	46	31	63	37
a bad thing	8	8	3	4	13	16	7	15
neither good nor bad	19	26	17	21	32	42	23	40
DK / NA	8	8	10	3	9	10	8	8
TOTAL	99	100	100	100	100	99	101	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
a good thing	65	51	61	74	59	57	67	
a bad thing	9	19	7	2	5	7	11	
neither good nor bad	23	24	23	15	30	33	14	
DK / NA	3	6	9	10	6	3	8	
TOTAL	100	100	100	101	100	100	100	

TABLE 3.6.B MEMBERSHIP: A “GOOD THING” OR A “BAD THING”?
(% BY DEMOGRAPHICS)

Question: Generally speaking, do you think that (COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union would be...?
(READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2	TOTAL	SEX		AGE			
	CC-13 AVERAGE	male	female	15-24	25-39	40-54	55+
N=	12098	5510	6588	1951	3069	3108	3940
a good thing	64	69	60	73	66	61	57
a bad thing	8	9	8	8	8	8	8
neither good nor bad	19	18	21	16	20	21	21
DK / NA	8	5	12	3	7	9	14
TOTAL	99	101	101	100	101	99	100
MAIN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY							
	Self employed	Managers	Other white collars	Manual workers	House persons	Un- employed	Retired
N=	944	1159	1030	2130	1002	1132	3347
a good thing	68	77	63	66	59	60	58
a bad thing	8	3	13	8	11	7	8
neither good nor bad	18	17	21	21	15	26	21
DK / NA	6	2	3	5	15	7	13
TOTAL	100	99	100	100	100	100	100
TERMINAL EDUCATION AGE				KNOWLEDGE SCALE			
	below 15	16-19	20 and above	still studying	-	+/-	+
N=	2596	5388	2694	1322	4740	6002	993
a good thing	59	62	74	76	53	72	79
a bad thing	10	8	5	7	10	7	9
neither good nor bad	18	24	18	15	23	19	9
DK / NA	13	6	4	3	14	3	3
TOTAL	100	100	101	101	100	101	100

TABLE 3.7 REFERENDUM ABOUT MEMBERSHIP (% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And, if there were to be a referendum tomorrow on the question of (COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union, would you personally vote for or against it?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
For	72	68	74	84	57	40	70	49
Against	13	14	4	8	18	31	11	27
Would not vote	6	8	8	2	14	15	13	9
DK / NA	10	9	14	6	10	14	5	15
TOTAL	101	99	100	100	99	100	99	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
For	73	54	70	83	69	78	72	
Against	12	30	14	2	10	10	16	
Would not vote	7	5	5	7	12	7	2	
DK / NA	9	10	10	8	9	5	10	
TOTAL	101	99	99	100	100	100	100	

TABLE 3.8 LIKELIHOOD OF PARTICIAPTION IN THE EU REFERENDUM
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And, using this card, can you tell me how likely it is that you would vote in a referendum on the question of (country)'s membership of the European Union? (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE) "1" means "will definitively not vote", and "10" means "will definitively vote"

CC EB 2003.2	CC-13 AVERAGE	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
DK / NA	6	4	11	3	6	8	2
will definitively not vote	7	8	7	4	12	13	13
2	3	3	3	1	4	6	3
3	2	3	2	3	3	7	2
4	2	2	1	2	3	4	2
5	5	6	4	7	5	8	6
6	4	4	4	3	4	5	2
7	5	5	4	5	7	7	4
8	8	7	8	8	9	9	6
9	10	7	6	9	12	8	6
will definitively vote	49	52	49	55	36	26	55
TOTAL	101	101	99	100	101	101	101
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey
DK / NA	10	5	4	7	4	3	7
will definitively not vote	6	6	5	6	12	9	6
2	3	1	2	2	4	2	3
3	2	1	3	3	3	1	2
4	1	1	2	2	1	2	1
5	2	5	7	3	7	5	4
6	1	1	4	3	4	4	4
7	3	2	6	4	3	4	5
8	4	3	6	6	7	6	10
9	9	6	5	6	11	6	14
will definitively vote	58	69	57	58	44	57	43
TOTAL	99	100	101	100	100	99	99

TABLE 3.9 PERCIEVED PERSONAL BENEFIT OF EU MEMBERSHIP (% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Do you think that (COUNTRY) becoming a member of the European Union would bring you personally advantages, or not?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia			
	Yes		53 + 1		44 + 4		47 + 6		54 + 17		37 + 1		28 - 1		47 - 1		34 + 1	
	No		29 - 1		36 - 1		33 - 5		28 - 18		42 + 2		48 + 3		37 + 6		44 0	
	DK / NA		18 0		20 - 2		19 - 2		18 + 1		21 - 3		24 - 2		16 - 5		23 0	
TOTAL		100		100		99		100		100		100		100		101		
		Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey				
Yes		54 + 14		51 + 11		45 + 5		45 - 7		46 + 2		44 + 11		67 - 3				
No		17 - 3		31 - 5		35 - 4		29 + 10		33 - 1		45 - 10		20 - 2				
DK / NA		30 - 9		18 - 6		19 - 1		27 - 2		21 - 1		11 - 1		12 + 4				
TOTAL		101		100		99		101		100		100		99				

TABLE 3.10 PERSONAL NET BENEFIT OF EU MEMBERSHIP
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Do you think that (COUNTRY) becoming a member of the European Union would bring you personally...?
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
much more disadvantages	4 -1	3 -1	1 0	3 -3	8 +3	6 0	2 0	7 -1
more disadvantages	10 +1	13 +1	6 -3	6 -9	17 +4	22 +2	11 +3	19 0
as many advantages as disadvantages	20 -2	28 -1	22 -2	27 -11	28 +1	26 +2	33 +4	28 +4
more advantages	33 0	31 +1	33 +3	39 +16	27 +3	22 0	32 -3	27 0
many more advantages	15 +1	8 +1	13 +3	12 +5	3 -2	5 0	8 -2	4 0
DK / NA	19 +2	18 +1	26 0	13 +3	17 -9	20 -3	14 -2	16 -1
TOTAL	101	101	101	100	100	101	100	101
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
much more disadvantages	7 +1	9 +1	2 -2	3 +1	6 +2	1 -1	5 -2	
more disadvantages	8 -3	17 -6	12 0	4 +1	15 +3	7 -4	9 0	
as many advantages as disadvantages	18 -1	18 +3	26 -5	22 +5	31 +3	44 -2	11 -3	
more advantages	32 +4	31 +4	32 0	30 -2	30 +3	31 +10	36 -2	
many more advantages	20 +9	16 +2	8 +2	10 -4	6 -2	7 0	25 +1	
DK / NA	16 -9	9 -5	21 +5	32 0	12 -9	11 -2	14 +6	
TOTAL	101	100	101	101	100	101	100	

TABLE 3.11 COUNTRY BENEFIT OF EU MEMBERSHIP
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Taking everything into consideration, would you say that (COUNTRY) could get advantages or not from being a member of the European Union?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Yes, it could	70	64	72	87	51	42	72	47
No, it couldn't	15	20	7	5	27	33	14	29
DK / NA	15	16	21	8	22	25	14	24
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Yes, it could	69	58	66	77	66	75	75	
No, it couldn't	13	26	20	5	19	14	14	
DK / NA	18	16	14	18	15	11	11	
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

TABLE 3.12 NET BENEFIT OF EU MEMBERSHIP (% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Do you think that becoming a member of the European Union would bring (COUNTRY) ...? (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY))

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
much more disadvantages	4	3	1	1	8	3	2	6
more disadvantages	9	12	4	5	18	20	10	20
as many advantages as disadvantages	19	24	19	22	31	33	25	31
more advantages	39	39	38	48	29	27	43	32
many more advantages	19	11	25	20	6	5	13	6
DK / NA	11	10	14	4	8	11	7	5
TOTAL	101	99	101	100	100	99	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
much more disadvantages	4	8	2	2	3	2	6	
more disadvantages	9	14	12	3	12	6	7	
as many advantages as disadvantages	16	24	20	26	34	42	10	
more advantages	36	30	41	38	36	36	39	
many more advantages	26	18	11	19	11	11	27	
DK / NA	9	5	13	12	4	3	12	
TOTAL	100	99	99	100	100	100	101	

TABLE 3.13 BENEFITS FROM ACCESSION FOR VARIOUS GROUPS IN SOCIETY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: For each of the following groups, do you think they would get more advantages, as many advantages as disadvantages or more disadvantages from (COUNTRY) becoming a member of the European Union? (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - READ OUT GROUPS – ROTATE – MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGUN ASKING THE LIST)

1. Those whose speak foreign languages (**Who speaks foreign languages**)
2. Large businesses
3. Politicians
4. Professionals / specialists, such as lawyers, doctors, architects, etc.
(**Professionals**)
5. Young people
6. All the (nationality)
7. The inhabitants of (CAPITAL OF THE COUNTRY) (**Inhabitants of capital**)
8. Some parts of (COUNTRY), more than others (**Some regions more than others**)
9. Children
10. Employed people
11. Factory workers
12. Small and medium size businesses (**SMEs**)
13. Teachers
14. Civil servants
15. Middle-aged people
16. Farmers
17. Inhabitants of rural areas (**Rural population**)
18. The unemployed
19. Pensioners
20. Elderly people
21. Those who don't speak any foreign language (**Who don't speak languages**)
22. People belonging to cultural, religious or other minorities (**Minority people**)
23. Self-employed, craftsmen
24. Office workers in the private sector
25. Managers in the private sector

(CONT.)

TABLE 3.13 BENEFITS FROM ACCESSION FOR VARIOUS GROUPS IN SOCIETY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: For each of the following groups, do you think they would get more advantages, as many advantages as disadvantages or more disadvantages from (COUNTRY) becoming a member of the European Union? (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - READ OUT GROUPS - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGUN ASKING THE LIST)

	CCEB 2003.2 +: more advantages -: more disadvantaged		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Who speak foreign languages	80	2	85	1	80	0	86	0	86	0	82	0	90	1	84	1
Large businesses	70	3	69	3	71	1	78	2	51	7	69	2	67	3	71	3
Politicians	69	5	76	3	67	3	63	4	55	4	83	1	79	1	81	2
Professionals	70	3	74	2	61	1	65	4	73	2	61	2	84	1	62	4
Young people	72	4	74	3	76	1	75	3	68	5	66	3	76	2	66	3
All nationality	44	10	27	15	36	5	53	6	20	19	13	18	24	9	12	21
Inhabitants of capital	51	5	45	4	51	1	42	3	43	5	29	6	48	2	30	10
Some regions more than others	49	7	45	8	32	3	40	5	33	11	26	17	47	4	23	18
Children	64	4	63	4	65	2	76	2	44	6	44	6	75	2	43	9
Employed people	49	7	35	9	48	4	43	17	31	13	27	13	30	12	27	12
Factory workers	43	11	26	16	38	5	32	29	21	19	17	19	18	23	22	20
SMEs	41	14	24	22	37	8	14	50	18	24	12	30	21	24	12	39
Teachers	49	6	39	7	34	4	37	8	33	8	27	10	50	4	30	12
Civil servants	53	6	53	5	44	3	36	9	43	8	62	4	45	5	55	6
Middle-aged people	36	13	19	19	31	10	30	9	18	19	12	27	16	21	11	37
Farmers	39	22	25	35	31	13	43	24	9	56	18	38	20	33	9	54
Rural population	36	22	21	35	22	21	40	22	9	46	14	44	15	40	7	55
The unemployed	48	17	32	27	44	14	36	30	15	38	22	32	22	33	20	34
Pensioners	32	19	12	31	25	22	39	7	8	44	16	37	18	33	12	42
Elderly people	30	22	10	32	23	22	39	7	7	46	11	41	14	36	7	49
Who don't speak languages	26	34	8	48	10	35	8	55	4	62	4	60	6	59	4	65
Minority people	37	9	20	9	23	9	20	10	14	12	18	12	19	12	19	11
Self-employed, craftsmen	41	12	26	19	27	9	22	34	24	22	18	23	18	24	19	24
Office workers in private sector	44	7	29	9	29	6	24	13	18	13	13	16	20	11	22	13
Managers in private sector	55	5	49	5	41	4	47	7	44	5	27	13	48	5	30	11

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "as many advantages as disadvantages", "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

(CONT.)

TABLE 3.13 BENEFITS FROM ACCESSION FOR VARIOUS GROUPS IN SOCIETY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: For each of the following groups, do you think they would get more advantages, as many advantages as disadvantages or more disadvantages from (COUNTRY) becoming a member of the European Union? (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - READ OUT GROUPS – ROTATE – MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGUN ASKING THE LIST)

	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-		
Who speak foreign languages	79	1	67	5	85	1	74	1	89	0	83	1	76	3
Large businesses	75	2	71	7	74	2	65	1	68	3	67	5	71	4
Politicians	75	3	68	8	81	2	65	4	70	3	69	7	63	8
Professionals	62	4	72	6	75	2	62	2	75	1	74	2	69	5
Young people	82	3	64	14	76	3	64	4	76	4	66	4	72	5
All nationality	37	10	49	19	28	15	39	5	24	17	43	9	65	6
Inhabitants of capital	37	7	39	11	46	5	40	4	61	3	47	5	61	6
Some regions more than others	33	8	40	10	53	7	39	4	34	14	50	7	59	6
Children	59	4	61	18	68	3	59	3	51	6	50	5	67	5
Employed people	47	7	48	22	36	6	40	8	40	7	39	12	67	6
Factory workers	40	9	42	27	27	13	36	10	31	10	23	29	65	6
SMEs	37	18	29	38	27	19	41	6	22	22	28	24	60	8
Teachers	39	7	55	10	41	6	44	4	28	9	32	8	64	6
Civil servants	45	5	44	19	60	3	38	5	42	8	49	8	59	7
Middle-aged people	28	16	34	22	19	17	32	8	18	23	19	15	56	7
Farmers	35	25	37	34	32	28	37	15	14	46	15	56	57	11
Rural population	27	29	38	34	27	29	34	15	13	43	14	49	55	11
The unemployed	41	16	35	33	40	21	39	14	27	39	30	28	70	6
Pensioners	22	22	37	28	11	24	29	17	7	55	14	23	56	8
Elderly people	20	24	37	28	8	25	27	20	7	58	12	23	54	10
Who don't speak languages	15	34	18	45	10	40	20	35	5	64	10	50	50	17
Minority people	28	9	29	21	22	5	32	10	16	15	24	12	58	9
Self-employed, craftsmen	34	11	36	31	28	17	38	7	31	14	34	15	58	7
Office workers in private sector	31	7	46	14	36	7	43	3	30	8	23	14	63	6
Managers in private sector	40	6	57	11	53	3	54	2	47	6	52	7	64	5

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "as many advantages as disadvantages", "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 3.14 IMAGE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And, in general, do you have a very positive, fairly positive, neutral, fairly negative or very negative image of the European Union?

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
very negative	5	0	3	-1	1	-1	3	-4	5	0	5	0	3	+1	5	-3
fairly negative	13	0	10	-4	4	-2	3	-10	17	-1	16	-3	8	-1	18	0
neutral	22	-1	29	-1	19	-2	19	-11	29	+3	45	+1	31	+5	35	+3
fairly positive	39	+3	42	+4	41	+4	48	+14	39	+5	25	+1	46	-3	34	+2
very positive	15	-2	10	+1	24	-3	25	+13	6	-3	3	0	8	-1	4	-1
DK / NA	7	+1	5	0	11	+4	2	-1	3	-4	5	0	5	0	4	-1
TOTAL	99		100		100		100		99		99		101		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
very negative	3	-1	13	-3	3	-2	4	+2	3	-1	1	-3	8	+2		
fairly negative	8	-2	10	-3	9	-6	5	+3	9	-1	5	-7	19	+2		
neutral	26	-13	21	+1	26	-5	15	+5	34	+1	30	-7	16	-3		
fairly positive	41	+7	27	+4	43	+6	24	+2	39	+3	49	+15	39	-1		
very positive	16	+9	24	+2	12	+3	40	-10	11	-1	12	+4	11	-1		
DK / NA	6	-1	4	-1	7	+3	11	-3	4	-2	3	-1	6	+1		
TOTAL	100		99		100		99		100		100		99			

TABLE 3.15 MEANING OF EUROPEAN UNION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Taking everything into consideration, what will the European Union have brought in ten years' time for the European citizens? (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

1. A better quality of life for most people (**Better quality of life**)
2. More opportunities for people like me to find work (**More opportunities to work**)
3. More equality between men and women (**More equality between genders**)
4. Less discrimination against foreigners and people from other cultures or ethnic groups (**Less discrimination against foreigners**)
5. More difficulty in making decisions because more countries will have joined (**Deteriorated decision-making**)
6. A higher level of unemployment (**Higher unemployment**)
7. The use of Euro as the single currency in the European Union (**Use of Euro as single currency**)
8. It will be easier to travel, study, work and live anywhere in the European Union (**Easier travel, work, studying, living within Europe**)
9. More social problems (redundancies, strikes, disputes (**More social problems**))
10. There won't be a European Union anymore (spontaneous) (**No EU anymore**)
11. Other (spontaneous)

CCEB 2003.2	CC-13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Better quality of life	66	59	65	60	46	30	70	44
More opportunities to work	53	47	46	39	38	23	51	28
More equality between genders	41	28	29	58	24	12	29	13
Less discrimination against foreigners	40	37	39	53	25	18	44	28
Deteriorated decision-making	28	25	31	30	40	29	27	39
Higher unemployment	16	17	11	39	26	23	18	26
Use of Euro as single currency	58	69	62	65	64	47	70	65
Easier travel, work, studying, living within Europe	66	74	67	82	64	49	77	64
More social problems	17	20	15	32	24	27	24	33
No EU anymore	2	2	0	..	5	1	2	4
Other	1	2	1	1	3	1	2	1
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Better quality of life	62	59	62	66	64	51	73	
More opportunities to work	50	46	49	47	54	41	62	
More equality between genders	24	57	29	32	27	30	59	
Less discrimination against foreigners	27	41	41	41	36	34	44	
Deteriorated decision-making	16	34	20	23	34	27	32	
Higher unemployment	14	26	12	13	18	25	16	
Use of Euro as single currency	67	61	71	62	71	73	44	
Easier travel, work, studying, living within Europe	75	68	77	59	77	67	60	
More social problems	20	28	15	13	29	23	15	
No EU anymore	2	2	2	2	2	4	2	
Other	0	1	1	1	2	2	0	

TABLE 3.16 MEANING OF BEING A CITIZEN OF THE EUROPEAN UNION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Which of the following, do you think "being a citizen of the European Union" means? (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

1. The right to move permanently to any country in the European Union (**Right to move**)
2. The right to work in any country in the European Union (**Right to work**)
3. The right to vote in local elections in the member state in which you reside (**Local elections**)
4. The right to vote in national elections in the member state in which you reside (**National elections**)
5. The right to vote in European Parliament elections in the member state in which you reside (**EP elections**)
6. Access to healthcare and social welfare anywhere in the European Union (**Healthcare**)
7. Being able to study in any European Union country (**Studies**)
8. Others

CCEB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Right to move	71	69	59	85	68	51	70	65
Right to work	77	81	71	80	77	61	84	77
Local elections	34	29	32	34	29	11	26	30
National elections	32	29	33	30	25	10	24	26
EP elections	34	35	37	32	31	11	30	29
Healthcare	63	62	64	68	60	40	66	57
Studies	70	76	63	87	73	54	75	71
Other (spontaneous)	3	4	2	1	6	1	6	4
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Right to move	65	63	71	67	61	58	76	
Right to work	80	69	84	76	84	66	73	
Local elections	33	38	29	41	36	31	37	
National elections	30	34	31	40	35	31	33	
EP elections	29	34	39	44	37	32	30	
Healthcare	55	57	63	70	62	64	61	
Studies	75	64	78	68	79	64	65	
Other (spontaneous)	2	4	4	4	3	9	2	

TABLE 3.17 FEARS RELATED TO THE EUROPEAN UNION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Some people may have fears about the building of Europe, the European Union. Here is a list of things which some people say they are afraid of. For each one, please tell me if you – personally – are currently afraid of it, or not?

1. A loss of power for smaller member states (**Loss of power**)
2. An increase in drug trafficking and international organized crime (**Increase in org. crime**)
3. Our language being used less and less (**Abandoning language**)
4. Richer countries paying more than others (**Richer countries pay**)
5. Joining the EU will cost (COUNTRY) too much money (**Accession expensive**)
6. The loss of social benefits (**Loss of social benefits**)
7. The loss of national identity and culture (**Loss of identity, culture**)
8. The end of [NATIONAL CURRENCY] (**End of natl. currency**)
9. The transfer of jobs to countries which have lower production costs (**Transferred jobs**)
10. More difficulties for [NATIONALITY] farmers (**Problems for farmers**)

	CC-13 AVERAGE		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Loss of power	30	54	32	56	23	51	26	72	45	42	53	36	39	50
Increase in org. crime	48	39	53	39	43	38	79	18	56	37	67	24	59	35
Abandoning language	35	54	25	69	23	61	44	54	44	49	54	40	23	71
Richer countries pay	23	56	24	59	13	54	16	81	25	56	20	52	25	55
Accession expensive	45	38	57	32	47	24	38	59	66	24	57	26	62	27
Loss of social benefits	23	59	24	59	16	60	28	70	29	55	27	51	20	65
Loss of identity, culture	30	56	21	69	19	61	48	50	37	54	42	45	17	74
End of natl. currency	42	45	41	51	25	56	46	52	49	42	52	38	49	43
Transferred jobs	34	47	43	41	21	45	62	36	57	29	44	34	57	31
Problems for farmers	43	41	56	31	32	38	43	54	66	22	54	29	66	24
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Loss of power	24	54	49	44	26	62	23	53	32	54	35	53	30	52
Increase in org. crime	54	31	50	44	49	43	46	36	61	31	57	35	42	40
Abandoning language	33	53	34	62	16	79	22	62	27	66	37	55	51	35
Richer countries pay	17	50	24	57	24	62	17	53	23	54	21	65	26	53
Accession expensive	44	37	42	45	55	34	40	34	60	28	47	39	32	47
Loss of social benefits	16	60	40	52	22	60	13	58	34	48	37	50	26	58
Loss of identity, culture	20	56	36	59	15	76	16	63	23	67	29	61	46	39
End of natl. currency	34	47	42	54	38	54	34	47	38	52	23	68	48	38
Transferred jobs	33	44	53	34	37	47	22	49	40	44	41	45	29	53
Problems for farmers	46	33	44	43	52	36	29	46	61	25	57	32	34	50

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 3.18 THE EXPECTED ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION IN FIVE YEARS' TIME
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: In your opinion, in five years' time, will the European Union play a more important, a less important or the same role in your daily life?

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
more important	46 +1	47 +4	49 +6	63 +8	40 +2	40 +4	47 +1	41 +8
less important	13 +2	7 -2	4 0	7 +1	9 +1	5 -1	11 -2	8 +1
same role	27 -5	32 -2	24 -5	16 -6	36 +2	35 -8	30 0	35 -8
DK / NA	14 +2	14 -1	23 0	13 -3	15 -5	19 +3	11 0	15 -1
TOTAL	100	100	100	99	100	99	99	99
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
more important	43 +11	53 +7	49 +4	50 -1	52 +4	47 +5	44 -2	
less important	5 +1	10 -1	6 -3	7 +1	8 0	10 +1	21 +4	
same role	38 -7	24 -3	31 -3	28 +3	25 +1	37 -1	22 -10	
DK / NA	15 -4	13 -2	14 +2	15 -4	15 -4	6 -5	13 +8	
TOTAL	101	100	100	100	100	100	100	

TABLE 3.19 THE DESIRED ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION IN FIVE YEARS' TIME (%)
BY COUNTRY)

Question: And in five years' time, would you like the European Union to play a more important, a less important or the same role in your daily life?

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
more important	57 +4	53 +6	67 +5	72 +14	41 +3	31 +2	56 0	36 +1
less important	10 -1	8 -3	2 -3	7 -3	12 -2	13 0	10 -1	15 +2
same role	20 -4	25 -2	9 -3	10 -3	30 0	36 -6	24 +1	33 -1
DK / NA	13 +1	13 -2	22 +1	11 -7	17 -2	20 +4	9 -2	16 -2
TOTAL	100	99	100	100	100	100	99	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
more important	46 +14	53 +6	58 +9	71 +2	58 +1	51 +7	56 +2	
less important	6 -1	11 -5	6 -5	3 0	9 +1	9 -3	15 -1	
same role	31 -9	23 +1	23 -3	13 +1	19 +2	32 -1	17 -9	
DK / NA	16 -5	13 -2	13 -1	12 -4	15 -2	7 -4	12 +7	
TOTAL	99	100	100	99	101	99	100	

TABLE 3.20 PRIORITY OF KEY ISSUES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I am going to read out a list of actions that the European Union could undertake. For each of them, please tell me, if in your opinion, it should be a priority, or not? (READ OUT)

1. Successful enlargement of the European Union to include new member countries (M)
(Successful enlargement)
2. Getting closer to European citizens, for example by giving them more information about the European Union, its policies and its institutions **(Getting closer to citizens)**
3. Successfully implementing the single European currency, the euro (M)
(Implementing the Euro)
4. Fighting poverty and social exclusion **(Fighting poverty)**
5. Protecting the environment
6. Guaranteeing the quality of food products (N) **(Guaranteed food quality)**
7. Protecting consumers and guaranteeing the quality of other products (M)
(Consumers' protection)
8. Fighting unemployment
9. Reforming the institutions of the European Union and the way they work
(Institutional reform)
10. Fighting organised crime and drug trafficking **(Organized crime)**
11. Asserting the political and diplomatic importance of the European Union around the world **(Importance of EU)**
12. Maintaining peace and security in Europe **(Peace and security)**
13. Guaranteeing the rights of the individual and respect for the principles of democracy in Europe **(Guaranteeing rights in Europe)**
14. Fighting terrorism (N)
15. Fighting illegal immigration (N))

CCEB 2003.2 +: priority -: not a priority	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Successful enlargement	56	27	58	26	64	9	64	21	64	18	28	57	63	24	41	47
Getting closer to citizens	56	28	58	28	55	17	82	11	63	24	61	25	62	26	56	34
Implementing the Euro	49	36	55	32	57	19	58	31	52	33	41	47	58	32	42	49
Fighting poverty	80	9	82	9	84	2	96	2	77	12	84	8	82	9	82	12
Protecting the environment	67	21	75	16	67	11	90	5	72	17	81	11	83	10	68	25
Guaranteed food quality	64	24	66	23	65	14	89	3	68	21	70	21	75	16	65	27
Consumers' protection	63	24	64	25	59	17	88	8	65	23	65	26	75	16	58	35
Fighting unemployment	83	7	86	7	81	5	95	2	76	13	87	7	85	7	84	12
Institutional reform	40	38	40	38	31	28	52	25	38	34	32	43	41	38	33	47
Organized crime	73	15	82	10	81	4	96	2	81	10	90	4	85	8	87	10
Importance of the EU	44	38	46	37	51	19	66	19	44	37	45	36	55	30	48	40
Peace and security	74	15	83	9	83	3	96	1	80	11	88	5	86	7	85	12
Guaranteeing rights in Europe	64	21	70	18	68	12	91	5	67	18	70	17	74	16	64	26
Fighting terrorism	76	14	81	11	81	4	97	1	81	10	86	6	83	10	79	15
Fighting illegal immigration	57	27	58	27	61	14	85	8	60	24	60	28	67	21	63	28

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know", "no answer".

(CONT.)

TABLE 3.20 PRIORITY OF KEY ISSUES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: I am going to read out a list of actions that the European Union could undertake. For each of them, please tell me, if in your opinion, it should be a priority, or not? (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2 +: priority -: not a priority	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Successful enlargement	55	22	61	27	57	27	66	18	69	17	59	31	50	33
Getting closer to citizens	57	19	69	21	53	32	59	24	78	13	58	32	53	30
Implementing the Euro	52	28	45	48	54	32	65	19	64	23	66	27	36	48
Fighting poverty	83	6	90	4	82	9	85	7	86	9	85	9	77	11
Protecting the environment	68	16	93	4	73	17	72	15	79	14	77	15	57	29
Guaranteed food quality	66	17	90	5	59	28	74	14	83	12	75	18	58	28
Consumers' protection	66	17	90	5	57	30	71	16	80	14	69	24	61	25
Fighting unemployment	86	3	90	7	89	5	82	9	90	5	87	7	80	8
Institutional reform	37	30	63	24	39	41	45	29	53	25	38	47	40	43
Organized crime	81	6	90	5	79	12	82	7	89	7	81	13	61	25
Importance of the EU	54	22	61	23	40	42	50	28	60	23	52	36	38	44
Peace and security	82	7	93	4	81	10	82	7	92	4	87	8	60	26
Guaranteeing rights in Europe	61	16	85	7	70	19	69	14	79	13	68	23	56	29
Fighting terrorism	79	8	89	7	80	12	81	8	87	7	79	14	67	20
Fighting illegal immigration	60	18	82	10	51	32	62	20	70	20	70	22	53	30

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know", "no answer".

TABLE 3.21 SUPPORT FOR KEY INITIATIVES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

1. A European Monetary Union with one single currency, the euro **(one single currency)**
2. One common foreign policy among the member states of the European Union, towards other countries **(common foreign policy)**
3. A common defence and security policy among European Union member states **(common defence policy)**
4. The enlargement of the European Union to include new countries **(enlargement of the EU)**
5. The European Union being responsible for matters that cannot be effectively handled by national, regional and local governments **(EU solves unhandled matters)**
6. The resignation of the President of the European Commission and the European Commissioners if they do not have the support of a majority in the European Parliament **(resignation of commissioners)**
7. Teaching school children about the way European Union institutions work **(teaching children how EU works)**

CCEB 2003.2 +: for -: against	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
one single currency	64	21	69	17	70	7	72	20	66	21	54	32	69	15	56	26
common foreign policy	65	14	67	16	66	8	82	6	56	24	56	23	68	15	63	17
common defence policy	73	10	80	9	74	4	89	4	76	13	74	11	85	5	81	8
enlargement of the EU	72	10	75	9	75	2	80	6	66	12	52	17	76	9	63	14
EU solves unhandled matters	58	16	62	15	53	12	77	6	53	18	60	15	68	12	60	20
resignation of commissioners	59	9	65	7	44	4	63	8	56	8	65	5	61	9	70	9
teaching children how EU works	76	8	78	8	69	5	91	5	64	13	69	12	79	7	78	11
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-		
one single currency	64	18	52	36	70	17	79	6	75	14	88	7	54	31		
common foreign policy	62	12	52	21	70	15	73	5	74	13	76	13	60	16		
common defence policy	73	6	53	23	80	8	78	3	84	7	83	9	64	14		
enlargement of the EU	66	8	68	15	79	7	82	2	77	6	83	7	65	15		
EU solves unhandled matters	63	11	60	22	63	15	58	11	55	20	73	12	54	20		
resignation of commissioners	55	8	69	10	69	6	51	8	58	11	75	9	57	13		
teaching children how EU works	73	7	74	15	82	7	78	4	78	8	76	13	74	10		

TABLE 3.22 REPLACING NATIONAL CURRENCY WITH EURO
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Are you for or against the European Union having one European currency in all member states, including (OUR COUNTRY) once we have joined? That is, replacing the (NAME OF NATIONAL CURRENCY) by the European currency, the Euro ? Are you... ? (READ OUT)

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
very much against	15	- 1	8	+ 1	5	0	7	- 4	12	+ 3	16	+ 2	7	0	11	+ 2
somewhat against	14	+ 2	12	+ 1	4	- 2	14	+ 3	21	+ 4	22	- 1	9	+ 1	17	- 3
somewhat for	31	+ 3	36	+ 3	23	- 6	33	+ 2	31	- 3	36	+ 4	43	+ 7	40	+ 3
very much for	28	- 3	32	- 2	49	+ 11	37	+ 4	23	+ 3	16	- 5	30	- 4	18	- 5
Neither for, nor against	5	- 2	7	- 2	10	+ 1	6	+ 1	7	- 5	5	- 2	9	0	11	+ 5
DK / NA	6	0	5	- 1	9	- 3	2	- 6	6	- 3	4	+ 1	2	- 3	4	0
TOTAL	99		100		100		99		100		99		100		101	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
very much against	7	- 3	22	+ 4	7	+ 1	6	+ 2	5	- 2	2	0	28	- 6		
somewhat against	15	0	12	- 5	10	+ 1	5	0	11	- 1	8	+ 1	19	+ 2		
somewhat for	41	+ 1	20	- 2	34	+ 4	33	+ 7	38	+ 9	44	0	26	+ 4		
very much for	19	+ 5	34	+ 2	38	- 2	44	0	31	- 6	41	- 1	17	- 4		
Neither for, nor against	11	+ 1	8	+ 1	5	- 4	6	- 5	10	+ 1	3	0	3	0		
DK / NA	7	- 3	4	+ 1	5	0	6	- 4	5	- 2	2	- 1	7	+ 3		
TOTAL	100		100		99		100		100		100		100			

TABLE 3.23 INTENDED PARTICIPATION ON EP ELECTIONS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Imagine that (COUNTRY) is already a member of the European Union by the time of the next European Parliament election. Using this card, can you tell me how likely it is that you would vote in that election. 1 indicates "will definitely not vote", 10 indicates "will definitely vote".

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2		CC 13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
DK / NA		10	+1	9	-1	17	-3	8	-5	10	-5	13	-1	3	+1	15	-2
Will definitely not vote		6	-2	6	-3	7	0	4	-9	10	-2	12	+1	10	+2	10	+3
2		2	-1	2	-2	3	-2	1	-3	5	+1	6	-1	3	-1	3	0
3		3	-1	3	-1	3	0	2	0	4	0	6	-2	2	-1	3	-1
4		3	-1	3	-2	2	-1	2	-1	3	+1	6	0	2	-1	2	-2
5		7	-2	9	-2	5	-1	6	-4	9	-1	11	-1	11	+2	9	+1
6		5	-1	7	+1	6	+1	6	0	5	0	8	0	5	+1	5	0
7		8	-1	8	-2	6	0	7	-2	10	0	7	-1	5	-1	7	-2
8		9	-1	9	0	6	-1	12	+4	11	+2	9	+1	8	-1	10	+2
9		9	+1	8	+2	6	-2	6	+2	9	+3	5	+1	8	0	8	+1
Will definitely vote		39	+7	35	+9	39	+9	45	+17	24	+2	17	+4	43	0	27	-1
TOTAL		101		99		100		99		100		100		100		99	
		Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
DK / NA		23	+1	12	+1	9	+1	8	-2	9	-1	6	+1	9	+5		
Will definitely not vote		6	-3	12	0	3	-6	5	+2	8	+2	8	0	6	-2		
2		3	0	2	-2	1	-4	2	-2	4	+1	2	0	2	+1		
3		3	-1	2	-1	3	-2	3	0	4	+1	3	0	2	-2		
4		2	-1	1	-2	4	-2	3	0	1	-1	2	-2	2	-1		
5		7	-2	6	+1	9	-3	4	0	10	0	9	-3	6	-2		
6		4	-3	2	-2	8	0	3	-1	6	0	7	+1	4	-2		
7		5	-5	4	-2	8	-4	6	-1	8	-1	8	+2	8	-1		
8		8	-2	6	-4	9	0	6	-1	10	0	7	-1	10	-2		
9		8	0	4	-3	9	+4	8	+1	8	0	7	-3	11	+1		
Will definitely vote		31	+15	50	+15	37	+15	53	+4	32	-1	41	+4	39	+5		
TOTAL		100		101		100		101		100		100		99			

TABLE 4.1.A COMMON FOREIGN POLICY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. - One common foreign policy among the member states of the European Union, towards other countries (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
For	65	67	66	82	56	56	68	63
Against	14	16	8	6	24	23	15	17
DK / NA	21	17	26	12	20	21	17	20
TOTAL	65	67	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
For	62	52	70	73	74	76	60	
Against	12	21	15	5	13	13	16	
DK / NA	26	27	16	22	13	11	25	
TOTAL	100	100	101	100	100	100	101	

TABLE 4.1.B COMMON FOREIGN POLICY
(% BY DEMOGRAPHICS)

Question: What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. - One common foreign policy among the member states of the European Union, towards other countries (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

CCEB 2003.2	TOTAL	SEX		AGE			
	CC-13 AVERAGE	male	female	15-24	25-39	40-54	55+
N=	12098	5510	6588	1951	3069	3108	3940
For	65	70	60	65	68	67	60
Against	14	16	12	17	15	14	10
DK / no opinion	21	14	28	18	17	19	30
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
MAIN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY							
	Self employed	Managers	Other white collars	Manual workers	House persons	Un-employed	Retired
N=	944	1159	1030	2130	1002	1132	3347
For	71	79	69	69	51	67	64
Against	13	15	20	13	13	15	11
DK / no opinion	17	5	11	18	35	18	25
TOTAL	101	99	100	100	99	100	100
TERMINAL EDUCATION AGE				EU MEMBERSHIP			
	below 15	16-19	20 and above	still studying	good thing	bad thing	neither good nor bad
N=	2596	5388	2694	1322	7170	1005	3113
For	57	69	78	66	77	31	57
Against	12	14	14	20	9	44	20
DK / no opinion	30	17	7	14	14	24	23
TOTAL	99	100	99	100	100	99	100

TABLE 4.2 JOINT DECISION MAKING IN FOREIGN POLICY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made solely by the (NATIONALITY) government, or made jointly within the European Union, once (COUNTRY) becomes a member? - foreign policy towards countries (SHOW CARD)

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
Solely by COUNTRY	29	+ 2	22	+ 1	15	- 5	12	0	20	+ 2	22	+ 1	35	+ 5	18	- 4
Jointly with the EU	58	- 1	67	+ 2	66	+ 4	81	+ 4	65	+ 5	63	- 4	56	- 1	71	0
DK / NA	12	- 2	11	- 3	19	+ 1	7	- 4	16	- 6	15	+ 2	10	- 3	10	+ 3
TOTAL	100		100		100		100		101		100		101		99	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
Solely by COUNTRY	18	- 3	27	- 2	22	+ 2	14	+ 4	14	+ 2	15	+ 2	44	+ 2		
Jointly with the EU	64	+ 5	58	0	68	+ 2	69	+ 1	79	+ 3	77	- 2	45	- 2		
DK / NA	18	- 2	15	+ 3	10	- 4	16	- 6	7	- 5	7	- 1	11	0		
TOTAL	100		100		100		99		100		99		100			

TABLE 4.3 EUROPEAN FOREIGN MINISTER
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: The European Union already has a Common Security and Foreign Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? - The European Union should have its own Foreign Minister, who can be the spokesperson for a common European Union position (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Tend to agree	58	61	52	79	50	49	69	69
Tend to disagree	13	15	6	5	23	22	12	11
DK / NA	29	25	42	16	27	29	20	20
TOTAL	100	101	100	100	100	100	101	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Tend to agree	58	62	60	60	63	71	55	
Tend to disagree	11	12	14	7	15	12	15	
DK / NA	31	26	26	32	23	18	30	
TOTAL	100	100	100	99	101	101	100	

TABLE 4.4 COMMON SECURITY POLICY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. - A common defence and security policy among European Union member states (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
For	73	80	74	89	76	74	85	81
Against	10	9	4	4	13	11	5	8
DK / NA	17	11	23	7	11	16	10	11
TOTAL	100	100	101	100	100	101	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
For	73	53	80	78	84	83	64	
Against	6	23	8	3	7	9	14	
DK / NA	20	23	11	19	9	8	21	
TOTAL	99	99	99	100	100	100	99	

TABLE 4.5 JOINT DECISION MAKING IN SECURITY POLICY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made solely by the (NATIONALITY) government, or made jointly within the European Union, once (COUNTRY) becomes a member? - defence (SHOW CARD)

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2		CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
Solely by COUNTRY		42	- 2	27	- 1	34	- 10	29	- 5	21	+ 3	27	- 1	44	+ 11	19	- 1
Jointly with the EU		50	+ 4	66	+ 3	51	+ 8	68	+ 6	69	+ 1	66	+ 1	50	- 9	75	0
DK / NA		8	- 1	7	- 2	16	+ 3	3	- 1	10	- 4	7	0	7	- 1	6	+ 2
TOTAL		100		100		101		100		100		100		101		100	
		Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
Solely by COUNTRY		36	+ 1	46	- 3	25	- 6	27	+ 1	17	- 2	23	+ 2	66	- 6		
Jointly with the EU		52	+ 3	47	+ 4	69	+ 8	61	+ 4	78	+ 3	71	- 2	27	+ 6		
DK / NA		12	- 4	6	- 2	6	- 2	11	- 5	5	- 2	6	- 1	7	+ 1		
TOTAL		100		99		100		99		100		100		100			

TABLE 4.6 EUROPEAN ARMY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: The European Union already has a Common Security and Foreign Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? - The European Union should have a rapid military reaction force that can be sent quickly to trouble spots when an international crisis occurs (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Tend to agree	70	74	67	90	64	72	72	76
Tend to disagree	11	12	6	3	19	13	15	10
DK / NA	19	15	27	7	17	15	13	14
TOTAL	100	101	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Tend to agree	61	45	78	73	69	74	65	
Tend to disagree	15	38	8	7	14	11	13	
DK / NA	24	17	13	20	16	15	22	
TOTAL	100	100	99	100	99	100	100	

TABLE 4.7 CONCRETE MEASURES RELATED TO CFSP (% BY COUNTRY)

Question: The European Union already has a Common Security and Foreign Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

1. The European Union should have a rapid military reaction force that can be sent quickly to trouble spots when an international crisis occurs **(European army)**
2. When an international crisis occurs, European Union member states should agree a common position **(Common opinion)**
3. The European Union should have its own Foreign Minister, who can be the spokesperson for a common European Union position **(Common foreign minister)**
4. The European Union should have its own seat on the United Nations Security Council **(Own seat on UN Security Council)**
5. Member states which have opted for neutrality should have a say in European Union foreign policy **(Neutrals should have a say)**
6. Countries which will join the European Union in 2004 as a result of enlargement should already have a say in European Union foreign policy **(New members should have a say)**
7. European Union foreign policy should be independent of United States foreign policy **(Independent foreign policy)**
8. The European Union should guarantee Human Rights in each member state, even if this is contrary to the wishes of some member states **(Guaranteed human rights)**
9. The European Union should work to guarantee Human Rights around the world, even if this is contrary to the wishes of some other countries **(Guaranteed human abroad)**
10. The European Union should have a common immigration policy towards people from outside the European Union **(Common immigration policy)**
11. The European Union should have a common asylum policy towards asylum seekers **(Common asylum policy)**

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
European army	70	11	74	12	67	6	90	3	64	19	72	13	72	15	76	10
Common opinion	75	7	83	6	75	4	91	2	81	8	84	5	82	6	82	6
Common foreign minister	58	13	61	15	52	6	79	5	50	23	49	22	69	12	69	11
Own seat on UN Security Council	59	12	61	13	63	3	84	2	53	18	66	11	67	11	68	12
Neutrals should have a say	47	22	49	24	35	17	56	16	40	28	51	19	26	56	63	17
New members should have a say	53	18	63	15	54	6	61	17	76	7	45	28	61	22	59	20
Independent foreign policy	67	9	73	8	71	4	79	4	79	8	75	10	82	5	79	8
Guaranteed human rights in EU	69	8	74	8	72	2	94	1	69	11	74	8	82	6	74	10
Guaranteed human rights abroad	63	12	63	17	68	4	93	1	49	28	54	21	76	11	63	18
Common immigration policy	60	13	63	16	61	4	81	5	61	18	59	20	71	15	65	16
Common asylum policy	63	11	64	16	63	5	79	6	62	18	57	22	77	10	67	18

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).
(CONT.)

TABLE 4.7 CONCETRATE MEASURES RELATED TO CFSP (% BY COUNTRY)

Question: The European Union already has a Common Security and Foreign Policy and a European Security and Defence Policy. There is now a debate about how much further these should be developed. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
European army	61	15	45	38	78	8	73	7	69	14	74	11	65	13
Common opinion	78	5	63	21	84	5	77	4	85	6	79	7	65	10
Common foreign minister	58	11	62	12	60	14	60	7	63	15	71	12	55	15
Own seat on UN Security Council	64	7	67	8	59	14	61	6	67	11	66	13	55	13
Neutrals should have a say	51	13	69	5	57	17	48	18	40	28	50	26	46	22
New members should have a say	71	4	74	5	61	16	56	16	68	12	57	24	42	24
Independent foreign policy	62	10	63	11	69	8	65	9	79	7	75	9	61	12
Guaranteed human rights in EU	65	8	78	4	74	8	70	7	70	11	75	8	63	10
Guaranteed human rights abroad	61	12	79	6	65	15	61	12	56	21	57	22	63	9
Common immigration policy	58	12	57	18	61	16	64	8	64	17	61	16	56	12
Common asylum policy	64	11	57	19	61	17	68	6	67	16	65	14	60	9

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 4.8 WHO SHOULD TAKE DECISIONS ON EUROPEAN DEFENCE POLICY?
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: In your opinion, should decisions concerning European defence policy be taken by national government, by NATO or by the European Union?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
National governments	26	20	11	13	28	21	10	22
NATO	14	20	6	1	14	11	18	15
The European Union	43	44	61	82	37	50	55	46
Other (spontaneous)	1	1	0	..	2	2	1	1
DK / NA	16	15	21	5	19	16	16	16
TOTAL	100	100	99	101	100	100	100	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
National governments	11	50	23	20	14	18	36	
NATO	18	3	25	11	11	14	9	
The European Union	45	39	39	52	59	58	38	
Other (spontaneous)	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	
DK / NA	25	8	14	17	15	9	16	
TOTAL	100	100	101	101	101	100	100	

TABLE 5.1 FOR OR AGAINST THE ENLARGEMENT
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. - The enlargement of the European Union to include new countries (READ OUT - ROTATE - MARK ON « R » FIELD WHERE YOU BEGIN ASKING THE LIST)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
For	72	75	75	80	66	52	76	63
Against	10	9	2	6	12	17	9	14
DK / NA	18	16	23	14	22	30	15	24
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	101
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
For	66	68	79	82	77	83	65	
Against	8	15	7	2	6	7	15	
DK / NA	26	17	13	16	17	10	21	
TOTAL	100	100	99	100	100	100	101	

TABLE 5.2 ATTITUDES TOWARDS ENLARGEMENT
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Thinking about the enlargement of the European Union to include new European countries, including (COUNTRY), do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? (READ OUT)

1. (COUNTRY) has a lot to offer to the EU (**Country has a lot of offer**)
2. The more countries there will be in the European Union, the more peace and security will be guaranteed in Europe (**More members – more security**)
3. Being a member of the European Union would help the (NATIONALITY) economy (**Membership helps economy**)
4. With the enlargement, (COUNTRY) would be able to have its voice heard more strongly in Europe (**Increased presence in Europe**)
5. (COUNTRY)'s leaders are doing what is needed to become a member of the European Union in the near future (**Country leaders do what is needed**)
6. The more member countries within the European Union, the more important it will be in the world (**More members - increased global importance**)
7. (COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union is historically and geographically natural, justified (**Membership is justified**)
8. With more member countries, Europe will be culturally richer (**More members - culturally richer Europe**)
9. (COUNTRY)'s membership of the EU would lead to a higher quality of life (**Membership - higher quality of life**)
10. With the enlargement, there would be more unemployment in (COUNTRY) (**Membership increases unemployment**)

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Country has lot to offer	57	26	56	29	38	37	60	21	53	29	19	65	51	33	35	51
More members - more security	67	16	74	13	74	7	91	5	62	23	62	21	80	11	60	24
Membership helps economy	69	13	66	17	74	9	74	12	55	26	54	26	66	17	52	28
Increased presence in Europe	65	16	63	19	57	19	94	2	45	34	51	31	64	21	55	26
Country leaders do what is needed	59	22	71	14	45	26	92	4	57	23	80	7	83	6	77	13
More members - increased global importance	69	12	74	10	75	4	92	2	71	14	69	12	83	7	71	15
Membership is justified	67	12	69	13	75	4	84	3	60	17	48	26	75	12	62	20
More members - culturally richer Europe	67	14	69	15	72	5	79	6	55	25	52	26	78	10	58	26
Membership - higher quality of life	63	16	59	19	69	9	70	13	51	26	38	36	62	19	42	32
Membership increases unemployment	23	50	26	45	15	49	53	27	36	34	42	31	28	47	39	33

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

(CONT.)

TABLE 5.2 ATTITUDES TOWARDS ENLARGEMENT
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Thinking about the enlargement of the European Union to include new European countries, including (COUNTRY), do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? (READ OUT)

	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Country has lot to offer	33	46	56	35	64	24	62	19	49	34	46	37	59	23
More members - more security	68	16	64	27	78	9	76	5	73	14	67	20	54	25
Membership helps economy	66	15	59	27	71	14	75	6	69	16	64	20	70	12
Increased presence in Europe	53	20	68	21	71	14	71	7	54	27	69	19	65	16
Country leaders do what is needed	72	9	89	5	69	14	49	26	72	15	74	14	50	30
More members - increased global importance	64	13	80	12	73	10	74	5	79	8	77	11	61	18
Membership is justified	59	13	65	21	71	13	69	5	70	11	70	13	63	15
More members - culturally richer Europe	57	17	73	13	73	12	67	8	70	13	73	14	63	16
Membership - higher quality of life	61	14	58	26	62	17	69	8	61	19	52	24	64	15
Membership increases unemployment	19	49	32	48	22	49	21	44	24	46	30	42	21	58

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 5.3 MEANING OF EUROPE
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: What does the European Union mean to you personally? (CARD Q30A AND Q30B SHOW CARD - READ OUT - MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE – ROTATE TOP TO BOTTOM/BOTTOM TO TOP)

1. Peace
2. Economic prosperity
3. Social protection
4. Freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in the European Union (**free moving within the EU**)
5. Cultural diversity
6. Stronger say in the world
7. Euro
8. Unemployment
9. Bureaucracy
10. Waste of money
11. Loss of our cultural identity
12. More crime
13. Not enough control at external frontiers (**more controls at external frontiers**)
14. Other (SPONTANEOUS)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
peace	54	52	59	84	40	26	62	33
economic prosperity	55	43	59	48	45	11	46	33
social protection	44	31	49	58	26	16	38	33
free moving within the EU	67	74	67	81	69	53	65	61
cultural diversity	41	38	52	42	36	14	46	26
stronger say in the world	39	39	41	56	30	14	36	24
Euro	48	56	59	48	62	38	49	47
unemployment	18	18	12	25	25	19	18	21
bureaucracy	20	26	15	17	31	27	16	24
waste of money	15	17	13	14	24	18	10	21
loss of our cultural identity	16	12	11	20	23	24	8	23
more crime	17	21	12	33	29	21	21	25
more control at external frontiers	21	15	12	23	20	14	15	19
other	2	2	1	1	4	1	2	3

(CONT.)

TABLE 5.3 MEANING OF EUROPE
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: What does the European Union mean to you personally? (CARD Q30A AND Q30B SHOW CARD - READ OUT - MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE – ROTATE TOP TO BOTTOM/BOTTOM TO TOP)

	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey
peace	49	48	55	67	55	49	51
economic prosperity	54	44	40	58	60	40	68
social protection	43	36	29	49	39	31	54
free moving within the EU	73	68	79	68	79	61	60
cultural diversity	36	42	37	40	44	38	43
stronger say in the world	30	50	45	32	36	37	41
Euro	57	44	57	58	62	64	35
unemployment	16	21	15	12	21	17	21
bureaucracy	20	16	29	10	22	21	17
waste of money	19	16	17	10	17	18	15
loss of our cultural identity	19	28	8	6	17	16	23
more crime	19	12	16	11	29	32	15
more control at external frontiers	16	13	12	13	24	19	30
other	1	2	2	3	3	2	1

TABLE 5.4 ANTICIPATED SUPPORT FOR COUNTRY'S MEMBERSHIP IN THE EU
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And do you think that people in the current Member States of the European Union are ... welcoming new countries, such as (COUNTRY)?

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
very much against	12	+ 2	2	- 1	7	0	1	0	4	- 1	3	0	1	- 1	4	0
somewhat against	19	0	13	- 5	20	+ 1	5	- 12	24	0	26	- 4	9	- 1	26	- 8
somewhat in favour of	36	+ 2	51	+ 9	26	- 4	39	+ 2	34	+ 11	38	+ 7	52	+ 6	37	+ 4
very much in favour of	6	- 1	7	+ 2	8	+ 3	30	+ 14	3	+ 1	3	- 1	11	+ 4	2	- 1
Some are in favour, others are against	12	- 2	17	- 2	15	+ 2	11	- 2	25	- 4	15	+ 1	17	- 9	16	+ 3
Neither in favour nor against	2	0	3	0	1	0	2	+ 1	3	- 1	1	- 1	2	+ 1	4	+ 1
DK / NA	13	- 1	8	- 1	24	- 1	12	- 2	7	- 4	15	- 1	8	+ 1	11	0
TOTAL	100		101		101		100		100		101		100		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
very much against	2	- 2	2	0	1	- 1	1	- 1	1	- 2	4	- 2	27	+ 5		
somewhat against	14	- 16	5	- 6	9	- 7	8	- 2	14	- 7	20	- 4	28	+ 5		
somewhat in favour of	43	+ 14	40	- 3	58	+ 8	33	+ 9	47	+ 12	55	+ 7	21	- 6		
very much in favour of	7	+ 5	33	+ 19	7	+ 2	7	- 5	8	+ 2	6	+ 3	5	- 2		
Some are in favour, others are against	16	+ 2	11	- 4	16	0	26	+ 5	19	0	6	- 4	2	- 3		
Neither in favour nor against	6	+ 1	2	- 1	2	- 1	6	+ 2	2	- 1	1	0	1	0		
DK / NA	13	- 5	8	- 3	6	- 1	19	- 8	11	- 2	8	- 1	15	0		
TOTAL	101		101		99		100		102		100		99			

TABLE 5.5 SUPPORT FOR OTHER COUNTRIES MEMBERSHIP
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: For each of the following countries, would you be in favour of or against it becoming a member of the European Union? (NOTE: EXCLUDE YOUR COUNTRY FROM THE LIST, KEEP CODES UNCHANGED, THOUGH)

CCEB 2003.2 +: in favour -: against	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
Bulgaria	66	14	73	7	..	..	75	13	63	12	63	6	64	14	79	5
Cyprus	71	10	74	5	75	2	..	..	67	7	62	5	73	7	77	6
Czech Rep.	72	10	83	3	78	1	83	5	..	..	69	3	75	7	81	4
Estonia	66	12	76	6	76	1	78	8	63	10	..	..	63	14	86	3
Hungary	70	11	83	3	78	1	85	5	77	4	68	3	..	..	81	4
Latvia	66	12	75	7	76	2	71	10	63	11	72	3	63	14	..	..
Lithuania	66	12	76	7	76	2	77	9	64	10	72	3	63	15	86	3
Malta	66	12	75	5	75	2	91	2	69	5	62	5	75	6	77	5
Poland	66	13	78	5	78	1	86	4	77	4	64	6	77	6	80	6
Romania	60	17	67	14	74	4	80	10	54	21	59	8	54	27	76	8
Slovakia	69	11	81	4	77	1	79	9	81	2	63	5	71	11	79	5
Slovenia	68	11	78	4	77	1	78	8	73	6	61	6	74	8	77	6
Turkey	70	13	65	15	67	10	15	77	51	21	48	17	60	20	64	17
CCEB 2003.2 +: in favour -: against	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-		
Bulgaria	66	7	66	9	79	4	90	3	77	8	72	11	51	26		
Cyprus	61	8	69	8	78	3	87	4	76	7	76	7	62	18		
Czech Rep.	71	4	67	8	86	1	89	3	91	1	82	4	55	19		
Estonia	77	4	68	7	81	3	88	3	74	9	79	6	48	23		
Hungary	70	5	68	7	86	1	86	5	83	7	80	5	52	21		
Latvia	78	3	67	8	82	4	88	3	75	9	76	8	48	23		
Lithuania	..	..	67	8	82	4	88	3	74	9	77	8	48	22		
Malta	62	8	..	..	77	4	87	4	77	7	79	5	48	24		
Poland	73	6	70	8	..	..	90	3	88	3	80	5	50	22		
Romania	63	10	66	11	72	10	..	..	71	15	71	13	51	22		
Slovakia	69	6	67	7	85	2	89	3	..	..	78	7	49	23		
Slovenia	67	7	68	7	82	2	88	3	82	6	..	..	48	22		
Turkey	53	17	56	22	72	11	86	6	68	16	68	16	..	..

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 5.6 CURRENT SPEED OF EU ACCESSION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: In your opinion, what is the current speed of the accession process? Please look at these figures (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE)

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2		CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
standing still		15	+3	1	-2	5	+1	1	-1	1	0	1	0	1	-3	2	-2
2		11	0	3	-5	18	-2	1	-1	4	-1	1	-1	6	-4	2	-5
3		14	-5	12	-8	24	-5	2	-7	12	-4	7	-7	22	-5	7	-11
4		18	-3	21	-5	21	+3	7	-11	22	-7	16	-7	28	+1	14	-6
5		14	0	21	+4	10	+2	18	-9	24	+5	23	0	22	+5	22	+6
6		7	+2	13	+6	2	-1	27	+7	12	+3	21	+6	7	+2	15	+7
running as fast as possible		11	+6	19	+12	2	+1	41	+27	12	+8	22	+10	7	+4	30	+11
DK / NA		11	-2	9	-3	18	+1	3	-6	12	-5	11	+2	7	0	9	+1
TOTAL		101		99		100		100		99		102		100		101	
		Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
standing still		1	-1	1	+1	1	-3	7	-2	1	-2	2	0	34	+7		
2		1	-4	1	+1	3	-6	14	+2	3	-5	3	-4	17	+2		
3		5	-8	1	-1	11	-9	21	+3	11	-6	11	-7	14	-3		
4		12	-11	6	-6	20	-6	22	+3	23	-1	24	-8	12	-3		
5		14	-8	12	-13	20	+4	13	0	21	+1	26	+4	7	-3		
6		14	+4	12	-7	15	+9	3	-2	14	+5	12	+3	2	0		
running as fast as possible		39	+27	65	+29	22	+15	3	0	14	+7	19	+14	6	+2		
DK / NA		13	-2	2	-2	8	-4	17	-5	13	+1	4	0	10	0		
TOTAL		99		100		100		100		100		101		102			

TABLE 5.7 DESIRED SPEED OF EU ACCESSION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And which corresponds best to the speed you would like? (SHOW SAME CARD)

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2		CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
standing still		5	-2	4	-3	1	-1	2	-10	8	-4	9	+2	4	+1	11	-3
2		3	-1	4	-1	3	-2	2	-2	6	0	9	-1	4	0	7	0
3		4	-2	6	-2	6	-3	3	-3	7	+1	19	+3	9	+1	8	-1
4		8	-1	12	-2	11	0	4	-3	12	0	19	-1	20	+4	10	-3
5		12	-2	16	-2	21	0	13	0	18	+2	15	0	22	+1	15	+1
6		16	+2	17	+1	17	0	22	+3	16	+2	8	+1	20	-1	12	+4
running as fast as possible		41	+7	29	+10	21	+2	50	+22	16	0	6	-1	13	-4	23	+4
DK / NA		12	-1	12	-3	21	+5	3	-7	17	-2	15	-2	8	-1	14	-1
TOTAL		101		100		101		99		100		100		100		100	
		Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
standing still		4	-2	11	+3	3	-3	1	0	2	-2	5	-8	7	-3		
2		3	-2	7	-2	3	-1	1	0	3	-1	5	-4	2	-1		
3		5	-3	4	-11	4	-3	2	0	6	+1	8	-6	3	-1		
4		8	-6	12	0	11	-2	4	0	13	+1	15	-1	5	0		
5		12	-6	9	-8	15	-2	10	-2	17	-2	19	+2	8	-1		
6		11	-3	8	-5	17	+2	17	+3	21	+2	17	+5	13	+2		
running as fast as possible		38	+25	41	+21	38	+15	49	+1	20	+1	22	+11	54	+3		
DK / NA		20	-1	8	+2	11	-4	16	-2	17	-2	8	-1	9	+2		
TOTAL		101		100		102		100		99		99		101			

TABLE 5.8 INFORMED ABOUT ENLARGEMENT
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: How well informed do you feel about the enlargement that is new countries joining the European Union? Do you feel...? (READ OUT)

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
Not at all informed	21	+ 1	9	- 2	23	+ 3	12	- 5	10	- 2	13	- 2	16	+ 1	10	- 1
Not very well informed	45	- 4	48	- 4	47	- 6	49	- 10	50	+ 4	61	- 3	55	- 3	58	- 4
Well informed	26	+ 1	37	+ 6	22	+ 1	34	+ 14	32	0	20	+ 4	26	+ 1	27	+ 4
Very well informed	3	+ 1	4	+ 1	3	0	5	+ 2	2	0	1	0	2	0	1	0
DK / NA	4	+ 1	3	0	4	+ 1	0	- 1	5	- 3	4	+ 1	1	+ 1	4	+ 1
TOTAL	99		101		99		100		99		99		100		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
Not at all informed	11	- 2	18	- 2	6	- 4	16	- 2	10	0	4	+ 1	37	+ 5		
Not very well informed	55	- 2	41	- 1	44	- 7	52	0	50	+ 2	34	- 7	40	- 4		
Well informed	25	+ 3	35	+ 3	44	+ 11	24	0	32	- 1	53	+ 5	15	- 5		
Very well informed	2	+ 1	6	+ 4	5	+ 2	4	+ 1	4	0	6	0	3	+ 2		
DK / NA	7	0	1	- 3	2	0	3	+ 1	4	+ 1	2	0	6	+ 4		
TOTAL	100		101		101		99		100		99		101			

TABLE 5.9 INFORMED ABOUT ACCESSION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And how well informed do you feel about (COUNTRY)'s accession process? Do you feel...? (READ OUT)

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
Not at all informed	20	+ 1	7	- 3	18	+ 2	10	- 3	8	- 3	10	- 3	14	0	6	- 2
Not very well informed	42	- 8	45	- 8	49	- 2	43	- 10	51	+ 5	61	- 3	52	- 6	56	- 8
Well informed	31	+ 6	41	+ 10	27	0	38	+ 10	34	+ 2	23	+ 5	30	+ 4	33	+ 10
Very well informed	4	+ 2	5	+ 3	3	0	9	+ 5	3	+ 1	2	+ 1	3	+ 1	1	0
DK / NA	4	+ 2	3	0	3	0	0	- 2	4	- 4	4	+ 1	1	+ 1	4	+ 1
TOTAL	101		101		100		100		100		100		100		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
Not at all informed	7	- 5	12	0	4	- 5	15	- 1	10	0	3	+ 1	35	+ 3		
Not very well informed	47	- 10	29	- 7	40	- 14	49	- 6	49	0	29	- 9	36	- 9		
Well informed	34	+ 10	49	+ 6	48	+ 16	28	+ 5	34	+ 1	59	+ 6	20	+ 1		
Very well informed	3	+ 3	10	+ 4	6	+ 4	5	+ 1	4	0	8	+ 3	3	+ 1		
DK / NA	8	+ 1	1	- 3	2	0	4	+ 2	3	- 1	1	- 1	5	+ 3		
TOTAL	99		101		100		101		100		100		99			

TABLE 5.10 AWARENESS OF EU FUNDS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Do you think that (COUNTRY) already gets money from the European Union, to help it in the accession process, or not?

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
Yes, it does get money	55	+ 3	60	+ 6	37	+ 2	44	+ 8	54	+ 7	60	+ 12	55	+ 4	46	+ 1
No, it does not get any money	21	- 1	17	- 5	18	- 2	23	- 3	16	0	12	- 8	24	- 1	19	- 4
DK / NA	24	- 2	22	- 2	45	0	33	- 5	30	- 7	29	- 3	20	- 4	34	+ 2
TOTAL	100		99		100		100		100		101		99		99	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
Yes, it does get money	51	+ 8	40	+ 1	65	+ 5	57	+ 9	63	+ 9	57	+ 15	50	- 4		
No, it does not get any money	21	+ 2	38	+ 5	15	- 8	11	+ 1	14	- 3	21	- 12	29	+ 2		
DK / NA	29	- 10	21	- 7	19	+ 2	32	- 9	23	- 6	22	- 3	21	+ 2		
TOTAL	101		99		99		100		100		100		100			

TABLE 6.1.A AWARENESS OF THE EU (% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** Have you heard of...? (READ OUT)

1. the European Union (EU)
2. the United Nations (UN)
3. NATO
4. the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (**OSCE**)
5. the Council of Europe
6. the International Court of Justice in the Hague (**International Court of Justice**)
7. the European Court of Human Rights (**Eur. Court of Human Rights**)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
European Union	97	99	95	100	99	98	99	99
United Nations	93	96	92	100	98	96	96	95
NATO	92	98	94	98	97	98	97	98
OSCE	59	66	55	58	57	69	55	65
Council of Europe	69	75	62	84	60	74	74	76
International Court of Justice	67	85	74	94	81	69	86	79
Eur. Court of Human Rights	79	81	71	95	68	76	77	86
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
European Union	99	100	100	96	99	99	95	
United Nations	82	93	98	91	96	95	89	
NATO	94	90	98	95	99	98	84	
OSCE	48	45	70	67	79	69	50	
Council of Europe	64	78	78	75	86	77	61	
International Court of Justice	60	65	88	78	89	97	42	
Eur. Court of Human Rights	75	80	85	77	84	86	78	

TABLE 6.1.B AWARENESS OF THE EU (% BY DEMOGRAPHICS)**Question:** Have you heard of...? (READ OUT)

	TOTAL	SEX		AGE			
	CC-13 AVERAGE	male	female	15-24	25-39	40-54	55+
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	12098	5510	6588	1951	3069	3108	3940
European Union	97	99	95	99	98	98	94
United Nations	93	97	88	96	93	94	88
NATO	92	97	87	92	93	93	89
OSCE	59	69	49	50	63	68	53
Council of Europe	69	78	60	70	72	73	60
International Court of Justice	67	75	59	57	66	76	68
Eur. Court of Human Rights	79	87	71	81	83	82	69
MAIN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY							
	Self employed	Managers	Other white collars	Manual workers	House persons	Un- employed	Retired
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	944	1159	1030	2130	1002	1132	3347
European Union	97	100	99	99	92	99	96
United Nations	94	99	99	96	81	97	90
NATO	92	99	99	96	78	92	93
OSCE	66	88	78	62	40	58	57
Council of Europe	68	95	83	74	50	71	65
International Court of Justice	63	97	83	75	38	67	73
Eur. Court of Human Rights	83	96	90	85	64	81	72
TERMINAL EDUCATION AGE				EU MEMBERSHIP			
	below 15	16-19	20 and above	still studying	good thing	bad thing	neither good nor bad
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	2596	5388	2694	1322	7170	1005	3113
European Union	93	99	100	100	99	99	98
United Nations	85	98	99	98	96	93	93
NATO	83	97	99	97	95	92	91
OSCE	44	68	82	56	65	51	54
Council of Europe	52	77	90	78	76	57	64
International Court of Justice	46	80	94	69	72	51	67
Eur. Court of Human Rights	67	85	92	85	86	70	76

TABLE 6.2.A TRUST IN THE EUROPEAN UNION (% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? (READ OUT)

1. the European Union (EU)
2. the United Nations (UN)
3. NATO
4. the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (**OSCE**)
5. the Council of Europe
6. the International Court of Justice in the Hague (**International Court of Justice**)
7. the European Court of Human Rights (**Eur. Court of Human Rights**)

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
European Union	59	25	63	19	68	13	78	13	53	24	48	32	75	17	54	31
United Nations	56	25	65	17	57	18	52	41	56	24	56	21	73	16	56	24
NATO	54	25	60	21	44	31	19	67	45	32	48	31	67	21	52	33
OSCE	36	16	42	13	41	14	42	12	29	15	36	20	43	14	37	19
Council of Europe	41	18	47	13	45	13	66	12	29	15	34	20	57	11	42	21
International Court of Justice	48	12	66	9	53	15	81	10	54	12	43	16	71	9	52	15
Eur. Court of Human Rights	58	15	65	8	55	12	87	6	48	11	51	14	64	11	59	17
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-		
European Union	66	14	54	31	62	17	73	11	66	21	68	17	49	38		
United Nations	53	13	60	21	68	14	65	15	57	25	58	24	44	37		
NATO	56	18	45	24	67	12	66	15	38	46	45	38	45	31		
OSCE	32	10	29	8	46	11	53	10	48	19	41	18	23	20		
Council of Europe	41	11	45	18	50	12	58	11	53	18	45	19	29	26		
International Court of Justice	40	10	47	8	72	6	65	9	66	14	60	22	22	16		
Eur. Court of Human Rights	60	8	64	8	72	5	66	8	65	12	59	16	46	26		

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 6.2.B TRUST IN THE EUROPEAN UNION (% BY DEMOGRAPHICS)**Question:** And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? (READ OUT)

	TOTAL	SEX		AGE			
	CC-13 AVERAGE	male	female	15-24	25-39	40-54	55+
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	12098	5510	6588	1951	3069	3108	3940
European Union	59	61	57	64	58	59	56
United Nations	56	58	55	62	55	54	55
NATO	54	59	50	56	56	53	52
OSCE	36	41	31	32	36	41	35
Council of Europe	41	46	37	43	40	44	38
International Court of Justice	48	52	44	40	47	54	50
Eur. Court of Human Rights	58	62	54	60	60	59	52
MAIN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY							
	Self employed	Managers	Other white collars	Manual workers	House persons	Un- employed	Retired
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	944	1159	1030	2130	1002	1132	3347
European Union	56	74	62	66	47	57	57
United Nations	53	69	58	61	42	60	56
NATO	56	61	59	59	42	54	52
OSCE	35	56	45	41	21	34	38
Council of Europe	34	64	46	49	25	41	41
International Court of Justice	41	77	59	55	24	48	55
Eur. Court of Human Rights	55	74	66	64	42	59	56
TERMINAL EDUCATION AGE				EU MEMBERSHIP			
	below 15	16-19	20 and above	still studying	good thing	bad thing	neither good nor bad
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	2596	5388	2694	1322	7170	1005	3113
European Union	51	60	70	70	77	14	36
United Nations	47	60	67	65	69	25	42
NATO	46	56	65	62	67	26	38
OSCE	25	40	54	38	46	11	24
Council of Europe	29	45	60	52	55	10	25
International Court of Justice	29	58	74	51	57	23	40
Eur. Court of Human Rights	45	63	74	65	69	30	47

TABLE 6.3 ACTORS WITH MOST INFLUENCE ON EU DECISIONS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Which one of the following do you think has most influence on decision-making within the European Union? (SHOW CARD - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Citizens	15	15	7	15	16	7	9	12
National governments	15	14	14	26	20	25	10	15
The European Commission	12	13	6	11	9	8	14	10
The European Parliament	25	31	28	29	26	27	46	27
National parliaments (N)	4	4	5	3	6	8	3	7
Businesses	2	3	1	1	1	1	0	1
Trade unions	1	0	..	0	0	1	0	0
Pressure groups, lobbies	3	3	1	2	7	4	3	5
Other (spontaneous)	2	1	0	..	1	0	0	1
DK / NA	21	16	38	14	14	20	16	22
TOTAL	100	100	100	101	100	101	101	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Citizens	24	16	15	11	18	10	17	
National governments	8	20	13	11	14	23	18	
The European Commission	11	15	14	19	9	10	10	
The European Parliament	24	32	29	31	34	32	16	
National parliaments (N)	4	3	4	3	6	6	4	
Businesses	1	1	6	0	2	1	1	
Trade unions	0	1	0	0	0	..	1	
Pressure groups, lobbies	3	0	1	1	4	4	5	
Other (spontaneous)	0	0	1	3	1	0	3	
DK / NA	24	12	17	19	13	14	25	
TOTAL	99	100	100	98	101	100	100	

TABLE 6.4 WHO SHOULD HAVE THE MOST INFLUENCE ON EU DECISIONS (% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And which one of the following do you think should have the most influence? (SHOW SAME CARD - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Citizens	39	42	19	33	46	30	29	35
National governments	14	12	11	23	14	23	10	16
The European Commission	6	5	3	8	3	3	7	6
The European Parliament	17	24	29	16	22	12	34	19
National parliaments (N)	4	5	6	7	4	11	3	9
Businesses	1	0	0	1	0	1	..	0
Trade unions	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
Pressure groups, lobbies	1	0	0	0	..	0	..	..
Other (spontaneous)	2	0	..	..	0	0	0	0
DK / NA	16	12	32	12	10	18	15	14
TOTAL	101	101	100	100	100	99	98	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Citizens	40	48	44	27	47	48	43	
National governments	9	18	11	12	8	10	17	
The European Commission	7	6	5	14	5	4	4	
The European Parliament	17	12	23	22	25	21	7	
National parliaments (N)	3	3	4	5	6	7	3	
Businesses	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	
Trade unions	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	
Pressure groups, lobbies	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	
Other (spontaneous)	1	1	0	2	1	0	3	
DK / NA	21	11	11	17	7	9	18	
TOTAL	99	101	98	100	99	100	99	

TABLE 6.5 THE WAY HOW EUROPEAN UNION WORKS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? (READ OUT)

1. Decisions taken by the European Union have an impact on my daily life (**EU decisions impact daily life**)
2. Decisions taken by the European Union are generally sound (**EU decisions are sound**)
3. All in all, I understand how the European Union works (**clear how EU works**)
4. (OUR COUNTRY)'s influence is important within the European Union (**important COUNTRY's influence**)
5. The European Union listens to the opinions of people like me (**EU listen to peoples opinion**)
6. Big countries have the most power in the European Union (**big countries have most power**)
7. Small countries can protect their interests effectively in the European Union (**effective protection of interests**)
8. The way that the European Union works is too complex (**EU works in too complex way**)
9. More responsibilities should be transferred from the member states to the European Union (**more responsibilities**)
10. The European Union will work well after enlargement (**EU work well after enlargement**)
11. After enlargement, there will be more bureaucracy in the European Union (**more bureaucracy**)
12. There should be closer co-operation between member states in economic matters (**closer economical co-operation**)
13. There should be closer co-operation between member states in social matters (**closer social co-operation**)

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
EU decisions impact daily life	34	49	36	51	15	63	52	27	31	48	34	51	49	42	26	63
EU decisions are sound	46	23	50	19	34	11	61	10	32	30	39	29	61	14	32	27
clear how EU works	38	41	45	37	22	50	57	34	30	50	37	42	34	55	40	45
important COUNTRY's influence	43	35	37	42	10	63	56	18	15	64	15	68	20	62	14	73
EU listen to peoples opinion	22	54	17	62	6	72	19	58	10	71	5	82	18	62	7	81
big countries have most power	69	13	76	11	75	4	84	7	76	13	78	9	77	10	78	12
effective protection of interests	40	31	42	31	28	35	68	12	31	41	26	50	36	37	32	43
EU works in too complex way	47	21	49	22	40	10	47	20	29	19	48	24	62	17	49	26
more responsibilities	42	22	40	27	34	10	51	11	28	37	26	31	44	24	30	37
EU work well after enlargement	49	15	48	15	48	6	53	5	33	24	21	30	52	14	32	22
more bureaucracy	39	24	47	24	22	27	46	15	53	19	55	14	40	26	50	20
closer economical co-operation	72	8	81	6	73	1	83	2	77	7	81	4	82	5	84	5
closer social co-operation	73	8	80	7	75	1	84	2	74	9	83	4	84	6	84	5

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).
(CONT.)

TABLE 6.5 THE WAY HOW EUROPEAN UNION WORKS
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? (READ OUT)

	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
EU decisions impact daily life	26	54	66	21	35	54	32	43	35	48	37	52	34	48
EU decisions are sound	45	17	59	21	55	17	55	9	46	19	48	22	39	33
clear how EU works	35	36	39	41	53	29	44	31	40	42	58	27	30	46
important COUNTRY's influence	34	42	57	31	51	25	43	30	21	62	50	34	53	26
EU listen to peoples opinion	12	66	46	35	20	58	22	51	16	64	18	64	29	45
big countries have most power	72	10	67	20	77	11	73	7	76	9	75	13	59	18
effective protection of interests	42	30	53	24	48	25	44	23	34	37	46	32	38	32
EU works in too complex way	41	26	56	22	51	24	37	20	47	22	41	39	48	21
more responsibilities	40	17	37	27	42	26	38	18	47	26	50	25	45	20
EU work well after enlargement	41	15	48	19	53	12	52	8	49	11	52	16	48	19
more bureaucracy	33	25	33	35	49	25	22	31	34	27	49	22	39	22
closer economical co-operation	76	5	74	5	82	6	75	3	83	3	82	6	61	13
closer social co-operation	76	5	74	4	81	7	75	3	83	4	82	7	63	11

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 6.6 AWARENESS OF EU INSTITUTIONS AND BODIES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Have you heard of...? (READ OUT)

1. The European Parliament
2. The European Commission
3. The Council of Ministers of the European Union (**Council of Ministers of the EU**)
4. The Court of Justice of the European Communities (**Court of Justice**)
5. The European Ombudsman
6. The European Central Bank
7. The European Court of Auditors
8. The Committee of the Regions of the European Union (**Committee of the EU Regions**)
9. The Economic and Social Committee of the European Union (**Economic and Social Committee**)
10. The Convention on the future of the European Union (**Convention on the future**)

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
European Parliament	75	22	83	14	72	25	86	12	78	17	75	19	82	18	83	13
European Commission	66	31	74	22	57	39	72	25	55	36	62	30	70	29	69	24
Council of Ministers of the EU	50	45	57	37	47	48	66	30	41	48	45	44	67	32	53	38
Court of Justice	46	48	50	44	44	51	90	8	37	52	45	43	52	46	56	36
European Ombudsman	33	62	52	42	16	78	51	42	31	57	21	64	49	50	39	52
European Central Bank	54	42	60	36	59	36	62	32	64	27	60	29	52	47	77	18
European Court of Auditors	24	69	22	70	25	69	28	60	15	72	24	61	38	60	39	52
Committee of the EU Regions	24	70	28	64	13	81	24	62	17	71	24	61	34	63	35	56
Social and Economic Committee	28	66	33	60	16	79	40	50	28	60	29	58	39	59	34	56
Convention on the future	26	68	32	60	14	80	40	48	25	63	43	46	28	70	31	59

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).
(CONT.)

TABLE 6.6 AWARENESS OF EU INSTITUTIONS AND BODIES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Have you heard of...? (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2 +: have heard of -: haven't heard of	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
European Parliament	77	17	92	8	85	14	76	20	90	8	86	12	67	30
European Commission	67	24	80	18	82	16	68	27	75	21	73	23	56	40
Council of Ministers of the EU	47	38	64	32	57	37	48	45	68	27	64	30	44	52
Court of Justice	51	36	60	35	49	46	41	52	77	19	51	41	44	52
European Ombudsman	16	64	47	49	61	35	35	56	59	35	75	19	13	83
European Central Bank	57	30	59	36	58	39	53	40	70	26	68	25	48	49
European Court of Auditors	38	45	31	63	14	79	20	70	37	55	49	41	27	68
Committee of the EU Regions	25	55	40	54	28	67	21	70	40	53	31	57	22	74
Social and Economic Committee	36	48	41	54	31	63	23	68	37	55	28	61	26	70
Convention on the future	20	59	49	47	35	59	22	69	33	59	40	49	21	75

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 6.7 ROLE OF EU INSTITUTIONS AND BODIES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And, for each of them, do you think it plays an important role or not in the life of the European Union? (READ OUT)

1. The European Parliament
2. The European Commission
3. The Council of Ministers of the European Union (**Council of Ministers of the EU**)
4. The Court of Justice of the European Communities (**Court of Justice**)
5. The European Ombudsman
6. The European Central Bank
7. The European Court of Auditors
8. The Committee of the Regions of the European Union (**Committee of the EU Regions**)
9. The Economic and Social Committee of the European Union (**Economic and Social Committee**)
10. The Convention on the future of the European Union (**Convention on the future**)

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
European Parliament	59	7	70	5	58	3	82	1	62	9	58	6	77	4	71	6
European Commission	50	8	63	5	47	4	70	2	45	8	47	8	66	7	59	9
Council of Ministers of the EU	39	7	49	6	40	5	68	3	36	11	38	8	64	6	51	8
Court of Justice	35	8	45	7	38	5	87	1	35	8	35	9	55	6	48	10
European Ombudsman	26	6	45	9	12	8	53	4	24	14	17	12	45	11	36	11
European Central Bank	42	8	54	6	47	2	63	3	57	6	47	8	54	7	66	6
European Court of Auditors	20	7	24	8	23	5	40	2	18	10	19	13	41	11	35	11
Committee of the EU Regions	20	7	28	8	13	7	37	4	18	12	19	13	40	10	31	11
Social and Economic Committee	23	7	32	7	17	6	49	2	27	9	25	10	45	10	34	10
Convention on the future	21	6	31	7	13	6	47	2	23	10	29	12	37	9	33	9

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).
(CONT.)

TABLE 6.7 ROLE OF EU INSTITUTIONS AND BODIES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And, for each of them, do you think it plays an important role or not in the life of the European Union? (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2 +: Plays important role -: Does not play important role	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
European Parliament	54	4	74	8	71	3	63	4	79	5	69	7	44	11
European Commission	47	5	63	6	68	3	57	3	69	6	57	8	35	13
Council of Ministers of the EU	36	5	52	5	48	4	43	5	63	10	49	9	26	10
Court of Justice	42	4	51	3	42	6	36	3	68	7	38	9	23	12
European Ombudsman	14	6	37	3	53	6	31	5	47	16	55	14	6	4
European Central Bank	43	5	46	6	51	6	45	4	67	6	54	8	27	11
European Court of Auditors	27	5	24	3	17	6	19	6	36	14	39	9	15	7
Committee of the EU Regions	20	5	30	5	25	6	21	5	46	12	21	10	11	6
Social and Economic Committee	30	4	35	2	28	5	23	4	46	10	22	10	15	7
Convention on the future	17	6	42	3	31	5	23	5	37	11	30	8	12	6

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 6.8 TRUST IN EU INSTITUTIONS AND BODIES
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? (READ OUT)

1. The European Parliament
2. The European Commission
3. The Council of Ministers of the European Union (**Council of Ministers of the EU**)
4. The Court of Justice of the European Communities (**Court of Justice**)
5. The European Ombudsman
6. The European Central Bank
7. The European Court of Auditors
8. The Committee of the Regions of the European Union (**Committee of the EU Regions**)
9. The Economic and Social Committee of the European Union (**Economic and Social Committee**)
10. The Convention on the future of the European Union (**Convention on the future**)

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
European Parliament	47	17	54	12	53	11	69	8	43	15	36	16	67	11	46	19
European Commission	40	16	47	12	45	10	59	8	29	14	29	16	59	10	35	20
Council of Ministers of the EU	31	14	36	13	38	11	54	9	23	16	24	16	54	11	31	17
Court of Justice	31	12	38	10	40	10	80	7	27	11	28	12	50	8	38	12
European Ombudsman	24	8	38	10	18	9	43	11	20	14	13	13	42	10	28	12
European Central Bank	33	14	39	11	42	9	49	8	40	12	34	12	44	12	47	14
European Court of Auditors	17	10	18	10	25	10	31	5	12	13	15	14	37	10	23	15
Committee of the EU Regions	17	9	21	10	19	10	30	5	14	10	14	14	34	11	20	16
Social and Economic Committee	19	10	24	10	21	9	37	6	18	12	17	14	38	10	22	14
Convention on the future	18	8	24	10	17	9	39	6	16	11	20	14	32	9	22	12

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).
(CONT.)

TABLE 6.8 TRUST IN EU INSTITUTIONS AND BODIES (% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** And, for each of them, please tell me if you tend to trust it or tend not to trust it? (READ OUT)

CCEB 2003.2 +: tend to trust -: tend not to trust	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
European Parliament	47	8	51	23	55	11	59	8	58	17	52	13	35	26
European Commission	40	7	46	16	50	12	54	7	50	17	44	12	28	23
Council of Ministers of the EU	29	8	38	14	34	12	39	7	42	20	35	14	22	17
Court of Justice	39	6	43	7	36	9	33	6	54	13	30	12	22	16
European Ombudsman	12	7	31	8	45	8	31	6	36	17	48	14	6	5
European Central Bank	35	8	38	7	36	11	42	8	46	17	42	12	23	18
European Court of Auditors	24	7	20	5	13	8	19	7	22	18	31	10	13	11
Committee of the EU Regions	18	7	22	9	19	9	21	6	31	18	18	10	11	8
Social and Economic Committee	25	6	27	7	21	9	22	6	31	17	18	10	13	10
Convention on the future	15	7	32	7	24	9	22	6	26	16	24	9	10	8

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 7.1.A THE CONSTITUTION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Do you think that the European Union should or should not have a constitution?

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia		
	Should	67	+ 1	69	+ 6	60	+ 2	72	+ 9	53	+ 7	61	- 3	68	+ 4	64	- 2
	Should not	10	- 1	10	0	4	+ 1	7	- 10	11	0	15	+ 1	14	+ 1	12	+ 1
	DK / NA	23	- 1	21	- 6	36	- 2	20	+ 1	36	- 7	24	+ 3	17	- 6	23	0
TOTAL		100		100		100		99		100		100		99		99	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey				
Should	54	+ 10	70	+ 5	76	+ 6	73	+ 8	67	+ 6	64	+ 2	64	- 6			
Should not	9	+ 1	6	- 7	8	- 1	6	+ 1	11	+ 3	20	+ 5	12	- 4			
DK / NA	37	- 10	23	+ 1	15	- 6	21	- 9	22	- 9	16	- 7	25	+ 10			
TOTAL		100		99		99		100		100		100		101			

TABLE 7.1.B THE CONSTITUTION
(% BY DEMOGRAPHICS)

Question: Do you think that the European Union should or should not have a constitution?

	TOTAL	SEX		AGE			
	CC-13 AVERAGE	male	female	15-24	25-39	40-54	55+
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	12098	5510	6588	1951	3069	3108	3940
Should	67	74	61	72	68	69	60
Should not	10	10	10	9	11	11	9
DK / NA	23	16	29	18	21	21	31
Total	100	100	100	99	100	101	100
MAIN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY							
	Self employed	Managers	Other white collars	Manual workers	House persons	Un- employed	Retired
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	944	1159	1030	2130	1002	1132	3347
Should	74	72	71	72	51	68	64
Should not	8	16	11	9	13	10	9
DK / NA	17	13	18	19	36	22	27
Total	99	101	100	100	100	100	100
TERMINAL EDUCATION AGE				EU MEMBERSHIP			
	below 15	16-19	20 and above	still studying	good thing	bad thing	neither good nor bad
CCEB 2003.2							
N=	2596	5388	2694	1322	7170	1005	3113
Should	59	71	75	77	76	46	61
Should not	10	10	12	10	9	21	11
DK / NA	32	19	13	14	15	33	27
Total	101	100	100	101	100	100	99

TABLE 7.2 THE NAME OF THE EUROPEAN UNION
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: It has been suggested that the name of the European Union be changed. Of the following options, which do you prefer? (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
The European Community	8	8	6	6	9	5	4	4
United Europe	7	9	17	24	7	9	9	11
The United States of Europe	6	5	3	2	9	4	5	4
The United Nations of Europe	7	5	4	2	5	4	7	3
No change, it should remain EU	56	64	50	60	58	60	66	64
Some other name	1	1	1	..	1	1	0	1
DK / NA	14	8	19	5	11	16	8	13
TOTAL	99	100	100	99	100	99	99	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
The European Community	4	5	9	7	7	9	10	
United Europe	5	8	10	9	7	9	4	
The United States of Europe	8	5	2	8	8	11	8	
The United Nations of Europe	6	4	5	5	5	5	10	
No change, it should remain EU	60	61	66	56	64	60	48	
Some other name	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	
DK / NA	16	18	7	15	7	5	20	
TOTAL	99	101	99	100	99	100	101	

TABLE 7.3 THE COMMISSION IN THE ENLARGED EU
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: At the moment, the European Commission is composed of 20 independent Commissioners, including at least one from each member state. Following the enlargement of the European Union, the number of Commissioners may have to increase. Do you tend to agree or tend to disagree with each of the following statements? (READ OUT)

1. After enlargement, there should continue to be at least one Commissioner from each member state **(one Commissioner for each)**
2. If there were to be a Commissioner from each member state, the European Union will become inefficient **(inefficient)**
3. Every member state should have the right to appoint a Commissioner **(member states appoint)**
4. Small member states should have the right to appoint the same number of Commissioners as big member states **(small members)**
5. (OUR COUNTRY)'s interests would suffer if there were no (NATIONALITY) Commissioner **(interests suffer)**

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	CCEB 2003.2 +: tend to agree -: tend to disagree															
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
one Commissioner for each	69	5	78	3	62	1	89	1	79	3	74	5	82	3	81	2
inefficient	14	54	14	57	9	48	23	53	12	59	10	58	32	43	11	60
member states appoint	67	7	79	3	62	1	88	1	79	5	79	2	85	1	83	2
small members	56	15	62	13	44	10	67	17	56	15	61	14	67	14	69	9
interests suffer	74	5	76	5	66	1	81	7	76	6	76	4	79	5	81	3
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-		
one Commissioner for each	68	5	81	3	77	3	73	1	81	3	79	5	58	10		
inefficient	15	50	10	70	10	61	13	52	10	59	18	59	14	50		
member states appoint	67	3	84	1	78	3	74	2	82	3	76	7	52	15		
small members	51	15	76	9	63	12	63	9	59	17	62	17	50	18		
interests suffer	60	8	79	4	76	4	69	6	76	6	68	11	73	5		

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 7.4 SELECTION OF THE PRESIDENT
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Which, if any of the following statements comes closest to your own opinion? The President of the European Commission should be... ? (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

1. solely nominated by the Heads of State or Heads of Government of the European Union (M) **(nominated by the HoS)**
2. solely elected by the European Parliament (M) **(solely elected by the EP)**
3. chosen both by the European Parliament as well as Heads of State or Heads of Government (N) **(chosen both)**
4. directly elected by the citizens of the European Union **(directly elected by the citizens)**
5. other (spontaneous)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
nominated by the HoS	10	10	8	20	9	17	7	10
solely elected by the EP	13	18	16	19	20	12	23	15
chosen both	19	23	21	22	25	22	29	27
directly elected by the citizens	29	28	14	25	27	23	24	27
other	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
DK / NA	28	20	41	13	17	26	17	22
TOTAL	99	99	100	99	99	101	100	101
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
nominated by the HoS	9	9	10	10	11	12	11	
solely elected by the EP	14	8	16	11	20	20	9	
chosen both	15	36	22	24	24	26	13	
directly elected by the citizens	31	34	30	31	26	25	30	
other	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	
DK / NA	30	12	22	23	17	17	35	
TOTAL	100	99	100	99	99	101	99	

TABLE 7.5 EUROPEAN TAX
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: At present, each member state passes on to the European Union a part of its tax revenue. Would you prefer to pay this contribution directly to the European Union, or not?

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
Yes	30	29	24	20	25	21	32	31
No	43	44	35	57	39	41	44	42
DK / NA	27	27	40	23	36	38	23	27
TOTAL	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
Yes	28	24	30	34	27	34	31	
No	40	56	46	36	35	45	46	
DK / NA	33	21	24	30	38	21	23	
TOTAL	101	101	100	100	100	100	100	

TABLE 7.6.A PRESIDENCY
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: The European Council is composed of Heads of State or Heads of Government of member states and the President of the Commission. The presidency of the Council is taken by each country in turn, for a period of six months. Do you think that...? (READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

1. the six-month period should be retained because it gives each member state a chance to hold the Presidency of the European Union on a regular basis **(the period should be retained)**
2. the period of the Presidency should be extended because six months is too short to achieve significant results **(the period should be extended)**

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
the period should be retained	34	37	28	41	38	33	35	37
the period should be extended	36	40	29	48	38	38	48	43
DK / NA	30	23	43	11	24	29	18	20
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	101	100
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
the period should be retained	32	38	38	34	37	32	32	
the period should be extended	33	42	39	39	39	54	30	
DK / NA	35	20	23	26	24	14	38	
TOTAL	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	

TABLE 7.6.B PRESIDENCY
(% BY DEMOGRAPHICS)

Question: The European Council is composed of Heads of State or Heads of Government of member states and the President of the Commission. The presidency of the Council is taken by each country in turn, for a period of six months. Do you think that...? (READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

CCEB 2003.2	TOTAL	SEX		AGE			
	CC-13 AVERAGE	male	female	15-24	25-39	40-54	55+
N=	12098	5510	6588	1951	3069	3108	3940
the period should be retained	34	39	29	34	36	35	31
the period should be extended	36	39	33	34	38	38	32
DK / NA	30	22	38	31	26	26	37
TOTAL	100	100	100	99	100	99	100
MAIN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY							
	Self employed	Managers	Other white collars	Manual workers	House persons	Un-employed	Retired
N=	944	1159	1030	2130	1002	1132	3347
the period should be retained	38	49	41	37	20	36	32
the period should be extended	40	38	40	40	29	33	35
DK / NA	22	13	18	23	51	31	32
TOTAL	100	100	99	100	100	100	99
TERMINAL EDUCATION AGE				EU MEMBERSHIP			
	below 15	16-19	20 and above	still studying	good thing	bad thing	neither good nor bad
N=	2596	5388	2694	1322	7170	1005	3113
the period should be retained	28	36	44	38	39	28	30
the period should be extended	30	41	42	37	39	31	36
DK / NA	43	23	13	24	23	41	34
TOTAL	101	100	99	99	101	100	100

TABLE 7.7 EU DECISION MAKING
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: After the planned enlargement of the European Union, the number of member states will increase from 15 to more than 25. In your opinion, should European Unions decisions then be made ... ? (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

1st column: CC EB 2003.2 2nd column: % change from CC EB 2002.2	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
unanimously by all members	41	+ 2	36	+ 2	29	- 4	49	+ 16	28	+ 6	41	- 1	32	+ 4	36	- 3
by a majority of the members	44	0	52	+ 3	46	+ 6	43	- 5	56	+ 7	46	+ 3	57	+ 1	50	+ 5
DK / NA	16	- 1	12	- 5	24	- 4	8	- 11	17	- 11	14	- 1	11	- 5	14	- 2
TOTAL	101		100		99		100		101		101		100		100	
	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey			
unanimously by all members	41	+ 5	60	+ 10	37	- 1	58	+ 7	37	0	46	- 5	41	- 1		
by a majority of the members	33	- 2	28	- 1	52	+ 3	28	0	51	+ 5	47	+ 8	39	- 4		
DK / NA	26	- 3	12	- 9	10	- 3	14	- 7	13	- 4	8	- 2	19	+ 5		
TOTAL	100		100		99		100		101		101		99			

TABLE 7.8 THE RIGHT OF VETO
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: Currently, each member state has the right of veto in certain areas. In the future, should a right of veto...?

1. be retained as it is in order to preserve essential national interests (**should be retained**)
2. be limited to a very few essential areas (**for essential areas**)
3. be given up for all decisions in order to make the European Union more efficient (**for all decisions**)

CCEB 2003.2	CC 13 AVERAGE	2004 MEMBERS	Bulgaria	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia
should be retained	45	53	43	57	45	40	66	54
for essential areas	15	19	10	14	25	18	17	20
for all decisions	9	8	7	9	9	8	3	6
DK / NA	30	20	40	20	21	34	14	21
TOTAL	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	101
	Lithuania	Malta	Poland	Romania	Slovakia	Slovenia	Turkey	
should be retained	42	44	53	57	49	50	34	
for essential areas	14	11	19	5	18	25	14	
for all decisions	8	12	9	9	7	8	11	
DK / NA	36	32	19	29	26	17	41	
TOTAL	100	99	100	100	100	100	100	

TABLE 7.9 SUPPORT FOR JOINT DECISION MAKING I. (% BY COUNTRY)

Question: For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made solely by the (NATIONALITY) government, or made jointly within the European Union, once (COUNTRY) becomes a member? (SHOW CARD)

1. defence
2. protection of the environment
3. currency
4. humanitarian aid
5. health and social welfare
6. basic rules for broadcasting and press (**basic rules for media**)
7. the fight against poverty - social exclusion (**fight against poverty**)
8. the fight against unemployment
9. agriculture and fishing policy
10. supporting regions which are experiencing economic difficulties (**supporting poor regions**)
11. education
12. scientific and technological research (**research**)
13. information about the European Union, its policies and institutions (**information about the EU**)
14. foreign policy towards countries outside the European Union (**foreign policy**)
15. cultural policy

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
defence	42	50	27	66	34	51	29	68	21	69	27	66	44	50	19	75
protection of the environment	34	58	24	70	25	59	17	81	28	63	31	62	23	71	37	59
currency	33	58	23	68	13	70	22	74	22	65	34	58	13	78	23	70
humanitarian aid	27	64	19	73	12	69	14	84	22	68	20	67	21	69	18	74
health and social welfare	36	56	33	60	37	51	14	83	43	50	39	54	43	52	33	61
basic rules for media	47	42	52	37	42	32	34	59	57	31	65	25	43	46	60	32
fight against poverty	30	62	23	71	26	62	13	86	29	59	29	64	27	68	27	69
the fight against unemployment	28	65	19	76	28	60	15	83	27	65	30	64	29	67	28	68
agriculture and fishing policy	39	51	29	62	38	43	17	79	36	50	48	43	35	57	44	50
supporting poor regions	26	65	16	77	24	60	12	84	31	60	21	70	20	72	21	73
education	40	52	37	57	50	36	36	61	36	55	49	44	49	45	39	55
research	25	66	15	77	15	66	5	93	16	73	16	74	17	75	17	76
information about the EU	23	66	12	78	7	73	6	90	15	72	13	75	14	78	13	79
foreign policy	29	58	22	67	15	66	12	81	20	65	22	63	35	56	18	71
cultural policy	51	39	53	39	47	32	48	47	59	30	67	23	52	40	65	29

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

(CONT.)

TABLE 7.9 SUPPORT FOR JOINT DECISION MAKING I.
(% BY COUNTRY)

Question: For each of the following areas, do you think that decisions should be made solely by the (NATIONALITY) government, or made jointly within the European Union, once (COUNTRY) becomes a member? (SHOW CARD)

	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
defence	36	52	46	47	25	69	27	61	17	78	23	71	66	27
protection of the environment	36	52	33	64	20	75	21	67	30	65	23	71	51	41
currency	25	66	56	38	27	65	19	70	16	78	16	78	50	42
humanitarian aid	15	72	32	61	18	75	11	77	16	80	22	73	44	50
health and social welfare	30	59	53	43	28	65	20	67	35	61	30	64	44	50
basic rules for media	50	36	66	29	54	36	32	52	55	37	31	60	46	44
fight against poverty	20	71	33	62	21	73	17	71	18	80	19	75	42	51
the fight against unemployment	20	72	36	61	14	82	19	70	15	82	19	76	41	53
agriculture and fishing policy	31	53	45	48	24	68	27	59	34	59	26	65	53	38
supporting poor regions	20	67	25	58	10	84	15	71	12	82	18	75	40	52
education	43	46	43	53	34	59	33	56	29	67	19	75	46	47
research	13	72	21	69	15	78	18	67	10	83	11	82	39	53
information about the EU	13	71	22	68	10	80	12	73	11	83	12	81	42	48
foreign policy	18	64	27	58	22	68	14	69	14	79	15	77	44	45
cultural policy	53	32	62	33	51	42	31	52	55	38	34	58	57	35

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

TABLE 7.10 SUPPORT FOR JOINT DECISION MAKING II. (% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** And for each of the following? (SHOW CARD)

1. immigration policy
2. rules for political asylum
3. the fight against organised crime
4. police
5. justice
6. accepting refugees
7. juvenile crime prevention
8. urban crime prevention
9. the fight against drugs
10. the fight against trade in, and exploitation of human beings (**fight against trading people**)
11. The fight against international terrorism (**fight against terrorism**)

	CC-13 AVERAGE		2004 MEMBERS		Bulgaria		Cyprus		Czech Republic		Estonia		Hungary		Latvia	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
immigration policy	40	48	35	54	29	50	23	65	36	48	59	32	51	44	41	50
rules for political asylum	41	46	38	51	35	45	21	68	46	41	55	35	46	47	44	48
the fight against organised crime	26	66	9	85	12	75	9	89	11	81	14	81	10	85	11	86
police	50	42	44	49	54	32	45	51	51	39	64	29	58	36	51	43
justice	47	45	42	50	50	35	42	54	43	47	59	33	59	36	46	49
accepting refugees	44	45	44	47	40	42	31	61	47	42	57	34	55	39	49	46
juvenile crime prevention	41	50	35	59	40	47	21	77	47	44	41	52	38	57	34	62
urban crime prevention	43	48	37	56	47	39	29	69	46	45	57	36	37	57	31	63
the fight against drugs	24	68	11	84	10	79	12	87	14	79	11	83	11	84	8	90
fight against trading people	21	70	8	85	5	82	7	92	12	79	7	85	8	86	3	93
fight against terrorism	19	73	4	90	2	85	4	94	6	86	4	89	3	92	2	95

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

(CONT.)

TABLE 7.10 SUPPORT FOR JOINT DECISION MAKING II. (% BY COUNTRY)**Question:** And for each of the following? (SHOW CARD)

CCEB 2003.2 A: solely by country B: Jointly with the EU	Lithuania		Malta		Poland		Romania		Slovakia		Slovenia		Turkey	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
immigration policy	25	62	51	41	30	58	18	66	34	59	39	53	54	36
rules for political asylum	29	59	52	39	35	54	19	63	38	55	31	61	51	35
the fight against organised crime	11	80	28	67	7	87	9	79	8	89	11	84	52	40
police	52	38	63	34	37	56	36	53	43	51	27	68	62	31
justice	35	55	57	39	40	52	34	54	33	61	23	70	56	37
accepting refugees	34	54	61	32	41	49	23	62	41	52	32	62	51	37
juvenile crime prevention	32	58	50	47	31	62	22	63	37	58	22	72	55	37
urban crime prevention	47	43	54	42	32	62	25	61	55	39	24	69	54	37
the fight against drugs	12	80	29	69	10	84	7	82	10	88	10	84	46	45
fight against trading people	6	85	25	69	8	85	7	82	8	88	8	86	43	47
fight against terrorism	3	88	18	77	3	91	5	83	4	93	7	87	42	49

The difference between "+" and "-", and 100, is the percentage of "don't know" and "no answer" (not shown).

C. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

C.1 Co-operating Agencies and Research Executives

THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION

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Countries	Institutes	Contact	Telephone	Fax
Bulgaria	VITOSHA RESEARCH 1 Lazar Stanev str. 1113 Sofia	Mr. Alexander STOYANOV	359-2-971-3000	359-2-971-2233
Republic of Cyprus	CYMAR MARKET RESEARCH Digeni Akrita, 40 Strovolos 2045 1686 Nicosia	Ms. Eleni MARANGO	357-22-468-000	357-22- 468-008
Czech Republic	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, CZECH REPUBLIC Husova 7/241, 11 000 Praha 1	Ms. Alena NEDOMOVA	420-222-221-021	420-222-222-234
Estonia	SAAR POLL Veetorni 4 10119Tallin	Mr. Andrus SAAR	372-6-311-302	372-6-312-486
Hungary	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, HUNGARY Fő tér 1., Zichy Kastély H-1033 Budapest	Mr. Gergely HIDEG	361-250-0999	361-250-0650
Latvia	LATVIAN FACTS Brivibas str. 106-2 LV1001 Riga	Mr. Aigars FREIMANIS	371-731-4002	371-727-4936
Lithuania	BALTIC SURVEYS Didlauiko 47 LT2057 Vilnius	Ms. Rasa ALISAUSKIENE	370-5-212-0104	370-5-212-7145
Malta	MISCO 3rd Floor Regency House, Republic street VLT04 Valletta	Mr. Anthony CARABOTT	356-2122-0303	356-2124-7512
Poland	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, POLAND ul. Krzywickiego 34 02-078 Warsaw	Ms. Hanna IGNACZEWSKA	48-22-622-4132	48-22-622-6716
Romania	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, ROMANIA Bd. Nicolae Titulescu Nr. 1, Bl. A7, Sc. 4, Et. 8, Ap. 116-117, Sector 1 78151 Bucuresti	Ms. Olga DEZSO	40-1-210-5016	40-1-211-0366
Slovakia	FOCUS Grossinglova 37 81000 Bratislava	Mr. Ivan DIANISKA	421-2-529-31366	421-2-529-31378
Slovenia	CATI d.o.o. Trzaska cesta 2 1000 Ljubljana	Mr. Zenel BATAGELJ	386-1-241-0072	386-1-421-1970
Turkey	KONSENSUS Dikilitas Mah, Ayazmaderesi Cd. Mehmet Plaza No:30/3 Gayrettepe 80260 Istanbul	Mr. Murat SARI	90-212-216-3212	90-212-216-1814

C2. Administrative Regional Units in the Applicant Countries

BULGARIA

Sofia
Varna
Lovech
Montana
Rousse
Bourgas
Plovdiv
Sofia
Haskovo

CYPRUS

CZECH REPUBLIC

Praha
Stredni Cechy
Jihozapad
Severozapad
Severovychod
Jihovychod
Stredni Morava
Ostravsko

ESTONIA

Pohja-Eesti
Kesk-Eesti
Kirde-Eesti
Laane-Eesti
Louna-Eesti

HUNGARY

Kozep-Magyarország
Kozep-Dunántul
Nyugat-Dunántul
Del-Dunántul
Eszak-Magyarország
Eszak-Alfold
Del-Alfold

LATVIA

Riga
Vidzeme
Kurzeme
Zemgale
Latgale

LITHUANIA

Alytaus
Kauno
Klaipėdos
Marijampolės
Panevezio
Siauliu
Taurages
Telsiu
Utenos
Vilniaus

MALTA

POLAND

Podlaskie
Lubelskie
Podkarpackie
Warmińsko-Mazurskie
Lubuskie
Opolskie
Mazowieckie
Kujawsko-Pomorskie
Łódzkie
Zachodnio-Pomorskie
Pomorskie
Wielkopolskie
Dolnośląskie
Śląskie
Mazowieckie
Świętokrzyskie

ROMANIA

Nord-Est
Sud-Est
Sud
Sud-Vest
Vest
Nord-Vest
Centru
Bucuresti

SLOVAKIA

Bratislavský
Západné Slovensko
Stredné Slovensko
Východné Slovensko

SLOVENIA

Pomurska
Podravska
Koroška
Savinjska
Zasavska
Spodnjeposavska
Dolenjska
Osrednjeslovenska
Gorenjska
Notranjsko-Krška
Goriška
Obalno-Krška

TURKEY

Mediterranean region
East Anatolian region
Aegean region
South-East Anatolian
region
Central Anatolian region
Black Sea region
Marmara region

C.3 Sample Specifications

Between the 2nd of May and the 31st of May 2003, The Gallup Organization Hungary carried out wave 2003.2 of the Candidate Countries Eurobarometer, at the common request of the EUROPEAN COMMISSION, Directorate-Generals Press and Communication and European Monitoring Centre on Racism and Xenophobia (EUMC).

The Candidate Countries Eurobarometer 2003.2 covers citizens of each of the countries that are applying for European Union membership aged 15 and over, with the exception of Estonia and Cyprus. In Estonia, the survey covered permanent residents aged 15 and over. In Cyprus, the sample covered the territory of the Republic of Cyprus only. The basic sample design applied in all Candidate Countries is a multi-stage, random (probability) one. In each country, a number of sampling points were drawn with probability proportional to population size (for a total coverage of the country) and to population density.

For doing so, the points were drawn systematically from each of the "administrative regional units", after stratification by individual unit and type of area. They thus represent the whole territory of the Candidate Countries Region according to the EUROSTAT NUTS 2 (or equivalent; if there are no such regions, we used NUTS 3 or equivalent regions for sampling) and according to the distribution of the resident population of the respective nationalities in terms of metropolitan, urban and rural areas. In each of the selected sampling points, a starting address was drawn, at random. Further addresses were selected as every Nth address by standard random route procedures, from the initial address. In each household, the respondent was drawn, at random. All interviews were face-to-face in people's home and in the appropriate national language. In countries with significant minorities the respondents had a chance to respond in their mother tongue (in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania in Russian, and in Romania in Hungarian).

Countries	Institutes	Number of Interviews	Field Work Dates	Population (x 000)
Bulgaria	VITOSHA RESEARCH	1000	7-May – 23-May	7,891
(Republic of) Cyprus	CYMAR MARKET RESEARCH	500	5-May – 21-May	689
Czech Republic	CVVM	1000	5-May – 26-May	10,226
Estonia	SAAR POLL	1006	5-May – 14-May	1,360
Hungary	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, HUNGARY	1015	3-May – 31-May	10,195
Latvia	LATVIAN FACTS LTD.	1002	9-May – 26-May	2,345
Lithuania	BALTIC SURVEYS	1022	10-May – 19-May	3,475
Malta	MISCO	500	4-May – 22-May	386
Poland	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, POLAND	1000	4-May – 24-May	38,632
Romania	THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, ROMANIA	1018	4-May – 29-May	22,435
Slovakia	FOCUS CENTER FOR SOCIAL AND MARKET ANALYSIS	1035	2-May – 19-May	5,331
Slovenia	CATI D.O.O.	1000	8-May – 31-May	1,980
Turkey	KONSENSUS RESEARCH & CONSULTANCY	1000	6-May – 23-May	67,803
Total number of interviews		12098		172,748

For each country a comparison between the sample and the universe was carried out. The Universe description was derived from population data from national statistics. For all Candidate Countries a weighting procedure, using marginal and intercellular weighting, was carried out, based on this Universe description. As such in all countries, gender, age, region NUTS 2, settlement size, household size, and education level were introduced in the iteration procedure. For international weighting (i.e. CC-13 averages), Gallup applies the official population figures as provided by national statistics. The total population figures for input in this post-weighting procedure are listed above.

The results of the Candidate Countries Eurobarometer studies are reported in the form of tables, datafiles and analyses. Per question a Table of results is given with the full question text in English. The results are expressed as a percentage of the total. The results of the Eurobarometer surveys are analysed and made available through the Directorate-General Press and Communication, Opinion Polls of the European Commission, Office: Brey 7/41, B-1049 Brussels. The results are published on the Internet server of the European Commission: http://europa.eu.int/comm/public_opinion/. All Eurobarometer datafiles are stored at the "Zentral Archiv" (Universität Köln, Bachemer Strasse, 40, D-50869 Köln-Lindenthal), available through the CESSDA Database <http://www.nsd.uib.no/cessda/europe.html>. They are at the disposal of all institutes members of the European Consortium for Political Research (Essex), of the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (Michigan) and of all those interested in social science research.

Readers are reminded that survey results are estimations, the accuracy of which, everything being equal, rests upon the sample size and upon the observed percentage. With samples of about 1,000 interviews, the real percentages vary within the following confidence limits (in case of a sample of 1000 people – confidence intervals for N=500 sample are larger):

Observed percentages	10% or 90%	20% or 80%	30% or 70%	40% or 60%	50%
Confidence intervals	± 1.9%	± 2.5%	± 2.7%	± 3.0%	± 3.2%

C.4 Definition and weighted distribution of the socio-demographic and other variables used in cross-tabulations

C.4.1 Gender

The sample consists of the following breakdown by gender:

(1) Men	49 %
(2) Women	51 %

C.4.2 Age bands

On the basis of their age, respondents are grouped into the following four age bands:

(1) Aged 15 -24	23 %
(2) Aged 25 -39	29 %
(3) Aged 40 -54	25 %
(4) Aged 55+	23 %

C.4.3 Terminal education age

Terminal education age represents recoded categories of answers to the following question :

"How old were you when you stopped full-time education?"

Respondents are grouped into the following 4 categories :

(1) respondents who left school at age fifteen or younger	40 %
(2) respondents who left school at ages 16 to 19	34 %
(3) respondents who stayed in school until they were aged 20 or older	14 %
(4) respondents who are still studying	12 %

C.4.4 Main economic activity scale

The main economic activity scale represents recoded answers to the following question:

"What is your current occupation?"

The original question shows the following distribution:

Self – employed

(1) Farmer	6 %
(2) Fisherman	0 %
(3) Professional (lawyer, medical practitioner, accountant, etc.)	1 %
(4) Owner of a shop, craftsman, self -employed person	5 %
(5) Business proprietor, owner (full or partner) of a company	1 %

Employed

(6) Employed professional (employed doctor, lawyer, practitioner, accountant, architect)	1 %
(7) General management, director or top management (managing director, director general, other director)	0 %
(8) Middle management, other management (department head, junior manager, teacher, technician)	4 %
(9) Employed position, working mainly at a desk	4 %
(10) Employed position, not at a desk but traveling (salesman, driver, etc.)	2 %
(11) Employed position, not at a desk, but in a service job (hospital, restaurant, police, fireman, etc.)	3 %
(12) Supervisor	1 %
(13) Skilled manual worker	7 %
(14) Other (unskilled) manual worker, servant	3 %

Non-active

(15) Responsible for ordinary shopping and looking after the home, or without any current occupation, not working	17 %
(16) Student	12 %
(17) Unemployed or temporarily not working	11 %
(18) Retired or unable to work through illness	22 %

The recoded categories and their distribution for the main economic activity scale are as follows:

(1) Self employed = Farmer + Fisherman + Professional (lawyer, medical practitioner, accountant, architect, etc.) + Owner of a shop, craftsman, other self employed person + Business proprietor, owner (full or partner) of a company	13 %
(2) Managers = Employed professional (employed doctor, lawyer, accountant, architect, etc.) + General management, director or top management (managing director, director general, other director) + Middle management, other management (department head, junior manager, teacher, technician)	5 %
(3) Other white collars = Employed position, working mainly at a desk + Employed position, not at a desk but traveling (salesmen, driver, etc.)	6 %
(4) Manual Workers = Employed position, not at a desk, but in a service job (hospital, restaurant, police, fireman, etc) + Supervisor + Skilled manual worker + Other (unskilled) manual worker, servant	14 %
(5) House persons = Responsible for ordinary shopping and looking after the home, or without any current occupation, not working	17 %
(6) Unemployed = Unemployed + temporarily not working	11 %
(7) Retired = Retired + unable to work through illness	22 %
(8) Still studying = Student	12 %

In the tables, the category "Still studying" is displayed as part of the Terminal Education Age variable

C.4.5 Membership of the European Union scale

The membership of the European Union scale represents recoded answers to the following question:

" Generally speaking, do you think that (COUNTRY)'s membership of the European Union would be...? "

The original question shows the following distribution:

(1) a good thing	70 %
(2) a bad thing	9 %
(3) neither good nor bad	21 %

C.4.6 Opinion leadership Index

The opinion leadership index is created on the basis of answers to the following two questions :

(A) *"When you get together with your friends, would you say you discuss political matters frequently, occasionally or never?"*

(B) *"When you, yourself hold a strong opinion, do you ever find yourself persuading your friends, relatives or fellow workers to share your views? Does this happen often, from time to time, rarely or never?"*

Labels are : ++, +, -, --. Respondents giving affirmative answers to both questions are labelled ++, respondents giving negative answers to both questions are labelled --. Middle categories are constituted correspondingly.

The breakdown of the four categories is as follows:

(1) ++ high	13 %
(2) +	31 %
(3) -	32 %
(4) -- low	24 %

C.4.7 Media use index

The media use index is created on the basis of answers to the following question :

"About how often do you watch the news on television, read the news in the daily papers, listen to news broadcasts on the radio, Everyday, several times a week, once or twice a week, less often, never?"

- +++ News on TV/radio/papers every day or several times a week
- ++ Two media everyday or several times a week; the third medium, not more than once or twice a week
- One of the three media everyday or several times a week; the two others, not more than once or twice a week
- The three media no more than once or twice a week

The breakdown of the four categories is as follows:

(1) +++ high	22 %
(2) ++	37 %
(3) --	31 %
(4) --- low	10 %

C.4.8 EU knowledge scale

The knowledge of European Union scale represents recoded answers to the following question:

" Using this scale, how much do you feel you know about the European Union, its policies, its institutions?"

The original question shows the following distribution:

(1) Knowing nothing at all	15 %
(2)	11 %
(3)	14 %
(4)	14 %
(5)	20 %
(6)	10 %
(7)	7 %
(8)	5 %
(9)	2 %
(10) knows a great deal	2 %

Labels are : low, medium, high

The breakdown of the three categories are as follows:

(1) low (knowing nothing at all+2+3)	40 %
(2) medium (4+5+6+7)	51 %
(3) high (8+9+knows a great deal)	9 %

C.4.9 Image of European Union scale

The image of European Union scale represents recoded answers to the following question:

" And, in general, do you have a very positive, fairly positive, neutral, fairly negative or very negative image of the European Union?"

The original question shows the following distribution:

(5) Very positive	17 %
(4) Fairly positive	41 %
(3) Neutral	23 %
(2) Fairly negative	14 %
(1) Very negative	5 %

Labels are : very and fairly positive, neutral, very and fairly negative.

The breakdown of the three categories are as follows:

(1) very and fairly positive	58 %
(2) neutral	23 %
(3) very and fairly negative	19 %

C.4.10. Support of Euro scale

The support of Euro scale represents recoded answers to the following question:

" What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it. A European Monetary Union with one single currency, the euro "

The original question shows the following distribution:

(1) for	76 %
(2) against	24 %

C.4.11. Inform about enlargement scale

The informed about enlargement scale represents recoded answers to the following question:

" How well informed do you feel about the enlargement, that is new countries joining the European Union? Do you feel...?"

The original question shows the following distribution:

(4) Very well informed	3 %
(3) Well informed I	27 %
(2) Not very well informed	47 %
(1) Not at all informed	23 %

Labels are : informed, not informed.

The breakdown of the two categories are as follows:

(1) informed	30 %
(2) not informed	70 %

C.4.12 Personal benefit from EU membership scale

The personalbenefit from EU membership scale represents recoded answers to the following question:

" Do you think that (COUNTRY) becoming a member of the European Union would bring you personally advantages, or not ? "

The original question shows the following distribution:

(1) yes,	65 %
(2) no,	35 %

Labels are : would benefit, would not benefit.

The breakdown of the two categories is as above:

(1) would benefit	65 %
(2) would not benefit	35 %

C.4.13 Size of locality

On the basis of their own evaluation, respondents are grouped into the following groups according to the size of their settlement:

(1) rural area or village	42 %
(2) small or middle sized town	30 %
(3) large town	28 %